



The Strange Fad for Chinese Clothes

Wonders of the
Mandarin Coat
and Its
Accompaniments



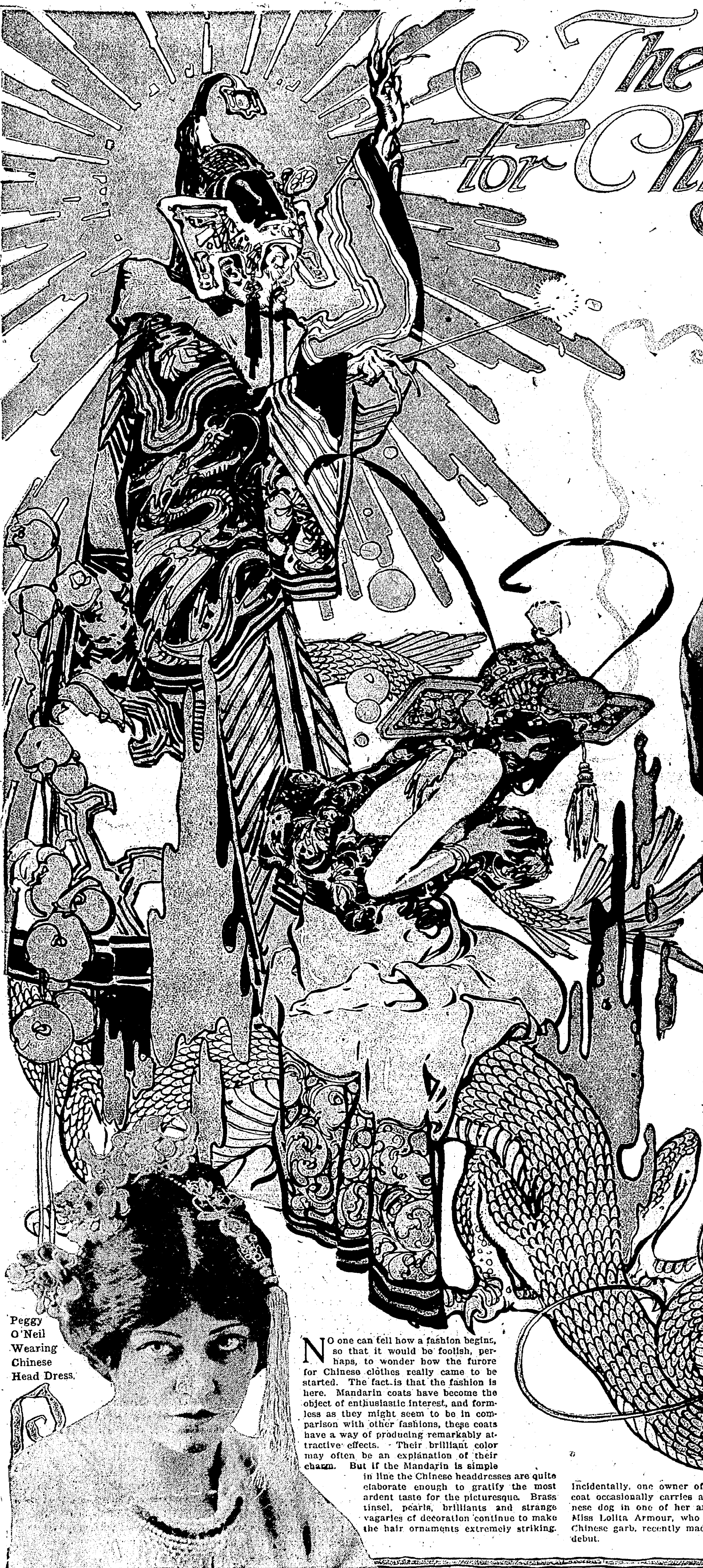
An Odd Chinese
Head Dress.



A Chinese Dog May Be Carried
in a Chinese Sleeve.



Miss Lolita
Armour
Wearing
a Mandarin Coat.



Peggy
O'Neil
Wearing
Chinese
Head Dress.

NO one can tell how a fashion begins, so that it would be foolish, perhaps, to wonder how the furore for Chinese clothes really came to be started. The fact is that the fashion is here. Mandarin coats have become the object of enthusiastic interest, and formless as they might seem to be in comparison with other fashions, these coats have a way of producing remarkably attractive effects. Their brilliant color may often be an explanation of their charm. But if the Mandarin is simple in line the Chinese headdresses are quite elaborate enough to gratify the most ardent taste for the picturesque. Brass tinsel, pearls, brilliants and strange vagaries of decoration continue to make the hair ornaments extremely striking.

Incidentally, one owner of a Mandarin coat occasionally carries about a Pekinese dog in one of her ample sleeves. Miss Lolita Armour, who is shown in Chinese garb, recently made a brilliant debut.

A Nose for the King by Jack London

The last of a series of stories written in Oakland.

In the morning calm of Korea, when its peace and tranquillity truly merited its ancient name, "Chosen," there lived a politician by name Yi Chin Ho. He was a man of parts, and—who shall say?—perhaps in no wise worse than politicians the world over. But, unlike his brethren in other lands, Yi Chin Ho was in jail. Not that he had inadvertently diverted to himself public moneys, but that he had inadvertently diverted too much. Excess is to be deplored in all things, even in gratifying, and Yi Chia Ho's excess had brought him to most deplorable straits.

Ten thousand strings of cash he owed the government, and he lay in prison under sentence of death. There was one advantage to the situation—he had plenty of time in which to think. And he thought well. Then he called the jailer to him.

"Most worthy man, you see before you one most wretched," he began. "Yet all will be well with me if you will but let me go free for one short hour this night. And all will be well with you, for I shall see to your advancement through the years, and you shall come at length to the directorship of all the prisons in Chosen."

"How, now?" demanded the jailer. "What foolishness is this? One short hour, and you but waiting for your head to be chopped off! And I, with an aged and much-to-be-respected mother, not to say anything of a wife and several children of tender years! Out upon you for the scoundrel that you are!"

"From the Sacred City to the ends of all the Eight Coasts there is no place for me to hide," Yi Chin Ho made reply. "I am a man of wisdom, but of what worth my wisdom here in prison? Were I free, well I know I could seek out and obtain the money wherewith to repay the government. I know of a nose that will save me from all my difficulties."

"A nose!" cried the jailer.

"A nose," said Yi Chin Ho. "A remarkable nose, if I may say so, a most remarkable nose."

The jailer threw up his hands despairingly. "Ah, what a wag you are, what a wag," he laughed. "To think that that very admirable wit of yours must go the way of the chopping block."

And so saying he turned and went away. But in the end, being a man of soft head and heart, when the night was well along he permitted Yi Chin Ho to go.

Straight he went to the Governor, catching him alone and arousing him from his sleep.

"Yi Chin Ho, or I'm no Governor!" cried the Governor. "What do you here who should be in prison waiting on the chopping block?"

"I pray your excellency to listen to me," said Yi Chin Ho, squatting on his hams by the bedside and lighting his pipe from the fire-box. "A dead man is without value. It is true, I am as a dead man, without value to the government, to your excellency, or to myself. But if, so to say, your excellency were to give me my freedom—"

"Impossible!" cried the Governor. "Besides, you are condemned to death."

"Your excellency well knows that if I can repay the ten thousand strings of cash the government will pardon me," Yi Chin Ho went on. "So, as I say, if your excellency were to give me my freedom for a few days, being a man of understanding, I should then repay the government and be in position to be of very great service to your excellency."

"Have you a plan whereby you hope to obtain this money?" asked the Governor.

"I have," said Yi Chin Ho.

"Then come with it to me tomorrow night; I would now sleep," said the Governor, taking up his anore where it had been interrupted.

On the following night, having again obtained leave of absence from the jailer, Yi Chin Ho presented himself at the Governor's bedside.

"Is it you, Yi Chin Ho?" asked the Governor.

"And have you the plan?"

"It is I, your excellency," answered Yi Chin Ho, "and the plan is here."

"Speak," commanded the Governor.

"The plan is here," repeated Yi Chin Ho, "here in my hand."

The Governor sat up and opened his eyes. Yi Chin Ho proffered in his hand a sheet of paper. The Governor held it to the light.

"Nothing but a nose," said he.

"A bit pinched so and so, your excellency," said Yi Chin Ho.

"Yes, a bit pinched here and there, as you say," said the Governor.

"Withal it is an exceedingly corpulent nose, thus, and so, all in one place, at the end," proceeded Yi Chin Ho. "Your excellency would seek far and wide and many a day for that nose and find it not."

"An unusual nose," admitted the Governor.

"There is a wart upon it," said Yi Chin Ho.

"A most unusual nose," said the Governor.

"Neither have I seen the like. But what do you with this nose, Yi Chin Ho?"

"I seek it whereby to repay the money to the government," said Yi Chin Ho. "I seek it to be of service to your excellency, and I seek it to save my own worthless head. Further, I seek your excellency's seal upon this picture of the nose."

And the Governor laughed and affixed the seal of state, and Yi Chin Ho departed. For a month and a day he traveled the King's Road which leads to the shore of the Eastern Sea; and there, one night, at the gate of the biggest mansion of a wealthy city he knocked loudly for admittance.

"None other than the master of the house will I see," said he fiercely to the frightened servants. "I travel upon the King's business."

Straightway was he led to an inner room where the master of the house was roused from his sleep and brought blinking before him.

"You are Pak Chung Chang, head man of this city," said Yi Chin Ho in tones that were all-accusing. "I am upon the King's business."

Pak Chung Chang trembled. Well he knew the

King's business was ever a terrible business. His knees smote together and he near fell to the floor.

"The hour is late," he quavered. "Were it not well to—"

"The King's business never waits!" thundered Yi Chin Ho. "Come apart with me, and swiftly. I have an affair of moment to discuss with you."

"It is the King's affair," he added with even greater fierceness; so that Pak Chung Chang's silver pipe dropped from the nerveless fingers and clattered on the floor.

"Know then," said Yi Chin Ho, when they had gone apart, "that the King is troubled with an affliction, a very terrible affliction. In that he failed to cure, the Court physician has had nothing else than his head chopped off. From all the Eight Provinces have the physicians come to wait upon the King. Wise consultations have they held, and they have decided that for a remedy for the King's affliction nothing else is required than a nose; a certain kind of nose, a very peculiar certain kind of nose."

"Then by none other was I summoned than his excellency the prime minister himself. He put a paper into my hand. Upon this paper was a very peculiar kind of nose drawn by the physicians of the Eight Provinces, with the seal of state upon it."

"Go," said his excellency the prime minister. "Seek out this nose, for the King's affliction is sore."

And wheresoever you find this nose upon the face of a man, strike it off forthright and bring it in all haste to the Court, for the King must be cured. Go, and come not back until your search is rewarded."

"And so I departed upon my quest," said Yi Chin Ho. "I have sought out the remotest corners of the kingdom; I have traveled the Eight Highways, searched the Eight Provinces, and sailed the seas of the Eight Coasts. And here I am."

With a great flourish he drew a paper from his girdle, unrolled it with many snappings and cracklings, and thrust it before the face of Pak Chung

Chang. Upon the paper was the picture of a nose.

Pak Chung Chang stared upon it with bulging eyes.

"Never have I beheld such a nose," he began.

"There is a wart upon it," said Yi Chin Ho.

"Never have I beheld—" Pak Chung Chang began again.

"Bring your father before me," Yi Chin Ho interrupted sternly.

"My ancient and very much to be respected ancestor sleeps," said Pak Chung Chang.

"Why dissemble?" demanded Yi Chin Ho. "You know it is your father's nose. Bring him before me that I may strike it off and be gone. Hurry, lest I make bad report of you."

"Mercy!" cried Pak Chung Chang, falling on his

knees. "It is impossible! You cannot strike off my father's nose. He cannot go down without his nose to the grave. He will become a laughter and a byword, and all my days and nights will be filled with woe. O, reflect! Report that you have seen

no such nose in your travels. You, too, have a father."

Pak Chung Chang clasped Yi Chin Ho's knees and fell to weeping on his sandals.

"My heart softens strangely at your tears," said

himself to the Sacred City to be prime minister to the King, while Yi Chin Ho became the King's boot companion and sat at table with him to the end of a round, fat life. But Pak Chung Chang fell into a melancholy, and ever after he shook his head sadly, with tears in his eyes, whenever he regarded the expensive nose of his ancient and very-much-to-be-respected ancestor.

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Rats: How to Keep Them Out of Your House

The only wild animal that lives under the same roof with man is the rat, says the Literary Digest. We pay for his keep, although we are not on friendly terms with him. In return he plagues us in many ways; he gnaws our walls and furniture, steals our food, and, above all, is active in the spread of disease. The annual rat-bill of the United States for food alone is estimated by Mary Dudderidge, writing in the Forecast, at one hundred and sixty millions of dollars.

The rat not only disseminates bubonic plague but carries tapeworms, trichinae, flukes, roundworms and other parasites, besides being suspected as an active agent in communicating leprosy and infantile paralysis. It can gnaw through any common building material except stone, hard brick, cement, glass and iron. It destroys whole fields of grain, climbs trees to steal fruit, eats both fowls and their eggs and destroys game. It steals costly furs and laces for its nests, when it can get them. Much of our annual loss by fire is due to the rat, and he also starts floods by burrowing in dams and levees. He is a great traveler and is fond of living on shipboard, though, fortunately, he journeys little by rail. Finally, his fecundity is prodigious, the fond mother presenting him with numerous additions to the family circle sometimes as frequently as once a month.

The modern way of attacking the rat, this writer continues, "is to build it out." The rat-proofing of

building is described as "a cheap form of insurance against fire and pestilence." Miss Dudderidge continues:

"When rats get into rat-proof buildings we have to resort to traps and poison to get them out, the former being the least objectionable. In the use of traps it must be borne in mind that the rat is extremely cautious and will not enter strange looking contrivances in search of food if plenty of other nourishment that is not open to suspicion is available. The trap should be strong enough so that the rat cannot force its head between the wire and escape, and should be dipped in boiling water or smoked before being set, to kill the human smell, or that of rats previously caught. It should not be placed in an open space, but along the wall or in a narrow runway, for the rat's vision is somewhat defective in the daytime, and depending on its whiskers as a guide it has to keep close to some wall or other boundary. Fish makes an excellent bait, but any odorous edible different from the animal's customary diet is likely to attract it. Poisoning should not be resorted to in dwellings, and some of the most efficient poisons are so dangerous that they should be used only by experts.

"Dogs, cats, weasels and ferrets are all useful, but the ordinary house-cat is too well fed to care for such diet, and if not inured to the hard things of life is not equal to a combat with a full grown brown rat. Non-poisonous snakes have been employed, with considerable success in warehouses."

The Quest of the Missing Fishwife

BY EARL ENNIS.

SOMEWHERE in the South Pacific Ocean, where the Revilla Gigida Islands are cradled by the Mexican coast, is the missing Mrs. Tuna and her modest family of 7,000,000 children. Uncle Sam—that person of intricate interests—has spent a small fortune to find her while the allied fishing industries of the country would spend fortunes more to discover her habitats. Yet, serene and care-free, accompanied by her little family, she swims hither, thither and yon, and worries not.

It was nothing to her that coast fishermen preferred her to all other brands of sea-food, from the delicacy classification. It mattered nothing to her that she did not like the climate or the environment or the associations of the northern waters, and went away without leaving a change of address. Hers to do as she pleased—this temperamental little fish who is the most-sought young piscine matron of the marine social set. So she simply flitted away.

HUNTERS RETURN.

The hunt that the Government, through its Bureau of Fisheries, has been making for the departed tuna family, which frequently came as far north as Monterey Bay in considerable numbers, has just come out with the return of the Fish Commission boat, the Albatross. The latter is docked at the foot of Clay street—brown and dirty from a six-months' cruise in a vain hunt from the tuna hatcheries, known to be somewhere off the Mexican coast. Just what it means to "gumshoe" for fish, is shown, when the log of the Albatross is checked.

It took 6 officers and 73 men to make the trip. It consumed six months in time in the making. It cost Uncle Sam just \$30,000.

When it was all over, all the expedition got was fifty wild goats that tasted as wild as they looked and had to be thrown overboard.

The Albatross started out, in April. It was in command of Lieutenant J. J. Hannigan, and among its officers numbered Chief Boatswain P. H. Shepley, Dr. Chandler Smith, Paymaster W. W. Wheeler, C. E. Lupton and E. W. Hill. At San Diego "Tuna"

HANNIBAL

Johnson, the Government's expert on elusive fish progeny, went aboard with a delegation from the Scripps Institute and several students from the University of California, all bound on a still hunt for tuna.

SOUNDS THE DEPTHS.

When off the Mexican coast, where the last seen tuna had dipped beneath the surface of the water with a farewell flit of its tail, the party began to sound the depths for tuna clues. Huge metal samplings devices, constructed to clutch a bucketful of water from the ocean's bed and bring it without contamination by surrounding fluids safely to the surface for analysis, were employed. Hour after hour was spent in this work, in an effort to find traces of figurative crusts of bread which Mrs. Tuna might have dropped while feeding her family.

In scientific language, the party were seeking the feeding ground of the tuna delegation. When this failed, and instead of ocean highballs that delight the heart of the festive fish, seaweed, kelp and other marine discards began to come up, the process was changed and a launch equipped with a trawling net set forth. The net was thrown out and all kinds of indignant fish, fungus and other water inhabitants dragged aboard, and peered at through glasses in an effort to find traces of their having associated recently with wild tuna.

While this was going on, the fresh meat gave out. The Albatross lay off Cerro's Island at the time. Against the sun's disk at twilight could be seen the flocks of wild goats with which the island abounds. The crew went ashore and stealthily stalked the flocks. After two days' fusillade, during which several hundred rounds of Government ammunition were fired, the party returned with fifty goats. With visions of goat stew, goat croquettes, goat à la bon-bon and goat at random, the crew waited patiently while the Chinese cook aboard fought it out down below decks.

CREW OBJECTS.

When the first dish of goat appeared on the windward side, the crew struck en masse and, violating all sea ethics, went up on the bridge and wept on the commanding officer's shoulder. As a result, the dead goats were hurled overboard, while the Albatross loitered in the near vicinity, hoping that the tuna family would hear the floating bait and draw near. But the wily tuna was not to be lured from its shell-covered bed by any such subterfuge, and remained out of sight while a shipload of discouraged scientists turned an expensive Government vessel around and went home again.

Later this year the Albatross is to go south again, with a weather eye out for Mrs. Tuna. Aboard, in specially constructed tanks, will be carried tuna bait from the Government's biological laboratories, while determined efforts are to be made to gather evi-

dence which will bring to light the spawning place of the tuna family. Just where this maternity hospital of the sea lies, no one knows, but it is worth several millions of dollars to the fish industries of the United States to find out, for there will be found the finest of the whole year's catch.

While awaiting her trip south, the Albatross will lie at Lake Union, near Seattle, where the scientific apparatus aboard will be available for State University students in that section. The mascot dog, Hannibal, of the Albatross, will go north with the vessel.

By EDWARD C. JOHNSTON, Naturalist, U. S. Fisheries Steamer Albatross.



THE rapid and unprecedented increase in the cost of living, said to be due chiefly to the war in Europe, with its radical disturbance of economic conditions, is arousing the attention of every government in the world. In most countries drastic legislation is being enforced to regulate and control the cost of the necessities of life, and thus prevent advantage being taken by speculators to pile up wealth at the expense of the wants of the people.

While these undesirable conditions have not yet been so severely felt in the United States as in Europe, the trend of prices has been constantly upward, and the attention of every thoughtful person is directed towards remedying this state of affairs. One of the best means for accomplishing this result presents itself to the utilization of the "harvest of the sea," that source of wholesome and nutritious food whose value and importance is only of recent years beginning to be realized.

It is impossible to give reliable statistics regarding the value of the earlier fisheries of the world, as, for the most part, the operations of fishing have been comparable with those of primitive hunting, rather than with the more regulated and progressive agriculture. And even today, except in the case of the more advanced nations, there is no means of estimating the value of the products of the sea. Until very recent years there has been no attempt to supervise or assist the fisherman. He has pursued his avocation in a haphazard way, capturing by spears, nets and hooks such aquatic animals as came within the scope of his powers.

The increasing pressure on every source of food, and the gradual improvement in the catching power of the methods employed, has compelled the adoption of some means of regulation and the dissemination of information that will aid in increasing the volume of fishery products.

It is to the United States, however, that we must

turn for the most systematic and best concerted efforts for the promotion of the fishing industry. In the formation, in 1871, of the United States Fish Commission, which, in 1904, became the United States Bureau of Fisheries, with enlarged powers, this country took the lead in such matters, and

began a work that has been of immense value to the country and a source of emulation and encouragement to other nations.

STATE CONTROL.

While the administration of the fisheries of the separate States is under the control of those States, through their several fish and game commissions, the Bureau of Fisheries carries on a vast amount of scientific fishery investigation, issues admirable statistical and biological bulletins and reports, and conducts on a very large scale work in the propagation of the various food fishes, which has had a marked effect upon the replenishment of the fishing grounds by artificial means.

In this way the Bureau of Fisheries has done a work of very great importance, not only in enlarging the supply of valuable fish food, but in creating a demand which is only partially met, notwithstanding the fact that each year sees a rapid increase in the fishing facilities.

PACIFIC COAST INDUSTRY GROWS.

Upon the Pacific Coast there are being developed some of the most important fisheries in the world. Recognizing this fact, the United States Bureau of Fisheries has been devoting a large part of its energy to the encouragement and promotion of these fisheries. For this purpose it has commissioned its largest and best equipped vessel, the United States Fisheries steamer Albatross, to research work on this coast.

This is a vessel of 174 tons, built for the purpose of scientific research, in 1882, and after much economic and biological work on the Atlantic Coast, was transferred to the Pacific in 1887. Under the direction of the late distinguished scientist, Alexander Agassiz, extensive deep-sea explorations were conducted off the west coasts of Mexico and Central America, as well as in the vicinity of the Galapagos Islands.

THE ALBATROSS.

Later an extensive cruise was made in the tropical Pacific, including a visit to Japan, Kamohatka and the Aleutian Islands, during which our knowledge of deep-sea conditions and forms of life was greatly enlarged.

The Albatross made the surveys which made possible the laying of a submarine cable between the United States and the Hawaiian Islands. In the course of several cruises to Hawaii and vicinity, complete collections and descriptions of the fishes, both deep-sea and shore, of the Pacific Ocean, were made.

During a number of years, from 1888 onward, work in Alaskan waters was carried on, work which has been of incalculable value, as is shown in the resulting vast development of the salmon, cod and other fisheries in those regions.

ALBATROSS CRUISES FAR.

In 1904 a biological survey was made of the waters off the coast of southern California, in co-operation with the University of California and the Stanford University, most of this work being done in the vicinity of San Diego.

In 1907 the Albatross sailed on a cruise of investigation of the Philippine Islands, which occupied about two years and resulted in a great increase of our knowledge of the economic possibilities of those islands. During 1912-13, a biological survey was made of San Francisco Bay. In 1914-15, halibut investigations were carried on off the coasts of Washington and Oregon, with results that added thousands of square miles to the known halibut banks, which were immediately visited by many Puget Sound and other fishing craft, with very valuable pecuniary results.

During 1916 the Albatross was engaged in tuna investigations, with headquarters in San Diego Bay. Headquarters are now in Oakland. The rapid increase of the tuna industry, and the lack of information concerning the habits of that fish, has made necessary the extensive study which has been undertaken by the Albatross.

In 1911 there was but a single cannery packing tuna, while during the past season eighteen have been in operation. In 1916, the fifteen fishing boats which comprised the tuna fleet in 1911, was increased to 400, yet practically nothing was known of the migrations of the fish, the food, or its spawning grounds.

The tuna, which gives southern California the

great packing industry, is known to the names "long-finned" tuna, the albacore, the Japanese albacore, and others. It is shaped like a torpedo, and the long fins on each side of the body are peculiar to this species. Possessing a lightning-like speed, and great strength, they can escape from practically all methods of capture except the simple hook and line. They seem to be rather sluggish in cold water (less than 60 degrees Fahrenheit), seldom taking a hook, and remaining below the surface in the cooler temperatures.

TUNA MUCH-BOUGHT FISH.

The long-finned tuna are found in schools, coming to the surface to feed upon sardines, anchovies, smelt and other small fish. A school of tuna have been observed to surround, or corral, a school of sardines, and, swimming in a circle, to gradually devour the small fish without allowing them to scatter and escape. The tuna is a voracious feeder, eating many of the smaller species of fish, squid, octopus and other mollusks, shrimps, amphipods, schizopods and other crustacea. To locate a school of tuna the fishermen use a bone "jig," or spoon, after which live sardines and anchovies are the principal lure.

Tuna can be caught in most years during the months of June to November, inclusive. At other times the season does not start until late in July. They occur in a strip of water extending from Point Conception, on the north, to Cedros Island, Mexico, and out to sea for a distance of approximately one hundred miles.

In working out the migrations and rate of growth of the tuna the investigators of the fisheries steamer, Albatross have captured numbers of fish, and after weighing, measuring and tagging them, have returned them to the sea, alive. These tags are circular in shape, with the initials "B. F." and a number on them. It is hoped that some of these tagged fish will be recaptured and the number of the tag, the weight and length (end of snout to end of tail), and location of capture, be reported to the steamer Albatross, or one of the canneries.

KELP HARVEST NOT HURTFUL.

There has been considerable discussion concerning the effect kelp harvesting will have upon the commercial fisheries. Statements have been made that the kelp beds are spawning grounds of "great varieties of fish." The truth is that none of the commercial fish spawn in the kelp beds.



OUTDOOR LIFE IN CALIFORNIA

By WILLIAM GREER HARRISON.

By William Greer Harrison.



William Greer Harrison, veteran athlete of the Pacific Coast and beloved member of the Olympic Club, who died but a short time ago, was known from one end of the country to the other not only for his writings on athletic subjects but for his active interest in all kinds of clean health-giving sports.

To him athletics meant more than, it is feared, is meant to many of the newer generation and to him was due many of the reforms that spelled "sportsmanship" of the real sort. When he died expressions of regret came from all corners of the globe. Men who had competed in the Olympic games in far-off countries called words of sympathy. From men in the trenches in Europe, former champions some of them, were sent some of these messages.

The following article on "Outdoor Life in California" was written by "Greer" Harrison a few years before his passing:

wood nymphs over dead forest kings. The bubbling, babbling brooks, interpreting the song of their silver-coated citizens; the cooling of the dove, the whir of the quail, the whiz of the snipe, the honking of the wild goose, and the frou-frou of the duck—all these are for the man who loves nature and desires to be at home with her, and are common everywhere in California.

Here the sportsman finds his paradise, and here are—

Birds: Mountain and valley quail, English jack-snipe, wild pigeon, blue grouse, sage hen, robin (big, full-bodied birds), meadow lark, curlew, black ibis, billhead plover, vacet willet (snipe), king rail, Virginian rail, reed bird, robin snipe, sandpiper.

Ducks: Widgeon, teal, sprig, gadwall, canvasback, redhead, butterball, ruddy, blue-bill, Mexican tree-duck, brownhead or whistler, mallard, spoonbill.

Big game: Brown or cinnamon bear, black bear, elk, mule deer, blacktail deer, silver-gray fox, red fox, California lion (puma).

Small game: Gray squirrel, pine squirrel; rabbit—cottontail, brush and hare; beaver and groundhog.

Fish: Salmon—landlocked, quinnat, blue back, hookbill; trout—rainbow, cut-throat, red speckled, brook, Loch Levin, Von Behr; rock cod—blue and red; flounders, tomcod, smelt, halibut, barracuda, striped bass; perch—redtail, surf and

big eye; sole, white bait, pompano (butter-fish), sturgeon, shad, anchovies—sardines.

Fish, birds, big game and small game can be reached easily by short railroads; and then comes the true pleasure of the sport—the climbing, clambering, tramping; the oxidation of the lungs and muscles; the joy, the pure physical joy, of movement; the luxury that follows the overcoming of difficulties; the scramble over big rocks; the climb over hills carpeted with pine needles, and the enthralling sense of victory when the objective point is reached.

Alone in the woods—alone with God! Alone on the mountain top, you are reverent and prayerful, but never sad or depressed. Breathing in the pure mountain air, you breathe in hope, inspiration, and you would commune with the Master of the World, and rejoice that you live and move and find harmony in your heart. You can throw your cap backward and shout like the schoolboy out for his holiday; for you have drawn away from and mounted high above the pettiness of the lesser life. You have shuffled off the business coil which bound you to your desk; you are free, and the thought of freedom is yours; and you are buoyant and gleeful and in love with all the world.

California is the home of the artist; indeed, California is another Italy, and a new Virgil would write the Bucolics and Georgics as of and about the Italia.

of the Pacific. Virgilian description of the old Italy exactly fits the newer and richer state. But we have color effects here not known, I think, even in Italy. Take the hills overlooking San Francisco—Marin hills—and you have a bronze-brown effect in color that is tantalizingly beautiful, because you want to catch and hold it as a something too exquisite to be left to itself. You have an infinite variety of shadings to this weird brown; indeed, there is a kaleidoscopic change, from second to second, which is literally fascinating.

Then our sunsets; in them there is a supreme beauty, since all colors, all shades—dazzling, rioting, perplexing—mingle with, or are a part of the rays which glorify the sky, the hills, the valleys, the seas, the ocean, with a light that is as the smile of the Eternal. Here is the place in which to breathe the sunshine. Light and colors are inhaled, and it is time some one explained the beneficent effect of the inhalation on the blood and brain and moral nature of men. California is the solarium of the world. When the sun throws aside the robes of night and breathes his morning benediction, until his evening prayer, when his lingering blessing touches everything with his kiss, there is a golden dusk—or a sun-charged atmosphere in which man may drink a newer, richer draught of life.

And the ocean, the Pacific; never monotonously peaceful; just a vast champagne bath, a universal salt glow, where massage is free to all the world. Always open, never a bar to ingress; no ice, no snow; a storm only momentary and joyous excitement. The roar of the breakers an organ peal, the swell a flowing song, the spume an electric bath. Summer or winter, never a day when you can not safely enter the Pacific, plunging and swimming, breasting breakers or high waves, with a feeling of victorious pleasure and a sense of fitness that is a promise of eternal youth.

San Francisco to San Diego and thence to Catalina Island there are bays, inlets, roadsteads, where

foaming steeds, white horses of the sea, rush madly to the shore. Here the strong swimmer finds joy inexpressible. Dashing under the swirling breakers he floats triumphantly for a moment in the long hollows of the ocean, and then with an increasing vigor again and again evades the rush of waters and with practiced arms steers his way to the sea incarnadine that lies like another sky beyond the breakers. Here, summer or winter, he flings aside the resisting waters and heads oceanward—a long, steady pressure, an overhead stroke or a side stroke carries him far from view, until presently he turns shoreward with rapid strokes when he once more margins the breakers. These he uses like a circus rider, and mounts horse after horse until he is once more on the shore lines. The strength of it, the joy of it, only the swimmer can feel.

And all this in winter as safely as in summer. Indeed, it is absurd to talk of winter in the Golden State. All days are open to the athlete and his pleasures.

If you tire of the old ocean, then turn your eyes lakeward. Tahoe sits in the Sierra like a great golden-gray bowl, full of limpid water teeming with silver-coated trout; guarded by mountain ranges so weird in form and in color that one naturally looks for the gnomes, elfs, goblins, which have, or ought to have, their homes in the curious crevices, caverns, brakes, peaks, domes, curves, and bends which make of Mount Tallac and his kin a giant's causeway leading to a land of delight. Tahoe is 6000 feet above the sea; Mount Tallac is 3000 odd feet above the lake, and from its rugged peak you look down upon a score of lakes set like precious gems in a setting of emerald green. The tramp to Tallac's gray top is just rough enough to give an added interest; it is a stiff climb, but when the peak is under your feet you forget everything except the glory and the joy of the vista.

You tire of the lake scenery? Then off to the McCloud River for trout, or to Monterey Bay for salmon trolling, or the Sacramento for perch and salmon. Oh, I could name you hundreds of places in which to be glad that God made you!

Once a year, usually in the month of August, members of the Bohemian Club of San Francisco shake the city dust from their feet and for three weeks make their home in the heart of a redwood forest. "Neath the green sentinels, whose feathery plumes sweep the patines of Heaven," they pitch their tents and abandon themselves to a life that is in harmony with Nature. The fisherman fishes and the pedestrian makes his ten or fifteen miles daily, whilst others lie prone on the bosom of Mother Earth, breathing in the forest air with a sense of pure enjoyment. The singer and the storyteller weave fancies that find expression in music and literature and painting. Others group themselves in nooks and hollows and wonder what the giant trees could tell if only Nature enabled them to reveal their knowledge. These trees were above ground long before the Babylonian empire fell. They were lofty pillars of the forest when Joseph went down into Egypt, and they were probably full grown when Christ was taken by another Joseph to the land of Pharaohs. Europe was the home of

(Continued on Next Page)

The TEENIE WEENIES

MEET A RABBIT AND THE POET WRITES A VERSE. BY Wm. DONAHAY.

ONE Saturday morning the Teenie Weenies set out for the big tree near the shoe house in which their friend the squirrel lived. Mr. Squirrel had invited them to a nut luncheon in honor of Mr. Rufus Rhyme, the poet, who had come to live at Shoehurst. As the little people trudged along through the snow they were suddenly thrown into a panic by the unexpected appearance of an enormous rabbit head over a bank of snow directly in their path. The frightened Teenie Weenies turned in their tracks and fled in all directions as fast as their short legs would carry them.

"Well! Well! This is rather unusual!" cried the rabbit. "This is the first time I ever saw anybody run away from me; I'm usually the one that runs."

The rabbit's voice was so pleasant the Teenie Weenies felt quite sure he would not harm them and soon they were gathered all about the big fellow, feeling his soft fur and asking many questions.

"My gracious, but you did frighten us, Mr. Rabbit," said the Lady of Fashion. "You came upon us so quietly and suddenly."

"I've got to, miss, I've got to sneak about quietly, for you see there are many hunters and dogs who are always on the watch for us poor rabbits."

"Why, do they hurt you?" asked the Lady of Fashion.

"Hurt us?" snapped the rabbit, "they kill us, that's what they do."

This spring I had thirty-three sons and daughters and now—now I am a widower with only seventeen children. Only last night I had to call in old Doc Woodchuck to take some shot out of my oldest boy's skin."

"Ah, Mr. Rabbit," cried the poet, "your sad story has given me an idea for a verse. While you were talking to my friends here I have been scribbling and with your kind permission I'll recite what I've written."

"I would be delighted to hear it if it isn't too long," said the rabbit. "You see, I've got to always be on the jump; can't stay very long in one place."

"This verse is very short," said the poet. "In fact, it is no longer than its name. It's called, 'The Tale of a Rabbit.'"

"The rabbit's life is full of strife
His days are short and few,
For dodging shot becomes his lot
From the cradle to the stew."

"A very truthful and beautiful piece of poetry," said the rabbit, brushing a tear from his furry cheeks. "I hope you will excuse me now for I must hurry home and call the roll and see whether any more of my children are missing."

The Teenie Weenies watched the rabbit hop away and then continued their trip to the squirrel's house, where they ate a wonderful lunch and had a most pleasant time. [Copyright: 1917: By Wm. Donahay.]



ARABIAN NIGHTS in OAKLAND-Nº4

"A SEEKER OF WEALTH"

By Ad Schuster

PLAINLY the girl was nervous. With the fact, as certain as that pay day would not come until the fifteenth, that rent day on the morrow would find her just one dollar and thirty-seven cents short, who shall say she lacked the right to be nervous? On the other hand who, in the hotel lobby, if he had cared to watch her, as she moved from one cushioned chair to another, could have known that the trim sailor hat on her head was the straw that broke the rent purl's back? The story of room and rent is an old one, and only today Mrs. Wotter had been given a chance, to let the "apartment" to a young man who had offered to pay in advance for two weeks.

Dan Carney saw that she sat, one after another, in every vacant chair in the lobby. Eagerly she darted into chairs freshly vacated, only to fidget and squirm and then dart to another. When she left, Dan followed, to see her sit in all the available chairs in another hotel and then another. At last the air of feverish disquietude left her and a soft smile came to her face. There was triumph in the manner with which she straightened the bow at her neck and joy in her step as she left for the street. Again, Dan followed.

"Could I help you, miss? I noticed that something was wrong," began Dan, who hurried his words along to give full measure of explanation during the first stage of the girl's astonishment. "I am all right, you know. Besides, you can call a cop whenever you want. Just let me walk along and get a little of that worry off your mind. I watched you tonight and I am curious."

"You watched me?" asked the girl. "But you won't tell, will you? If you knew how much I needed it—" The girl was frightened, but she took Dan's arm and pleaded, "besides, there was no way to find out who it belongs to."

"Let's start right at the first," was the suggestion of the puzzled seeker for adventure, fearful lest a word of his should lose it all.

Then came the story of the weekly room rent, stories of other times when it wasn't ready on the Sunday morning and the admission that the straw hat had eaten \$1.37 worth of the Mrs. Wotter's \$2. of failure to borrow and of certain expulsion. The confession came last.

"And so," said the girl, "I remembered once when I was a little girl I shoved my hand down between the cushions of a chair at home and found, along with a lot of hairpins and bookmarks, a quarter and two pennies. I have been trying it again tonight."

"And what was your luck?" asked Dan.

"I can't tell exactly," and the girl blushed, "until I get home. You see, I slipped what I found into my waist. I know there were two big coins and a small one, and besides that a penknife which I suppose I ought to have put back. I am going to take this car, so its 'Good-night' to you, I guess."

"But, I say," began Dan, "wouldn't you let me loan—"

The girl faced him quickly. "I'd rather do what



I did than borrow from strangers," she said with a pride quaintly sincere. From the platform of the car she called: "Thank you just the same."

"What do you make of this?" Dan Carney asked of me the other day as he handed me a newspaper clipping which read:

"In a room which told a pitiful story of her struggle to make small means give her the things a girl desires, Sadie Elton last night turned on the gas and gave up the fight. On a table besides a note which read, 'I leave these things to the fresh fellow what offered to stake me,' were a quarter, a dime, a penknife, a poker chip and an 1844 penny of the large coinage."

Kelp and Fishing

Many fishermen fear that cutting the kelp will destroy protection to many young fish, which are accustomed to live in the beds. As the harvesters cut the kelp only about four feet below the surface, there seems reason to doubt whether this apprehension is founded in fact. The kelp lies at an angle in the water, so that, after the harvester passes, a change of the current will generally bring the ends of the stalks again to the surface. Furthermore, there is a tidal range of over four feet, and hence the kelp out at high tide will come to the surface at low tide.

It has been proved that dense masses of kelp are more readily washed out during storms, than when it grows more thinly. The cutting of the denser kelp may, consequently prove a benefit, by preventing much of the kelp destruction caused by the storms, while around the edge of the beds is much scattering kelp, which cannot be cut profitably. On the whole, therefore, kelp harvesting should not affect the commercial fisheries to any extent.

Outdoor Life in California

(Con. From Preceding Page)

barbarous tribes when these felt their full growth; and civilization after civilization appeared, fulfilled its destiny and was succeeded by new thoughts, new purposes, these to make room for the dominant purpose of today. Yet these trees lived and breathed ere England or America had a name or a place upon the map of the world.

California is the only country in the world, I think, where midsummer is entirely free of rain and where it would be possible to spend three or four weeks absolutely in the open.

Polo, football, baseball and tennis are playable all the year through; and golf, lacrosse and cricket are only temporarily retarded by the degree of wet in the soil after our annual shower bath. Thousands of our young lads and lasses pay no attention to rain, but pursue their walks in wet weather as in dry. Indeed, few outdoor pursuits are affected by our wet season. We have usually three or four days' rain, followed by a fortnight of the most delightful weather—clear, bright, sunful days when

one rejoices in life. In the bay counties we have sea fogs, which are of infinite service to all growing things, and are to many a source of pleasure in their effect upon the skin.

But the great charm of California is that always and everywhere you can live in the open, except in the brief interval when rain is most abundant.

Fullness of days, rather than length, is the desideratum. A weak man is a travesty on Nature. Better fifty years of strenuous, full life than one hundred years of vegetable existence. But in California long life and full days go together. In the free, open life of the Golden State there is no excuse for lack of health; only the inherently indolent suffer. All who accept the treasures of the air, the sea, the forest, and the ocean as their own put on the full garb of man and woman and live such a full life as can be lived only in California.

The joy of living; the rapid-coursing, life-making blood; the clean, full lungs; the buoyancy of youth in middle-aged man—these are ours, and we thank God for life!

FLIRTING WITH THE UNDERTAKER

By CAPTAIN JACK BONAVITA.

DURING the years I have spent in training wild animals, my experiences with good and bad wild animals have been many and varied. Literally, there is no such creature as a "good" wild animal; it is merely a figure of speech used by members of the profession. We know a good animal by his gentler characteristics and his recognition of man as his master. He is one with whom we ordinarily have very little trouble, but at the same time cannot allow one to think that we believe him good. It is in the nature of any wild beast to be treacherous, and that trait is liable to break out at any time, more often when it is not expected.

It is the bad animal that provides the most interesting part of a trainer's career. I sometimes think they are to be credited with causing the trainer to fall under the spell which fascinates every person who ever entered the arena. When I ponder over times gone by, it is not the good animals which fill my thoughts, but the bad ones. They supplied the necessary excitement to leave an impression.

As I recount my experiences with bad animals, one of the first which invariably comes to my mind is the tiger, Rajah. Rajah was, undoubtedly, one of the most vicious beasts ever in captivity. I owned him a very short time, but during that period he killed his man and made things so interesting that I was happy to be rid of him. The reason he comes uppermost in my mind is not so much of the affairs between the animal and myself as one between him and another trainer. Curly Nelson was the trainer's name, and a more popular man or courageous trainer never lived. He was new in the profession, but was not afraid of any animal that ever trod the face of the earth. Very often, as I look back into my earlier days, I picture Curly as he was mutilated almost beyond recognition, but still with his characteristic smile circling his lips. Nobody ever knew just how Curly met his untimely death, except that he was killed by Rajah in a den.

As I have related, I had owned Rajah but a short time. I bought him a circus because he was one of the finest specimens of tiger I had ever seen. When purchasing an animal, it is not customary for the seller to furnish the animal's pedigree, and the buyer is usually careful until he becomes acquainted with the new beast. We assume that there must be a reason for disposing of a good specimen of animal flesh, and the natural conclusion is that if he is in good health, he is unruly. In those days there were roving bands who bought, sold and exchanged wild animals as well as horses, except the animal traders confined their efforts to circuses and side shows.

A few weeks after purchasing Rajah, I started to break him into an act, and it was one of the most

difficult tasks I have ever undertaken. I tried to teach him to jump upon the elephant's back. His attitude during this training convinced me that he was a bad animal, and I warned everyone with the show to beware of him. It was following this warning that Curly met his death. That furnished one of the most baffling threads in the mystery.

As near as we were able to pick up the story, it was a mistake in cages which Curly made. The accident happened while a performance was going on. Curly went down the passageway to clean out the cage while the act was on. Within a few minutes after he started on his mission there were heard those terrifying sounds which predicate a severe battle between man and beast. Shots were heard, screams for help penetrated the enclosure, while the snarling and thrashing of the animal bespoke volumes of the most unpleasant reading. We rushed to the assistance of the unfortunate Curly, but were too late. When we reached the cage he was prostrate upon the floor, an unrecognizable mass of human flesh, while the bloodthirsty wild beast stood over him tearing him in bits with teeth and claws. It took several bullets to drive off the animal, and when we reached Curly he opened his eyes and, with his gentle nature intended for a smile, said:

"Well, he was too much for me," then gasped his last. He died in our arms.

It was apparent that in selecting the cage which was to be cleaned, Curly had picked the wrong one, and upon opening Rajah's cage, he had been set upon, and, before he had an opportunity to defend himself, had been borne to the floor and defeated in the battle for his life.

THE QUAGGA.

Two weeks after the killing of Curly, Rajah figured in another affair, which, while not as serious as the first, provided a lively time. It happened in Indianapolis, the same city in which Curly Nelson was killed. With the show we had an animal known as a quagga. The quagga is not a ferocious beast, but when he fights his heels are capable of inflicting considerable damage.

One day, just prior to the beginning of our performance, Rajah, in some manner, escaped from his cage into the passageway. The quagga was allowed the run of that particular part of the arena when the other animals were locked in their cages; consequently, he was rather a surprised animal when he encountered the tiger in the narrow space. The quagga immediately raised upon his hind quarters and, turning in the passageway, bent a hasty retreat toward the large exhibition cage, with the tiger close upon his heels. I happened to be in the safety cage at the end of the passageway in company with a mechanic, who was making some repairs, and the young daughter of one of the officials of the show.

As soon as sounds of the rumpus reached my

ears I surmised what had happened, and quickly pushed my two companions to safety. No sooner had the door on the opposite side of the safety cage closed than the quagga hove in sight with Rajah in hot pursuit. The safety cage, where I met the animals, was about four feet square, and, in passing me, the tiger was so determined to catch the quagga that he leaped past me without a moment's hesitation.

They rushed into the exhibition cage, which the quagga began to circle, hampered slightly by the frequent clashing he was receiving from the tiger in his mad leaps. In entered the cage as quickly as possible, with a view to intercepting the tiger. The quagga fastened his eyes upon me with an appealing expression, and came straight toward me. He dodged to one side as he reached me, and with a shield, which I had snatched, I parleyed Rajah and, as he jumped away from me, the quagga, which had recovered his equilibrium, let fly both hind feet, and knocked Rajah senseless.

We finally managed to get the tiger to his cage, where we treated his wounds with a syringe spray through the bars and brought him back to health. I never attempted to work the tiger after that, and it was not long before he caught cold and died.

AN UNRULY LION.

With the possible exception of Denver and Baltimore, two bad lions which I mentioned in a previous story, I believe the most unruly lion I ever attempted to train was a fine specimen of forest-bred South African beast named Emperor. He derived his name through his ability to rule, by brute strength, all animals with which he came in contact. I had engaged in several battles with Emperor, but there were never serious consequences, except once in Dreamland, Coney Island, when, in trying to protect him from a group of five lions, he set upon me and inflicted injuries which incapacitated me for a few weeks.

Upon one occasion when he attacked me my escape was almost miraculous. It was while we were aboard a ship bound for Europe. It was my custom in traveling on board ship with the animals to build an enclosure where they could exercise each day, and in this particular enclosure I had very little space. When the construction was completed I discovered that for some unknown reason there had been a shifting den left within it. The shifting den is a cage on wheels, which we use for transferring animals from one cage to another. There was no reason for having one in the enclosure, and to this day I have never been able to explain its presence there. However, it was the means of saving my life, so I am thankful somebody made a mistake and left it in the enclosure.

In traveling, at times, the animals would appear to become lazy and not desirous of exercise, but to pro-

tect their health they were often forced to walk around the enclosure. Emperor and Rex, another forest-bred South African lion, were two that required a little prompting in their exercise, and that was what took me into the enclosure on that particular day, when the displeased Emperor, tried to end my existence.

I entered the enclosure armed with nothing but a small stick, and with very little effort persuaded Rex to take his daily exercise, but, when I started after Emperor, who was in the enclosure, with Rex, instead of responding to my wishes, he met my approach with stiffened tail. I knew that meant something was going to start, and that Emperor would be the starter. However, I did not wait to convince him that my purpose was for his benefit, but, instead, leaped at about the same time he did. He charged, and as he landed in the tracks where a few seconds previously I had stood, I landed on the top of the shifting den. For the time being it seemed to me that my position, upon the top of the den and backed against the side of the enclosure, was not one of safety, and just then every second counted. Soon as he recovered from his first lunge Emperor came after me again. The door was fastened on the inside, so nobody could come to my rescue, and all that stood between myself and death, apparently, was the small stick I carried. As fast as the lion leaped for a position upon the top of the den I would push him off with the stick. At each leap he would grasp the stick and bite off a portion of it, so it was becoming very short.

I thought I was deserted by my companions, not seeing any of them during the combat, and had just begun to think I had done my last animal training, when suddenly I was seized by my coat collar and dragged backward through an opening in the enclosure and to safety. I had been so busy in warding off the attacks of Emperor that I had not seen the attendants and other trainers remove a section of the enclosure, through which they dragged me. I could never understand how they succeeded in removing the section, it was built so securely, but it must have required superhuman efforts to accomplish it in the short space of time within which they had to work.

REX, A GOOD LION.

During this encounter Rex remained a disinterested spectator, and I was thankful to him ever after that he didn't take part; otherwise, the end might have been different. Had Rex lent aid to his brother beast, my time would have been so short in that enclosure that there would not have been the slightest opportunity for me to escape. Rex, really, was not a bad animal, although an incident in which he was concerned showed the terrible vengeance which pervaded his soul.

I once possessed a lion named Sly, that like

Emperor, was an exceedingly unpleasant beast, but, unlike Emperor, he was not the bully of the group. It may have been owing to the fact that he was continually being beaten up by other lions, Sly was so troublesome.

During an engagement in Richmond, Va., I had a memorable encounter with Sly, when luck, more than anything else, saved my life. The trouble began by a fight, which was started between Sly and two other lions in the passageway.

To fully realize what a fight in a passageway means, one must become somewhat acquainted with the size of it. It is a passage in the rear of the cages, two and one-half feet wide, and with a turn of an angle about seventy-five degrees every eight feet. It is arranged so a view of more than eight feet is impossible. When three full-grown lions become engaged in battle in such a small space it is easily imagined that the results are liable to be very disastrous.

A SLY ANIMAL.

On the day in question, in driving the lions to their cages, the fight started. The animals ran so fast down the passage that it was impossible for me to judge their exact location, but from the sounds which emanated from the distance I knew something must be done very quickly, or we might have three dead animals on our hands. In my anxiety to reach them I was not so cautious as usual, and before I scarcely realized my location, I found myself within a foot of the raging beasts and entirely unprotected. Sly saw me at about the same time I saw him, and he abandoned his fight with the other animals and started in pursuit of me. Within a few feet I came to an empty cage, into which I rushed, and summoned all possible strength in an effort to hold the door tight. I called to the attendants outside the cage to get a scraper. A scraper, as you all are probably aware is a "T" shaped iron, with the "T" about ten inches long, and with a long handle to which it is welded. The attendants succeeded in forcing the scraper under the door, and it took five of them to hold the door shut, so great was the strength of the lion. It was impossible for them to hold the door tight at the top, and it was at that point the lion exerted his efforts. He grasped it with his claws and teeth, and finally pulled the battens off the door.

However, the door withstood his strength, and after holding me, like a rat in a trap for several minutes, he relinquished his grip upon the door and returned to the two lions with whom he had been fighting. The attendants secured firearms, and came in the passageway, where, after considerable maneuvering, they succeeded in driving the animals to their various cages. They were a badly battered lot, but their injuries were not serious.

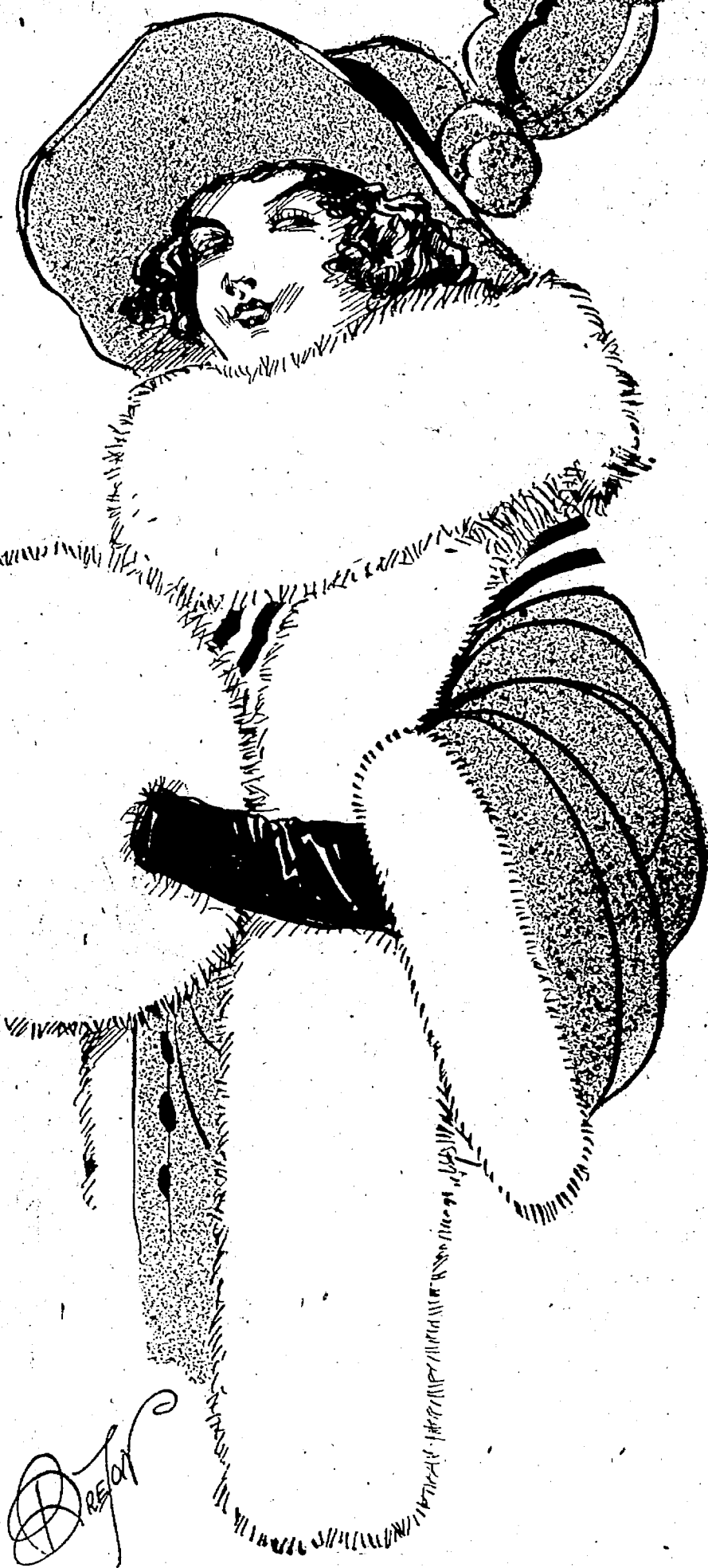
Outdoors in January



A SMART TROTTEUR FROCK FOR STREET WEAR, IN NAVY GARBEDINE TRIMMED WITH PONTINE



A SPORT SUIT OF DARK BROWN LA JERZ



dark plaid or of accordion-pleated stripes are also noticeable, though the most dependable kind of all for general sport occasions is the attractive ribbed stocking with either a mere declivity separating the ribs or a narrow line of open work.

SPORT clothes to right of us and sport accessories to left of us. It indicates that there is about to dawn a violently picturesque era of real and imitation outdoor life.

Already in the shops glint the most ravishing fabrics, suggestive of summers, when color need not dread rain, but rejoices in the sun. Of these the wool materials are deliciously soft, though firm in character, while the silks are entrancingly splendid—having stolen the best ideas of the futurists and the cubists and united them with the superb weaves of the Orient, where silk is of divine substance. Persia, too, has been looked to for many of the borders and motifs on these patterns.

Tussor and shantung, supplemented by khaki kool are the heavy silks that have been elected to supremacy for suits and frocks of surpassing gaiety this spring. These may be patterned with most lively stripes or vast checks, with barred blocks of immense size, with irregular lattices or Persian motifs that prove the vogue of shawl designs has not departed. Lustrous weaves of fiber silks, the shining heavy satins that are an innovation this year for sport wear, sublimated georgette crepes and crepe, de chine that have been adorned with interesting motifs. These are all among the manufactured fruits waiting to be plucked by fair ones in the sartorial garden now ready for the harvesting.

In the white silks particularly you will discover what miracles have been wrought by the designer during the late fall. There are diaphanous creases with delicate lines barring them off, and lustrous borders of many widths woven in with supple satin threads. There are very much crinkled heavier crepes with delightfully quaint flower motifs of satin dotting their surface, and then, too, there are other crepes that depend on their effect upon the contrasting whites and cream colors of the background and the designs thereon. It is quite safe to say that such delicious patterns have seldom come the way of femininity, for they suggest the romance of old courts. Satin striped silk poplin joins their variety, too.

Brown and beige predominate as the favorite colors for the sport clothes worn in town and for skating at present, while the more spring-like, yet rather subdued, heather mixtures are making their appearance. This is where the courageous young person who dares the revealing lines of slip-on sweater appears with one of these pleasant garments under her coat.

Of these sweaters, since they are doomed to popularity among the smart, a word. They are principally of Shetland wool, in a soft, fine weave that is without doubt as transparent in effect as georgette crepe, so that it behooves the wearers to don special lingerie beneath. In white, with a bit of white fur along the backs of the collar, they are especially becoming, and as to the front, they are cut out in an uncompromisingly deep V.

But whether of Shetland wool or of Angora these slip-on sweaters are ample below the waist and are held in there loosely by means of apron-strings

belts that tie carelessly like the string-like cravats above. Yokes and buttons of effective size finish the more elaborate models.

To return to the suits, however. Greens of a number of shades will be excellent and of peculiar interest. A greenish tan of singular hue is sent to us under the name of verdigris—which very well describes it. Blueish green that approaches that remarkable Chinese hue that is neither turquoise nor peacock color, is a favorite for both evening and for street wear. Then there is a blue that is generously diluted with green, yet not so nearly so as the one described first.

The blues of the season have exceedingly poetical names, ranging from "Portwinkle" to Capri, which signifies a new blue of more glitter than turquoise. One of the advanced sport suits seen in one of the shops this week was of another unusual blue—a shade that had all the brilliancy of cobalt. This was of wool jersey cloth, with much stitching everywhere in coarse white thread—for Paris is still devoted to this manner of trimming garments. Copenhagen, we are assured, is among the very smart colors.

On another suit—one of verdigris color—the stitching was quite in evidence, but decided to be of the same tone as the cloth. A green jersey suit of different type relied upon wide cross-bars of black that divided off its wool velour surface, for decoration. This suit was fashioned with a poplin gathered in back to the upper part of the coat—a most youthful mode.

The blue green that is worn on almost any occasion is particularly interesting in velvet frocks for evening. These gowns are made on very simple lines of mediaeval conception, and trimmed with little but net of the same color, with perhaps a few tassels of greenish iridescent. It is noticeable also in the survey of the smart colors, that jade green has been revived after four seasons of oblivion, and is to cheer our spring days splendidly. But this is a collar for the daring and temperamental of appearance.

Skirts continue semi-full, and few fair ones have agreed to lengthen them to a marked degree. Smart models appear with hems that almost touch the vamp of the boot, but a moderate distance between the ground and the frock best pleases the majority that remains still charmed with the freedom of the short skirt.

But the horrors of the tight skirt loom perilously ahead—unless the war soon stops! Paris finds that there is a scarcity of material

for the voluminous gowns, so it is sending over modes with skirts of startling paucity of breadth. On all sides the daughters of Eve are mobilizing a protest, but unless something be done to reduce the high cost of living, there will be the most clinging of attire in the approaching future. One of the designers has turned out creations particularly addicted to slenderness around the bottom, while above, around the hips, he remains true to the idea of fullness.

It is quite time for strong-minded ones to gather together and plan the details of the revolt, for narrow skirts would again bolster the cause of the boot manufacturer and win his ardent support. No one really can want them, but those who most find it worth while to change the modes.

The extra skirts that must accompany summer wardrobes will be similar in cut to those of last year, and depend upon patch pockets and interesting belts for most of their decorations. The materials offer considerable novelty, let it be observed, offering a chance for the wearers to show originality. With these many fine blouses of cotton—which keeps as no siken fabric does its whiteness—will be essential.

Satin hats are blossoming out everywhere as pleasant days grow more plentiful. Principally they are small, high of crown and of a charming though restrained gaiety; but sailors of differing sizes and shapes may be discovered among them. With their first appearance these chapeaux were black and red de negre. Now we have enterprising golds and rose, greens and other rainbow shades to make a fascinating one of eighty or half that lovelier than ever.

Invariably the trimming is flat and usually it is mauve-colored, consisting of groups of little chenille or beaded blossoms appliqued skillfully at unexpected intervals. Embroidery of colored and metal threads intermingled is a favorite idea on others, while more extreme models rely upon crowns and extensive arrangements of flat ribbon in contrasting color. One interesting hat of satin started above in old gold of many folds, decorated with a flat garland of chenille fruits in many and brilliant colors. Beneath was a facing of fine plaid straw in all these hues.

The enterprising lovely creature who prefers a more flowery creation may indulge instead in a severely smart hat covered with a tussah in a Paisley pattern, or in a cretonne of spectacular beauty, preferably one of those astonishing cretonnes that belong with Chinese black lacquer furniture—real

or otherwise. In other words, the cretonnes with poster-like black backgrounds and weird blossoms carefully enjoying life thereon.

For afternoon wear the Georgette crepe dress is enjoying a flare of popularity. Simple to carry about, suitable either for winter or the heart of summer, wrinkling never, they are a solution to the sartorial problem on almost any afternoon affair.

In color these little gowns usually prefer to be of a single tone—often gray or beige. Champagne, gold color and garnet are the prevailing supplementary colors, though for the woman who bases all her faith in navy blue there is navy blue Georgette, knife pleats in groups, soutache braiding of color similar to the gowns, metallic thread embroidery form the only decoration seen on most of them. For further embellishment one depends upon silk hose matching the ensemble and worn with smart pumps of patent leather, or boots to match.

It would scarcely do, after mentioning hose, not to mention the astonishing stockings that are apparent among the spring joys. These have usually a pale ground of white or delicate color with groups of wide and most pronounced stripes of brown or black around them. Sock-hose with lowers of fine

But whether a feminine wardrobe is complete in the matter of gorgeous hosiery, it must include one of the new sports coats of considerable length, color and amplitude. These are a joy in soft, woolly burella cloth or velours de laine, of worumbo coating or of mere "Jerz." Possibly, like the coats of many new suits, the sleeves alone will be lined—with some entrancing satin, and always there will be a collar that can be muffled high about the throat or low as the weather demands.

A feature of the new garments is a collar like a stole that may lie flat like any well behaved collar, or fold twice about the neck like one of those woolen scarfs so much the thing for skating. Such little and significant trifles as this make the mode what it is.

Collars of blouses, by the way, are preferring satin and crepe to flannel as the days progress, or else they combine forces with white broadcloth in a dazzling manner. One of the interesting new collars in a rounded sweep of white satin that dips down in front in bat-like points on either side, dangling silken tassels there. Another is round all the way and is loosely wrinkled with the greatest cunning about the neck. Upon the collar, let it be remembered, depends the freshness of the somewhat passa frock!

Forecast for Last Half of Year

July—Period between June 1 and the end of August most critical for the United States, as well as the whole world. First week of July very adverse. New York may suffer from a storm or some wreck or explosion near the coast. Epidemic of crime. Spies, treachery and plots multiply. May bring insubordination in jails, asylums and other institutions. Rule is adverse for betting, racing and all sorts of speculation. Theatrical folk should be careful.

August—Diplomatic correspondence that is directed toward adjustment of European difficulties. Disasters to vessels. Possible strike or mutiny, August 26 to September 3. Probable religious excitement, burning of church or convent in mid August.

September—Questions affecting the honor and credit of the United States arise. Treaties or ultimatum proposed; ministers sent or withdrawn. Labor troubles in the east, from middle to end of the month, probably ships and transportation. New York may suffer through heavy storm and fire or

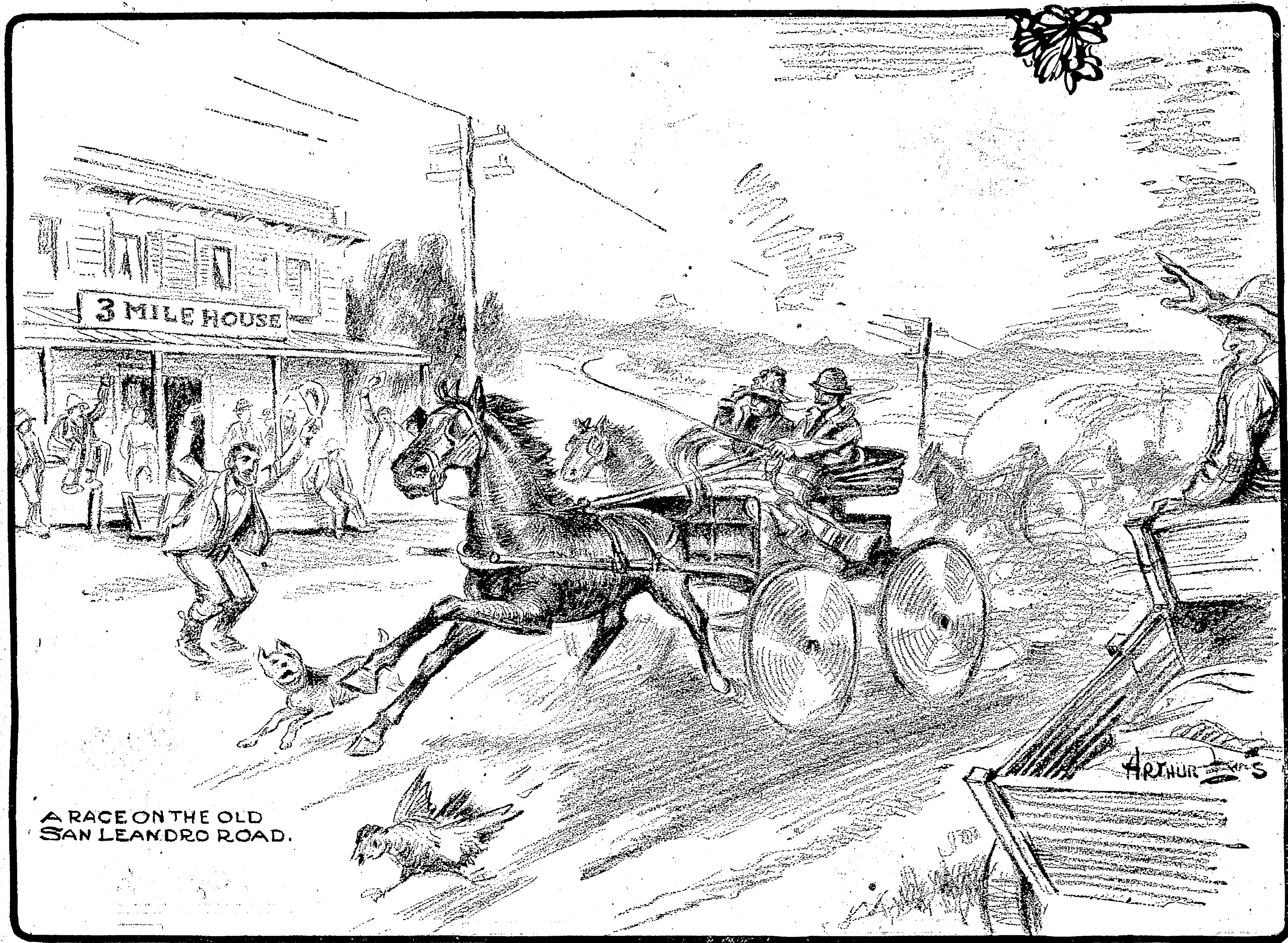
accident in public places. Stock fluctuations and business failures. Loss of lives on sea through bombs or submarines.

October—The first week is likely to be filled with sensations. Strange calamities are forecast, but they may be due to upheavals of Nature. The period from October 18-23 is particularly adverse.

November—Problems of national interest, that were disturbing in August come to the fore again. Foreign affairs take a new turn. Violence or excitement shown on the stock market. Unpopular legislation may affect the financial standing of the country. Acrimonious articles in the newspapers. Serious accidents through explosions, wrecks and fire from November 3 to 8 around Washington, New York, Philadelphia and Boston.

December—From November 17 through December, conditions are adverse for foreign relations, trade and shipping. French and Russian affairs will be unsatisfactory. The winter of 1917-18 is unsettled and disturbed and may again bring danger of war and a brisk interchange of diplomatic amenities, but the spring should see better conditions, owing to negotiations that should end in a world peace.

Oakland's Famous Old-Time Boulevard



A RACE ON THE OLD
SAN LEANDRO ROAD.

Oakland gave up the sport long before Barney Oldfield became famous—but in the country the David Harums traded horses on their races, and from Decoto to Livermore horseflesh was still the talk of the settlements.

On Sundays the most thrilling events took place on the roads, races that outshone those on the tracks. It has been too much trouble lately to keep back the autos and so has passed one of the last of traditions—the boulevard horse race.

By JACK HILDRETH.

PROGRESS and gasoline, hand in hand, have invaded the furthestmost parts of Alameda county, and with their advent the order of things has changed. Oakland's old time driveways, where famous horses were seen and where picturesque carriages once rolled, now have "Slow down to 30 miles" signs and speed cops. But long after this order of things became the custom in the city, old traditions obtained in the country. This year has seen the last of Alameda county's old time highway traditions relegated to oblivion. They have stopped holding Sunday races on the Niles-Decoto road. Too many automobiles. Sit transit!

HARNESS EVENTS.

Of old Oakland's boulevards were the scenes of Sunday races—harness events that drew hundreds. They used to hold thrilling contests of speed along the road from Oakland out to Hayward—and again at the Niles-Decoto road.

Oakland gave up the sport long before Barney Oldfield became famous—but in the country the David Harums traded horses on their races, and from Decoto to Livermore horseflesh was still the talk of the little settlements. The old San Leandro track, the Pleasanton track, both saw great trotting and harness events—but on the Sundays between these events thrilling contests—perhaps the most thrilling of contests, took place on the roads.

MANY RACES.

So with the Niles-Decoto road. Antonio Silva, of

Decoto, Tony Goulart, and several other famous local fanciers of horseflesh, kept the spot going. Every Sunday morning would see a race staged from the old Hellwig and Drury roadhouse on toward Niles, usually to the tankhouse where the state highway branches off. Flagnen at each end of the track stood out and kept back the traffic. Automobiles might be king the rest of the week—but not when the fanciers held their races.

Up to this year these races were many and exciting, but, somehow, it has been too much trouble lately to keep back the autos—the drivers are not as good-natured about it as in the past—and the

road has finally been given up as a good place for horses. So has passed the last of traditions—the boulevard horse races.

FINE HORSES PRODUCED.

Alameda county, though it is not generally known in the cities, is really one of the state's greatest producers of fine horses. At Livermore, when the Horse Show is held, one may gain some idea of the wonderful horses the county can produce. When Max Berlin's noted stock from Pleasanton, the famous Reimers stallions from Livermore, and some of the wonderful trotters from Niles to Livermore, are assembled, the public gains an idea of the horses of the valleys. But only an idea.

But Livermore horsemen can tell a tale of the county's horse industry—for it is an industry. They can tell of the carloads of horses sent East to be forwarded to the battlefields of Europe—of the many draft horses sent to dealers in all parts of the state and the East to supply farmers. The draft horses of Livermore are noted in all parts of the country, and the county has produced some of the greatest race horses in the world.

HORSE SHOW FAMOUS.

The Livermore Horse Show has of old been one of the gala events of the southern end of the county. The late William Macdonald, one of the leading horse fanciers of the valley, was prominently con-

nected with the work of furthering this annual exhibition, when a big stock parade marched the finest horses of the East Bay region before the hundreds of visitors.

At Pleasanton, during the county fair and at other occasions, the big trotting tracks were thrown open, and harness races, some of them setting records that were flashed to all parts of the sporting world, have been held. These are still held, but the old racing days are over, and the races of today are not the same as those when Oakland was young.

And Alameda county's old time boulevards make great automobile roads. Try them some Sunday in your "flivver!"

Alaska Has Copyright to "Sourdough Spree"

THE ingenuity exercised by the natives of Alaska in the endeavor to become intoxicated is described by the Medical Record special correspondent there. He writes from St. Michael under date of August 24. The favorite methods seem to be by the "sourdough," or the flavoring extract routes, although the government has put its ban on both as beverages. According to the writer, Alaska must import a greater quantity and variety of flavoring extracts, which contain about 80 per cent of alcohol, in proportion to population than any other country in the world. He writes:

"It is probably not known how long the human race has been addicted to alcoholism, but the first paper on the subject was written in 1789 by John Cookley Lettison, one of the original founders of the Medical Society of London.

"With the advancement of science many new intoxicating beverages have come into use. Many other liquids containing from a fraction of 1 per cent to 50 per cent or more of alcohol are used as intoxicating beverages, although they are not put on the market for that purpose.

MAKE OWN DRINKS.

"The territory of Alaska is not 'dry,' but the sparsely settled country, with limited and slow transportation, has invited many persons who long for the physiological effects of alcohol and cannot obtain it in the usual beverage form to attempt to manufacture or to use some other liquid which contains alcohol. It is not uncommon in some

places in Alaska where there are no saloons to see a man go into a trading post or general merchandise store and say that he wants something to drink, and ask, 'What have you that contains the largest per cent?' 'How much has this?' 'How much has that?' meaning the percentage of alcohol, and pointing to some medicine, perfume, toilet water or flavoring extract on the shelf.

"There are many persons in Alaska, both white and native, who resort to various means of securing alcoholic intoxicants. The most common of these unusual alcoholic drinks in places which are in touch with civilization are the flavoring extracts. I mean by places that are in touch with civilization a place that has a store or a trading post. In towns that are large enough to have a saloon the saloons are patronized. It appears not to make any difference whether the extract be lemon, ginger, vanilla, pineapple or what. It is sometimes drunk straight, and at times mixed with elder, grape juice, milk, 'sourdough,' root beer or hot water. Sugar may or may not be added.

LOVE THEIR "HOOTCH."

"Most of these extracts contain about 30 per cent alcohol, and their consumption in Alaska as a beverage has become so great that it is now a violation of the law to sell them to a native or to any one for drinking purposes. It would be interesting, indeed, to know just how much of these extracts is consumed in Alaska annually for drinking purposes, but it must be a large quantity, as every one seems to know of them, and talk about them as

intoxicating drinks. Through this port alone the amount of extracts shipped appears all out of proportion for their use for flavoring purposes, considering the population.

"In places that are not in touch with civilization, especially native villages, 'sourdough' is the favorite intoxicating drink. This is sometimes called 'hootch' or 'hootchinnoo.' The latter term is thought to have originated in Kamchatka, across Bering sea, in Russia, whence the art of making sourdough probably spread to Alaska. The term 'hootch' is a slang expression, and is at times used to designate any intoxicating liquor, while hootchinnoo is more properly distilled sourdough. Sourdough is made by mixing a very thin dough of flour and water, adding yeast, and setting aside to ferment. This fermentation is facilitated by placing the vessel in warm water or in a warm place.

HAS SOUR SMELL.

"As the fermentation takes place the liquid turns an amber color and larger flakes of starch float to the top, later to settle to the bottom, leaving a clear colored liquid on top. Rice and barley are sometimes used instead of flour, and it has been said that the addition of molasses to the fermenting mass makes a stronger preparation. The entire mass has a sour smell, hence the name sourdough. Alcohol is formed during this fermentation, and after it has reached the required percentage the liquid is strained.

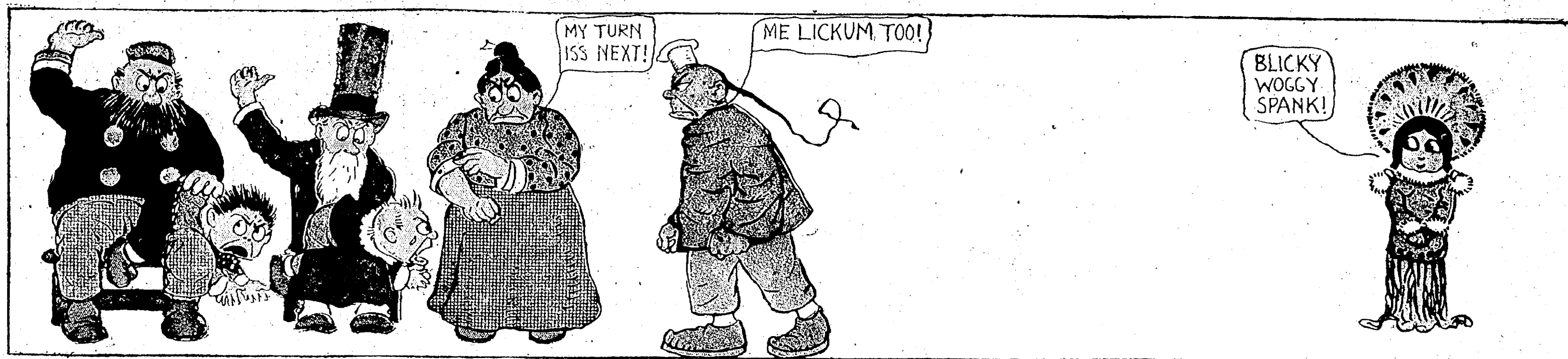
"Some person drink the liquid just as it is strained off, and this is the usual way. Sometimes the liquid

is distilled, giving it a better smell and taste and making it clearer and more concentrated. As this method requires some apparatus, time and experience, it is the uncommon form. This liquid appears to be much more intoxicating than beer, and the laws of Alaska prohibit its manufacture. The writer has seen persons so intoxicated from its use as to threaten the lives of others and require confinement. A 'sourdough fiend' told the writer a few days ago that the addition of a teaspoonful of wooden ashes to a pint of sourdough very materially increased its intoxicating qualities.

"Although it requires some apparatus to make hootchinnoo—the distilled sourdough—it is remarkable what simple apparatus may be used for this distilling purpose. A common home-made still is improvised by taking two coal oil cans and connecting them with a pipe. The pipe enters one and passes through the other.

"The sourdough is boiled in the former and condensed by ice in the latter, the hootchinnoo dropping out of the end of the pipe as a colorless alcoholic liquid. In the absence of a pipe gun barrels have been used for this purpose, and it is believed that there are many houses in Alaska which have some such apparatus in them.

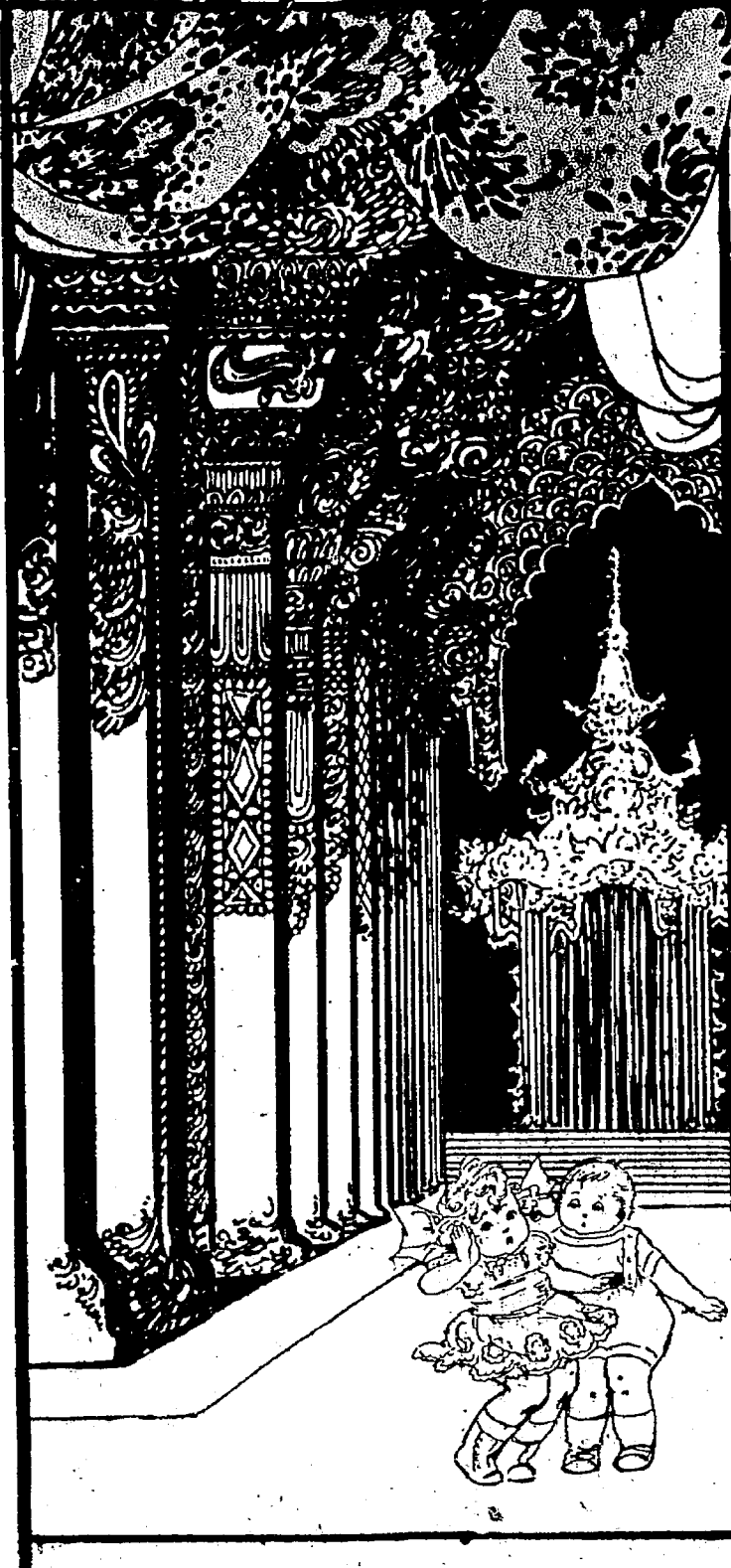
"When the materials can be obtained the following is a favorite method of manufacturing hootch: About a pint of sourdough is mixed with about a gallon of elder, or grape juice, and the mixture is left open for several days in a warm place. This mixture becomes quite intoxicating."



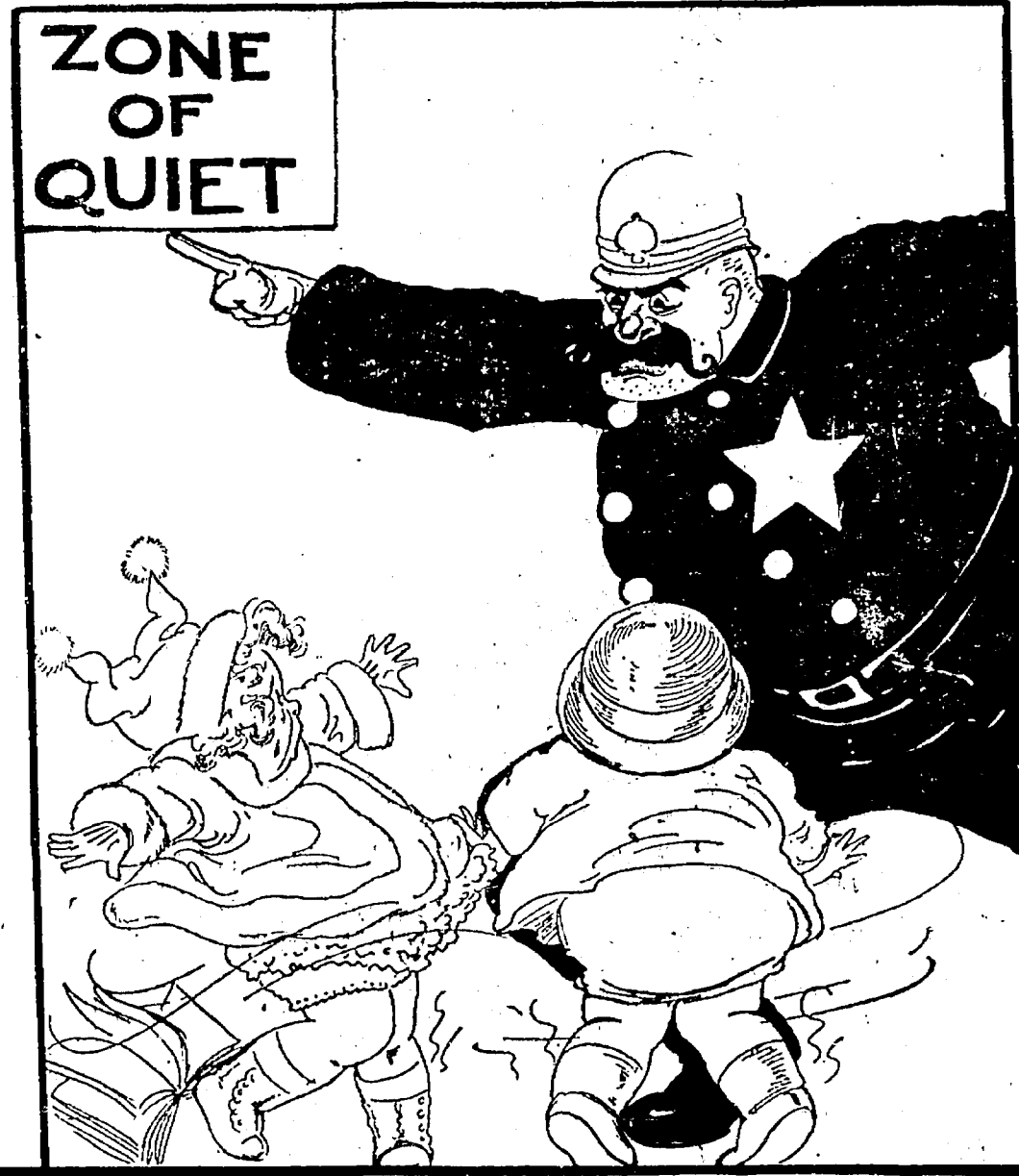
The Katzies--An Off Day for the Boys.



MAMMA'S ANGEL CHILD

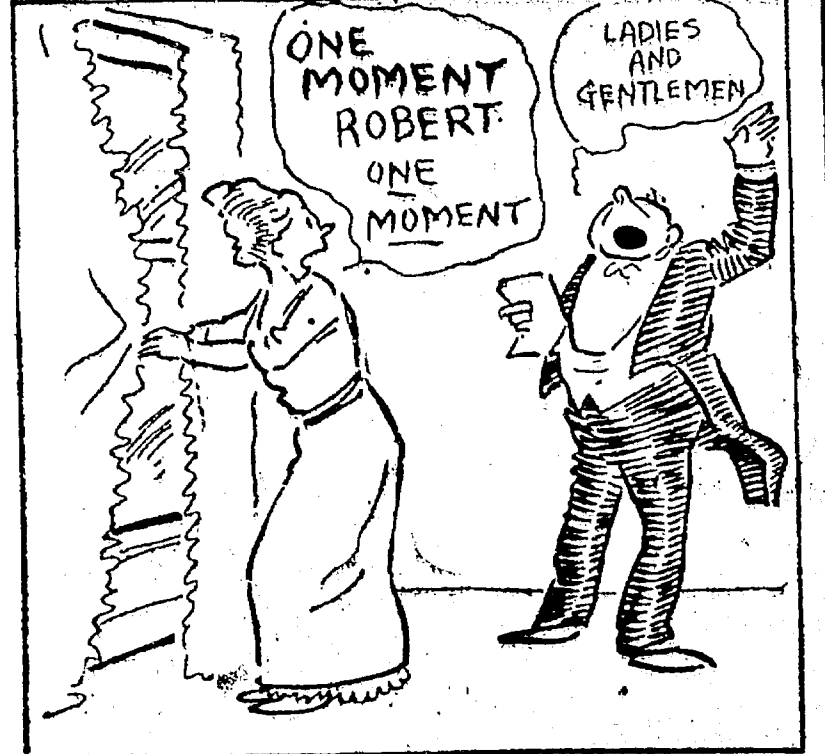
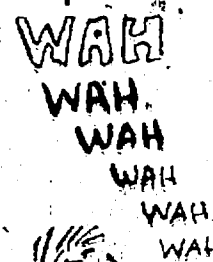
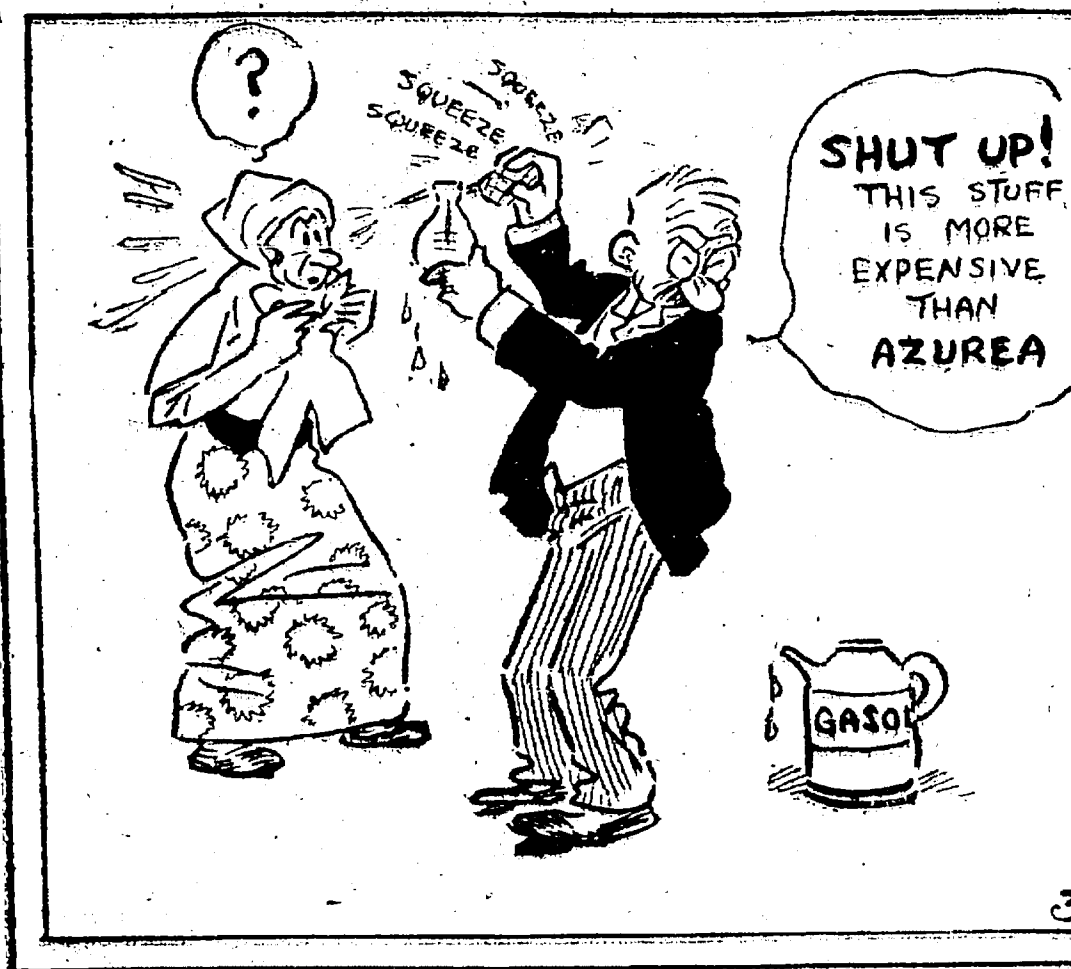
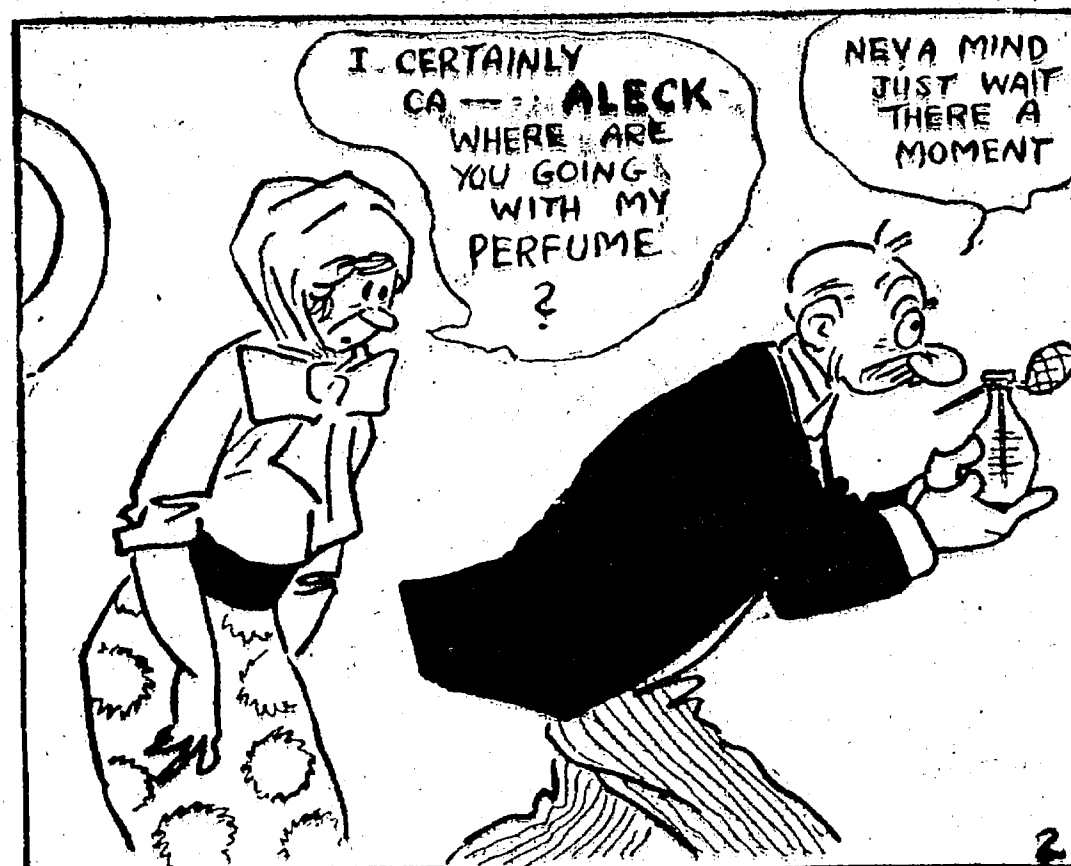


WANTED - AN EASY WAY TO MAKE MONEY.



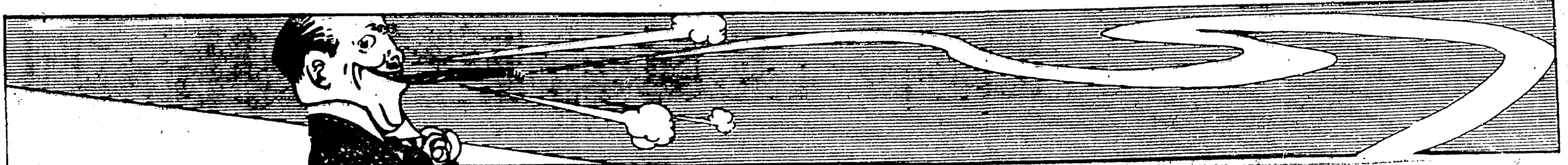
Penny Ross

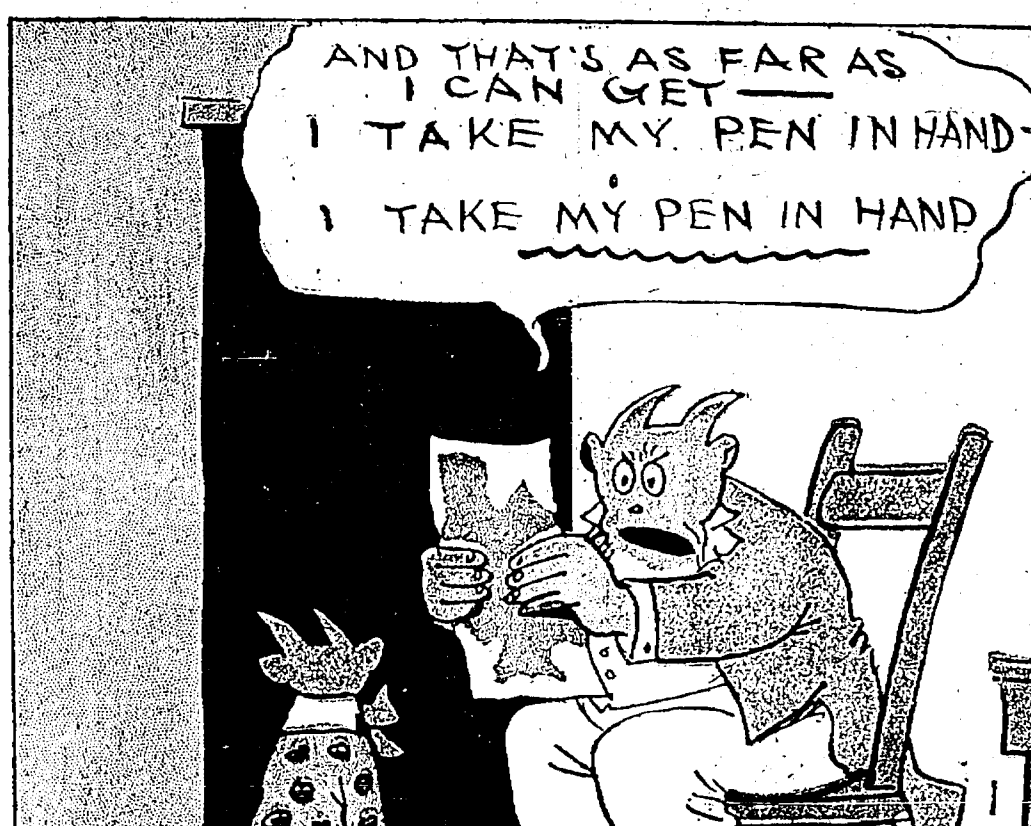
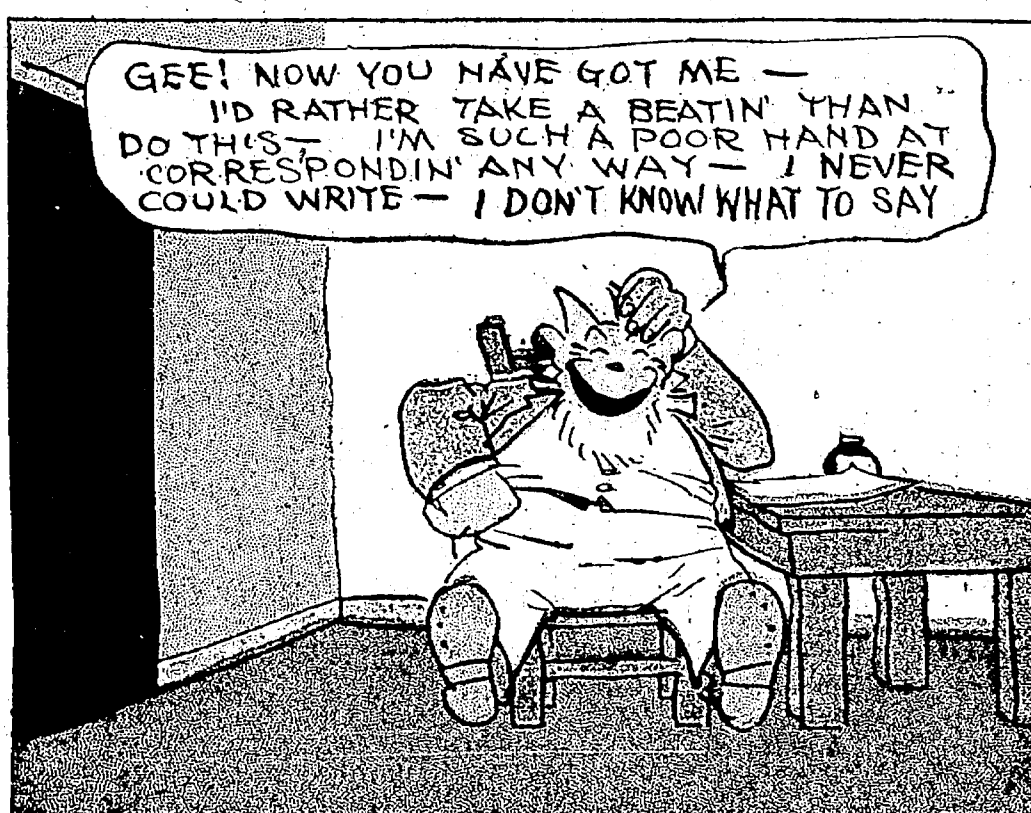
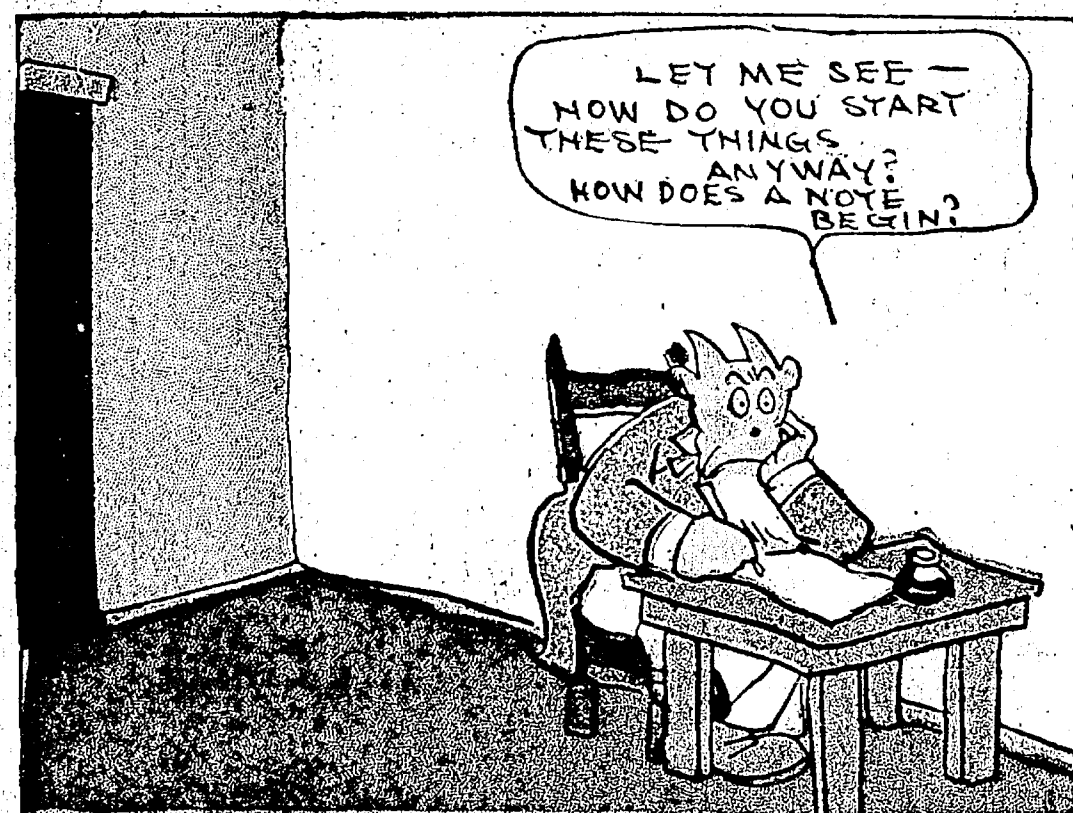
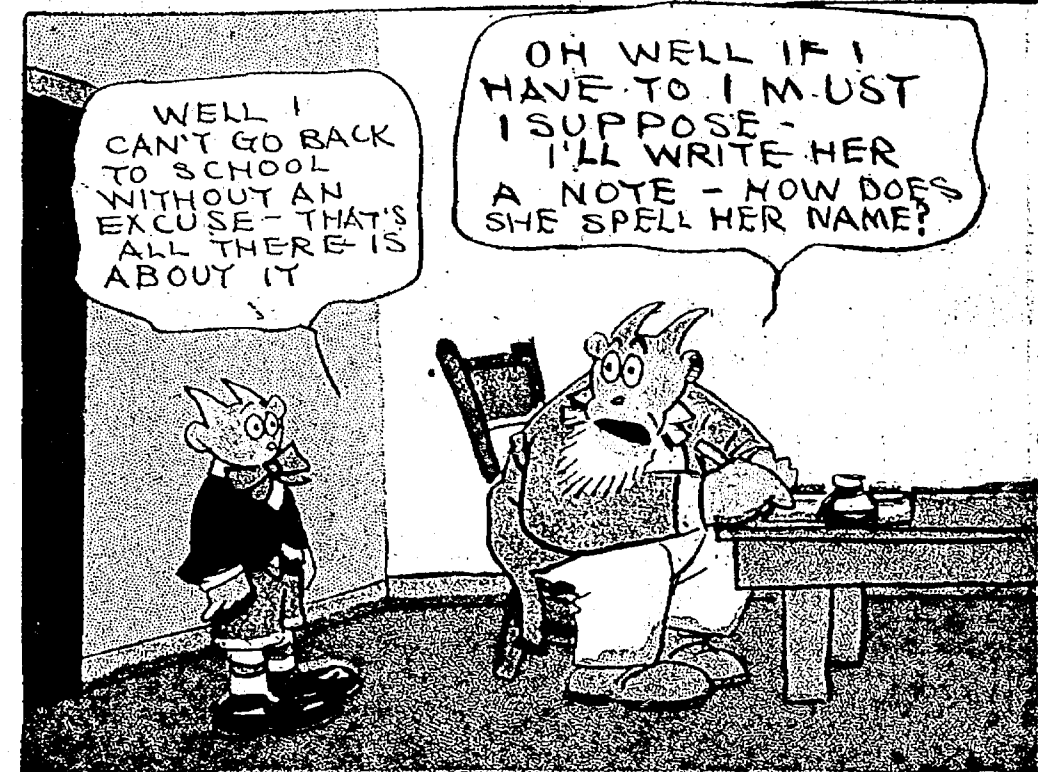
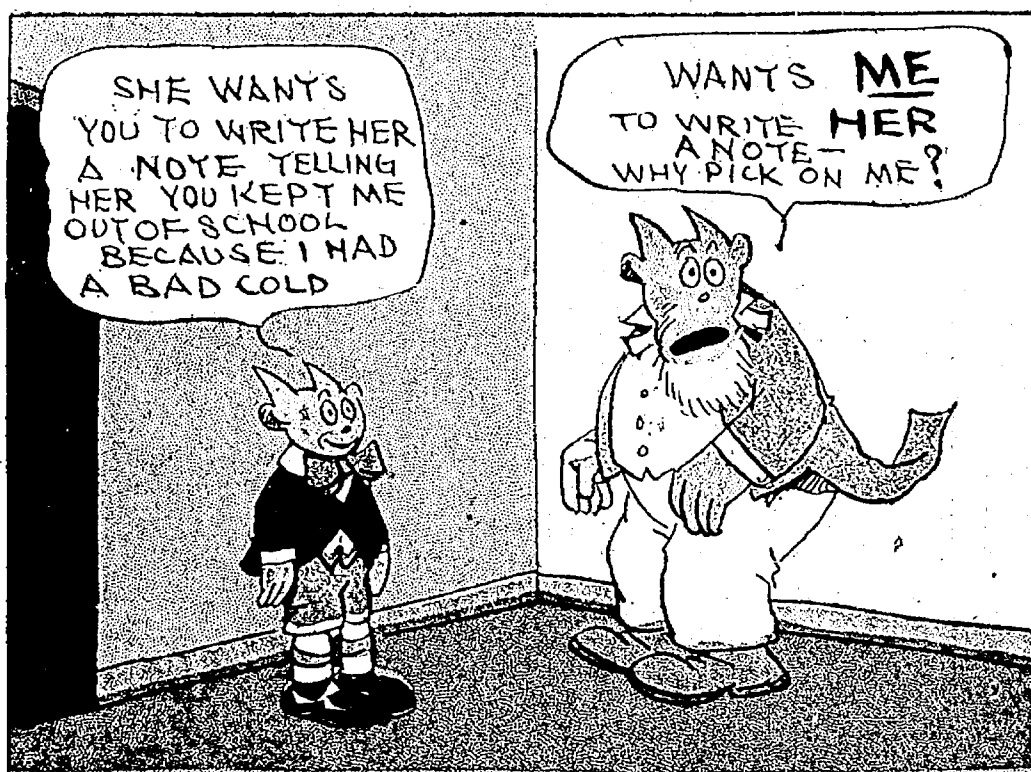
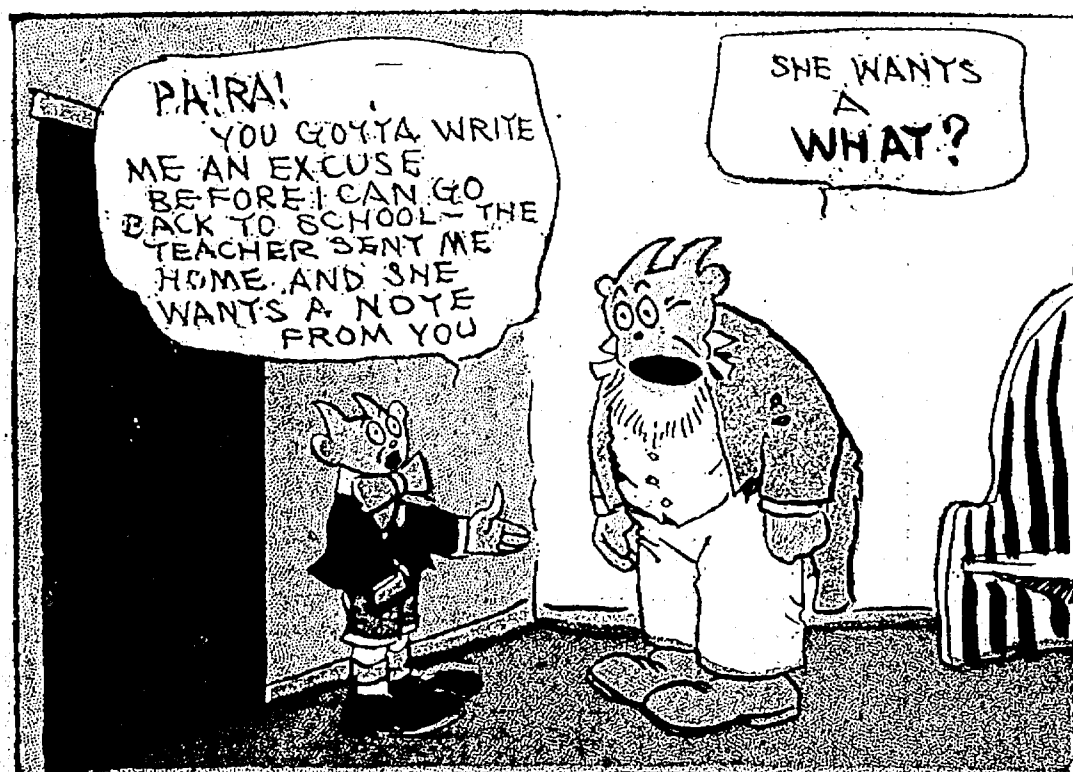
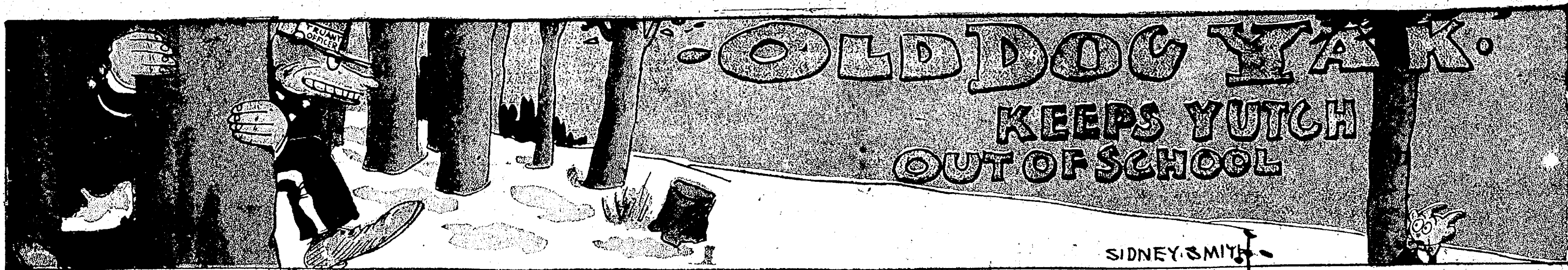
MARRIED LIFE



I HOPE MY WIFE SEES THIS AND TAKES THE HINT

DEBELS ©1917 BY J. KEELEY





Court and the Curious

by Gene Baker



IT WAS an unspeakable occasion. Inside the courtroom the minority of white people waited uneasily, turning and staring blankly at each other. Through the ranks of the dark-skinned crowd filling most of the seats and the rear ran undistinguishable murmurs—murmurs of some deep, undefined emotion. A negro scavenger in blue clothes peered timidly in from behind the door ledge, rolling astonished eyes under his blacker hat. But the dark-skinned wife of the defendant sat in the front row—chewing gum. She might have been at a moving picture show.

Ten o'clock had come. It was barely time for court to begin, yet ten minutes before every available space had been taken. "Open the windows from the top," called the judge—and someone with a long pole

to me, and when a big man with a ruddy face sat on my left he apparently thought me a friend, for he made no effort to restrain his comment on the scene.

There is nothing like the inside view!

"Say, Maizie," he whispered in a hoarse voice, back of me, "are we supposed to be speakin' to Billie? Did yuh see the eye I got? * * Did she speak to you? Well, I dunno * *"

He indicated a young girl who sat on the other side of the rail with a flabby red nose shivering at the top of her shabby black velvet turban. It was the girl who had been brought out of a detention home to testify against the clean-cut negro at the

"White or black?"

"Colored," responded Maizie laconically.

"Gawd," muttered the ruddy one with emotion. But he was not prejudiced against her, nevertheless, for he leaned back later and invited her to luncheon.

pulling the tremendously high, old-fashioned windows down from above till sections of clear blue January sky looked in near the ceiling with an eternal placidity.

It was the second day of the kind of a trial that is barely mentioned or considered mentionable, as I have suggested. Yet more and more persons came pushing in at the door till there was no place for them. Observe the degree of interest. The judge perceived it, too, and called again—this time ordering all those without seats to leave the room.

"The people standing back there are blocking access to this court. You will move out at once. Only the seated may remain."

He waited on the judicial platform at the far end of the room while the lean bailiff with a relentless frown started routing men and boys before him down the aisle. A few negroes slipped in to share sections of already occupied seats; the remainder of the standing throng shambled slowly, crestfallen, into the corridors where they lingered along the marble walls like a dark, human frieze. There must have been thirty-five or forty of them waiting there with their hands in their pockets—among them, several empty-faced white boys of perhaps sixteen with lax chins and nasty eyes.

The public is still permitted to hear almost any case, no matter how appalling!

table in the forward part of the room. There was nothing about this girl's dress to betray her as an abnormal person who had forgotten her race. Nothing.

BRING UP QUESTION DO THE CURIOUS BENEFIT?

But the judge was about to open the trial and he summoned the one they called Billie to the witness stand, where every eye in the crowded room could see her, and every ear listening intently could hear. Whether the ordeal especially hurt the girl or not doesn't figure as part of this article. She had gone through something similar—though not so revolting before. The question such trials has brought up is whether they are particularly beneficial to the merely curious auditor. Which is another form of the censor question.

She was barely eighteen, and her averted oval face with its somewhat aquiline features was framed in pale fluffly hair. Her rough dark coat and the little black hat on her head merely emphasized her ashen blondeness. Her voice descended to a whisper until the judge gently ordered her to speak "so that the farthest juror may hear," when it grew metallic and sullen, its words cleft clearly.

Statistics state that most of the delinquent girls are defective of mentality, that they register no more than twelve or fourteen years of mental age. This girl exhibited no lack of development—her decided manner might have belonged to one much older. She was pretty, she was quietly garbed. There was nothing about her exterior at all to stamp her as a person who had slipped farther down moral abysses than most outcasts. Her face, too, was impassive, but she wept a few weak tears as she went out later. That was all.

The colored men and women in dapper checked clothes and in shabby clothes stared at her, and the back of the one at the table remained immobile. She was being forced to tell the details of how she met the accused negro at a shooting gallery, of his visits, of a ride with Maizie and someone named Slocum.

"Say, Maizie," came the hoarse whisper across my back, "who's Slocum?"

"The one with the brown hat."

"With the band around his arm? Where?"

"Down this row," she obligingly returned.

The testimony went on. It was testimony impossible to print. There would be no use in printing anything of the kind. But new faces continually appeared at the open door—a face of a young colored woman in an elaborate white hat of great size, a face of a gentle, elderly white woman with gray hair who was possibly investigating trials of women; faces of men and boys of many nationalities.

Outside, blue skies outlined tiny innumerable bare branches of trees straining up from the grayness about them. Soon they would break into green leaves—the "sticky little leaves of spring." The pleasantness of outdoors tried in vain to penetrate in where black coated lawyers were putting questions to the witness.

"Tell me," said I to the face below the strange eyebrows on my left, "was she interested in this negro?"

"She was crazy about him," Maizie spoke as though this were a commonplace in her experience. She followed it up with a description of how the little blonde girl had lived in the same town where she had "worked at a hotel," of how the girl's mother had neglected her, and how she had come to her for help.

"She had no money. She was sick. She had no work until she got in the shooting gallery. I did what I could," she commented briefly. "She was in over this. She hadn't a chance."

EYES THAT WERE NOT WINDOWS OF SOUL.

If you have sat through horrible trials, you know that eyes are not always "windows of the soul," and that vice is not written all over the vicious. The young woman from the country town had the clean look of sturdy health and the virtuous expression of those who have no use for conscience as yet. Her very dark eyebrows that arched with such primitive strength set off a very white skin. So did the stiff black hat she wore and the great circle of immaculate colored flannel collar flaunting gay embroidery.

She told in unobjectionable English about the May Day picnic in the country town and the little children in

white who go through wand drills and wreath drills and exercises on such occasions before the dancing begins. Also she told it with a gleam of enthusiasm.

"The brightest little children," she concluded.

"—Maizie," ejaculated his friend on the left suddenly and blasphemously out of his long silence, "why didn't yuh shoot that 'coon? Why didn't yuh empty the can in him?"

She smiled oddly and made no answer. She had worked in a shooting gallery herself, she liked it when the weather wasn't too cold, and she was a very good shot.

Presently an attorney went up and spoke to the judge. A recess was called and the jurors' warned to exchange no words. Everyone was ordered to leave the room that there might be a change of air, and the dark-skinned gathering slowly filed out again through the corridor. The husky individual on the left went, too, holding his hat in his plump, ringed right hand till he got outside. A woman in black led the young blonde girl out, too, through the curious. That was when she wept.

Time passed. More than five min-

utes it seemed. What was the feeling of the people of the same race as the accused man, tried for contributing to the delinquency of a minor of another color? Not a word drifted back into the courtroom, but finally the big acquaintance of Maizie returned.

"It's worth your life to go out there," he exclaimed with grim pleasure. "Those coons are wild."

He vouchsafed no more.

"Why?"

"Why? Why? Because they want to shoot that fellow themselves. They think he's disgraced them!"

Bill—his name should have been Bill—relapsed into a satisfied coma again.

But remembering the convention of colored women's clubs that met last year in Oakland, and how they emphasized their desire to keep up the

great letters, "Star of Finland." Trains run in and out, shooting their red lengths along progressively.

But the problem of the delinquent girl is not solved, nor the explanation for those strange streaks of degeneracy that are not yet controlled by education, nor by law.

"Her mother is to blame. She wouldn't do anything for her," was the judgment of the young woman with the thick eyebrows as she pulled on her navy-blue coat and buttoned it around her throat to leave the courtroom that day when the noon whistle sounded. But she did not explain who was responsible for her own standards.

PROBLEM OF DELINQUENT GIRL REMAINS.

There are trials all the time that, like certain sophisticated books, certain people believe should be closed to all but those who have a legitimate reason for being there. At present many divorce cases are decided behind closed doors. But these do not concern the general public. It is considered, however, that in most other occasions the public has the right to watch that those up before the law have fair play. That the accused persons have that right, painful as it may prove.

But curiosity—not a desire to see justice brought about—inspires the greater part of the attendance at the trials that can be heard, but not written of. The courtrooms for the other kind are seldom packed to the doors—and never with an array of young boys. This is the spirit that attracts too often—not the element that might be of service to the community—but the vagrant who is looking for free entertainment. Before the courts are ready to think of beginning, the steps of the courthouse are thick with shiftless feet shuffling up and down, with groups standing aimlessly talking there.

There were days of that trial, but one morning was appalling enough. The negro was convicted, and I dare say the girl is back in the detention home or whatever the home really is, with its towers reaching high beyond a bare yellow wall, perhaps fifteen feet high. There is a gate in the wall that is always locked and high to one side is a bell, that is not necessarily answered when you ring it.

Curtains flap out the windows in the breeze far above the ground and all around outside the wall is Alameda spread out in the sun and the wind. The estuary winds along nearby and the ships come in from over the sea, and on one is written in

great letters, "Star of Finland." Trains run in and out, shooting their red lengths along progressively.

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But curiosity—not a desire to see justice brought about—inspires the greater part of the attendance at the trials that can be heard, but not written of. The courtrooms for the other kind are seldom packed to the doors—and never with an array of young boys. This is the spirit that attracts too often—not the element that might be of service to the community—but the vagrant who is looking for free entertainment. Before the courts are ready to think of beginning, the steps of the courthouse are thick with shiftless feet shuffling up and down, with groups standing aimlessly talking there.

There were days of that trial, but one morning was appalling enough. The negro was convicted, and I dare say the girl is back in the detention home or whatever the home really is, with its towers reaching high beyond a bare yellow wall, perhaps fifteen feet high. There is a gate in the wall that is always locked and high to one side is a bell, that is not necessarily answered when you ring it.

Curtains flap out the windows in the breeze far above the ground and all around outside the wall is Alameda spread out in the sun and the wind. The estuary winds along nearby and the ships come in from over the sea, and on one is written in

great letters, "Star of Finland." Trains run in and out, shooting their red lengths along progressively.

But the problem of the delinquent girl is not solved, nor the explanation for those strange streaks of degeneracy that are not yet controlled by education, nor by law.

"Her mother is to blame. She wouldn't do anything for her," was the judgment of the young woman with the thick eyebrows as she pulled on her navy-blue coat and buttoned it around her throat to leave the courtroom that day when the noon whistle sounded. But she did not explain who was responsible for her own standards.

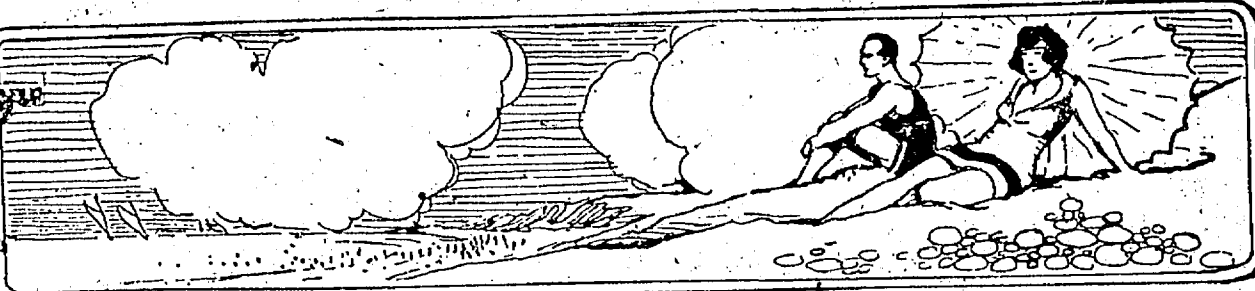
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Society



MRS. MILTON JOHNSON, one of the interesting young matrons of Berkeley society, and her small son.



NE by one, the wanderers are returning from afar. Within the week, two of Oakland's most interesting social leaders—women whose alliances naturally are not bounded by the bay—Mrs. Willard F. Williamson and Mrs. William Hinckley Taylor, have come home from the most gloriously gay, wantonly rich city in the world.

And it must be a far cry from the World City, overflowing with the pleasure lovers from north, south, east and west, to the woodland serenity of the Piedmont hills. But, of course, home is home! And if one must be at home, the Piedmont hills do offer compensations.

The personality of New Yorkers interested Mrs. Williamson—their readiness to accept whom they like, at the outset—properly presented, of course. At once a dinner is given. And then the friends of your host give dinners. And before one's trunks are unpacked, one finds oneself in a coterie of interesting people, with the cosmopolitan quality of making and being friends. In other words, New York is sure of itself.

"But, says Mrs. Williamson, 'New York is a dangerous place to tarry in. In the first place, all sense of proportion is lost when it comes to the cost of things. And very frankly the hotel people and the shopkeepers tell you, should you manifest surprise, that this is their harvest time. They're honest, at least, in their brigandage.

In the hotels it is useless to complain of service, for all day and all night incoming people are maneuvering for accommodations in the ten or eleven good hotels that cater to visitors.

And as for supper places, these, too, were crowded—the Crystal Room of the Ritz-Carlton, the Biltmore and Montmartre.

In the early season, smart New York supped in great radiance at these places, but later the influx from everywhere crowded them out, and, as the season grew, the crowds were mostly made up of visitors. Then smart New York took its supper at home.

But every one lunched at the Ritz, and hardly a day passed that one failed to meet a friend there from California—a joy, you may be sure."

"How did our smart women compare with the smart New York women in their own balliwick?"

"Wonderfully well groomed, the New York woman, particularly about their heads—always trig and smart. But they are the first to accord to California women the honors of beauty"—another bit of evidence that New York is sure of itself.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Lacey Brayton of Piedmont, accompanied by Mrs. Charles Parcells, left for New York a few days ago, to remain for several weeks. Before returning, they will visit several of the larger eastern centers.

INTERESTING EVENTS

Miss Amy Requa was the honored guest at a dinner Wednesday at the Palace hotel, Miss Miriam Becker the young hostess—one debutante complimenting another.

The favors were tight little nose-gays, such as our grandmothers wore, the table holding a flat mass of pink roses.

The guests included the Misses Amy Long, Amy Requa, Florence Stoney, Mary Boardman, Esther Sharon and the Messrs. Cosmo Morgan, William Veach, Edward Munford, Harry Thompson, John Norris and Lucius Norris.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Agassiz Becker chaperoned the gay little party.

Miss Carlisse Locke, whose marriage to Alfred Ghirardelli will take place in the spring, was the honored guest at a bridge tea given by Miss Ellnor Parker January 4.

The interesting home of Mrs. Ernest Alvah Heron, aunt of the hostess, was the scene of the gathering.

Again in compliment to Miss Lohse, cards are out for a bridge party, Mrs. Louis Henes (Evelyn Ellis) the hostess. Among the guests will be a number from across the bay, as well as from the east shore.

Following the cards, a number of friends will come in for tea.

DINNER HOSTESS

Miss Anne Elizabeth Crowder, with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Smith Crowder, are again in Piedmont, coming down from their Red Bluff home for a brief visit.

Miss Crowder was one of Oakland's smart set who saw—or heard—the Ballet Russe on this side. Before the performance, who was hostess at a dinner at her home, entertaining a half-dozen guests.

Tomorrow evening Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Wilson are opening their attractive home in Berkeley, to celebrate the tenth anniversary of their marriage.

brate, quite informally, however, the tenth anniversary of their marriage. The "tin" wedding, from which all sorts of pleasures can be extracted, will be the motif for a dance, to which guests have been asked from both sides of the bay.

Mrs. Allen Lewis, sister of Mrs. William Hinckley Taylor, and her house guest in Piedmont, leaves in a few days for Portland.

TO SAVE THE ABALONE

There is much rejoicing among the elect that are lured to the white sands of Carmel-by-the-Sea that, at last, the succulent abalone is to be saved for them from the voracious claws of commerce.

What would a summer be at Carmel without the abalone supper on the beach? It is inconceivable. Therefore a petition has been introduced at Sacramento, signed by such excellent abalone chiefs as James Hopper, John Kenneth Turner and Frederick H. Bechdolt, asking that something be done about it.

Perhaps, if George Sterling, former high priest of the abalone rites, could but chant his "Abalone Song" to the lawmakers, they might lend a tender ear to the petition, which is seconded by the whole colony of Carmelites, there and here. And Oakland numbers many of them.

ALAMEDA HOSTESS

Mrs. Franklin Noah Dewey, one of Alameda's most hospitable hostesses, will entertain Wednesday afternoon, January 31, in honor of Miss Eleanor Knowland, whose betrothal to Edgar Holmes Lion was recently announced; and Miss Maryly Krusi, who will become the bride of Wyman Taylor at late summer ceremony.

Miss Hilda Van Sicken was hostess yesterday at a tea in honor of Miss Anna Olney, the popular bride-elect of Dr. Frank Girard, son of Mrs. F. R. Girard of Piedmont.

Again Miss Olney will be the honored guest Wednesday, January 17, when Mrs. Otto Grau will claim her at one of the interesting affairs of the month.

Thursday afternoon Mrs. Giles Nelson

son Easton was hostess at one of the important affairs of the week, giving a luncheon at her Lakeside home in honor of Mrs. Louis Wooley and Mrs. B. S. Ralley.

The affair was planned as a "bon voyage" to the guests of honor, who are sailing for the Hawaiian Islands. Bridge was the diversion of the afternoon.

Mrs. Nelson Howard was hostess at a luncheon Tuesday to a group of matrons who enjoy an afternoon of bridge, with its interesting by-product of a social hour.

ROYAL HOSTS

Royal hosts are the Kingsley Maccombers of Palmdale, whose rancho stretches north and south into a principality. And, like the Spaniards who were the early possessors of the lands, the house is never without guests—a demand upon old California's hospitality.

For New Year's a large party went down, and a merry dance was on for the night, with a wonderful ride to hounds the next day. For such sport the surrounding country is ideal.

Incidentally, the Maccombers bear the unique distinction of owning the only pack of hounds in California, and a very good pack at that.

Over this week-end another group of guests went down, the house party being given in honor of Miss Ethel Crocker. And it is on the cards that today shall see the guests in the saddle, the hounds baying ahead, over "the fences and ditches," to the consternation of the wayfarers who haven't seen such mad riding since the days of Vasquez, the bandit.

The country, every inch of it, is interesting. Palmdale has figured in many a story in the older days. It was here in the old roadhouse that Vasquez, the picturesque bandit that terrorized Central California in the '70's, "shot up" the place, he and his band riding off into the night, leaving a pile of dead men and a package of cartridges behind him. That little Palmdale party was the last celebration the bandit figured in as the host, all Central California uniting to capture him and his bandit band.

And thus it is that throughout the great open valley there is a touch of

the adventure of the earlier days, furnishing the theme of the night's story by the great fireplace in the rancho-house.

COUNTRY NEIGHBORS

Not impossibly far away are Mr. and Mrs. Francis Davis (Dulcie Bolado Ashe), who spent her girlhood on the Bolado rancho.

The Alexander Rutherford have a place near Pleyto, some fifty miles away, but what is fifty miles, and a smooth road?

They frequently run up for a dance. And, as for the Davises, a telephone brings them and their house guests over after dinner for an impromptu party—a spirit strongly reminiscent of the days of the "Splendid Idle Forties."

One of the interesting interludes in the day's passing is a trip to the old Mission San Juan Bautista, motoring over a splendid road to the famous old plaza, scene of the fiestas of other days, with its glory of color and action. Here are the Mission San Juan Bautista, the old San Juan hotel, famed in song and story as the headquarters of General Castro; and, lastly, the wonderful old mission garden, where the wild blackberry vines wander over the arches and gateways. The Maccombers, coming to California from the east with a fresh viewpoint, have been keen to preserve the traditions and romances of the country about them.

OVERBURY-JONES

Sometimes it does happen that an engagement is kept locked in the hearts of the devoted pair for some time, but it is rare that said persons are so circumspect as to avert suspicion until the marriage is celebrated.

But that is exactly the miracle that Mrs. Emily Chickering Overbury and William A. Jones performed last week, when at a simple ceremony at the home of her mother Mrs. Overbury became Mrs. William A. Jones, their secret well kept.

Rev. Albert W. Palmer, pastor of the Plymouth Congregational church, read the ritual, in the presence of the immediate family. After a wedding supper, Mr. and Mrs. Jones left for the Grand Canyon of the Colorado. On their return, they will make

their home in Fresno, where Mr. Jones has large interests. To be sure, the going of the bride from her Oakland home, where the Chickeringes are established among the oldest families; has caused many a pang at the severing of ties.

EASTERN WEDDING

An eastern wedding of interest to the east-bay smart set took place on Wednesday at Duluth, Minn., when Miss Barbara Rupley became the bride of Charlemagne Tower Jr.

Mr. Tower is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Charlemagne Tower, the former having represented his country in the courts of Russia and of Germany. Mrs. Tower will be remembered as Miss Nellie Smith, sister of Frank Smith of Oakland and Mrs. Le Roy Harvey of Mill Valley.

The young people met in Philadelphia last summer, when Miss Helen Tower, sister of the groom, entertained the visitor from Minnesota. The home of Mr. and Mrs. Tower Jr. will be in Philadelphia, where the rest of the Tower family resides.

TEA FOR BRIDE-ELECT

Miss Anne Engelhardt, whose marriage with William Roberts Barlow is arranged for February, will be the guest of honor at a tea at which Mrs. E. N. Engelhardt and Miss Adele Engelhardt will receive at the family home in El Dorado avenue on Thursday, January 18. As the marriage is to be quite simply celebrated, the tea will be something in the way of a farewell, as Mr. Barlow will take his bride to Bakersfield. Here quite a contingent of college people have located, so the young couple will find there much congenial company.

THE NEW MODE

Apologies of Miss Black, just before her departure, she was a guest of Miss Arabella Schwerin at a dinner, and later at the St. Francis for dancing. For her last social appearance before her adieux were said, she wore a gown of blue velvet, made on trains—which, incidentally, was immensely becoming.

And that it was at the Subscription Dance at the St. Francis—skirts down to ankle length, instead of the past rating of nine inches above, and trains—full grown, well developed, and hitherto scoffed—at trains. They are here, and look as if they had come to stay.

How the world of microbes must rejoice!

True, trains are graceful, and contribute to elegance, and all that. But what has a young girl to do with "elegance"? That quality is the

dowager's stunt, and consequently it has no place in the aggregation of charms of debutantes and the belles of a few winters.

There is this about the reappearance of the train—it presages a letting-up on the epidemic of dancing that has swept the country for two years. When the country was tango mad, up went the skirts to nine inches from the floor, that a freedom be given the feet.

And now that the flat has gone forth, that the skirts come down, it is a safe prophecy that mad dancing—acrobatics—has gone.

Miss Pauline Jackson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harry A. Jackson of College avenue, has returned from Sacramento, where she was a guest of Judge and Mrs. C. E. McLaughlin, parents of her fiancé, Porter McLaughlin.

The wedding will be a February ceremony.

MACK-METZ NUPTIALS

Memories of the hospitable days and nights at the New York building during the exposition come floating back at mention of the wedding of pretty Miss Norma Mack and Philip Frederick Metz, Wednesday evening, in Buffalo, N. Y.

The Macks—Mr. and Mrs. Mack, and the two charming daughters, Harriet and Norma—made their home in the New York building, Mr. Mack being a commissioner from the Empire State, whose hospitality was unbounded—and for which, incidentally, some embarrassing questions were latterly asked by a rude legislature.

The Misses Mack were great favorites during the period of their stay in San Francisco, attending all the "inner" affairs that were given at the exposition, and being entertained by the debutante set on both sides of the bay when things looked dull at the fair—which, incidentally, wasn't often.

Mrs. Metz is a member of a well-known family of Omaha, Neb.

Mr. and Mrs. Metz will come to California for their honeymoon, and no doubt will include San Francisco in their visit on the coast, where many courtesies extended by the bride during 1915 would be repaid a thousand-fold by the younger set.

WASHINGTON WEDDING

A wedding of interest to service people will take place in Washington January 27, when Miss May Nicholson, daughter of Rear Admiral Nicholson, will become the bride of Captain Edward H. Durell, U. S. N. Miss Nicholson has many friends about the

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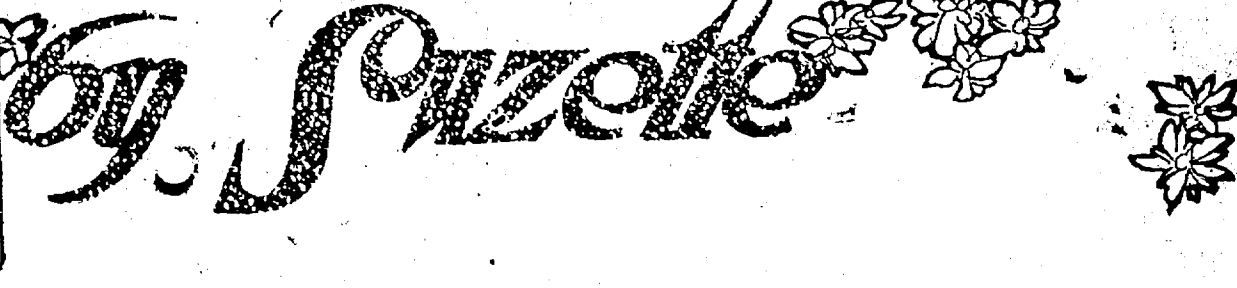
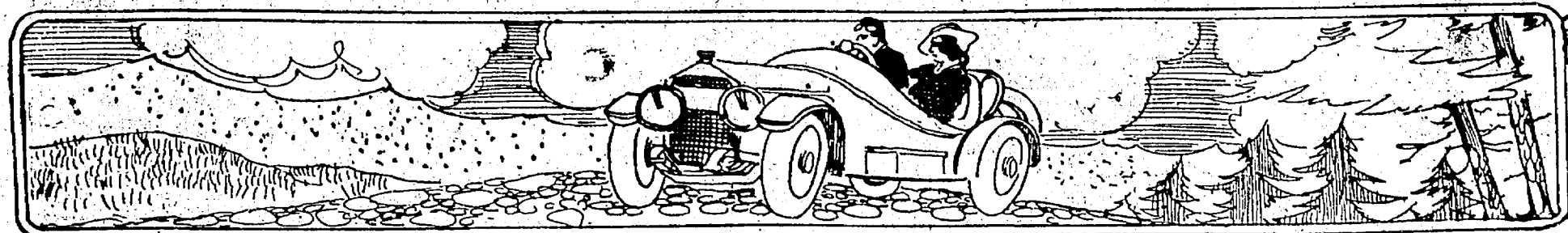
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bay, who will welcome the news that Captain Durell has been ordered to Goat Island—that's what an irreverent government calls it—to relieve Captain William Wirt Gillmore, commandant at the naval training station.

The presence of the newly-wedded service folk on the island—let us call it Yerba Buena—will stimulate the social activities of the navy set.

MERRY TRAVELERS

It was a merry party of young persons who left Monday for New York—Miss Marie Louise Black, Miss Phyllis de Young, Miss Elva de Pue and Miss Dorothy Deane. And, quite incidentally, Dean Witter. The presence of the young man on their train was a matter of much jubilation among the girls.

Miss Black returns to her new home in New York; Miss de Young becomes the guest in New York of Miss Doris Ryer, at whose wedding she will serve as a bridesmaid the 23rd; Miss de Young's pretty cousin, Miss Deane, goes to be the guest of Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Lloyd, with whom she will tour the eastern cities, and Miss Elva de Pue is returning to Columbia University to continue her work, coming west to serve at the wedding of her sister, Miss Cottrah de Pue, and Jack Neville, one of the notable ceremonies of the mid-winter.

INTERESTING VISITOR

Mrs. Charles Farwell Edson socially—Mrs. Katherine Edson for the purposes of service—was the guest of the Ebell Club on Tuesday, when luncheon was served to two hundred.

Los Angeles is the home of the guest of honor, where she is a member of the Ebell and the Friday Morning clubs. Her real work, however, is done in industrial fields.

As a member of the Minimum Wage Commission, the report of her investigation of women's wages throughout the state is a distinct contribution to industrial literature.

She is immensely good-looking, with luminous black eyes and blue-black hair, a strand or two of white lending an accent. Mentally she is alert, positive, and impulsive, which characteristics nearly led to disaster at Sacramento during the session that preceded the year that the suffrage bill was passed.

A trainload of suffragists had gone up from San Francisco to reinforce the workers at the capital, among whom were Mrs. Lillian Harris, Coffin, Mrs. May Cornwall Juillard, Mrs. Edson, and a few others. At the end of a hard day, with a night session ahead, everybody hurried off to snatch a bit of rest before dressing for dinner. The hairdressing rooms were full, with a waiting line. Mrs. Edson was tired and wanted a treatment.

During her meanderings she had located the barber shop in the basement of the hotel. She walked right in, climbed into a chair, and ordered a massage. Why not? No room upstairs.

The astonished barber took her at her word, covered her with hot towels and, as she afterwards declared, she had the best facial massage she had ever enjoyed.

But meanwhile a riot was outside the door. Pelated and bewhiskered solons looked in, saw a woman stretched out in a chair, and sulked, asking each other if that is "a sample of what suffrage will do."

At dinner Mrs. Edson appeared as fresh as a new rose and told the tale of her adventure. At a table not far away sat a group of unshaven solons who were still ill-humored over the feminine invasion of their sacred precincts.

Mr. and Mrs. George Rodolph entertained a coterie of friends at their home in Oakland during the week. After a pleasant session at the card tables supper was served. Those in the group included about sixteen congenial friends who meet during the winter for bridge.

DEBUTANTE TEA

One of the smartest groups of debutantes and young matrons seen together in many a moon responded to the invitation of Miss Allison Stone on Tuesday, to pay special compliment to Miss Ida Henshaw, the debutante, and Mrs. Rapp Brush, a visitor in her old home.

A score and more of friends from both sides of the bay came together in the Hotel Oakland—a charming setting for a charming group. Narcissus and violets graced the tea tables.

Among the guests were Miss Elinor McNeir, Miss Eleanor Earl, Miss Katherine Crellin, Miss Alice Claire Smith, Miss Bunker, Miss Elizabeth Orrick, Miss Anne Elizabeth Crowder, Miss Anna Keesler, Miss Georgiana Creed, Miss Cocroft, Miss Margaret Moseley, Miss Priscilla Hall, Miss Pearl Hendry, Miss Madeline Ross, Mrs. Pearl Cawston Edmore, Mrs.

Benjamin Craven, Mrs. Dudley Dexter, Mrs. Thomas Bunker, Mrs. Donald Lamont, Mrs. Bertram Booth and a few others.

ENGAGEMENT

The engagement is announced of Miss Gertrude Morrison, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Oswald S. Morrison, and Wilfred B. Cunningham, British vice-consul at San Francisco.

Both families are identified with the diplomatic and social life of London, the Morrisons holding ties of kinship with Sir Edward Leighton and other dignitaries of the peerage. The Cunninghams have seen much of diplomatic service, Wilfred Cunningham having served as consul-general at Tokio until two years ago, when a rush of work at the British consulate caused his transfer to San Francisco.

Mrs. Morrison and Miss Morrison have devoted much of their time and energy to Red Cross work since the beginning of the war. A clever musician, with a talent for making friends, Miss Morrison has made a host of friends around the bay since the family came from Australia a few years ago.

FIRST "AIDERS"

Should you see a group of interesting-looking women walking or motoring—or whatever locomotion they employ in Piedmont—heading for the home of Mrs. Horatio Bonestell, you will know that the first-aid class is about to convene.

Now, let it be said at the outset that this Wednesday morning class is deadly in earnest. It wants to know a lot of useful things that women in the past have not known, often with serious results.

Just as in the first-aid work given at the Presidio last summer, textbooks are used to supplement the practice work, in which each member becomes in turn nurse and patient.

That the work is serious and thorough is demonstrated by the government's awarding of diplomas at the end of the course. Among those who are meeting at Mrs. Bonestell's home are: Mrs. Edward Lacey Brayton, Mrs. Walton Moore, Mrs. A. D. Proctor, Mrs. Wickham Havens, Mrs. Roderio O'Connor, Mrs. Percy Walker, Mrs. Robert Newell, Mrs. Charles Lovell, Mrs. Oscar Sutro, Mrs. Jessie Parcells, Mrs. Edgar Jones, Mrs. Sidney Allen, Mrs. Kenneth Lowden, Mrs. Harry Haight and several others.

FIANCEE FETED

With Miss Marvly Krusi, the recently announced bride-elect of Wyman Taylor, as the guest of honor, Miss Carol Ebberts was hostess at an informal tea at her home in Alameda.

Miss Ebberts is one of the cleverest young women in the University of California, balancing her activities, social and academic, with a nice sense of proportion. Too often it is all one, or all the other. But the highest type college girl now is regarded as the one where development is rounded out, not all student, nor all butterfly.

Miss Krusi, the guest of honor, incidentally, is likewise of that type, having "made" Phi Beta Kappa while taking a vital part in the social life of college and of her fraternity, the Delta Gamma.

INTERESTING EVENTS

Among the hostesses of the week was Miss Holly Mallett, who entertained a score of girls at a bridge tea, in honor of Mrs. Chester John Roberts (Bernice Taylor).

The Claremont home of the hostess was the scene of the party, a score and more guests responding.

After the cards, tea drew in a few congenial spirits to round out the afternoon's pleasure.

One of the pleasant informal affairs of the week was given by Mrs. C. F. Williams of Alameda, in honor of Miss Eleanor Knowland and Miss Mabel Henriksen, two brides-elect. Work baskets symbolized the afternoon's activity, with a pleasant reunion of mutual friends.

BRIDGE SUPPER

Old friends are welcoming the Samuel Barbour right royally, back for a brief time in their "home town" from Montreal, where, by reason of Mr. Barbour's business interests, they have made their home.

Many delightful affairs, formal and otherwise, have been arranged for their pleasure, the latest being the bridge supper given Wednesday night by Mrs. Daniel Lamont at her home. Mrs. Barbour is well remembered as Miss Mildred Wells, daughter of Judge Wells, a popular girl of her set. Mr. and Mrs. Barbour are guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William A. Barber of Piedmont.

Mrs. Moses Faltoute of New York, who is visiting her mother, Mrs. Asa White, at the family home in East Oakland, will be the honor guest at a

MRS. WALTER H. SEAVER, who was hostess at a dancing party last evening at her home in Berkeley, entertaining sixty guests. The Seaver home is particularly adapted for such delightful affairs.



luncheon to be given by Mrs. Giles Nelson Easton, Wednesday afternoon. Mrs. Easton has invited a score of guests, and the luncheon will be followed by cards.

At their charming home at Uplands the Misses Helen, Marian and Rebecca Fox, daughters of Charles M. Fox, were hostesses at a dance last evening, entertaining fifty members of the younger set.

Garlands of green and clusters of roses were used about the halls and living-rooms with excellent effect.

Among the guests were the Misses Ruth Clark, Bernadine Gassman, Ruth Cornue, Lavilla Kendall, Irene Nounan, Roxana and Marian Welhe, Faith Williams, and Mrs. T. N. Kennedy, and the Messrs. Royal Handlos, Horace Hison, Harold Fox, Lawrence Woodworth, Harold Fox, Norman James and Earl McDonald.

HONEYMOONING

Announcement is made of the marriage of William Black, a retired cattleman of Williston, North Dakota, to Mrs. Bell Y. Allen. The ceremony was quietly celebrated Thursday at the personage of the Fruitvale Presbyterian church, Rev. Franklin Rhoda reading the service. Immediately Mr. and Mrs. Black left on a tour of Southern California. They will establish their home in Oakland until spring, when Mr. and Mrs. Black and Miss Bess Allen, daughter of Mrs. Black, will make a leisurely tour of the Atlantic coast.

SCHOOL-SET DANCE

An affair that the school set is eagerly looking forward to is the dance to be given by Miss Marian Dallam, daughter of Mr. and Mrs.

Frederick Dallam, at the Home Club Friday evening, the 19th.

The young hostess will entertain about 150 friends recruited from college and the schools about the bay. Miss Dallam is attending Miss Head's school.

Mr. and Mrs. Dallam will have the assistance of Miss Katherine Claire Nevin and J. Welwyn Dallam in receiving the young guests.

Among the interesting affairs of the month's end are the two bridge afternoons arranged by Mrs. Thomas Crellin and Miss Mona Crellin for the twenty-fourth and twenty-fifth at their Alice-street home.

KROEGER WEDDING

On Wednesday next the wedding of Miss Elsie Kroeger, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Claus Kroeger, and Harry Herbert Bissell of Alameda will be celebrated at the home of the bride's parents on Vernon Heights.

There are to be but two attendants, Miss Jeannette Maxfield serving the bride, with Nathaniel Neal as the best man. The ceremony will be read by Rev. Everett Couper, rector of Christ Episcopal church, Alameda, in the presence of a few close friends and the families of the bride and groom.

MISS PERKINS' ENGAGEMENT

An engagement of interest to society on both sides of the bay was announced Thursday—Miss Ruth Perkins, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William F. Perkins, and Alfred J. Oyster.

Miss Perkins is one of the prettiest girls of her set, which is inclusive of the girls of Mrs. Bowe-Dickrick's dancing club who grew up together

in the Pacific Heights neighborhood. Miss Perkins is a cousin of Mrs. Rupert Mason (Eugenie Masten) and Mrs. Halvor Bjornsen Boyson of New York, who wedded the son of the great Norwegian novelist last winter at a brilliant ceremony.

Mr. Oyster is the son of Mrs. Joseph S. Oyster, and the late Lieutenant Oyster, U. S. N., retired. His sister is Miss Elizabeth Oyster, a charming girl of the same set. Mr. Oyster is a cousin of Miss Emily Tubbs, Chapin Tubbs and Austin Tubbs. Mrs. Oyster was Miss Nettle Tubbs, and the family connections include the Tallants, Brodies and others.

Mr. Oyster is a student at Stanford University, and the marriage will not take place until after his graduation.

The wedding of Miss Caro Simonson, daughter of Mrs. E. H. Simonson, and Pierpont Jones was quietly celebrated at the family home by Rev. Everett Couper of Christ church on Friday.

Mrs. D. Motcalfe Simonson served the bride as matron of honor, and Frank Tucker was best man.

The young people will make their home in Sacramento.

NEW HOMES

Mr. and Mrs. Chauncey Goodrich have taken a house in Berkeley. They have been the occupants of the Jolliffe house in Pacific avenue since leaving Belvedere, where the Blandings, the parents of Mrs. Goodrich, have one of the most interesting homes about the bay.

The Goodrichs have recently returned from Hawaii.

Mr. and Mrs. George Adrian Applegarth (Gwendolyn Powers) and their young son, Allen Sanders Applegarth,

are occupying their new home in Vallojo street, near Broderick, across the bay. The house, an adaptation from the Italian, has a fine sweep of the Golden Gate and the hills of Marin county.

FOR BRIDES-ELECT

Miss Helen Olds was hostess yesterday at a bridge tea given in honor of a trio of brides-elect—the Misses Linda Wight, Elsie Kroeger and Miss Lillian Stuck.

The Olds home in Piedmont was gay with spring blossoms in honor of the interesting affair. Forty guests were bidden to bridge, while many non-players came in for tea and a chat. Miss Kroeger, one of the accomplished guests, will become the bride of Harry Herbert Bissell next Wednesday.

SMART DANCE

The home of Mr. and Mrs. Walter H. Seaver in Berkeley was the scene of a smart dancing party last night, when they were hosts to an interesting assembly of the married set, about sixty guests being bidden.

The Seaver home is admirably arranged for dancing, the rooms opening up, one into another, providing a splendid sweep.

Incidentally, it is amazing how comparatively few homes are so arranged.

AT HOME

Miss Bernadette Williams has issued cards for a Sunday "at home" for the afternoon of January 21, in honor of Miss Pauline Jackson, the fiancée of Charles Porter McLaughlin.

The announcements of the betrothals of hostess and honor guest were made almost simultaneously, and both the young men—Mr. McLaughlin and Mr. Ernst—are Sacramentans. They will share the honors of the reception at the Williams home.

Miss Williams has returned from a house party of twelve at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Timothy Hays, where she has been a guest for two weeks. The visiting group included the friends of Miss Helen Hays and Horace Hays, students at the University of California.

It was from the house party that the news of the engagement of Miss Williams leaked out ahead of sched-

ule. But who could expect to keep an engagement a secret at a house party—and a two weeks' house party at that?

Tomorrow Mrs. Daniel Belden will be hostess at luncheon, at which she will entertain a congenial group of women who have played bridge together through the winter. The group includes the Mesdames William Griffith Henshaw, Lucie May Hayes, Tyler Henshaw, William P. Johnson, George Hammer, Nelson Howard, Louis Ghrardell, Wickham Havens and Wilder Churchill.

SATURDAY NIGHT CLUB

The recently organized Saturday Night Club of Berkeley will have its first dance February 3, and the second March 3, both to be held at the Town and Gown Club.

The personnel of the club is made up of the younger married set and an interesting group of girls and beaux of the college town.

The patronesses are Mesdames Bradley Head, John Jerome Alexander, Maurice Harrison, Ralph Gorrell and Henry Jackson.

ACKER DANCE

An event to which the younger set is eagerly looking forward is the dance at which Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas Alexander Acker will be hosts. Friends of their son, Bennett Acker, and of Miss Julia Bennett, their niece, will constitute the guest list.

The dance will be given at the Claremont Country Club January 28. About 200 of the younger set will assemble for the happy affair.

Several dinner parties will be given before the dance. Christopher Jenks, entertaining a coterie of friends at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Jenks, of Oakland Avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Mailler Searies will be hosts at a dance to be given at their Walsworth avenue home in honor of their young daughter, Miss Jean Searies, January 27.

The guests will be drawn chiefly from the sub-debutante set—about a half-hundred of them.

And thus it is that the very younger set continues to hold its own, even after the portals of school and college have swung open.

Reductions and Credit!

SUITS, COATS, DRESSES, WAISTS

Again we announce our reduction sale—all smart new merchandise. We advise early buying—only one of a model—just the garment you may desire will be gone.

PAY US IN SMALL PAYMENTS.

COSGRAVE

CLACK AND SUIT HOUSE

523 Thirteenth Street

Bet. Clay and Washington
OAKLAND

A Secret Political Club run by the city ring—the Political Boss disappears—he is found murdered at the "White Cat"—that's the beginning of things in

The Window at the White Cat

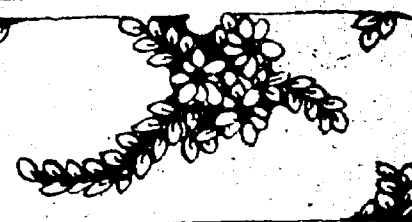
By MARY ROBERTS RINEHART

To Start Soon in

Oakland Tribune

With Alameda County

Women's Clubs



Call for Annual Convention of County Federation is Sounded

By EDNA B. KINARD.

THIS week the call for the annual convention of the Alameda District, California Federation of Women's Clubs, was formally sent out by Mrs. Fisher Clark of Stockton, the president. The convention will be entertained as the guest of the Oakland Club, with Hotel Oakland as the general headquarters. It will open on Thursday, February 15, continuing through the following Saturday. Within a week or so there will be called an important committee meeting, which will finally determine the details of the program which has been largely entrusted to Mrs. Lucien Langworthy as chairman.

However, it is already decided that Mrs. Edgar L. Ormsby, president of the Oakland Club, will extend the welcome of her club and of the city to the delegates. The response will probably be made by Mrs. P. T. Fraser of Stockton, speaking for the hundreds of members included in the district. One of the speakers of the opening day will be Rev. Albert W. Palmer, member of the Oakland Playground Commission and pastor of Plymouth Congregational church. Mrs. A. N. Aitkin, chairman of the committee of California history landmarks, under the California Federation of Women's Clubs, will have a place on the Friday program, with the choral section of the Glenview Woman's Club contributing a program of music Saturday.

Mrs. John Lynch of Berkeley has been named as chairman of the committee on resolutions. This is one of the most important posts in a convention, demanding a keen insight and wisdom not vouchsafed to many. For aside from the political aspect of many a gathering, men or women, if there is to be a struggle, it usually finds its inception in the recommendations of a resolution committee. And, if any one has a pet hobby to ride before a convention, it is this same committee which is besieged.

Mrs. L. G. Leonard, treasurer of the California Federation of Women's Clubs and a prominent Oakland clubwoman, will be chairman of the nominating committee. As yet there has developed no indication that politics is to figure in the three-day session. On every hand is mentioned Mrs. Lucien Langworthy as the successor of Mrs. Clark, who has served the full two years which the constitution permits her. The presidency naturally reverts, according to custom, to the bay cities. Mrs. Langworthy is a member of the Oakland Club and president of the Alta Mira Club of San Leandro. As each of the other cities touching the bay have been represented in the presidency, there is a new reason found in her favor in the fact that San Leandro is in line for the honor. Mrs. Langworthy is first vice-president of the district and, by courtesy, the office goes to her.

Miss Theresa Russell is general chairman of the reception committee for the convention days. She has named as her assistants the following hostesses: Thursday, Mrs. F. H. Chadwick; Friday, Mrs. Frank C. Havens; Saturday, Mrs. C. S. Chamberlain.

The following committee chairmen are arranging the details for the interesting gathering:

Mrs. F. H. Greene, hotels; Mrs. Charles Tabor, transportation; Mrs. F. G. Law, pages; Mrs. A. T. MacDonald, registration and information; Mrs. W. H. Kelly, badges; Mrs. Robert L. Hill, decorations; Miss Bessie Wood, auto tours; Mrs. Henry Petray, press.

The California Civic League needs funds. It has before it some important work which must have a treasury in order to carry it on. Mrs. Frank C. Havens is chairman of the state committee on finance. And Mrs. Havens is also a leader in Oakland Center, California Civic League. What more natural than that she should mention the fact of a need for a treasury to the Oakland body or what more natural that it pledge itself to the generous task of swelling the nest egg of the larger organization materially.

Thus it happens that Ebelle clubhouse is to be placed at the disposal of the Oakland Center on the afternoon of Friday, March 16, for perhaps the largest as well as the most elaborate card party which the bay cities have ever participated in. The center has a way of doing things largely and, with the precedent already established and such an efficient committee already busy in deciding details of the function still two months away, there is every indication that the card party will be something well worth talking about in days to come. Mrs. Frank C. Havens is chairman of committee on arrangements. Among those who will assist her are Mrs. A. C. Posey, Mrs. A. E. Carter, Mrs. Charlotte Hancock, Mrs. N. S. Sisson, Mrs. Charles Leonard Smith, Mrs. George Fredricks, and many others. Falling upon the day preceding the St. Patrick celebration has suggested the motif for the affair. The tender green of the early spring and the shamrock of Ireland will be the feature of all the appointments.

Oakland Federation of Mothers' Clubs will assemble Tuesday afternoon in the Oakland High School building for an important session, with the president, Mrs. E. B. de Rome, in the chair. The December meeting of the federation was omitted, so matters have piled up for full eight weeks, which will give a busy and interesting program. Reports of the twenty-seven clubs included in the federation form a part of the afternoon's deliberations. It is in these various summaries that is found the scope and necessity for the mothers' clubs.

At its business meeting last Monday Alta Mira Club elected as its representatives to the annual convention of the Alameda District, California Federation of Women's Clubs, the following delegates: Mrs. A. B. Cary, Mrs. J. N. Frank, Mrs. F. C. Stokes, alternates, Mrs. H. B. Howell, Mrs. D. U. Toffelmiller, Mrs. E. L. Harbert. It is interesting the splendid sum of money which was contributed by this energetic body toward the Christmas cheer which it provided for the several hundred little folk of San Leandro and of the infirmaries, the figures reaching well over \$90, according to the report Monday.

Civil Service Reform and Home

CLUBS' CALENDAR

MONDAY—Luncheon and business meeting of Adelphi Club. Hillside Club exhibit of arts and crafts. Hill Club at residence of Mrs. James Naismith. Hill and Valley Club of Hayward. Bible Section, Ebelle. Mrs. Charles J. Woodbury, curator. Bible Literature Section. Town and Gown Club. Finance and headquarters committee, Oakland Center, California Civic League. Mrs. Charlotte Hancock, chairman. Ebelle Club. Hawthorne School Mothers' Club, Berkeley.

TUESDAY—Reciprocity Day. Twentieth Century Club. Oakland Federation of Mothers' Clubs. High School building. Claremont Club. California History and Landmarks Section, Ebelle. Haight School Mothers' Club, Alameda. Thimble bee. Boulevard Club. Bible Section; Mrs. F. G. Law, chairman.

WEDNESDAY—Oakland Club luncheon; Mrs. E. D. Knight and Dr. Aurelia Reinhardt, guests of honor. Living Writers' Section, Ebelle. Mrs. Merritt Day reviews "England and English" (Collier). Mrs. A. C. Christensen, president. Berkeley Piano Club. Longfellow School Mothers' Club. Whittier School Mothers' Club. Emerson School Mothers' Club.

THURSDAY—Glenview Club. Civic Section; Mrs. E. A. Stone, chairman. Literature and New Book Section, Adelphi Club; Arthur Agard, speaker. Sierra Chapter, I. O. O. F. Oxford School Mothers' Club. Berkeley Broadmoor School Mothers' Club. Jefferson School Mothers' Club. Franklin School Mothers' Club.

FRIDAY—Living Issues Section, Ebelle. Embargo on Food Production. Mrs. J. J. Valentine. Household Arts Section, Adelphi Club. "Marketing in Far-Away Places." Mrs. Mary Dickson, Shakespearean Section, Oakland Club; Mrs. Robert Lewis Hill, chairman. Legislative committee, Oakland Center, California Civic League. Miss Margarette Ogden, chairman. Joseph Le Conte Chapter, U. D. C., at home of Mrs. Charles Trabert; in honor memory of General Robert E. Lee and General Stonewall Jackson. Casa Guidi Circle. Story Club. West Berkeley Kindergarten. Garfield School Parent-Teacher Association. Allendale School Mothers' Club. Bay School Mothers' Club. Melrose School Mothers' Club. Garfield School Mothers' Club.

Economics will be the theme for the second January meeting, with the choral section of the Glenview Woman's Club contributing the music.

The Glenview Woman's Club, which for the first time will be represented at a convention of the California Federation of Women's Clubs, has named the following as its representatives at the meeting of the Alameda District next month: Mrs. H. J. Platts, Mrs. Donald McNaughton, Mrs. Frederick Hall and Mrs. Herbert Hauser.

There is a very general disappointment that the brilliant reception which was planned to honor Mrs. Josiah Evans Cowles of Los Angeles, president of the General Federation of Women's Clubs, must be called off. And there was a very genuine sympathy extended to Mrs. Cowles, whose visit to the bay region was canceled because of the passing of her mother-in-law, who has always made her



Mrs. Mina McGauley, president of the Mills Club of Alameda County, and one of the interesting women figuring in club life about the bay.

home in the Cowles family in Southern California.

For many weeks the San Francisco district and the Alameda district, California Federation of Women's Clubs, have been occupied in perfecting the details of the notable function announced for January 18 at the Palace, with several thousand representative women among the guests. The local clubwomen desired to themselves honor this prominent clubwoman of their state, who had been so signally honored by the clubwomen of the nation in choosing her for their leader during the coming two years.

Mrs. Cowles has been fortunate in inspiring in her sister associates an unusual loyalty, which has been an important factor in elevating her to that conspicuous place which she occupies in public affairs. And California, in sending to the General Federation so efficient an executive, has reason to congratulate itself.

A convention of the San Francisco Federation of Women's Clubs has been called across the bay for Wednesday, January 31, in the California clubrooms in Clay street. Every club in San Francisco will be represented by a large delegation at the all-day session. Matters pertaining to municipal development presented by prominent speakers will give the program. Mrs. D. J. MacMaster, president of the federation, will preside as chairman.

As a feature in the city betterment plan, Mrs. Elizabeth Gerberding has suggested that in Jefferson square be reproduced the Court of Abundance of the Panama-Pacific Exposition. Her suggestion has received the indorsement of the club presidents of San Francisco.

Mrs. James Naismith and Mrs. John Little will unite as hostesses to the members of the Hill Club, meeting Monday at the residence of Mrs. Naismith in Walsworth avenue.

Last week Mrs. W. W. Garthwaite entertained the club in the stead of Mrs. Elizabeth Chambers, who was to have hosted the first meeting of the season. With fifty members, including many of the older residents of the Linda Vista district, the club is beginning its twenty-first year. A part of the hour was devoted to the interesting story of the club history. Mrs. Spencer, Mrs. Hughes, Mrs. Mathieu and Mrs. Newell taking part. Several of the charter members were numbered among the guests.

The following program was presented: Piano solo by Miss Esther Hjelte—(a) "Cantique D'Amour" (Listz), (b) "Barcarolle" (Moszkowski); songs by Mrs. Ralph Newcomb, accompanied by Miss Louise Greene—(a) "Polly Willis" (De Arno), (b) "Good Morn-

ing" (Grieg), (c) "In Primerara" (Rotoli), (d) "Will o' the Wisp" (Spiosa).

The emergency fund of the California Federation of Women's Clubs is in need of assistance and is receiving from the loyal organizations which are included in its personnel a generous response. The treasury, which was called upon to meet very great expenses during the summer's biennial in New York, where the California women fulfilled the state's reputation for hospitality, and during the year of the Panama-Pacific Exposition, when they entertained lavishly, is the prime reason for this necessary call for help at this time. Alameda district is contributing with generosity to the need of the larger body.

Members of the Haight School Mothers' Club in Alameda are planning to assemble for a large thimble bee Tuesday afternoon. They will cut and sew and hurry to complete those warm and comfortable garments which they have in contemplation. But if by chance the hour is too short they will be taken home and finished before another meeting.

And why? Because in Alameda there is many a little child whose school days are made unhappy or perhaps curtailed for lack of the right sort—not fashionable, oh, no—just whole and clean garments. This progressive coterie of mothers has determined that in their own school there shall not be a child but shall be properly clad. And hence the thimble bee!

But a few years ago there was much persuasion in conventions toward the spirit of universal motherhood. That phrase has become almost obsolete, the mothers have been so busy putting it into practice.

The Alameda County Woman's Christian Temperance Association has given its indorsement to the proposed Randall bill. This bill provides that liquor advertisements be prevented in periodicals in dry territories.

There will assemble in Washington, D. C., Monday, January 16, an interesting conference which is called by Mrs. Williams Cummings Story, president-general of the Daughters of the American Revolution. Represented in the august body will be some twenty societies organized for patriotic purposes or for the advocacy of military preparedness. The subject which will be before the convention will be cooperative plans to further their individual and united usefulness. Delegates are planning to attend from all parts of the United States. Speakers of national repute will take part in the program.

Berkeley Center of the California

Civic League has solved in a very delightful way the problem of combining work and play. So the first meeting of each month dissolves itself into an informal reception, wherein the teacup figures prominently and many happy acquaintances are formed among the members who otherwise would remain strangers.

The center is making Mrs. Katherine Farwell Edson, secretary of the State Industrial Welfare Commission, its chief speaker at its next meeting, Thursday, January 26, in Unity hall. The presence of Mrs. Edson in the bay cities is making her greatly in demand among the women's organizations who find in her interesting talks much food for reflection. But aside from Mrs. Edson, the report of the investigation of the cheaper magazines which was undertaken by a committee under the leadership of

The Child's Welfare League is a representative body, delegates only attending the bi-monthly meetings. Its membership in reality is near the 2000 mark, perhaps even greater. The civic members are as great in numbers, mayhap greater. And the entire membership of both organizations want places about the tables. Hotel Oakland, which has been named for the function, can accommodate 400; by being economical with space, 500 at the very most. Hence follows a problem in arithmetic, for the committees have promised that every woman who wants to attend the luncheon may have the opportunity to do so. And now what?

That remains to be determined. But the suggestion has been made, and is

Legislative Luncheon Date Is Changed By Child's Welfare League

The date of the legislative luncheon has been changed. The plans for the legislative luncheon have been perfected and developed until there is little doubt but that the eyes of the entire state will be turned upon the notable gathering which will entertain Governor Johnson and the lawmakers who go to Sacramento from this district, besides many men and women of distinguished reputation.

The luncheon was originally announced for St. Valentine's Day. But it was found that this was indeed a difficult time for lawmakers to steal away from their duties even to meet and listen to so representative a body as the Child's Welfare League of Alameda County and the Alameda county centers of the California Civic League. So the luncheon was replanned for the Saturday preceding. It is February 10 that this notable event will take place.

And here is the difficulty. The Child's Welfare League is a representative body, delegates only attending the bi-monthly meetings. Its membership in reality is near the 2000 mark, perhaps even greater. The civic members are as great in numbers, mayhap greater. And the entire membership of both organizations want places about the tables. Hotel Oakland, which has been named for the function, can accommodate 400; by being economical with space, 500 at the very most. Hence follows a problem in arithmetic, for the committees have promised that every woman who wants to attend the luncheon may have the opportunity to do so. And now what?

That remains to be determined. But the suggestion has been made, and is

honestly being considered, that if the reservations are great enough and early enough to assure the undertaking, there will be still another change in the already much-changed plans, and Hotel Oakland will be given up in favor of the Municipal Auditorium. If this is done, then the luncheon will truly be the most magnificent as well as the largest which has ever been given in California by women's organizations.

Miss Bessie J. Wood is representing the Child's Welfare League on the committee of arrangements. Mrs. Frank G. Law has in charge the preliminary plans on behalf of the civic centers.

The Governor, as well as many of the legislators, who will be included in the invitation, have already assured the women of their attendance. However, this week Miss Wood will go up to Sacramento to personally extend to Governor Johnson the formal invitation of the hostess bodies.

Having assembled the distinguished company, the women are going to talk about those matters in which they are particularly interested. There will be a presentation of the amendments which they desire made in the community property laws and in the jury laws, permitting women to serve. Perhaps the Moron colony bill will be touched upon. The amendments which have been prepared that shall make the "lazy husband" bill effective will also come in for a share of attention. And Governor Johnson will then be given the rest of the hour in which to present the lawmakers' viewpoint to the women.

The coming week will see the completion of the plans for the Governor's luncheon.

Community Property Discrimination Shown

The Women's Legislative Council, the California Civic League, with its various centers, the Federated Mothers' Clubs, are standing together in their effort to change the existing community property laws of the state. The campaign is to be an effective one, if persuasion and eloquence and feminine logic can make it so. The headquarters of the Legislative Council in Sacramento are busy ones, the rallying place for some of the most distinguished women of the state.

John S. Chambers, state controller, in discussing the proposed amendments to the existing community property laws, has this to say in "Everywoman," the official journal of the National Council of Women:

It is this manifest discrimination against the wife which we contend should be eliminated by the passage by the Legislature of an amendment to the inheritance tax statute placing the wife upon an equal footing in this regard with the husband.

Tables better than paragraphs explain. Take, first, a community estate of \$25,000, all willed to the wife:

PRESENT LAW.
Community estate \$25,000
Wife's exemption 24,000

Amount taxable \$1,000
Tax at 1% 10

PROPOSED LAW.
Community estate \$25,000
Deduct wife's half 12,500

Net estate 12,500
Exemption 10,000

Amount taxable \$2,500
Tax at 1% 25

Thus it will be seen that the additional taxable property under the proposed amendment would be \$1500, and at 1%, that the additional tax would be \$15. In a community estate of \$26,000, the additional taxable property, as figured under the new plan, would be \$1000, but the amount of the tax would be the same, \$30. This is due to the classification, \$1000, under the present method, being taxed at 1% and \$1000 at 2%, while under the proposed scheme the \$3000 taxable would fall in the 1% class. Perhaps it would be well to show just

the difference in the tax. The plan is to restore it and make it a monument to General Andrade Pico, representing the period of settlement by the Spanish and Mexicans, and to General John C. Fremont, representing the development by the Americans.

Mrs. A. S. C. Forbes is president of the club initiating the campaign.

how this is done, so that it may be clearly understood.

PRESENT LAW.
Community estate \$26,000
Wife's exemption 24,000

Amount taxable \$2,000
Rate up to \$25,000 1%; \$24,000 exempt; \$1000 of remainder falls in \$25,000 classification, and at 1% yields \$10. Rate on from \$25,000 to \$50,000, 2%; remaining \$1000 at that rate gives \$20; a total of \$30.

PROPOSED LAW.
Community estate \$26,000
Wife's half 13,000

Net estate 13,000
Exemption 10,000

Amount taxable \$3,000
But while the amount taxable is \$1000 more than under our present system, the net estate is only \$13,000, and so all of it falls within the \$25,000 classification, with a rate of 1% on the net sum taxable, \$3000, or a tax of \$30, just as under the plan now in force.

On all estates of this character above \$26,000, the widow gains, and the larger the estate and the higher the rate the more she will gain. Let me demonstrate this.

PRESENT LAW.
Community estate \$150,000
Wife's exemption 24,000

Amount taxable \$126,000
Taxed as follows:

\$1,000 at 1% \$10
25,000 at 2% 500
50,000 at 4% 2,000
50,000 at 7% 3,500
\$126,000 Tax \$6,010

PROPOSED LAW.
Community estate \$150,000
Wife's half 75,000

Net estate 75,000
Exemption 10,000

Amount taxable \$65,000
Taxed as follows:

\$15,000 at 1% \$150
25,000 at 2% 500
25,000 at 4% 1,000
\$65,000 Tax \$1,650

The saving to the widow in other words would be \$4,360. And this sum is illustrative of the injustice done to women under our present law, which taxes the wife on her half of the community property, while it not only does not tax the husband upon his half, but permits him, in addition, on the wife's death, to retain possession of her half tax free. I know figures are tiresome, but I felt I could not show to better advantage the gain that would come to women under this proposed amendment and the rank discrimination of the present law than by making use of the tables I have submitted. It seems to me it is hardly necessary to carry the argument further.

Backs and Backbones as they are Worn this Season.

If you missed the Antoinette Donnelly series telling how she reduced Mrs. Eva Lane thirty-six pounds in six weeks, or how she added twenty pounds in five weeks to Miss Helena Barnett's weight, or how she corrected a head of dry, thin, falling hair and an oily scalp with dandruff, or the article on treating Miss Hill's complexion for pimples and blackheads, send a stamped, addressed envelope and the information will be mailed to you.



You have a back hidden away somewhere about your person, get it out and wear it. Everybody is doing it this season. It doesn't matter whether it has a look of neglect about it or whether it is very fat or very lean. It will find lots of company and therefore will feel no pangs of self-consciousness or anything like that. If the slender blades protrude like the gables on a house it matters not, for they won't stand alone at opera or at whatever social function you happen to show them.

If you've spent years accumulating a nice wad of fat and you are proud of the accomplishment, as ever so many thoroughly nice ladies appear to be, have your evening gown cut so that it will show to greatest advantage, else how like your string of pearls or diamond tarsi, will anybody know that you have the possession? Exaggerate the effect, if you wish, by wearing the sort of corset that results in a veritable waterfall of adipose over the top edge of it. It's being done by some of our best families.

It looks as if there were a real live contest on between the fats and the leans this season—no underweight or overweight restrictions placed on either. "Everybody welcome," as the barker says.

Of course, now, if you happen to have tucked away at the back of your chest a couple of slender blades covered evenly and gracefully with clear, unblemished skin, a good straight spinal frame with perhaps a dimple or two, making a perfect picture for a décolleté frame, you may be a bit bashful about displaying this art possession because you won't find so many of your own kind. From our outlook tower we have noted, not unsympathetically, that backs as they are presented at these forefaded back shows, include very few entries from the Kitty Gordon class.

It would be most untrue to say that beautiful backs are as rare as the p. verbi "day in June." There are beau-

tiful backs, but they are just a bit difficult to locate in a landscape so thickly dotted with this same anatomical part trimmed in grotesque bunches of embonpoint, sometimes stationary and sometimes running over the garden wall of the corset, or also striped to the bone with barely enough adipose tissue to save the nerves and muscles from disclosure.

The same psychology of the female as is characterized by the love of the large footed species for white and tan shoes and boot length skirts repeats itself in the generous display of backs where the anatomy does not justify the view presented. Which, undoubtedly, is reasonable enough and excuse enough for the mistakes we make! For the psychology of the female is most difficult to reform.

It cannot be that women do not realize when their backs were better left covered. Every woman has a mirror and reasonably good eyesight. Even granting that vanity prevents us from correcting at least one of our beauty vices, it should follow that that same vanity might save us from rattling war skeleton bones or our too heavily laden ones in public.

I have in mind one, particularly distressing sight at a formal dinner party a while ago. My view of the stage was obstructed by a tall, thin woman of 40 or more, seated with her back to me at the table ahead. Her dress in the back was cut in a V to her waistline. Her slender blades stuck out like the wings of a bat; a deep, perforated groove indicated the backbone, but the skin was what irritated most, pimples and blackheads struggling to crowd each other off the board.

It couldn't possibly be this woman did not know her skin was not presentable. It so obviously was not. Nor could the woman be accused of total unconcern as to admiration seeking, for her hair was done in excellent taste, the gown was extremely modish and expensive, and her face had not a blemish on it. So had she not intruded the broken out back upon us so brazenly no one would

have known of the unsightly possession.

An adipose laden back, unlike an excessively lean one, is always humorous—which makes it really doubly tragic. Few of us can stand being laughed at, no matter how game we may boast we are. Since the wave of anti-fat which has swept the country, a deliberate parade of excess, avoidupolis is a sin against the thirteenth commandment.

If there are women in our midst who like to wear an evening dress but refrain on account of their physical unfitness for the test, here are a few remedies for getting rid of the excess flesh on the back and also for making presentable a back with protruding shoulder blades.

The two exercises which I am giving are both excellent for reducing a fat back. Lie flat on your back with the crown of the head on the floor. Keeping your heels and shoulders on the floor, slowly raise your head until your chin touches your chest, then lower your head again to the floor. Begin with five times, increasing daily up to fifty or more.

Another is: With fists together on chest and elbows on a level with your shoulders, make a complete circle with the elbows, inhaling deep breaths as you bring the arms in and exhale as you move them in the outside of the circle. Protruding shoulder blades can be corrected by practicing this exercise for ten minutes twice a day. Stand erect with your feet nearly together and with your hands clasped behind your neck. Then force the head and elbows strongly back. Relax, letting the elbows come forward.

In order to put flesh on the back it is necessary to go in for a system of general developing. This will consist of good food, fattening food, plenty of rest, fresh air, and enough exercise to create the demand for the foods and rest. The flesh gaining regimen which I prescribed for Miss Helena Barnett, which resulted in her gain of twenty pounds in five weeks, and which I now have in pamphlet form and you may have for a stamped, addressed envelope, if followed by you will certainly add materially to the beauty of your back.

MRS. E. R. T.: I AM MAKING A couple of suggestions for lunch while you are reducing: Cold duck and fruit salad, or poached eggs with puree of sprouts and sliced oranges. I shall be glad to send you my instructions on how I reduced Mrs. Eva Lane thirty-six pounds in six weeks if you will send me a stamped, addressed envelope.

EDWARD: CHILBLAINS ARE THE result of defective circulation and usually afflict those who are chronic sufferers with cold feet. To cure chilblains the whole circulatory system must be invigorated. Warm up by exercise and by vigorous rubbing of the feet. Tincture of iodine, tincture of chloride of iron, and tincture of camphor are all soothing and healing. Woolen stockings should not be worn.

CAROLINE: BROKEN ARCHES ARE usually accompanied by pains in the calves of the legs and in the back. To remedy flat foot wear shoes with heels from an inch to an inch and one-half. Lace shoes give more support than buttoned shoes. Walk with your toes turned in slightly. Sit down frequently if possible and give your feet a chance to rest. In extreme cases of flat foot it is best to consult an orthopedic surgeon. I shall be glad to send you an exercise that is helpful for flat foot if you will send me a stamped, addressed envelope.

ALMA: WALKING IN THE FRESH air is the best exercise you can take. The entire circulation is greatly increased by the act of walking, as well as by the more powerful action of the heart. A sluggish brain and a sluggish liver may be converted into active bodily members with a three mile walk a day. In my work of increasing Helena Barnett's weight twenty pounds in five weeks I had her take a long walk twice a day, either in the morning or afternoon, and before retiring at night, sometimes walking four and five miles and never less than three. I shall be glad to send you my instructions for increasing weight if you will send me a stamped, addressed envelope.

WORRIED: I THINK AFTER YOU have gone to dancing school a few times you will overcome your nervousness. If you have no escort and feel hesita-

tion about going alone, have you not a brother, sister, or mother who would go with you? Don't run away from every one simply because you have a few pimples. You are not the only one in the world who has them, and everybody cannot run away and hide. I think it is simply due to your nervousness. Send me a stamped, addressed envelope, won't you, and I shall be happy to send you my treatment for pimples and blackheads, so that you may get rid of them and go out among your friends and have a good time.

"HOPE: A GIRL 5 FEET 3 1/4 INCHES at the age of 16 should weigh 121 1/2 pounds. You see, you are only five and one-half pounds overweight. Nothing to deplore, is it? I am giving you my exercise for strengthening the ankles and then I am sure you will be glad you have a few extra pounds so you can enjoy a whole lot of skating this winter. Remove your shoes, stand erect, rise on the tips of the toes with all the muscles of the lower leg held rigid, lower the heels until they touch the floor. Bend the front of the foot upward as far as possible with the calf muscles held rigid. Go through this exercise for fifteen minutes twice a day.

PENELOPE: YOU WILL NOT BE able to remove the pimples and blackheads with just one scrubbing. You will have to continue scrubbing your face for maybe many months to come. It is not well to scrub so vigorously that you irritate the skin. Just scrub with moderation. If you will send me a stamped, addressed envelope I shall be glad to send you my green soap treatment for removing pimples and blackheads, also instructions for removing pimples.

SUFFERER: THERE ARE TWO causes for ingrowing toenails. Improper footwear is one, and cutting the nails wrong is another. When cutting the nails cut them either square across or slightly concave. You must wear a shoe that is broad at the toe. In the meantime, once a day at least wash the toe, cleaning around the nail especially well. Lift the ingrowing corners of the nail and push a small pledget of cotton into the space. Slowly increase the size of the pledget of cotton until the edge of the nail, having been lifted above the flesh on the side, no longer irritates it. Push the flesh back and fasten it in this position with a strip of oxide of zinc plaster.

REGINA: To prevent scars from pimples first bathe your face until it is soft and pink. After taking out the substance from the pimple or blackhead, apply a drop of peroxide. If you will massage your face each night with a good skin food the scars will soon disappear. It is always best to apply cold cream before the powder, as the cream prevents the powder from lodging in and clogging up the pores. I shall be glad to send you my treatment for pimples and blackheads if you will send me a stamped, addressed envelope.

MARIE: To overcome dandruff in the eyebrows first thoroughly cleanse your brows with warm water and soap and then brush with an eyebrow brush, after which apply the following: Sixty grains of sulphur and an ounce of vaseline, at intervals of a few days.

A. C.: A girl five feet seven at the age of 13 should weigh 132 pounds. Don't kill yourself because you aren't as plump as other girls. That's a foolish way to talk. The development of the bust is accomplished by movement of the arms and shoulders. Every exercise that moves these parts, such as swinging dumbbells, rotating arms, or moving shoulders, brings some benefit also to the bust, as always some part of the bust participates in these movements. The most effective exercise is to stretch the arms out to the sides, then bend the elbows so that the tips of the fingers touch the shoulders. Now move the elbows forward until they touch in front of the chest at a level with the center of the breasts or a little higher, the tips of the fingers remaining on the shoulders. Then return arms to the original position. Practice the movement a few times with the right arm only, placing the palm of the left hand upon the right breast. Begin the movement with ten or fifteen times and gradually increase to 100 times.

A Plea for Fruit.

THE Civil war probably gave a fifty year setback to fruit growing in America. I got this idea from reading the records of what men did in the fifties of the last century in growing wonderful fruits, vegetables, etc.

Today the raucous cries in reference to "high cost of living" are likely again to set the business of growing beautiful fruits back years, if the growers go into bankruptcy just at the time when our markets promised to be cosmopolitan in this respect.

Hurray for "high cost of living," say I, if it is necessary for something as drastic as this to make us more intelligent about food wastes, food values, food care, food beauties, etc. There is rarely any loss without some gain.

At the twentieth annual convention of the Association of American Dairy, Food, and Drug Officials last summer a committee reported on conservation of food flavors as a great health problem, since the flavor of food "is a tremendously important factor in nutrition." Ex-President Eliot's words were quoted: "Sensuous pleasure, eating, and drinking, are sometimes described as animal, and therefore unworthy, but men are animals, and have a right to enjoy without reproach those pleasures of animal existence which maintain health, strength, and life itself."

Men have lately been perfecting flavors in our apples, pears, and small fruits. We are having wonderful ripe strawberries in the market now, whereas we used to get sour ones about January. New fruits of higher food value are being presented for our favor and we ought not to "turn them down."

A grower of the alligator pear tells me that her friends like this fruit with sugar and lemon juice. Go lightly with the lemon juice, I think, after trying it. I found that pears kept ten days were more like butter than at the end of five, and a lady from Honolulu dining with me said they were just right. They grow where she came from. It is a pity if what one grower tells me is true, that they are going low, people being afraid of the price. But think what you are getting!

Defending the Food Calorie.

THE calorie as a measure is just as sensible as the minute. Both are measures of something invisible. The calorie is a far more practical thing, or will be, than the minute because man may live without almost everything else, if he has something to eat. The calorie is a sort of coin of the food realm. It is the term for static energy in one sense, since it is a measure of the energy material, a really exact measure, too.

Prof. Alonzo Englebert Taylor, than whom there is no more sound authority on eating, says: "One of the great problems of the future is to effect reformation of customs and tastes to the end that foods shall be cultivated and utilized on the basis of calorie value per unit. Domestic management in this country is grossly extravagant because of ignorance of the nutritional value of foodstuffs in their native and prepared states."

We place so much emphasis on the cost of foods these days that we should apply ourselves to a learning of this great new way of knowing what we are getting for our money, just as we know whether we are buying tin spoons or plated or silver for our service. Prof. Taylor looks upon the exaggerations and preconceptions relative to prices as a defect of modern society.

He says: "The externalities of the diet are given such consideration over the internalities of the diet, as to make many questions financial rather than physiological. . . . It is no exaggeration to state that our people would be physiologically nourished on a fourth of the present financial outlay for the diet."

"The energetics of the diet" are what we can learn by studying simple tables giving the calorie measurements of the diet. Yet a popular and extravagant writer on foods says: "The whole calorie theory has done more to cloud the fundamentals of nutrition than all other evil influences combined." This is too, too bad! It is almost sinful to make such statements.

Winter Pears.

FOR party desserts and for the last course in a conventional dinner there is nothing finer than a big juicy winter pear. For the woman who gets up her own meals this is a real boon, besides being as elegant and cosmopolitan as anything she can have. Not even the hottest French grape at \$2 or \$3 a bunch has so good a worldly reputation, and it is not half as delicious.

We have been fortunate within the last two or three years in having beautiful winter pears in our markets. The names of most of these have as a part that word which in French means butter, namely, *beurre*. They are juicy, sweet, refreshing. Two discoveries for this winter are the *Beurre d'Anjou*, which is nearly perfect, and one of the russets called *Beurre Bosc*.

Before the Civil war, when pear growing in America was almost as much the rage as tulip growing once was in Holland, there were raised a good many winter pears, ripening in November, and among these were a dozen or more with "beurre" as part of the name. I have a list of fifty-five kinds of pears raised in America in 1854. Pears that were not of perfect

THE COOK BOOK

By Jane Eddington.

size, shape, and form were made into perry, which seems to have been a rival of cider.

Pears with Whipped Cream.

For those who feel that no dish can be really fine unless cream is combined with it in some way, the winter pear is good for peeling and cut up with sugar, it is quite as delicate with whipped cream as any cooked fruit. The cream should be sweetened a little and a drop or two of vanilla may be added. One large pear may be made to serve two people, and at an expense less than for a good ice cream.

Beet Salad.

WHEN winter appetites possess people the foods that give an invitation to ravenous indulgence seem most inviting. For economy's sake a good cook mixes these with others less enticing; while the fine cook makes both more enticing by judicious combinations. The dietitian can do no better than this for untrained eaters. The trained eater develops an instinct for getting the two, whether the cook presents them singly or in combination.

A similar neglect of certain food materials that formerly brought scurvy,

because these were not obtainable, today bring anemia. No one who eats a reasonable amount of fresh fruit and vegetables can have either.

The beet is quite as rich in total minerals as some of the vegetables we talk more about in this connection, namely cabbage, celery, carrots, etc. In cosmopolitan cookery it is exclusively a salad ingredient and mostly so in aesthetic cookery. It is well to treat it aesthetically for the sake of getting people to eat it oftener, and in greater quantity. It is sometimes high in price in winter, but more often not.

Molded Beets.

When boiled beets are tender put them into cold water and rub off the skins, but do not let them get cold before cutting them into small cubes or chopping them. Add butter enough to make them cohere, and press them lightly into small cups. When cold turn out on some green garnish and serve with French dressing.

Grated Beets.

Boiled beets grated may be molded into many pretty shapes with the fingers or with a teaspoon, little hearts, for instance, or balls for garnishing a green salad.



melancholy fits of the blues and decide that "only man is vile."

You do not take kindly to partnerships, much preferring to work alone, but in the selection of your assistants you show much judgment and shrewdness, and seldom get victimized. No amount of ordinary illness will keep you from work, for you have much physical endurance. Though you are fond of sports and recreation, you will never let them interfere with business. Your family is your nearest and dearest consideration and no amount of pleasure is too much for them to enjoy provided no great sum of money need be expended. Your children are just about right and you won't allow any one to criticize them in your presence, therefore some folks are unkind enough to say that you are far too easy going a parent.

Calamity does not disturb you; in fact, you are soldier-like in your stoicism. You can see others suffer and suffer yourself without seeming to feel at all moved. A worshipper at the shrine of cold, hard justice, that is you.

As a speculator, a trader, a contractor, an inventor, a prison warden, a detective, a merchant, a broker, a banker, a railway manager, or a lawyer, you may find success, for yours is a wide field of endeavor.

Sympathetic signs are Taurus, April 21-May 21, and Virgo, Aug. 24-Sept. 22. You are usually more happy when married, for you dislike being left alone. In fact, you really need congenial companionship, for it acts as an incentive that brings out your best efforts. You Capricorn men are apt to be gentle and sympathetic toward the feminine persuasion, while the women of this sign will usually maintain a more independent attitude toward the men. A marriage with Aquarius, Jan. 21-Feb. 19, or Cancer, June 23-July 22, will be almost certain to bring domestic happiness.

You will be most fortunate during the weeks beginning Oct. 14 and May 27; your colors are maroon, silver, and black; birthstones, garnet and moonstone.

Real Love Stories

ONE OF THE OLDER GIRLS.

A generation ago Miss Anna's father was the town banker and Miss Anna was the town belle. She had gone to boarding school, had been abroad and knew French and German, and there was a rumor, unconfirmed, of a proposal from a count. After a year of gayety at home Anna flouted her more pretentious suitors and gave all her heart to an inconspicuous young man, poor, honest and, no doubt, worthy, David Day.

Her parents were much disappointed in her choice; they urged her to give him up, and at last she yielded dutifully. There followed more years of parties and pleasures; Anna was becoming one of the "older girls." Then her father met with business misfortune which curtailed her manner of living; this, too, brought about her mother's decline, hastening her death. Anna had almost entirely ceased to go out, and when her father's health began to fail she devoted herself to him. Years passed before Miss Anna was left alone in the great brick house, the servants one by one dismissed. She ceased even to go to church, feeling that everybody she might meet was "new."

David, as she may have been vaguely aware, was still in town, though in the "new part," working with one of the invading factories. There came a time one year when his factory wished to buy a long unimportant bit of ground belonging, it developed, to Miss Anna; and David was sent, by appointment, to negotiate the sale.

Shrinkingly Miss Anna watched and waited for him, trying to picture the change there would be and seeing him



always as the prosperous modern business man. At 4 o'clock in the afternoon he came up the old walk with his slinking stones, and Miss Anna saw him for the first time in a quarter of a century. A stoop accentuated the shabbiness of his clothes, his boots looked patched, and his freshly cut hair and white collar made a pathetic effort to offset them. David was not the successful business man.

When the business of the call was ended Miss Anna, thawing into old time graciousness, invited him to tea, which proved to be a light supper, and after the meal was ended the two fell into silent thoughtfulness. He was to her the one living figure out of her dreamlike past—she still stood to him for the only life to be desired.

"Anna," said David at last, "we've lived twenty-five years without each other, but we've probably another twenty-five coming. Is there any reason why we shouldn't take our lives in our hands" and find a little happiness together?"

That night Miss Anna knelt before a bureau in a long closed chamber, sorting piles of tacked and ruffled garments, yellowed with time, that once more were to be her trousseau.

ETIQUETTE

by ELIZABETH VAN RENSSLAER

ACKNOWLEDGING YOUR GIFTS.

JUST as it is important to answer invitations promptly, so it is considered necessary to acknowledge Christmas gifts quickly. At this season of the year we are all so busy and so preoccupied that it may

seem difficult to take an hour or so off when Christmas day is over in which to sit down and thank our friends for their thoughtfulness, but it is the only courteous thing to do. And besides this our notes of thanks must be carefully written and should be spontaneous—written from the heart.

Film and Screen

by C. Mario

They Were All Good Yarns Until Theda Bara One Was Sprung

DESPITE the fact that the Fox Film publicity bureau manufactured the most readable and original press agent script this week, to the Lasky typewriters must go the news palm. Of course, it is understood among a very few in this newspaper-movie picture game that much of the news, purveyed to readers of the Sunday papers, results from bureaus at the studios.

There are news bureaus after-news bureaus of this kind! We have news bureaus who send much from their studios and we have news bureaus who send delightful fiction. The interest of everyone in motion pictures and in the people making them is responsible for the tons of press agent copy that come to C. Mario weekly—just as similar truckloads are sent to other photoplay page editors.

Anyhow, to the Lasky company goes the spoils this week. In the first place, the boys at the publicity desks have married Mae Murray. "The Plover Girl" star, to J. Jay O'Brien, Broadway figure. Everyone is acquainted with the delightful Lasky star (it pleases the publicity bureaus to have the firm name mentioned this often), but fewer Americans know the man of the house. He is designated as a "well known Broadway figure," which might mean anything from barber to wine-taster.

The happy couple were united at the Lasky (once again) studio in Hollywood a week back, and the publicity men declare that they will spend their honeymoon in New York. Which may all be, but these same typewriters have better let millions of picture patrons know who J. Jay O'Brien is. The masculine portion, especially, is interested. Incidentally, Mrs. O'Brien will appear on the screen soon in a picture known as "The Mormon Maid."

Once again the Lasky boys scored when they announced that their boss had tempted Margaret Illington away from the legitimate stage and into the silent screen drama. Miss Illington is the latest one to succumb. She will appear in a screen dramatization of Basil King's "The Inner Shrine." Channing Pollack, successful vaudeville and photoplay script writer, will adapt the subject.

Following this picture's completion, Miss Illington will appear in a photoplay by Charles Kenyon, San Francisco writer, and author of "Kiddling." Miss Illington's great success was in "Kiddling." She will occupy the Geraldine Farrar bungalow in Hollywood while making the pictures.

Another bull's-eye was performed by the Lasky corporation when Mme. Olga Petrova signed a long-term contract with the Los Angeles picture firm. Jesse Lasky was her first American manager in vaudeville, and this engagement is in the nature of a reunion.

CROWNING PLACE GOES TO TALE OF BARA CONTRACT.

Although to the Lasky publicity must be given the crowning place when news is considered, the Fox Film gentlemen registered a clever coup in their Theda Bara contract story, which, by the way, is still the making. Newspaper men would call the Fox story a "freak," but it is good enough to repeat.

On the familiar dark paper, some genius typed the information that William Fox had just consummated a contract with Miss Bara, wherein the clever "vampire" was to abide by the following terms:

She agreed not to marry within a period of three years.
She was not to appear in public unless heavily veiled.
She was not to ride in a street car, subway or on the elevated.
She was not to appear in any theater for a period of three years.
She must not take her daily constitutional by the light of day.
She must do it at night, heavily veiled.
She must not permit any snapshot photographs to be taken of herself.

The genius who sent out the "yarn" had Miss Bara signing the contract. A few days ago a notice, which amounts to a correction of the first story, comes through Uncle Sam's good offices into the Film and Screen Department. It tells of Miss Bara almost signing the contract, but not quite. She hesitated long over the clause prohibiting the daily walk in the park during sunlight hours. Then she requested that the clause be removed. Otherwise the contract was agreeable to her. Theda Bara is still holding aloof from signing the contract, and, if another Fox genius doesn't interfere in the meantime, will probably continue to hold aloof. But the fact still remains: The boys of the Fox publicity department have the field all to themselves—almost—when it comes to producing "freak stories."

Blanche Sweet's contract has expired with the Lasky company, and the film favorite will visit in New York for a time before voyaging over to London for a breathing spell. She is asking the weekly wage of \$1,200 at present, with no takers. Miss Sweet is a veteran of the motion picture stage, having been a member of the original Biograph studio when David Griffith was commander-in-chief. In those days Owen Moore, Henry Walthall, Mack Sennett, Mary Pickford, Mae Marsh, Mabel Normand and many more were members of the company—not receiving \$1,200 weekly, either.

At last George M. Cohan's leading lady has been selected for his first motion picture masterpiece. She is no other than Marguerite Snow, lead in any number of worthy films. She will be Josie Richards, the stenographer heroine of "Broadway Jones," the name-rolle of which the irrepressible Yankee Doodle Boy will assume.

Succumbing to pneumonia, after many years of strenuous range and motion picture life, Jim Kidd, famed throughout the cowboy country as the man who carried the message from General Custer to General Miles in the Indian fighting days, will be interested in the expense of Fox actors, with whom he had been associated for the past few years. In the famous ride from the beleaguered forces of Custer to General Miles, 238 miles were made at an average speed of 20 miles an hour.

PAULINE FREDERICKS
AT THE
NEW T. & D. THEATER



RELIANCE

The screen's most popular actress, Clara Kimball Young, has many times demonstrated her ability as a portrayeur of difficult, emotional roles, but it remains for her next picture, "Marriage à la Carte," to exploit her in a new role, the heroine of a delightful romantic farce comedy, at the Reliance theater today.

The trouble that can be caused by peculiar old men who make peculiar wills forms the basis of the story. Then there is an impetuous firm of attorneys, one of whom is an heir, their expectations are dashed when this member of the family receives but \$2000. In spending a portion of this on a vacation he is mistaken for the wealthy cousin and when a certain young lady is forced to marry for money, she chooses him. An elopement follows and on the honeymoon they discover that it was real love which impelled them to their fate. It is then that a coded to the will came to light giving the youth a million dollars provided he married while very poor.

Fun is the keynote of the story and there is not a dull moment throughout its run. Laughs follow closely one upon the other and unusual and mirth-provoking situations abound.

Seen in support of Miss Young in this production are Ina Brooks, Chester Barnett, William W. Jefferson and Winthrop Chamberlain.

other woman's husband when the latter is deprived of his memory through an accident.

The husband leaves for the west on the same train with the vampire. She takes him to her home where they live until a friend sees him and notifies his wife, who comes and takes him home.

After an operation, the husband's mind is restored and everything is as before.

A Keystone comedy, Hearst news and other features complete this bill.



DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS AT THE FRANKLIN

CHAPLIN HITS POST.

Here is one of Charles Chaplin's losing fights. He combatted vainly with a lamppost while making a picture several weeks ago, and is still considerably "under the weather" as a result. The veteran of many custard pie and hammer and tong battles surprised his many friends when the lamppost came up by the roots, while filming was in progress, smashing the great Charles smack in the face.

Star System Vicious; When Will Vampire Disappear?

REALLY and truly, the American public didn't give its heart to the motion picture until the legitimate drama proved false. There is no other explanation for this sudden turn in the amusement road. Of course, we are all willing to admit that the smaller prices have much to do with the desertion—but the American public has never been accused before of demanding cheap rather than worthy amusement, and it will not do justice to say so now.

It was just a case of turning from an unsuccessful part of the drama to another portion which shows evidence of traveling toward the sun. Within the last ten years American legitimate drama advanced little. The New Theater movement, with a large foreign element within, has been its way through the land. Such a movement is the only one which will save the spoken drama. It will die—languishing from non-attention—unless new blood is transfused into the shrunken veins.

The film drama is in its infancy—not youth—infancy. In the past five years it has advanced along the amusement road until it menaces the Big Brother Legitimate drama. It will not destroy the legitimate, should the latter take new blood from the New Theater. Both may travel along the wide way without poisoning each other's territory. There is a message for both to give its millions of pupils. But the film drama is standing still at this time. There has been no advance now for several years. The film stories have not improved generally; the industry is suffering illness from a vicious "star" system; there is naught of the impulse which formerly characterized this silent drama.

When shall the vampire vanish from the screen? The screen vampire is so unrelenting that he proves to be laugh-making to intelligent persons. When shall the "blood-and-thunder" element be eliminated for the better—more life-like material? When shall the children be given their chance to view the kind of reel they like? There is no doubt that the motion picture industry today is becoming ill. The disease is light at present, but a continuation without doctors will be fatal. It needs attention—careful nursing and a riding of the reasons for the illness.

The first doctor to be called in—is the Scenario Physician. He is at the head of the consultation group. The sickness will grow unless he is allowed to combat his particular disease. He must learn that every film is not necessarily a full show of the heroine and hero not embraced in the last foot of strip. He must learn that his public sickness at too much ingenuity—rapidly tiring of the old familiar type, once considered essential. He must eliminate the vampire. He must write more plays for the children—real children plays. He must get the slap-stick comedy down to the bone. (Really, the public is sickened at custard pies and comedy jumps from eight-story buildings.) There are many other ways for the Scenario Physician to combat the disease.

The next physician to enter the Patient's room is the Booking Doctor. He must cure a growing sore. It is the vicious program system, which demands that a motion picture theater must buy its reels from one corporation to the exclusion of all others. That is, if an exhibitor wishes to star Little Lottie LaLa, the ingenue star of the film stage, he must star her in connection with five or so other releases during the month which neither he nor his particular patrons desire. He must accept all of the Bunk's program, because Mr. Bunk happened to pay Lottie more money than his rivals. And Bunk must get his money back somewhere. So, where he lavishes it wonders fortune on Lottie, he skimps on the other releases. Any intelligent screen patron may figure this out for himself. The cure is coming, though. There is an open-book system which threatens to sweep the land.

There are many more physicians, but it would take the entire page to tell about them. The New Theater movement in the spoken drama will clarify the atmosphere in the sickroom. The New Film movement in the silent drama will clarify the atmosphere in this particular sick room. Is the American public capable of opening both windows?

Every Star Must Be Life Saver

Like the lost jewel news stories of legitimate stars, life-saving feats are becoming the fad among motion picture people. If press agents may be believed. According to this one from the Vitagraph, Harry Morey saved Alice Joyce's life while the petite star was struggling in the icy-cold water of New York harbor. She was playing the part of Mary Turner in "Within the Law," and had just tried camera self-destruction in the bay, when she was seized by cramps or extreme cold, or whatever one is seized by when swimming in January. Morey noticed the strange actions of the lead, and knew at once that she had need of aid. He aided. And the camera man went right on cranking.

Mabel Normand, Mack Sennett star, is to appear soon in a feature film known as "Mickey." According to press notices, Miss Normand's role is one of charm, although the story is vivid with action, much of which is comedy. Minnie, an Indian woman of great proportions, is a lesser light in the picture, but is said to be one of the comedian finds of the Keystone studio.

Essanay announces for release January 15 the Henry B. Walthall film drama, "Little Shoes." The noted screen star will have for his feminine support Mary Charleston, who played opposite in "The Truant Soul." The picture deals with a love that inspired from early childhood in the film company. She is from the pen of Eleanor M. Ingram.

All International Film Service reels will be released through the Pathe Exchange, Inc., hereafter, according to news of a deal completed by the Hearst interests and the Los Angeles branch of the French film corporation. The consolidation means the bringing together of the Hearst and Pathe weeklies, for long the widest seen news reels in the country. All of the Hearst animated cartoons, "Patrol," the much-heralded serial, and other International features will be released through Pathe.

"Suspense" is the overworked word nowadays in motion picture studios, particularly in the highly dramatic photoplays. If the very title of "The Great Secret," Metro's new 14-episode film serial, does not suggest suspense, it is difficult to figure out how it is going to be found. "The Great Secret" is a real mystery story, but it is a highly dramatic, rather than a mere stunt, picture. The problems presented in this serial are those of our every-day life.

Resigning from the California Motion Picture Corporation as star, Benj. Michelena, San Francisco woman, who gave up grand and light opera for the films, is again at liberty. Michelena has just completed "Fanny" for the film company. She is asking \$2,500 from film corporations, with no acceptance reported. Miss Michelena is the daughter of a San Francisco singing maestro, and the name of Michelena is prominent in bay musical circles.

Dan F. Whitcomb, who writes the screen stories for Edna May Sunshine, the Bronx juvenile star, deems that his ideas come from association with children. By use of candy and "jitties" he obtains from small boys and girls enough ideas to last him through an entire Little Mary Sunshine picture.

MOTION PICTURE THEATERS

NEW THEATRE
1111 ST. AT BROADWAY
SUN. MON. TUES.
Pauline Frederick
The Emotional Actress Supreme, in
"THE SLAVE MARKET"
A Romantic Tale of the Spanish Main
Also
Mary Miles Minter
in
"A DREAM OR TWO AGO"
OTHER ATTRACTIONS
Orchestral Organ Recitals and Selections by
Chorus
Box Office Opens at 12:30. Continuous Performance.
The T. & D. Oakland Photo Theater has
moved to its new home, 1111 St. at Broadway.
Phone, Oakland 1217.

RELIANCE
CLAY AT SAN PABLO
Phone Oak. 991
Matinees, 10c; Evenings, 10c and 15c
TODAY
The Queen of the Screen
Clara Kimball Young
in
"MARRIAGE A LA CARTE"
A Charming Romantic Comedy.
"Lonesome Luke's" Comedy, "Jerry on the Job" and other features.

FRANKLIN
THEATRE FRANKLIN ST. NEAR 14TH
Continuous Performance—10c to 15c
Matinees 10c; Evenings 15c; Children 10c
3 DAYS COM. TODAY.

Dorothy Dalton, Howard Hickman and Enid Markey
in "The Female of the Species"
Keystone Comedy and Other Features
Com. Wed.—W.M. S. HART

Mabel Normand, Keystone star, is very much in a hurry. Always! To eliminate lost time in making-up while working on exteriors, she thought herself long and laboriously.

Chambers, controller, and other officials were in the picture—ready and willing to be part of the picture. In the senate chamber at Sacramento, Farnum as an official harangues his fellow-citizens in the interests of the child laborers.

The third, Clara Kimball Young picture, produced under the Selznick banner, is a picturization of David Graham Phillips' "The Price She

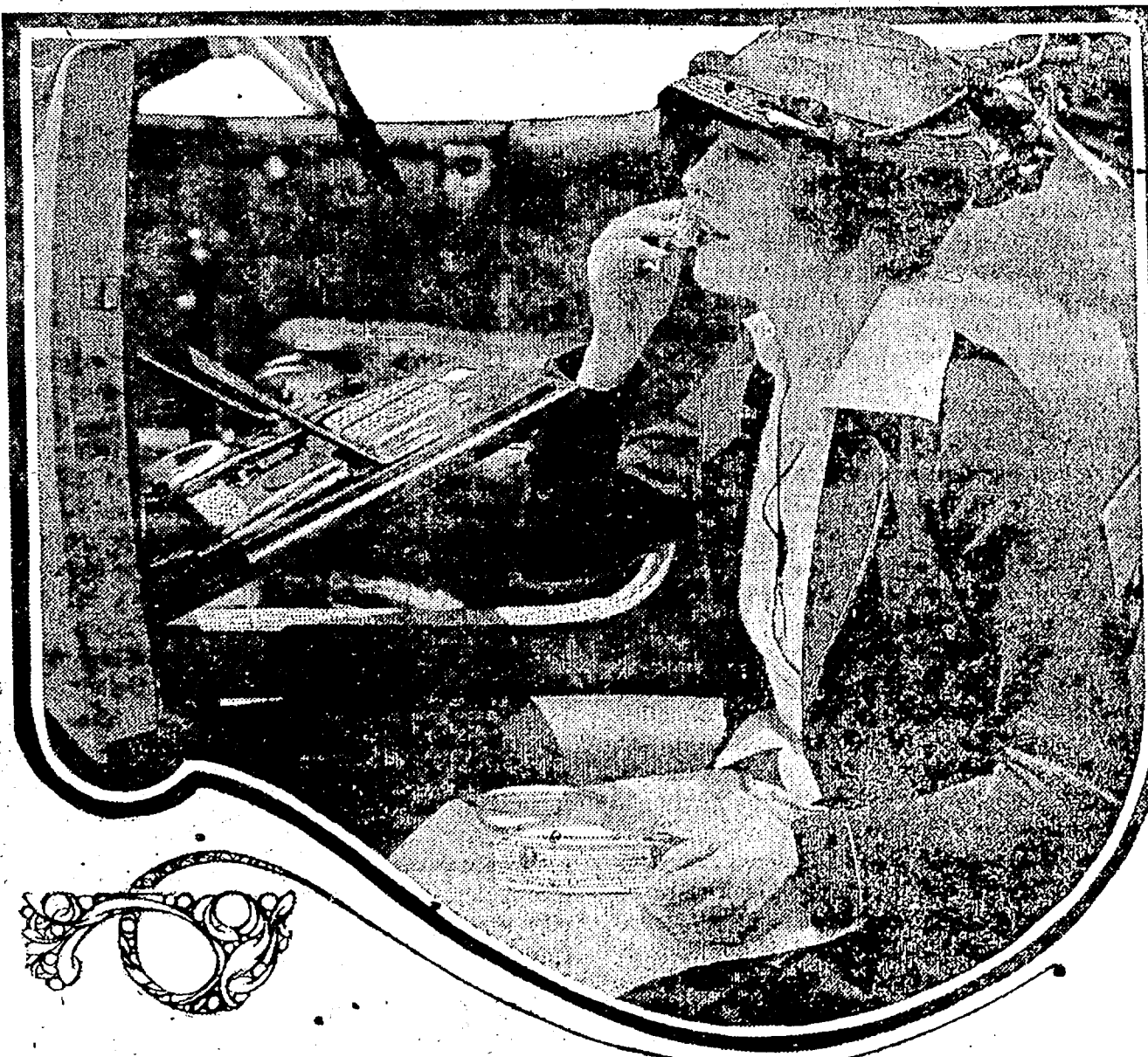
As a result, the automobile kit came into use. The Keystone press agent claims that she worked it out herself. Anyway, it may be fitted to the forepart of an automobile. American society women are said to be falling

Paid." Many of the exterior scenes were taken in New Orleans, where the Young company spent three weeks' time.

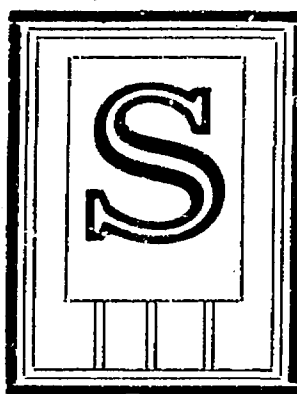
Following a visit to Oakland with her mother, Mrs. Thomas Dormont, 2620 Ninth avenue, Maxine Elliott, just returned from Belgium, where she has been engaged in relief work, will probably sign a motion picture contract, calling for an unsupplied

large remuneration weekly. Miss Elliott has to date received six bids from prominent film manufacturers for her screen services.

Mrs. Helen O'Keefe, 3019 Eastwood avenue, Chicago, was declared the winner of the American Film Company's sequel contest to "The Diamond in the Sky" serial. She wasn't home when the officials of the corporation called to present her with



HOW BERKELEY SECURED THE FEDERAL FARM LOAN BANK



SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 13.—The location of one of the thirteen farm loan banks at Berkeley caused universal surprise. The people of Berkeley themselves were scarcely less taken aback than the people of Fresno, Sacramento or Stockton, which cities very much desired and rather expected it. The fact that Professor Edward Elliott of the university is related by marriage to the family of President Wilson; that Secretary and Mrs. McAdoo, on their visit here, were guests of the Elliott family, and that Professor Elliott is a law partner of George Lane, brother of the Secretary of the Interior, has been made to account for the location of the federal institution at Berkeley. But this seems to be erroneous. It is true that the McAdoos visited the Elliotts, which was very seemly; Mrs. McAdoo being a niece of Mrs. Elliott; but it was Secretary McAdoo, uninfluenced, who suggested the location of the farm loan bank in the college town. The secretary is of the opinion that the location of the institution in the heart of a strictly farming community was not a necessity or even important. He considered it to be of more moment that it should be located under the wing of the university, now making such headway with its agricultural department, whose influences would be salutary. He requested that Professor Elliott, to whom the proposition was as much a surprise as to any, confer with the president of the university and others as to the advisability of the proposed step. The consensus was extremely favorable when such conferences were held, and the location was made. Secretary McAdoo expressed a desire to keep these banks out of politics—and that, by the way, was another reason why Berkeley seemed a proper location. But there will have to be a considerable force to transact the business that the banks are designed to do. The institutions will serve the States of California, Nevada, Arizona and Utah. All farms on which loans are applied for will have to be appraised, and considering the area that this bank is to cover there will have to be a large force of experts. It is possible that politics will not figure in the selection of these, or in the choosing of a director, and if it does not there will be much satisfaction in connection therewith. Some newspaper articles have hardly been fair with Professor Elliott, who really seems to have had little to do with the matter. Besides being a professor at the university, he is a practicing attorney in San Francisco, an educator of eminence and an author of erudite books, and if he is concerned in this matter in any serious way it cannot be in the way that may be considered from a political standpoint.

A City Attorney

Randolph V. Whiting, to whom Mayor Rolph has tendered the city attorneyship, is an attorney of fairly good standing, who does a good deal in the way of codifying and work of that character. He was a deputy in the office of the District Attorney some ten or twelve years ago, when that office was not a legal Gibraltar. It was during the time that George Collins was performing. Collins was a great technician, and made the authorities for the most part look like thirty cents when they went after him, though his offending was rank and palpable enough. Whiting had much to do with the Collins case. It will be remembered that Collins jumped his bail and fled to British Columbia. Whiting went after him, and remained on the job for six months before landing him back in the United States, where he was tried and sent up. Engaged in the case was another attorney who had not been very much heard of, but who was pugnacious and scrappy. He practiced in criminal litigation, and had some success, but at that time could not be said to have gained a place among high-class practitioners. But as special counsel he was instrumental in convicting Collins, a feat that was recognized as some achievement. There have been few cases where the guilt of the accused was so palpable and yet where so much trouble was experienced in securing a conviction. When the last technicality had been met and the notorious defendant had been conducted across the bay to San Quentin, it was generally recognized that the attorneys who had achieved the result were entitled to unusual credit, and as a matter of fact, it added much to their standing before the bar. The attorney who worked in conjunction with Whiting was Hiram Johnson, now Governor of California. George Collins is preparing to apply for a pardon or parole as soon as the present Governor's successor takes office, but it is probable he realizes that such an appeal to the present Governor would come before one who was too well acquainted with the facts.

The Lassen Park Job

Job seekers and chasers are looking down the volcano's mouth to see what it offers in the way of a snap at a comfortable salary. I refer to Lassen Park, recently created as a national domain, and which of course will afford some jobs to the faithful. This will be the only live volcano sported by any park in the United States, and will be a novelty for that reason. But it will not be attractive to job holders for that reason. That may be all very well in its way, but what it yields in the way of salary will be very much more to the purpose. A. L. Conard of Red Bluff is out for the position of superintendent. Likewise M. E. Dittmar of Redding. It was Dittmar who suggested the idea of the park, and he may feel a sort of propri-

etorship in it. Another aspirant is M. T. Howell of Cottonwood. Congressman Raker will have the bestowal of the plum, and already finds it embarrassing. But this embarrassment may be offset in a measure by the distinction of being the only member of Congress to have a volcano to conserve.

Metson Ousted From Park Board

No explanation of the refusal to reappoint W. M. Metson to the Park Board has appeared in the press here, nor has the matter been treated in an informing way; and yet it is a subject very much discussed among men who take account of the trend of things. Metson was first appointed to this board by Governor Budd when the park control was in the State administration and the commissioners were State officials. When the city's charter was amended to place its control with the municipal government Mayor Phelan supplanted him. During the Schmitz regime he was reappointed, to be displaced when Mr. Taylor succeeded to the mayoralty. On the election of McCarthy he was reappointed, and Mayor Rolph again reappointed him four years ago. The Mayor and the commissioner have never hit off in the completest amity, but Metson had been so active and competent in his duties as commissioner that it was somewhat of an overt thing to displace him. It is understood that the overlook at this time was due to two causes. One was the influence of Senator Phelan, who for years has not been on cordial terms with Metson—between whom, indeed, there is something more than mere uncongeniality. The other consideration that accounts for the Mayor's action in this matter is the fact that Metson, Drew & McKenzie are the legal advisors of the Chamber of Commerce. This body is the red rag that just at the present time causes the Mayor to lower his head and charge. So that in making this change in the Park Board he was pleasing the Senator, thereby possibly improving an opportunity to make some political hay, and at the same time easing off a grudge on his own account. Metson's interest in park affairs and jealousy of park interests, especially of Golden Gate Park, is well known. Nothing is to be understood in this connection in derogation of the successor, John McGregor, superintendent of the Union Iron Works. A man who has attained such great responsibilities must be a man of broad vision and unusual capabilities.

Dr. Rastall on McLaren

Dr. Rastall, during an address on Tuesday night, had some interesting things to say about parks and kindred subjects. He paid the most glowing tribute to John McLaren, under whom San Francisco's parks have been improved and beautified, holding him to be the greatest park expert in the world. But he deprecated the fact that he is not more cordially supported in the way of funds, and noted the lack of adequate parks in the southern part of the city. Also he referred to what he called "the crime of the 25-foot lot," upon which so many householders have built residences and reside. And this brings up some more park history. During a certain regime the park department was not as great a political asset as was desired by the dominant powers. It did not afford a haven to the faithful that was as profitable and easy as political jobs are expected to be. The trouble was recognized to lie with the superintendent. He refused to look upon park conservation and upkeep as important only as furnishing jobs to henchmen. So that plans were laid to depose him. It was here that Commissioner Metson came forward. The then Mayor was mindful of the advantage of having an attorney of such eminence in such relation with the city government. The Mayor was informed by the commissioner that if Superintendent McLaren was deposed, the commissioner would go with him, and besides that there was likely to be an uprising in public sentiment that the municipal administration would not like to meet. This representation was successful in heading off the scheme to put the parks into politics.

Water Legislation

The legislature has a big proposition to wrestle with in water. The last legislature authorized the Governor to call a conference of properly qualified persons to consider and recommend a unified State policy with reference to irrigation, reclamation, water storage, flood control and drainage, with due regard to the needs of water power, mining and navigation. This commission was composed of sixteen members, none of which drew pay, though four thousand dollars were appropriated for their mileage, clerk hire and other necessary expenses. The conference has made a report, embodied in 124 printed pages. It is not unanimous, however. There are now three commissions having to do with water—the State Water Commission, the State Reclamation Board, and the State Conservation Commission, besides Senate and Assembly committees on drainage, swamp and overflowed lands and on irrigation. The majority report advises against the consolidation of the State Reclamation Board, the State Water Commission and the State Irrigation Board. Two members of the conference, Roscoe Anderson of Redding and F. E. Woodley of Los Angeles, render dissenting reports as to some of the recommendations, notably the recommendation that all the commissions and boards be continued. The water question is one of the biggest California has to deal with, and the great interests involved, such as irrigation schemes and power enterprises, are likely to experience some jolts before it is settled so that they will know exactly where they are at. They are not likely to see their way clear while three or four bodies have a whack at them. This

conference was called with the expectation that it would reduce the complexity, and seems to have done just the reverse. Flood control appears to be one of the rocks upon which there was a split. This feature principally concerns the Sacramento and San Joaquin valleys, and therefore does not seem so important to those living over the Tehachapi range. It cannot be expected that the Legislature at this session will take this subject up and thoroughly consider it so that a wise solution can be vouchsafed. Besides, it proposes the abolition of three or four commissions.

T. R.'s Trip Abandoned

It was expected and hoped that T. R., on his projected trip to the South Seas in search of strange birds, and fish, and animals, and scenes, and experiences, would accept the hospitality of the Commercial Club en route and enliven things by expressing himself upon certain questions of the day on which he is known to have opinions. Accordingly President Teller sent on an invitation, made as cordial as genuine Californian hospitality could suggest, soliciting the honor and hoping for the pleasure of the ex-presidential favor. It was some time before an answer was received. There were high hopes that the reply would be favorable. It was known that T. R. was not averse to expressing himself when there was occasion, and from recent expressions it was believed that he would see in this an occasion that would appeal. What was the disappointment, however, in learning that the much-heralded trip to the South Seas had been indefinitely postponed. I have seen no announcement of this postponement in the news columns. The cause of the change of plan was not intimated, but it is surmised that it was due to family objection to such strenuous undertaking as the exploration of strange lands on the score of the ex-president's health. He is not as husky as he was, and several experiences have served as a warning that his habit of faring forth in wild countries, involving more or less hardships and perils, are no longer safe undertakings.

Horticultural Matters

George H. Hecke, the new State Horticultural Commissioner, is settling down to his job, which is one of magnitude. One important move that he has made is to call to his assistance H. S. Maddox, who has made a reputation as the secretary of the Yolo Board of Trade. Hecke himself is from Woodland, and has intimate knowledge of the capabilities of his new assistant; but he has left the county sadly lamenting, for it realizes the difficulty of getting a successor who will look after its interests as effectively as they have been attended to in the past. The work of the Horticultural Commission is now practical. Hecke comes by his knowledge through the owning of orchards and having to do with fruit raising and marketing. As to the latter, it has been observed that there is a controversy revolving about Harris Weinstock, State Market Director. The line of demarcation between the functions of the State Market Director and the Horticultural Commissioner is not drawn with sufficient distinction to insure smooth working. The fruit raisers themselves see this and hope that some action will be taken this winter that will make the situation clear. The commissioner holds that the Market Director's function begins when the product is ready to be marketed; whereas the director assumes it to be his province to say how it shall be made ready. The attack upon Weinstock, however, is claimed to be inspired, in some degree at least, by the fish dealing interests, which he has not got on with in a way entire amiable. The fact seems to be that while the Market Director is one of the most zealous and earnest of men and officials, he hasn't the gift of conciliation. It raises a smile, however, when the charge is made that he does not do things. For he is an official of spectacular energy, having been doing things every moment since his appointment.

Insurance Legislation

There will be no insurance sack at Sacramento during this session, which isn't saying there was one last session, only that general appearance and repute were somewhat different from conditions that prevail this year. Percy V. Long has charge, and will be the sole representative of the insurance companies. Time out of mind it has been at least the popular impression that the companies were shaken down by the playful legislators. Whether this was so or not they have generally appeared in force to withstand recurring attempts to "regulate" the business of insurance. Two years ago they were arrayed against Senator Kellogg's bill, which got through nevertheless. Then they made the tactical mistake of undertaking to defeat him for re-election. Percy Long is an old hand at placating legislators, and will show them how an artist performs. He appears by virtue of being the attorney of the insurance association, an organization of agencies and companies. This is the position which he resigned the city attorneyship to fill, and which he declares he finds vastly more congenial than the political job.

Greek Meets Greek

Achilles Venetas came from Greece to San Francisco in the middle of last year to collaborate on a book with George Pappademetriou. He collaborated all right, but it resulted in deep trouble for him. When the book was finished Venetas held the manuscript as hostage for his pay. Pappademetriou had him arrested for embezzlement. He was tried and got off from the consequences of that charge; but his enemies succeeded in having him arrested by the immigration authorities as an undesirable, and taken to New York. The arrest grew out of some fiery articles which he wrote and

which were published in Greek papers here, expressing his loyalty to King Constantine and denunciation of those opposed to him. This hit Venetas, the leader of the Greek opposition, who has a large following here, and was somehow construed as making Venetas an undesirable citizen. It is a characteristic Greek imbroglio, though in its present stage is rather interesting, as the young author is desperately fighting the deportation proceedings, realizing that this is not a very good time to show up at Athens.

Heney to Carry the Vote

There are political circles that are not a little perturbed over the spectacle of Francis J. Heney being selected with such readiness to carry the electoral vote to Washington. Capitalist Doheny, who owns a private car, had invited the thirteen electors to take a ride to the national capital with him, which was an invitation that might well have appealed. A deadhead trip to Washington and the presence there at a presidential inauguration was an attractive proposition. That the others forego this opportunity and delegate Heney to represent them must be regarded as significant in a political sense. It brings out the fact still more forcibly that he is to be a candidate for governor two years hence. And all the other candidates are realizing through this and other signs that he is acquiring a status that is likely to make him formidable when campaign time comes around. The fact is more disturbing to his former fellow crusaders than to any other political division. Southern California is tacitly admitted to be entitled to the governorship, and the contestants from that section will be on similar lines.

The Passing of Two

The death of George Hatton was unexpected. Few even of those who enjoyed intimate acquaintance with him knew that his health was seriously impaired, though it can now be recalled that for some time he had lacked that vigorous manner that he formerly had. The obituary notices take account of his political prominence, but briefly refer to his journalistic experience. For several years he was on The Oakland TRIBUNE staff, in important capacities, one of which, legislative correspondent, led to his incursion in politics, where he figured so prominently. It is to be said that he was a most indefatigable and discriminating journalist. During his journalistic career he studied law. Upon being admitted to practice he informed the late William E. Dargie of his intent to forsake journalism and enter the legal profession; having the purpose to open an office in this city. But a short time before his death, in a casual conversation, he recounted the scene that took place between him and the late proprietor of THE TRIBUNE when he announced this intention. "Well, I suppose it is slow going for a young attorney when he first hangs out his shingle, isn't it?" said Mr. Dargie, in his usual impetuous way. Mr. Hatton admitted that it was likely to be that way. "Well, I'll tell you; send us a letter every week, giving the inside of political and other things over there, and we'll allow you a hundred dollars a month." And Hatton did, and that is how the department headed "The Knave" came to be established. Another journalist whose passing was recent figured for nearly forty years in newspaper making on both sides of the bay, but earliest and longest with THE TRIBUNE. For many years Edward F. Cahill was one of the best known writers in the West, occupying the editorial chair of THE TRIBUNE. He was a Trinity College man, with a keen insight and a gentle manner, very much beloved by his associates and intimates. His last journalistic work was the getting up of a weekly page wherein he set forth his observations and genial philosophy.

Corners on Food

Some recent developments establish over again that the cornering of markets is responsible for the most, if not all, the skyrocketing of prices in food products. The times and situations are peculiarly favorable for exploiting the public. When they are told that increase of prices is the result of the war, they think it is likely enough and let it go at that. It is a fact that three or four firms here have cornered the onion market, having purchased and stored 50,000 sacks, which seems to be enough to influence the price. They expect to send it up to five cents a pound in carload lots. The names of the firms engaged are well known and have been published. Beans have increased enormously in price. The public has been informed that this is due to extensive buying for the fighting armies in Europe. As a matter of fact, it is due to a market syndicate in Michigan. The firm has not operated extensively in California, but that it has cornered the supply in the eastern markets, and prices here have been affected. Beans are not expected to go higher, because they do not have to be preserved in cold storage. This brings up the question of cold storage, which, the legislature being in session, is likely to receive attention of lawmakers. It is realized that jockeying with food products is rendered possible by the great storehouses that are kept at low temperature to conserve their contents. Products that formerly had to be disposed of within time limits may now be kept for indefinite periods if prices are not satisfactory. Taxing these storage reservoirs and their contents in a way that accumulations cannot be kept inordinately it is thought would meet the situation. But of course just regulation this way would be difficult. It is altogether likely, however, that something will be done as a result of the general practice of getting up corners which has characterized these years of war.

SUNDAY MORNING, JANUARY 14, 1917.

BOOK REVIEWS AND LITERARY NOTES

*War Provides Time for Us to Study Immigration Problem, Writes F. J. Warne
In 'From the Human End,' L. P. Jacks, an Editor, Has Done Some Philosophizing*

FLOOD TIDE TO COME WITH PEACE

ANY discussion of the immigration question, at this time, is of particular importance to the Pacific Coast. With the European war acting as a temporary stop—a sort of dam behind which a great flood of humanity is being held for release—there is time for pause, and for serious consideration. That a great part of this flood will flow through the Panama canal to be distributed on the western coast is already assured. The problem is a national one but to the communities around San Francisco bay and New York harbor it will be brought closest.

There is a fascination in the study of immigration that is given full space for play in Frank Julian Warne's new book, "The Tide of Immigration." The author, former secretary of the New York Commission on Immigration and special expert on foreign-born population for the United States government, writes of knowledge direct.

In a word, Warne would stem the tide of immigration. He has found that much of it is artificially induced; that the aliens would not come of their own free will, and that too many are coming. He would make the number smaller by applying the remedy through governmental acts directed at the employment agencies.

"We should take advantage," he says, "of today's temporary cessation in immigration to erect proper means of defense against the probable inundation of tomorrow."

"There should be created by federal legislation such governmental machinery as will, in co-operation with the state and private employment bureaus, give us, in the future, a more or less accurate measurement of the anticipated needs of American industries for this rough, unskilled immigrant labor, at the standard or American rate of wages. The demand being ascertained, the supply can be regulated by legislative enactment."

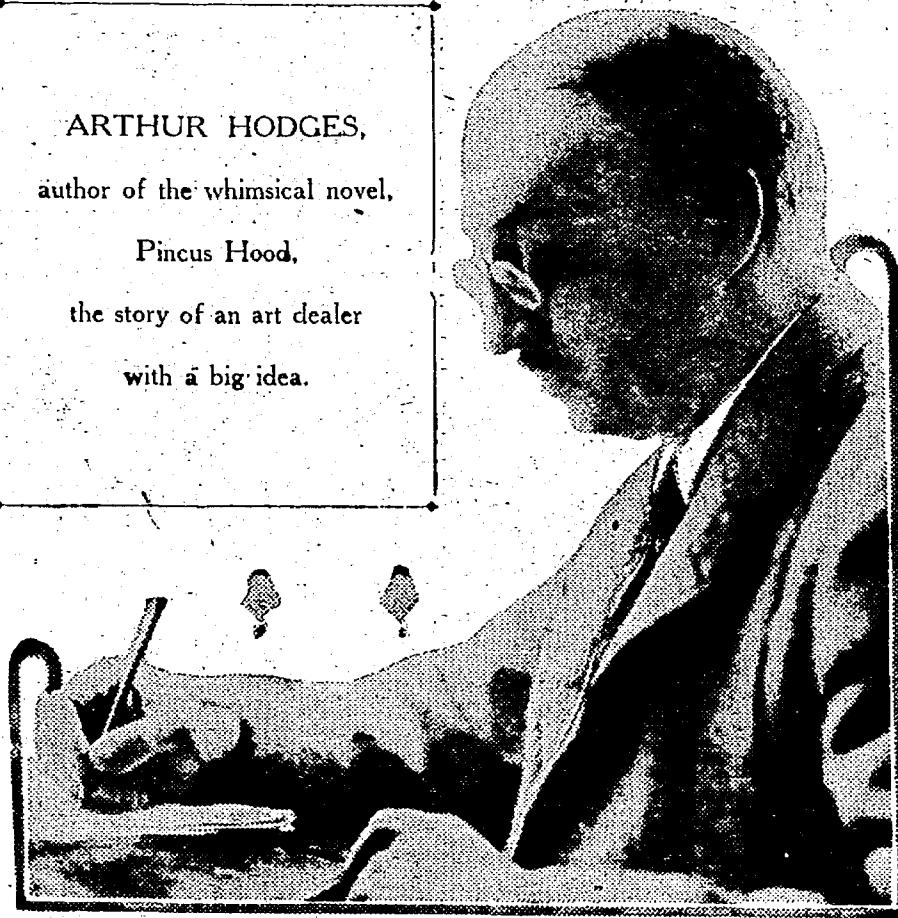
"The bureau of information of the Bureau of Immigration of the Department of Labor should be given supervision over all private employment agencies and so-called labor agencies engaged in interstate commerce."

The author shows, by diagram and argument, that the movement of aliens to and from this country is in obedience to well-known laws and that its alternate rise and fall is as well defined as the movements of the ocean tides. And there is not only the spring tide, but the neap tides, the flood tides, tidal waves, overflows and inundations.

With a vigorous sweep Warne would remove the connection of sentiment from the annual coming of thousands to our shores. The idea that these men and women from other countries are seeking religious, political and economic freedom here, and the inevitable comparison of their lot with that of the Pilgrim fathers, he scoffs.

Admitted, conditions in home countries influence the tide, it is shown that conditions in the United States influence it more. Our "good times" see the greatest influx. Instead of being a great excursion toward Uto-

ARTHUR HODGES,
author of the whimsical novel,
Pincus Hood,
the story of an art dealer
with a big idea.



PINCUS HOOD, WHIMSICAL AND TENDER, RINGS TRUE

Set an author in search of the character who is to become popular in fiction, and often he will wander far to return with an impossible puppet. Many of our books, written seemingly as exercises in character study, are in reality the presentation of long-haired and sad-eyed figures who murmur the author's best epigrams, or even worse—exploit fat men who punctuate their subtleties with profanity.

All of this has nothing whatever to do with "Pincus Hood," Arthur Hodges' whimsical novel of a picture dealer who sings, at peace with the world. The author, in this case, dropped down an elevator and hurried around a corner in search for a new place to have lunch—and within a block of modern New York found a bit of the old. Here in a picture gallery was Hood.

Here, it is largely an enforced trip or at least an induced one.

Industries who have agents seeking special labor abroad, employment agencies of various kinds, steamship ticket sellers, and others are the ones who urge the European to become an American—for eight out of every ten of the immigrants are Europeans.

Aside from the argument of the book, its illuminative figures and charts, and its facts culled from many authoritative sources there is a human element that makes it decidedly readable. It is of more interest than a novel and breathes enthusiasm.

("The Tide of Immigration," by Frank Julian Warne; New York, D. Appleton & Co., \$2.50.)

A dealer in pictures who dabbles in sentiment—that is Pincus. To him the army of students represent the ranks in which genius may be marching. He loves them all, the wild, the rapt, and, most of all, the poverty stricken. The relationship of shopman to artist and the opportunity afforded to Pincus to study the men who are putting their ambition on canvas is responsible for a great resolution. He will make the artists prosperous that they may have the opportunities they need. An art dealer cannot succeed when the customers do not pay. One cannot refuse paints to men who may some day be famous; it would be killing genius before it was born! There is but one answer.

The New Art Galleries, fruit of the dream of Pincus Hood, flourishes like so many a New Theater and a New School of this or that. It was a success just so long as its group of society patrons and patronesses retained their interest. At one time it was the talk of the town, and every one who pretended to know anything about art could be found there. It did not last.

There are a number of stories in the book, or there is none at all. Rather, it is as if the reader is allowed to turn into the store where Pincus and Barney, the boy, are at work and to hear from him the tale of the day's adventure.

There may be some who will remember a contest among booksellers to give to a new book its appropriate name. "Pincus Hood" is that book.—A. S.

("Pincus Hood," by Arthur Hodges; Boston, Small, Maynard & Co., \$1.40.)

GROUP OF ESSAYS ON URGENT THEMES

LP. JACKS, editor of the Hibbert Journal, has done some interesting philosophizing in a group of essays which have been published under the title, "From the Human End." The collection, while contributing little of a startling character, nevertheless voices ideas which the great majority of people have experienced but have been unable or not inclined to formulate for the reading public. Mr. Jacks is an Englishman, and that fact is apparent in most of the essays, which by the way are on "urgent themes." While his viewpoint is permeated with the fact of his nationality, still there is nothing in his conclusions (in the bulk of his writing) to which even a bitter critic could take violent exception.

The opening essay gives title to the collection, and it presents in definite form the conflict which is being waged continually nowadays between the "human" and the "scientific" viewpoints, in all matters relating to world improvement. The scientific method, according to the author, treats men objectively, "speaks of them as 'others,'" while "the human method remember that you are yourself."

He reaches the conclusion that "the ultimate relation of humanism and science is that of beings who hate and love each other at the same time."

"Am I My Brother's Keeper?" is the theme of one of the most interesting of Mr. Jacks' essays, in which he treats the question from a standpoint a little the reverse of the usual method. He foresees the difficulty of deciding who should be "keeper" and who should be "kept." His reasoning and illustrating of his line of thought makes most interesting reading.

The present war in Europe has influenced very strongly the greater part of the writings, as the titles will suggest. "Militarism and Industrialism," "The German Machine," "The Project of a New Labor Party," "The Wealth of Nations as a Cause of War," "The Peacefulness of Being at War," are some of the suggestive titles.

In a treatise on "The State as Sterilizer of Virtue" the author takes issues with Bosanquet, who holds that "the State is the individual mind extended, writ large" and reinforced by the driving power of the Common Will.

"The Gardener Versus the Garden" offers a strong bit of logic which many readers will heartily endorse and which others, with equal sincerity, will find "objectionable."

"From the Human End" is a volume whose appearance will be hailed with delight by a host of thinking people who will find in its pages their own convictions expressed in satisfactory form. One puts it aside with the feeling that the author, like many other persons, is a trifle wearied of so much "card indexing" and "scientific treatment of men and their daily lives."—M. H. P.

("From the Human End," by L. P. Jacks; New York, Henry Holt and Company, \$1.25.)

ALAN SEEGER

Young American Poet Went to His Death Gloriously; Voice of One Who Lived in Heart of Battle Heard.

I have a rendezvous with Death
At some disputed barricade,
When Spring comes back with rustling shade
And apple-blossoms fill the air—
I have a rendezvous with Death
When Spring brings back blue days
and fair.

It may be he shall take my hand
And lead me into his dark land
And close my eyes and quench my breath—

It may be I shall pass him still.
I have a rendezvous with Death
On some scarred slope of battered hill,

When Spring comes round again this year
And the first meadow-flowers appear.

God knows 'twere better to be deep
Pillowed in silk and scented down,
Where Love throbs out in blissful sleep,

Pulse nigh to pulse, and breath to breath,

Where hushed awakenings are dear—
But I've a rendezvous with Death
At midnight in some flaming town,
When Spring trips north again this year,

And I to my pledged word am true,
I shall not fail that rendezvous.

—From the Poems of Alan Seeger.

Alan Seeger did not fail that rendezvous. He went to it gloriously. There was fulfilled his hope of "That rare privilege of dying well."

In reading the poems of this young American who gave his life on the field of battle in the cause of a foreign country, it is impossible—it would be wrong—to overlook the significance of the life of Alan Seeger. That in itself was romance, poetry—exultant, idealistic, always with the passionate desire to play the biggest, noblest part in life. This life, this example, of Alan Seeger will go further than anything else to explain the part many American citizens are playing in the greatest of world-dramas.

Some thirty thousands of Americans are fighting on the side of France in the war. Questions have been asked as to their motives and some very bitter criticism of their action has been uttered. These questions will in time be answered, the criticism hushed. Few of them are on the battlefields because of their enmity toward the enemies of France. A great many are there because of their love of adventure wherever it is to be found; a great many because they love America enough to love America's friends—remembering La Fayette and his liberty-loving comrades; a still greater number have enlisted in the Foreign Legion because of their love for France and the memory of the happiness she has given them; still others because of their love of Paris—Paris the maternal, the joyous, the colorful; where sorrow was deserted and inspiration gained. They went to the defense of Paris when she was menaced, because there seemed no other way to act toward their Paris. With others the personal equation was even more pronounced; the Americans in the French capital saw their friends of the art galleries, of the studios, of the cafes, of the boulevards, going to the front and they knew that if they stayed with the joys and comforts of home they would have to answer later the question, "Where have you been?" They could not bear the thought of that question being a reproach.

To most of these motives Alan Seeger responded with his whole soul. He loved France for her friendship for his own country; he loved her for herself. He loved Paris, he loved his friends of Paris and France. These were motives of love, not of hate. When he fell in the brilliant charge in the village of Belloy-en-Santerre on July 4, 1916, a hero died, died singing to his comrades, "Accents of ours were in the fierce melee."

He kept the rendezvous, but as he had written his mother some weeks before, "Death is nothing terrible after all. It may be something even more wonderful than life. It cannot possibly mean anything less to the good soldier."

This digression has not left much

WALPOLE'S CONTRIBUTION TO LITERATURE OF CONRAD

Considers Him Novelist First



UGH WALPOLE, whose achievements in "Fortitude," the "Duchess of Wrexhe," "The Prelude to Adventure" and other novels, has added a valuable contribution to the literature which has been growing up around Joseph Conrad, master writer of the sea. Mr. Walpole has made a thorough study of Conrad's writings, from the earliest work, "Almayer's Folly," down to the very last line from the distinguished author's pen. He has summarized his conclusions and studies in an admirable estimate of the place and influence of Conrad.

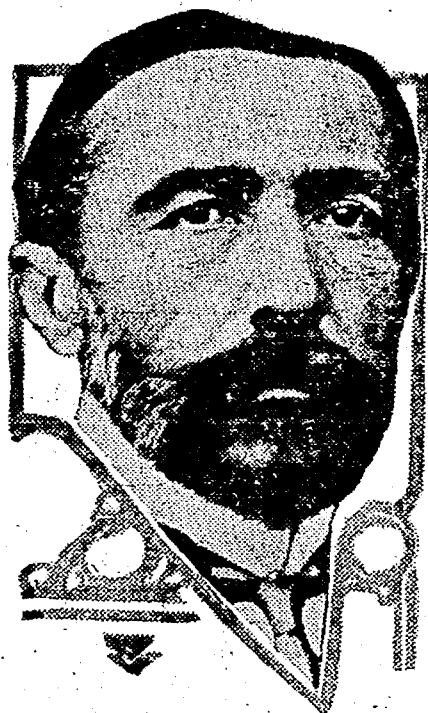
For those who have read Conrad in his several novels and short stories the book will make an especial appeal, for it recalls the merit of those works, throwing the light of authoritative criticism upon those pages which have been at once the charm and despair (one is almost tempted to say) of thousands of Conrad admirers. Mr. Walpole has prefaced his discussion of Conrad as novelist and poet with a brief but necessary background of biography, for while the intimate details of Conrad's life have no place in a critical discussion of his work, one must have an understanding of "the three backgrounds against whose form and color his art has been placed," namely, Poland—his birthplace, the Sea—"the one unlimited monarch of freedom," and the inner security and tradition of an English country-side.

Mr. Walpole has considered Conrad as a novelist, presenting most comprehensive studies of his development and his success. He regards his subject from the three-fold viewpoint of theme, form, and creator of character. "The Mirror of the Sea" forms the best possible introduction to Conrad's work," writes the author, "because it attests more confidently than anything else he has written, his faith and devotion."

Regarding themes, Conrad presents his subjects in almost every case concerned with unequal combats, and throughout his works his philosophy, continually manifest, is that "life is too strong, too clever and too remorseless for the sons of men."

The critic lays stress upon the dominating fact regarding Conrad's characters, that they have "existences and histories entirely independent of their introducer's kind offices."

"It is, finally, a world that Conrad offers," the writer concludes, "not a series of novels in whose pages we find the same two or three figures



JOSEPH CONRAD, about whom Hugh Walpole has written an interesting book.

returning to us—old friends with new faces and new names—but a planet that we know."

Conrad is a poet as well as novelist—a lyrical as well as a philosophical poet, Mr. Walpole declares, and he proceeds to consider that fact from three points of view, style, atmosphere and philosophy. His conclusions and illustrations are convincingly presented. "He is the poet, working through realism, to the poetic vision of life." And while "utterly opposed it is from the philosophy of the one English writer whom, in all other ways, Conrad most obviously resembles Robert Browning." Interesting indeed is Mr. Walpole's development of that statement.

The volume, which is one of the "Writers of the Day" series which is being published by Henry Holt and Company, is a valuable contribution to critical estimates of Joseph Conrad and his work. It opens up new fields of contemplation for those who have been numbered among Conrad devotees. It awakens in one a decided wish for the other volumes of the series, if the Walpole standard is attained in those.—H. P. F.

("Joseph Conrad, a Biography and Critical Estimate of His Works," by Hugh Walpole: New York, Henry Holt and Company, 50c.)

"FIVE-BARRED GATE" TELLS HOW TO BE HAPPY, MARRIED

the five-barred gate is the most difficult for rider and horse to negotiate. It is the obstacle that looms up after the first part of the running has been smooth enough, and it is the one which, once cleared, leaves a prospect of smooth going for the rest of the

space for comment on the poems of Alan Seeger, but I hope it will commend to the reader the delight of reading those poems. No man ever was blessed with a healthier outlook upon the joy of living; no one had a greater contempt for selfishness. As Jean Richepin of the French Academy says, "The poems of Alan Seeger are very beautiful, of the first order."

The first half of the volume is composed of a collection which the poet called "Juvenilia," which was written before the war started. Many of the others are the voice of one who lived in the heart of the battle zone for many, to him, joyous months. Perhaps the finest of the entire collection is "An Ode to the Memory of the American Volunteers Fallen in France," which was to have been read before the statue of Washington and Lafayette in Paris on May 30, 1916, but Seeger could not get leave from the trenches to be present.

An introduction by William Archer gives the story of Seeger with a truly revealing sympathy and understanding.—F. F.

(Poems by Alan Seeger: New York, Charles Scribner's Sons, \$1.25.)

way. There are many wrecks at that gate, many hairbreadth escapes. Some come away slightly or much the worse for the experience and there are some who, not caring to make the try, look at its discouraging immensity, and turn away. It is a pity there must be five-barred gates.

Apply the five-barred gate to married life. Is it true that after a few years there comes a time—a critical time—when husband and wife think they are tired of each other and of the sameness of their existence? They are confronted with an obstacle that must be cleared or theirs will be the wreck. E. Temple Thurston has taken this time in the lives of two men and two wives and of it he has made a story.

All five bars are on the gates of Jim Nairn and his wife and all are there for Mrs. Beavers, the housekeeper, and her husband, below. The manner in which the occupants of widely separated social circles negotiate the gates affords opportunity for amusing and semi-tragic treatment that is genuine humor. There is sparkling wit in the book and real fun—also there is a quiet understanding which amounts to charm. For pleasant exercise I recommend jumping the five bars with those four. It will give you an appetite for more of Thurston.

("The Five-Barred Gate," by E. Temple Thurston: New York, D. Appleton & Company, \$1.40.)

"NEW POETRY"

Amy Lowell Writes of Vers Libre; New Forms of To-day Will Be commonplace Ones, Tomorrow.

We must not forget that the new forms of today will be the commonplace of tomorrow, and that the next generation will doubtless regard our free rhythms as only one of the many forms of prosody, along with blank verse, and sonnets, and quatrains, and all the others. Why there should be so much argument about them is a little puzzling, but let that pass. Let us examine for a moment what these new forms are.

Briefly there are two: "Vers Libre," and "Polyphonic Prose." The definition of vers libre is: a verse-form based upon cadence. Now "cadence" is not "metre." A person reading vers libre with the laws of metrical verse in mind, will find himself very much at sea, in fact utterly confused and at a loss.

To understand vers libre, one must abandon all desire to find in it the even rhythm of metrical feet. One must allow the lines to flow as they will when read aloud by an intelligent reader. Then new rhythms will become evident—satisfying and delightful. For this poetry definitely harks back to the old oral tradition; it is written to be spoken. For we believe that poetry is a spoken, not written art.

The second characteristic modern form and the only one really deserving the epithet "new," is "polyphonic prose."

"Polyphonic prose" is perhaps a misleading title, as it tends to make the layman think that this is a prose form. Nothing could be farther from the truth. The word "prose" in its title simply refers to the manner in which the words are printed; "Polyphonic"—many-voiced—giving the read key. "Polyphonic prose" is the freest, the most elastic of all forms, for it follows at will any, and all, of the rules which guide other forms. Metrical verse has one set of laws, cadenced verse another; "polyphonic prose" can go from one to the other in the same poem with no sense of incongruity. Its only law is the taste and feeling of its author.

With no fixed law except taste, with no tape-measure of feet or cadence to act as guide, a heavy responsibility is laid upon the poet. He has nothing with which to gauge his success but his ear. For this reason, "polyphonic prose" is one of the most difficult forms to write that can well be conceived.

Now, not only may the poet use metre or cadence, he may, nay he must, employ rhyme. But not always, and, for the most part, not regularly. In other words, the rhymes should seldom come at the ends of the cadences, unless such an effect be especially desired.

We see, therefore, that metre, cadence and rhyme are some of the many "voices" employed in "polyphonic prose." Others are assonance, alliteration and return. Return in this form is usually achieved by a recurrence of a dominant thought or image, coming in irregularly and in varying words.

Parodists of "polyphonic prose" invariably fail by too great stress laid on these voices. If they rhyme, they rhyme too constantly and too regularly; if they use metre, they go from it to cadence in a heavy and clumsy manner, so that the chance is obvious and unpleasant. The fact is that charm in "polyphonic prose" is entirely a question of shading. One type of verse fades imperceptibly into another, and so closely should this follow the emotion of the poem that one is conscious of no distinct changes, merely realizing with a flattered and satisfied ear the suitability of the manner to the feeling.

It cannot be too firmly insisted upon, too strongly urged, that poetry is a spoken art. A "polyphonic prose" poem read aloud seldom fails to justify its method to its auditors.—Amy Lowell, in The North American Review.

THE NEWEST BOOKS

As Soon As Published.

SMITH BROS.

13th St., Bet. Broadway and Washington

CLAUDEL

The Spectator wrote in 1710: "I have observed that a Reader seldom peruses a Book with Pleasure until he knows whether the Writer of it be a black or a fair Man, of a mild or choleric Disposition, Married or a Bachelor, with other Particulars of the like Nature that conduce very much to the right understanding of an Author."

Feeling that readers today are equally eager to know of the writers whose works they read, we are disposed to gratify their wishes in the case of some of the authors whose books have recently appeared.

The glory of Paul Claudel has now blazed forth in France, while in Germany before the war his plays were studied by "Claudel societies." Writers who are by no means young have ranked him with the small company of the very great; Eschylus, Dante, Shakespeare, Goethe; yet in England and America he is just beginning to be recognized. It is not difficult to understand why he has not been better known to us. To love Claudel, one must be initiated.

As the New Republic says: "It is the gesture of Paul Claudel that sets him apart from the literary figures of our time. Astute man of affairs, consul in Boston and New York, in Tientsin and Gouchow, in Frankfurt and in Hamburg, where the outbreak of the war found him, authority on the economic situation in China, he comes to tell us once more that life lies in the search for beatitude. . . . He comes to lead us back to the conception of life as a fervid search for the great reality. His own existence is the embodiment of his impulse. With a superb gesture he has brushed aside from his consciousness all that leads away from his high purpose. And, like those Chinese priests who refuse to sing before robbing themselves in their sacerdotal vestments, he shows us once again that art is the handmaiden of God. In that lies his chief glory."—The Spectator in Yale Press.

SHAKESPEARE

In commemoration of the tercentenary of Shakespeare's death, the Yale University Press announces a new edition of Shakespeare's works, to be published under the direction of the English department of Yale University. This edition, to be complete in forty volumes, will be edited under the general supervision of a committee consisting of Dean Wilbur Lucius Cross and Professors Tucker Brooke and Willard Higley Durham.

Important features of this edition, which is being prepared especially for use in colleges and schools, are the following:

1. Text—The text will be substantially that of Craig's Oxford Shakespeare, altered occasionally in the light of a new collation of the quartos and first folio. It will be unexpurgated. The numbering of lines will accord with that of the Oxford edition in order to facilitate reference to such modern works as the glossaries of Orlons, and Skeat and Mayhew. The stage directions of the folio will be retained, those of later editors being added, when necessary, in brackets.

2. Glossary—All rare or obsolete words and all words used by Shakespeare in a sense not now current will be defined in each volume at the foot of the page on which they first occur. A glossarial index in each volume will refer to the pages upon which definitions are to be found.

MEAT "SPEAK-EASIES."

Patriotic devotion is not universal in war-stressed Germany, despite appearances, if we are to believe Herbert Bayard Swope's "Inside the German Empire." "One of the curious things to be met with in Berlin and some of the other large cities are speak-easies where you can get meat on meatless days," says Mr. Swope. "It is almost as bad getting into them as trying to get into a blind tiger to get a drink in Philadelphia on Sunday. Meat is permitted only on five days in Germany and only for one meal on each of these days. The speak-easies will sell you meat with your meals at any time. They are given some fancy name to mislead the police in case of a raid. The names mislead the diners, too, though perhaps that is just as well, because it is to be feared that if the diners knew what they were really eating, they would not eat."

SMOOTH-RUNNING ROMANCE
IS OPPENHEIM'S "HILLMAN"

E. PHILLIPS OPPENHEIM,
whose latest book, "The Hillman,"
is off the press.

PHILIP CURTISS INJURED.

Philip Curtiss, author of the recently published novel, "Between Two Worlds," is now housed as the result of a serious accident. A few days ago he was filling the radiator of his automobile when the alcohol exploded. His face was badly burned, but to the great relief of those who know him, the doctors have declared that he has escaped disfigurement and permanent injury to his eyes.

TAKES FATALISTIC VIEW
OF POLITICAL STRUCTURE

In the midst of "one of those inevitable catastrophes in the history of the human race" has appeared a book which all thoughtful Americans may read and reflect upon. It is "America and the New Epoch," written by Charles P. Steinmetz, mathematician and consulting engineer of the General Electric Company. Mr. Steinmetz comprehensively surveys the politico-industrial conditions that confront us today, both in this country and in the leading nations abroad, and he clearly and dispassionately sets forth our national tendencies and the several goals to one of which we must ultimately arrive. The author disclaims all personal bias in regard to the conclusions presented. In fact, his is a sort of fatalistic attitude toward the modern industrial and political structure of today. He endeavors to show how it is wholly the result of the working out of cause and effect—historically, inevitably brought about. Whether you like it or not, the author declares, this is what has come to pass, and these are the directions in which our social state is tending.

We are shown how in the world's history the individualistic era evolved during the nineteenth century with competition its chief phenomenon, and how today competition is doomed to give place to co-operation as the great industrial force. Consolidation is the economic necessity of the age, and the great corporate enterprises are the logical result. We are shown how Germany has outstripped other nations in this development, how the war has accelerated a similar, though lagging, process in England, how France through its artistic tendencies has undergone a somewhat special evolution, how in our own country our political government has clashed with, and temporarily thwarted, industrial progress. Mr. Steinmetz' analysis of the rise of industrial capitalism and its status today in the United States is illuminating and acute. But the author's criticism is constructive, and he shows how we may preserve our democracy and yet achieve governmental efficiency, with an increased industrial prosperity, through the harmonious working out of the co-operative tendencies of the age. Our political government itself

Author At Best
In Latest Book

E. Phillips Oppenheim is at his best in his latest, "The Hillman." The best of Oppenheim includes an ability, almost uncanny, of plunging his characters into a maelstrom so strong and so intricate that any but he would despair of extricating them. It is an art that necessarily means an accompaniment of every-minute interest. One would as soon lay down the book as he would have a tooth pulled.

The hillman is not native to his open-air home. To the heights he went that he might get away from modern life in a great city. The dust of the metropolis interfered with his vision of life to the extent that he left it all behind and was content to live high in the Cumberlands, a hillman.

It is Oppenheimish to have the call that came to the hillman, a call of the kind he had avoided. Nothing more modern, if there be degrees of modernity, could have ventured to John Strangeway's retreat than Louise Maurel, actress from London.

It is Louise Maurel who takes the hillman from his hills and takes him and the story and the whirlpool of events into the city again. The two meet with adventures most complex and perplexing and in meeting them, the reader meets the Oppenheim who is at his best.

Dramatic value, heart interest, and suspense are words used to describe qualities in the book. Maybe the keen edge of these words has been worn off with frequent usage but they are the right words nevertheless. Lovers of romancing that runs a smooth course will live with the hillman and glory in his story.

("The Hillman," by E. Phillips Oppenheim: Boston, Little Brown & Co., \$1.35.)

BOOK OF A BOY

The over-active imagination of a boy of eight, left too much to his own devices, is the motive power behind Dana Burnet's new novel, "The Shining Adventure," just published by the Harpers. The King, as the hero is called throughout, is the son of a Socialist who has been shot in a strike riot. Miss Philomena Van Zandt, a patrician lady, has adopted him and placed him in a window to be a king—but she forgets to provide him with a kingdom. Miss Van Zandt is interested in the uplift of the poor and is president of the United Charities. The conflict between the King's inborn socialistic instincts and the restrictions placed upon him by his well-meaning foster-mother in her efforts to make a "little gentleman" result in his running away. Nearly every normal of eight imagines himself a king of some sort. This particular King's ambition is to buy Gramercy Park and to make that exclusive, green little oasis a free breathing spot to be enjoyed by the children of the slums. And so, in order to accomplish this purpose, he girds his tin sword at his side, gathers the hoarded pennies of years in a bag, and sets forth.

A vein of satirical humor runs through the tale. There is plump Bishop Trippet who attends the United Charities Conference at Miss Van Zandt's home in Gramercy Park, and who has written a book—"Trippet on Exodus"—addressed especially, to the poor; yet it is to be had only in a de luxe edition at three dollars and a half. Other characters that make the description of the United Charities Conference a delight to lovers of shrewd satire are Doctor Ramie ("a very solemn gentleman who had a notion that humor was not quite moral"), and Miss Estabelle Jones, who wrote poetry imploring the world to leave off dollar-chasing and seek the truth, but who was, herself, quite unhampered in the pursuit of Truth by reason of a half-interest in a gas company which paid 10 per cent dividends.

WHAT AMERICAN WRITERS FEAR

Rupert Hughes, author of "The Thirteenth Commandment," in a conversation a day or two ago, said that he did not find enough sincerity in modern fiction. Too many authors, he believes, are restricted by the thought of the "jeune fille" and the possible shock she might receive from their works. "I do not write for little girls," says Mr. Hughes. "I write for grown persons living in a modern world. I sometimes pity, sometimes scoff, but I let every character have his or her say, and own point of view. It has nothing to do with my personal opinion, which may be entirely different."

TARKINGTON COINS WORD.

Booth Tarkington, author of "Seventeen," is said to be the author as well of a new term—"Nipskillion"—which is being used in the present Prohibition agitation throughout the country. He defines this as "a man who has had all the liquor he ever wants, and, because he doesn't drink any more himself, won't let anybody else have any." Mr. Tarkington does not state whether the town which is the scene of "Seventeen" is Prohibition or not, but he does confess to Willie Baxter's addiction to soda-water.

KENNEDY FINISHES A NEW PLAY

Charles Rann Kennedy, author of "The Servant in the House" and other plays, is now completing a tour of lectures in the middle west. He has just finished his new play, which will probably be published next spring. "The Idol-Breaker," Mr. Kennedy's latest play, as published two years ago.

BROWNIES AGAIN.

Two years and more of war have not put an end to the distinctly pacifist activities of Palmer Cox's Brownies. Of "The Brownies at Home," a thirteenth edition has just been required, and of "The Brownies in the Philippines," a remote colony not yet quite forgotten by the American people, a fourth.

ZANE GREY'S WHEREABOUTS.

Zane Grey, author of "The Border Legion," has left his summer home at Lackawaxen, Pa., and gone to Middletown, N. Y., where he expects to spend the winter. Mr. Grey is now busy reading proofs of his next novel.

SCHWAB WRITES BOOK.

The Century Company announces the early publication of "My Twenty Thousand Partners," by Charles M. Schwab. In this little book the famous steel magnate tells about the inner workings of the Bethlehem corporation and describes the human qualities that make for practical success.

TO BE REPRINTED.

Harper & Brothers announce that they will put to press next week for reprinting the following books: "Between Two Worlds," by Philip Curtiss; "A Voice in the Wilderness," by Grace L. H. Lutz; "The Light of Western Stars," by Zane Grey; "A Noble Life," by Dinah M. Mulock; "Ten Tales," by Francois Coppee, and "A Humble Romance," by Mary E. Wilkins Freeman.



by Laura Orde Bowers



"Monterey Coast," a recent canvas by Bruce Nelson, brilliant in color, and characteristic in its strength of treatment. Mr. Nelson is one of California's most promising young painters, doing much of his work in Santa Clara Valley.

Oakland Art Gallery open from 1 p. m. to 5 p. m. daily.
Opening Day of the Annual Exhibition of the San Francisco Art Association transferred from the Palace of Fine Arts.

Due to the happy co-operation of Art Director J. Nilsen Laurvik of the San Francisco Art Association, Worth Ryder, the curator of the Oakland Art Gallery, and the exhibiting artists, it has been made possible that practically the entire exhibition, with the exception of some Southern California canvases, has come to the little Gallery by the Lake.

While it is true that some of our best known painters and sculptors are not represented in the Annual Show, it is also true that many promising young painters are presenting their claims for recognition. Were there no recruits, art would cease to develop—a law holding good in art as in nature.

In the exhibition are something like 150 canvases, selected by a jury whose artistic standards are unquestioned—Ralph Stackpole, Armin Hansen, Lee Randolph, G. F. P. Piazioni and Frank Van Sloun.

There is the sincere intellectual, though sometimes brutal work of Henry Varnum Poor, formerly an instructor in Stanford University, and now a member of the teaching staff of the San Francisco School of Design.

Then there is the work of Rinaldo Cuneo—"The Creeping Shadows," for example, an objective canvas, it is true; but the young painter has read something personal into it, something of the emotion that obsessed him when he watched the lingering shadows of a dying day stretch away to the wooded hills, enveloping the lovely little valley of San Anselmo in a gray shadow. Incidentally, the artist's snug little studio feels the first touch of the "creeping shadows."

Here is one of California's coming men, a gentle expositor of her varying moods.

Among the other paintings and drawings are those of Charlton Fortune, Maynard Dixon, Betty de Jong, Clarence K. Hinkle, Clark Hobart, Bruce Nelson, Eugen Neuhaus, Ray Boynton, Isabelle Percy West, Gotlardo Piazioni, Joseph Raphael—incidentally, the winner of the purchase prize of \$500—Florence Williams, Sievert E. Weinberg, Myrtle Young, Matthew Farnes, Adolph Berson, Cora Boone, William V. Cahill, Constance J. Mackey, Spencer E. Mackey, Almira Judson, Phillips F. Lewis, Isabel Hunter, Elmer Hader, August Francois Gay, William A. Gaw, Lucy Pierce, and many more.

With some of the names we are more or less familiar. We have grown to associate them with certain phases of artistic feeling and a personal method of expression. Sometimes a man breaks away, as has Clark Hobart, into an absolutely new field, amazing his friends by his revelation of seemingly new personalities. But the incidents are as rare as they are interesting. Hence the interest of the new.

Children's Room In Arts Palace

In accord with the policy of the art museums of the East, Mr. Laurvik is preparing a "Children's Room" in the Palace of Fine Arts. Here a regular monthly exposition of the art work of the school children from San Francisco and vicinity will be offered, where the progress of their work may be noted.

European cities have been following the plan for generations, developing their children along esthetic lines. And thus it is that the world's great

designers have been developed.

Awake to the demand for commercial designers since the war, New York is stimulating her school children toward art study, with new courses open in the academies along practical commercial lines, answering the urgent call of the needs of manufacturers.

That is the practical side of the early development of art impulses.

Then there is the larger and richer side—the awakening in children of the beauty of the physical aspects of nature. With intelligent stimulation through the school period, life for them is enriched a thousand-fold.

Thus is the new movement in line with the advanced thought of the country.

Interesting Antiques

In the galleries of the Palace of Fine Arts adjoining the Phoebe Hearst loan collection are many recently installed antiques. Among them are the early eighteenth century Spanish shrine and vestment cabinet from the private chapel of President Barrios of Guatemala, lent by Mr. Falvy; the Gothic style Spanish desk, lent by Mrs. Hearst; whose early seventeenth century Spanish desk and cabinet, with its elaborately decorated and hand-carved gold inlays, are shown in the same gallery; the nineteenth century Korean chest of Mr. Falvy; the German dower chest, lent by Mrs. Hearst; the unique early eighteenth century Spanish-Mexican box with its strange archaic designs in beautiful yellow, blue and green enamels on a red background, lent by Mr. Falvy; the eighteenth century Imperial black lacquer Chinese chest from the Palace in Peking, bearing in mother of pearl the Imperial phoenix, lent by

Mr. Boissiere; the interesting early seventeenth century Spanish wooden chest, lent by Edgar Walter; the fine eighteenth century Japanese screen, lent by Mr. Falvy, whose twelve paneled eighteenth century Chinese screen of the Keen Lung period is one of the choicest and most interesting exhibits in the collection; the two old Japanese door panels, with their lotus flower decorations, lent by Mrs. Hearst; the eighteenth century Venetian church lanterns, lent by Mrs. Hearst; and the Spanish mirror, reproducing the Hapsburg eagles, lent by William McCann, whose two antique chests are among the best pieces in the collection.

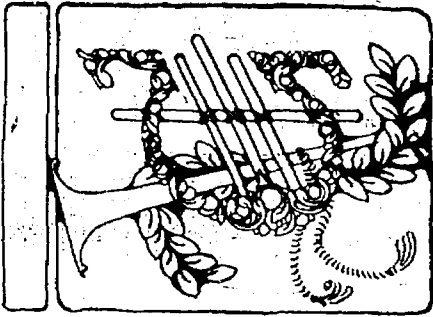
Isabel Hunter's Drawings

An Alameda woman has contributed the finest group of drawings, four of them, in the exhibition. They are unobtrusive, lost in the glorious mass of color around them, but little by little they are coming into their own.

In Isabel Hunter's drawings there is a sense of quality that is present in all good art, a subtle attribute that is not easy to define, but which distinguishes at once the artist from the journeyman.

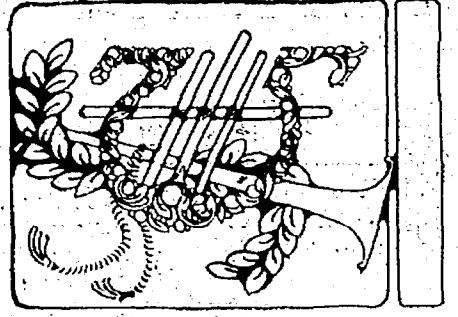
In "Monterey," there is a charm that stimulates the imagination. In it is given only the quintessence of the scene that interested the artist—a synthetic arrangement that develops the artist's viewpoint.

The pastels are less interesting than the drawings, although they hold the added charm of color. The drawings possess a refinement that is not so conspicuous in the pastels, although that decision is merely a question of taste. And who shall say that taste is absolute?



MUSIC

By C. B. Brown



AN opera of an entirely new type has been composed by Gustav von Holst, an English composer, and produced by the London School of Opera. The work is a miniature with a Hindu atmosphere, entitled "Savitri," and calling for the services of three principals and a small chorus. In some respects it is a revival of the old opera de camera, but there are features that give it distinction.

The composition is scored for two string quartets, a double bass, two flutes and an English horn. The chorus is always off stage and consists of a small choir of women's voices. The libretto is simple and pessimistic with the uncomplaining hopelessness of the East. The story runs somewhat like this:

Savitri hears the voice of Death, who approaches to claim her husband, Satyavan. Her distress at the impending tragedy is not yet over when her husband returns from work and observes her agitation. She explains the cause of grief, and he replies that she has heard the voice of Maya (illusion). Even as he speaks, Satyavan falls insensible at the approach of Death. Savitri endeavors to shield her husband from the grisly visitor, and Death offers her a boon provided that she ask nothing for her husband.

Savitri asks for life in its fullness. Death grants her request. She then shows her woman's wit by explaining that life will not be full to her without Satyavan. Death yields to this argument and Satyavan revives, relating that he has had a dream of Maya. Savitri tells him that a Holy One has visited and blessed her. Satyavan realizes that Savitri's love is the only reality in life, and she replies that her life is made real only by him. Husband and wife leave the scene. Death sings: "Even death is Maya," and the curtain falls as Savitri is heard singing of consolation.

Hertz to Give Concerts Here

The first concert of a series of three will be given by the San Francisco Symphony Orchestra, under Alfred Hertz, in the Auditorium opera house on Thursday evening, January 25, under the management of the Music Section of the Oakland Teachers' Association. The following program will be given:

Symphony No. 6 in B minor ("Pathétique") Tchaikovsky
Adagio—Allegro non troppo.
Allegro con grazia.
Allegro molto vivace.
Adagio lamentoso.

Overture, "The Bartered Bride" Smetana
Concerto for violin in G minor Bruch
Louis Persinger.

Rhapsodie Roumaine Enesco
The second and third concerts will be given on the evenings of February 23 and March 22. Season and single tickets are on sale at Sherman, Clay & Co.'s.

Thorley To Be Heard in Recital

Walter Handel Thorley, the distinguished organist, will give his eighth organ recital of the season next Tuesday evening in Trinity Episcopal church with the following program: Sonata No. 4 in B flat Mendelssohn
Valse triste "Kismet" W. H. Thorley (First time).
Allegro cantabile and Toccata from Fifth Symphony C. M. Widor
Overture, "Cagliostro" Beethoven
Idyll, "Sweet Seventeen" W. H. Thorley
Improvisation on theme by audience.
March from "Polyeucte" Gounod

Mr. Thorley's symphonic poem, "Macbeth," is to be given next month at a concert of the San Francisco symphony, under the baton of the composer.

Eighteen geese that followed Geraldine Farrar about the stage in "Königskinder" were sacrificed to provide Christmas dinners for the attaches of the Auditorium Theater in Chicago.

GEORGE
McMANUS,
pianist,
who is
appearing with
Redfern Mason
in a series of
six lecture-
recitals in
Berkeley.



With the announcement that the San Francisco Symphony Orchestra, under Alfred Hertz, is coming to Oakland for a series of three evening concerts, great interest is being manifested in the undertaking by those who are desirous of enhancing the musical life of the city. One of the results of this interest is the series of six lecture-recitals which was com-

menced this week in the studio of the Berkeley Piano Club and will continue during the remainder of the season.

Redfern Mason, the well known critic, is the lecturer and George McManus, the artistic young pianist of Berkeley, illustrates the remarks with excerpts from the compositions discussed. The programs of the San Francisco Symphony form the basis for the lectures.

Songs Our Mother Used to Sing?

Popular songs receive satirical treatment at the hands of Morris Miller, writing in the Detroit Journal. He concocts the following pathetic ballad with the title, "The Songs My Mother Knew," suggesting that it may be appropriately sung by the young people of the next generation:

In a far and dusty corner of the garret
An old victrola idly stands.
It makes me mad to see it over there,
It was once wound up by young and loving hands.

Upon those records now the cobwebs cluster,
How tenderly I dust them all away;
With tear-dimmed eyes I toss aside the duster,
And play the songs that mother used to play:

"In My Harem," "Oh, My Love, Pull Down the Curtain,"
"You Made Me Love You," "Down in Bombay Bay,"

"She's a Doggone Dangerous Girl," each dear old fish-hook curl,
On her gentle face I see as yesterday (yes-ter-day):

"You Made Me What I Am Today," "Oh, Sadie,
"Don't Do That," how once the fond hearts glowed!

Those olden songs one misses now, "Oh, Sprinkle Me With Kisses,"
The dear old songs of old my mother knewed.

Java is not usually listed among the musical centers of the world, but Katherine Goodson, the English pianist, is going to give twenty-eight recitals in that country on a seven weeks' tour.

Sergei Rachmaninov is engaged upon the composition of a new music drama with a subject taken from the Middle Ages.

A new symphony by John Alden Carpenter is among the features announced for the next Norfolk Festival.

Dancing Vogue Reaches Nippon

The vogue of exhibition dancing to intellectual music has reached even the denizens of Nippon. Michio Ito, a Japanese artist in motion, has been fascinating spectators in New York with grotesque gyrations illustrative of the No legends of his native land. Strange to say, these dances were not given to the rhythm of Japanese folk-tunes, but to the Occidental melodies of Tchaikovsky, Rachmaninov, Glazounov, Chopin, Debussy and others. While he was in London, Ito danced to settings of Japanese songs arranged by Sir Thomas Beecham. But for some reason, he discarded them here. As a consequence, there was a discrepancy between the atmosphere of the music and such pictorial posings such as the Fox who was so happy that he danced himself to death, the Spirit of Wine and the Hangia, or hideous female demon.

Chicago Has Concert of Own

Thursday evening of this week Chicago will have a concert all its own. The sixty members of the Chicago Symphony Orchestra will be the performers, Eric de Lamarter, former musical critic on the Chicago Tribune, will be the conductor, and the compositions will be by Leo Sowerby, a Chicago musician, 21 years old. The following program will be presented:

Overture, "Comes Autumn Time" (new).
Tone poem, "The Sorrows of Mydath."
Concerto for violoncello (new).
Ballad on song themes by Sowerby.
Homage to England's Country Folk.
Concerto for piano.

Standard for Names Needed

Is it not about time that a uniform standard of spelling was adopted for the transliteration of Russian proper names? The present confusion is deplorable. A mixture of phonetic spellings of our own and borrowings from French and German phonetic renderings has resulted in weird combinations that are without rule or reason. There are half a dozen possible ways, for instance, in which one can spell "Tschalkovski," and yet have it recognizable.

From the French we have borrowed "Scriabine," in which the final letter is superfluous for a Russian. Yet we write "Borodin" in which the sound of the last syllable is identical. Furthermore, the French "Scriabine" is not as accurate phonetically as the German form, "Serjabin," which is practically correct.

A favorite point of divergence is in the Russian letter which the Germans replace with a "y," the French with a "v" and the English with "ff." We may have, and in fact do have, all three in use in English—Rachmaninoff, Rachmaninow and Rachmaninov. For English pronunciation the last is correct, for the letter in question is the soft Russian "b" which turns Barbara into Varyara. In the pronunciation of Russian it is as hard to distinguish between the sound of this "b" and a "v" as it is in Spanish.

Then again, if we are to transliterate, why not do it exactly and uniformly as closely as the divergences of the two languages will permit. Why write "Peter" when the Russian says "Piotr"? Why write "Leo" when the Russian form is "Lyey"?

These points should be discussed by a commission and settled for the greater peace of mind of the puzzled laymen.

The Civic Music Association of Chicago has inaugurated a series of Sunday orchestra concerts at the popular admission price of 10 cents.

Isador Berger, violinist and futurist composer, is planning an opera based upon Pueblo Indian folk music themes with a historical setting of 1680.

Alexander Glazounov is said to be at work upon sketches for his ninth symphony.

Robert Parker, American baritone, is singing with Sir Thomas Beecham's famous opera company in London.

Paul Paray, a young French composer and a recent winner of the Prix de Rome, is a prisoner-of-war in Germany.

One of the sixty-odd symphonies of Franz Xaver Richter, a Moravian composer of the eighteenth century, was recently played in New York at a concert of the Society of the Friends of Music.

Jan Kubelik has composed a violin concerto which will have its first public hearing this month either in Vienna or Leipzig.

Jean Gerardy, Belgian cellist, has gone to the front as a unit in the army of his native land.

John Powell, the Virginian pianist-composer, is to give his Sonata Teutonica its first public hearing in New York on January 26—just that one composition on the program.

Maria Barrientos missed steamer connections because of snowdrifts in Spain and will not be able to fill her January concert engagements in the United States.

Claudio Arrau, a Chilean pianist of 18, is being accorded serious attention in Berlin as a coming wizard of the keyboard.

Ralph Erole of Oakland scored a triumph recently with the Chicago Opera Company as Cavaradossi in "Tosca."

BEFORE THE DAYS OF MOTHER LOVE; STUDYING MEN THROUGH THE ANIMALS

How a University of California Student Learned of Ways of Human Beings and Traced Beginnings of Many of Our Traits by Watching the Beasts and the Insects

Prof. Holmes, a Berkeley Man, Answers Old Question of Hen and Egg.

ANSWERS OLD QUESTIONS.

come into the world?

come into the world?

Why do mother birds go to the trouble of brooding over their eggs?

If the eggs don't hatch unless they are kept warm, where did the first bird come from?

Here are some questions answered by a Berkeley man who has gone to the animals for the solution of questions which have long puzzled science.

How did mother-love, self-sacrifice and intelligence come into the world? To help solve such puzzles, the scientists are turning to man's cousins, the animals. Some of the curious and illuminating results are set forth by Dr. S. J. Holmes of Berkeley, associate professor of zoology in the University of California, in his book, just published, "Studies in Animal Behavior."

Why do mother-birds go to the trouble of brooding over their eggs, and if eggs don't hatch unless they are kept warm, where did the first bird come from? This is an old-time puzzle. Professor Holmes' answer is that the first bird was not a bird but a reptile. This ancestral reptile came up out of the sea to live on the land. Those which acquired the habit of guarding their eggs had more descendants than those which did not. As the cold-blooded reptiles in time changed into warm-blooded creatures, the habit of lying near or over the eggs while guarding them helped along the process of hatching, until finally warm-blooded birds developed which must brood over their eggs if their own kind was to continue.

The development of parental care was a long, slow process. The lowest creatures multiply by just splitting in two—but even in that there is a beginning of altruism and egoism. Among the lower invertebrates, the young are left to shift for themselves from the first. There is an interesting crustacean, Amphithoe, which carries her eggs, and her young for a few days after they hatch out, in a brood-pouch under her body. When agile enough, the young creep out and swim away, and this mother manifests her fondness for her children only by devouring them if she has a chance.

FIRST SIGNS OF PARENTAL CARE.

But family life is impossible on a basis of purely egoistic behavior, and all altruism grows out from the beginnings of parental care. The first manifestation of parental care is the instincts for finding proper surroundings for the eggs—instinct found in creatures which will never see their young and could not recognize their own offspring. The botfly lays its eggs in the hair of the living horse or cow. Among certain solitary wasps, the mother wasp digs a hole, catches a particular species of insect or spider, and deposits an egg in the body of the victim, thereby paralyzing it so that it cannot crawl away but must remain entombed alive where the wasp has buried it. So, when the wasp's egg hatches, her offspring will have living, undecayed fresh meat on which to feed.

The female scorpion displays interest in her young, for she tears away the egg membranes to help the young escape, and then the tiny scorpions mount on their mother's back. She then remains for several days in her nest.

The male obstetrical toad of Europe carries the eggs of his mate

coiled in strings about his hind legs until the young are ready to hatch. The running spider, *Lycosa*, carries her cocoon about with her, and when the spiderlings hatch out they cling in a squirmy mass to her body.

SNAKES MAKE CARELESS PARENTS.

The alligators guard the spot in the sand where they have buried their eggs. The pythons coil about their eggs and help them to incubate. It is seldom, however, that snakes show any such solicitude for their eggs, and active care for their young is practically absent among reptiles.

The father is the defender of the family among the dogfish and the sticklebacks. The male fish builds the nest, remains in it or near it to drive intruders away, and for several weeks after the eggs hatch out, swims about with the young fish valiantly defending these small fry.

Most insects are indifferent to their young, but certain of the solitary ants and solitary bees leave an ample provision of food with their eggs so that the young may be fed. It is a natural development from this beginning to the habit of continuing to bring food and of caring for the young larvae. Societies grow out from the family. The typical insect community is an enormous family with but a single mother.

The higher the scale of life, the fewer the offspring and the greater and longer the care the young receive. So develop sympathy, affection and the emotions of family life.

The lower birds build only crude nests and hatch many young, which are active early in life, but a large proportion of the young die. Among the higher song-birds, however, few eggs are laid, but these are in a well-prepared nest. The young are helpless, and so are fed, kept clean, carefully guarded and educated.

TAKES A MONKEY TO BE TENDER.

Our monkey cousins show a tenderness little short of human, driving away the flies from the monkey baby, washing a young one's face in a stream, monkey mothers dying of grief over the loss of their young and other monkeys promptly adopting orphans.

With the doctrine of evolution universally accepted by scientific men, a particularly active endeavor nowadays is to trace the process of evolution of particular instincts and of particular mental faculties. There has been great interest, for this reason, in the study of "tropisms"—the search for mechanical and chemical explanations of instinctive actions. Jacques Loeb, formerly professor of physiology in the University of California and now of the Rockefeller Foundation for Medical Research, has done pioneer work in explaining various actions of living creatures as due to reflex irritability. The moth flies round and round the candle flame because it cannot do anything else, the light so affecting the creature's tissues as to necessitate this concentric flight. Professor Holmes has pointed out how the sand-hopper must hop toward the light, even though the consequent heat causes its death.

INTELLIGENCE AT ITS DAWNING.

Explanations of the tropisms of the lower creatures is made more difficult by the fact that behavior may be extremely varied even without the slightest evidence of intelligence. If a foreign body is placed on the disk of the sea anemone, the tentacles near the object collapse and the area between them extends, and a relatively smooth surface is presented, so that the waves can readily wash the object away. If the foreign body remains, the region under it begins to swell. If this fails, then the edge of the disk begins to sink, so that a smooth sloping surface is formed from which the object can readily slip. Thus the organism can react in many different ways to the same stimulus, what particular action

is involved depending upon previous stimulation. Yet a sea anemone cannot learn by experience.

Many lower creatures, however, show the beginnings of intelligence in that they can learn by experience. Out of purely instinctive behavior has grown a power of associative memory—though there is little ground for believing, thinks Professor Holmes, that animals have general ideas or the power of deliberate reasoning. They do have, however, ideas of a simple sort and a certain power of inference. A crayfish can be taught. One crayfish was put in a box divided by a partition. If it went to the right, it was stopped eventually by a glass plate. If it went to the left, it found an open passage to tank of water. In the first ten trials the crayfish took the wrong road as often as the correct one. In the next ten trials, the percentage of correct choice increased. Finally, the crayfish came to know the correct path to the open tank, so that it rarely made a mistake. Similar experiments have shown that crabs, fishes and frogs can slowly learn.

CURIOUS WAYS OF "PLAYING POSSUM."

The curious ways in which certain creatures feign death has aroused much interest. There is a caterpillar of one of the geometrid moths which clings by one end to a twig in such a way that it looks exactly like a fork of the twig. Many insects on being touched will feign death. Certain crayfishes, frogs, lizards, snakes, birds and mammals by manipulation may be put into a sort of hypnotic state. In large part these feignings of death are not an intelligent intention, but automatic, and the result of a contact-shock. The young terns have a strong instinct for feigning death. For a short time after being hatched, they betray no fear of man. By the time they have acquired a second coat of feathers, they will hide in the grass when a man approaches, lying there perfectly quiet. One may pull them about, stretch out their legs, necks or wings and they will remain as limp and motionless as if really dead. They will even suffer wing or tail feathers to be plucked out one by one without wincing. But suddenly the bird begins to scream and kick and struggle to escape, and never, apparently, will this bird feign death a second time. "Playing possum" is proverbial, and foxes will pretend to be dead and open their eyes surreptitiously to see if it is safe to scamper off. In the birds and the mammals such feigning of death involves a more or less deliberate intention to profit by deception, though it is probably not a result of conscious reflection, but based on instinct.

After describing his experiences in educating a monkey, "Lizzie," Professor Holmes declares that the answer to the question whether Lizzie could reason would depend on how reason is to be defined. He thinks her behavior evinced a closer approach to rational type than does the mere process of simple perception. However, he warns against overestimating the value of the power to reason. If a fox had greater power of inferential thinking but less alertness, curiosity, suspicion and quickness of perception, he might fall a victim to the hunter while his mind was employed on some other subject than his own protection.

MAN IS WHOLE COLONY.

That man himself is in a sense a whole colony of living creatures is pointed out by Professor Holmes. Every cell of the millions which constitute a human body is in a sense a little organism carrying on the business of its life with a certain degree of independence, each cell having its own peculiar type of behavior. Study of the behavior of the individual cell is helping toward understanding of the vastly complex creatures built up out of the assemblage of cells. A striking example of cell-behavior is furnished by the white blood corpuscles, which live a primarily altruistic

Why Do Mother Birds Go to the Trouble of Brooding Over Eggs?

life, going about in the blood, destroying bacteria and harmful substances. Even when their indiscriminate appetite is harmful to themselves, they are unmindful of their individual welfare, and destined for sacrifice after a life of service.

Something akin to social co-operation is illustrated by the fact that if living sponges or hydroids are cut into minute pieces and pressed through bolting cloth so as to reduce them to masses of isolated cells, these cells will begin to come together and from aggregations which subsequently will differentiate into the form of the species from which the fragments were taken. That is, they gather together into an organism in which each does its part, to the mutual advantage of all.

The profoundly important role of sex in evolution is pointed out by Professor Holmes. It is because of the needs of sex that the drone bee has larger eyes than the female, and the male mosquito a better hearing apparatus than the female. In cases of degeneration and parasitism, the female usually degenerates far more than the male. Thus in the scale bugs the females lose their wings, while the males remain active and graceful winged insects, because of the race necessity that they should find the female.

The processes of wooing and mating have been responsible for the sharpening of the senses, the development of strength and acuteness and the evolution of the higher qualities of mind. The vocal apparatus, for instance, has as its primal purpose the sex call. Later came the development of the voice as a means of protecting and fostering the young, and then the development of speech for social communication—and from that the whole development in intelligent human society.

Art Sections and Interest

Now that the most important exhibition of the year is on at the Oakland Art Gallery, will the art sections of the clubs in the vicinity manifest an interest in it?

Will they visit it, and bring their children, and their husbands, and their friends?

And speaking of husbands, these proasale and predatory creatures have been, since the exposition, consistent followers of the exhibitions and of the art lectures given at the Fine Arts Palace. That art interest is the sole possession of women has been forever refuted, but the fact remains, women being the leisure class, have more time in which to indulge it. Therefore, history has proven that if husbands are but led to art they will do the rest for themselves.

Will the art sections of the clubs hereabouts test the experiment?

Will the body of the clubs hereabouts lend the encouragement of their support to the enterprise of the Oakland Art Association, and the effort of Curator Ryder to make of the Gallery by the Lake a vital force in the community life of this side of the bay?

Mrs. Rose V. Berry, art chairman of the California Federation of Women's Clubs, has a charming story to tell—the northern district has purchased two pictures within the fortnight, one a pastel of Isabelle Percy West's.

Here is a physical manifestation of interest in art. A complete absorption of the art history of the world is not so eloquent. Now we know that the women of the northern district are nourishing their aesthetic impulses at a living fountain.

"It is better to enjoy art than to know it." But these women of the country north of us are doing both.

From The California Weeklies

The Architect, The Cook and The Cooler

Mr. and Mrs. Haig Patigan gave a jolly New Year's Eve party in their beautiful home at Francisco and Hyde streets. Among those present was Clarence Ward, who occupies an unique position in our community because he's the only architect about whom Willis Polk never says unkind things. But that's beside the point; the important thing is that Clarence Ward designed the Francisco street home for his sculptor friend and is exceedingly proud of it. In the course of the New Year's Eve festivities Ward took Doctor Ed Short aside.

"Doc," said Ward, "I want you to come out to the kitchen and see something."

"I don't want to go out to the kitchen," answered Short. "I'm happy here."

"But I want to show you the most remarkable thing in the house," said Ward. "Well, lead the way to the kitchen," said Short.

In the kitchen Ward brushed past the cook and led his victim to the pantry.

"Did you bring me here to show me the ice box?" demanded Short.

"Not an ice box but a cooler," replied Ward. "And it's not only the remarkable thing in Haig's house but it's the greatest cooler in San Francisco."

Whereupon the architect launched into a technical exposition of that cooler, its scheme of ventilation, etc.

Doctor Short listened perfunctorily, but not so the cook. She drank in every word. When Ward finished she could not contain herself.

"If that cooler," she exclaimed, "is the most remarkable thing in the house, then this ain't much of a house. Whoever built that cooler built it so it would take in all the dust, dirt, ants, insects and everything else that shouldn't get into a kitchen. In the summer time there's everything in that cooler except coolness, and so I don't use it in the summer. And in winter time I don't need it."

Whereupon Doctor Short burst from the kitchen with a glad shout to spread the joyous tidings among the guests, and Clarence Ward followed slowly, in deep thought.—Town Talk.

Christmas Gifts Barter and Booty

The most amusing story which I have heard of the Yuletide exchange of gifts concerns two young matrons in the Burlingame set, who shall be nameless but not unrecognized by the discerning readers of this column. The wife of a well known physician is the left bower of Santa Claus, and the wife of an automobile man is the right bower of Santa. Say, rather, these would be their titles if euche had not gone out of fashion, and if grown-ups believed in the fairy tale divinity of the spirit of Santa Claus. Under the circumstances of the modern exchange of barter and booty, it might more truthfully be said that the two young matrons were the handmaidens of jesting Fate.

For by the law which occasionally governs coincidence, there came to pass one of those perfect examples of the law of chance. One might go on indefinitely spinning the tale to cobwebby lines until the web is all ready for the nub of the story, but why not give the gist of it in a few strokes? Wherefore, be it known to all (as it is already to their intimates) that Mrs. R— presented Mrs. L— with a gift which Mrs. L— had bestowed on her the year before.

Which sometimes happens in the best of regulated friendships. But the lovely peroration of this coincidence is that Mrs. L— presented Mrs. R— with the gift which Mrs. R— had bestowed on her the year before.—News Letter.

Spugs seem to have disappeared, but the Spurs are still on the job. The Spurs are the New Year's contingent who take out membership once a year in a Society for the Propagation of Useless Resolutions.—Town Talk.

A typewriter that produces ordinary manuscript and that written in Braille embossed characters at the same time, has been invented by a Frenchman who was blind for a time.

Jynx Pursues Caesar; Newest Place in Ashes

Poor Caesar Ronchi can't throw off the jynx. Bad luck has trailed the well known cafe man for the past four years. In first one thing and then another he has met misfortune. From it all he has emerged each time with his characteristic smile, but still the jynx pursues him.

Caesar's last stroke of bad luck came last week. His hotel at Tocoloma, in Marin county, was burned to the ground. The rendezvous of San Francisco epicures is no more.

Five years ago Caesar's cafe on the outskirts of the Barbary Coast was the Mecca for all Bohemia. It was one of the first cafes where dancing between courses grew to a fad. Caesar became popular and rich, too.

At the height of his success the jynx appeared in his place. Police detectives were being involved with a ring of Italian bunkmen and Caesar's cafe was mentioned as a probable rendezvous for detectives and confidence men.

Caesar, himself, never was involved, but they summoned him before the grand jury and he spent many unpleasant hours waiting to be called and wondering what he was to be asked.

Not long after that the Police Commissioners issued their orders forbidding the sale of liquor in cafes about the Barbary Coast. Caesar's place became dry and he was forced to give up.—The Wasp.

Only A Baby; Nothing More

Baby stock is as high as that of the "war babies." The demand for babies for adoption cannot be met. Occasionally an unattractive atom of humanity is left stranded, his natural qualifications and outlook for the future being at so low a margin that even a hungry heart cannot appraise him as an asset.

Just such a little mite was one of the stock recently of the local Charity Organization. He was nine or ten months old, of foreign birth, unattractive in appearance and personality and in poor health. Those in charge were not hopeful of a speedy adoption for the child.

But there was a call from a mother in Stanislaus county. No terms were stated. A baby was desired. No further stipulations were made. Further negotiations with Stanislaus revealed the fact that a child dark or fair of any nationality under the sun would be acceptable in the home. The mother had already applied to a number of different organizations and knew the market was not overstocked.

But the woman had not seen the child. Without hesitation she said, "I'll take that baby. I wouldn't ask for a better one." The home was investigated by the organization and found to be a desirable one for the little wail.

That was about two months ago. Fortnight letters reporting on the baby arrive at headquarters regularly. This is one of the requirements preceding adoption. The letter this week reported the baby twenty-two and one-half pounds in weight, a most beautiful child, and the only thing in the world that makes life worth living to the mother.—Courier.

New Year Frolic Was Gayest of All

From all accounts we had the liveliest New Year's celebration in the history of the city and the frolic was kept up longer than ever before. Also, according to Chief of Police White, it was the most orderly of celebrations. Only one fatal mix-up occurred, and the fatality was in the nature of an accident. It was a case of manslaughter, not of murder. Even in the least respectable sections of the city men behaved themselves pretty well, and the women, too. But they danced. They danced till the sun was pretty high. When the revelers were leaving the Cliff House Monday morning the Olympians on their annual run to the beach were emerging from the park panhandle. All the cafes were thronged long after dawn, and more champagne was sold than ever before in the history of New Year's celebrations, but the money spent was not all from San Francisco pockets. The fact is we entertained a great many visitors in the old town. There were several excursions from dry territory up the coast. Seattle and Portland contributed between five hundred and one thousand people to the celebration. People came all the way from Montana; and Los Angeles must have been more chemically pure than ever, for it was purged of some of its leading citizens who came hither to get rid of dull care.—Town Talk.

Modern Santa Has Great Fall

Paul Gerson, who makes a business of teaching dramatics to ambitious young thespians, has proved his versatility in a new line.

While heretofore he has essayed only serious roles in drama, he has played successfully and to his complete satisfaction a new part—that of Santa Claus a la mode.

He did it not without considerable difficulty, however, and his final success made the achievement all the more pleasing.

If all happened at the children's Christmas festival at the Golden Gate Park playgrounds. D. Wooster Taylor, the superintendent, who arranged the affair, selected Gerson for the role of Kris Kringle. Gerson graciously accepted and then the job of rigging up stage effects began.

It was agreed that Santa should slide down an improvised chimney with the customary pack on his back, but how to do this was very much of a problem.

At length it was decided to place one of the children's slides from the playground within the huge chimney and allow Santa to descend into the chimney and then come racing down the slide.

It all worked well in theory but Gerson, in Santa Claus garb, found that coming down a slide was not all that it was cracked up to be. When he finally set himself down on the slide, after being cheered by the kiddies, he had trouble starting.

First his clothes caught on the slide and then his pack. When finally he freed himself and started down, he slid with such speed that he nearly fell over reaching the bottom. But, undismayed, he emerged from the improvised grate at the foot of the chimney and was cheered to the echo by the children.—The Wasp.

The Virginian Comes to Town

"A cordial welcome is being extended to Mr. and Mrs. Dean Duke, who have arrived in town from their ranch at Modoc. They are guests for a few days at the Bellevue Hotel."—Social news.

Several westerners have been named for the honor of being the original of Owen Wister's "The Virginian." Among these is Dean Duke. Perhaps Dean Duke's right to the distinction is clearer than that of the others. Dean Duke used to be manager of the Miller & Lux cattle ranches in California. He is an experienced cattleman, and today owns a great ranch of his own. When "The Virginian" was written and for a long time afterwards Dean Duke was a bachelor. In the Bohemian and Olympic clubs many of his friends regarded him as a confirmed bachelor. But about two years ago Dean Duke fell in love with Miss Reta Bradley and they were married at the bride's home in Reno. Mrs. Dean Duke is a graduate of Miss Head's school in Berkeley and is well known in society across the bay.—Town Talk.

Missouri farmer has a two-legged pig. San Francisco street cars are full of that kind.—News Letter.

Caste in School, With a Case In Point

Good citizenship ought not to palliate crime nor tolerate the sentimental excuses so often advanced in defense of the criminal. None the less there is something to be said for the eighteen-year-old girl who has been dismissed from the College of the Pacific for a series of thefts extending over several months. The girl was an orphan who had energy enough to work hard and steadily in order to earn money to pay for her education. She found employment as a maid during her vacations, and in other ways she gained the necessary money to pay her school fees. And yet she stole.

There is no reason to doubt her own explanation. Other girls, she said, had friends and relatives who sent them valuable dresses. She had none. She wanted the other girls to believe that she, too, had a family able to pay for her education and to equip her for college life and so she stole gowns and cloaks from a woman who employed her. Then she told her comrades that they had been sent to her by a rich aunt in Montana. She seems to have coveted the family more than the clothing.

There is, of course, no excuse for stealing, even if one is only eighteen and an orphan. But it would be interesting to know the extent to which this girl was impelled to do wrong by the caste spirit among her associates, a spirit to which girls are far more prone than boys. For the incident is by no means an isolated one. Educationists have complained often of a horrid rivalry of rank and money among the girls in their charge, a rivalry in which their parents actively participate and which they deliberately foster by extravagant dresses and vulgar jewelry. Even little children are not exempt from this disgusting competition, and probably the adult male mind can hardly conceive of the anguish that can be evoked by a ring or a ribbon. The protests of the teachers can do very little except injury to themselves without the support of public opinion, and public opinion is apathetic. But when "society life" among schoolgirls incites to crime it seems to approach the dimensions of a public problem.

Extravagance in the school is, of course, a part of the extravagance with which our whole system is saturated. Education itself is extravagant, whether in the common schools or the colleges. The government alike of the city and the nation is extravagant. Economy with public money is almost unknown. It is even regarded as a vice. We have learned to value everything by its cost in money and by the outward signs of its cost. We are proud of a lavishness of expenditure and display and indifferent to the substantial quality of their returns. No wonder that the Association of Life Insurance Presidents recently in session in New York should say that extravagance is the greatest of all economic evils to be fought. Very evidently it is also a moral evil.—Argonaut.

An electrically operated alarm clock of French invention rings its bell one or more times a day, at a set time every day or only upon designated days.

For men who have to work under automobiles there has been invented a curved steel plate, mounted on casters and with a comfortable head rest, to support them.

To obviate the noise of pneumatic riveting machines one has been invented that squeezes rivets into place with a pressure of a ton.

Any camera of the folding type can be converted into a motion picture projector with an attachment patented by a New York inventor.

To mark cattle for identification an inventor has patented stud buttons that can be clamped through their ears.

French authorities have opened 135 miles of a railroad in Algeria which eventually will cross the Sahara desert.

After the United States, Germany and France are the largest producers of iron ore among the nations.

Garden Page

If outstanding groups and individual trees are judiciously arranged along a border its precise line will be disguised, at least in a great part of its extent.

Shrubs may be placed in recesses or bays, or they may be placed on points or promontories to give special effects.

There may be a clump of trees at the entrance to emphasize its importance.

Individual trees and shrubs sparingly used may be set out from their backgrounds, but still kept in harmony with them.

If borders break away from a distant view, the flanking masses of planting must be in character with that view.

In general the use of flowering shrubs is mainly restricted to the areas near the house and about the garden.



TO a marked degree trees accent the landscape, and if one would wish that accentuation to be a fitting one, great care should be exercised in the manner of planting. There is a distinct taste in trees and in the manner of their setting out.

In planting around the home place trees should be used wherever there is room for them. It is easy to take away the surplus if it proves, as they grow, that there are too many.

If outstanding groups and individual trees are judiciously arranged along a border its precise line will be disguised, at least in a great part of its extent. Shrubs may be placed on recesses on bays, or they may be placed on points or promontories to give special effects.

MAY BE CLUMP AT ENTRANCE

There may be a clump of trees at the entrance to emphasize its importance. In the long plantings that connect the points marked for emphasis there may be found places at the corners and elsewhere that might be differentiated from the growth around them. Individual trees and shrubs sparingly used may be set out from their backgrounds, but still kept in harmony with them.

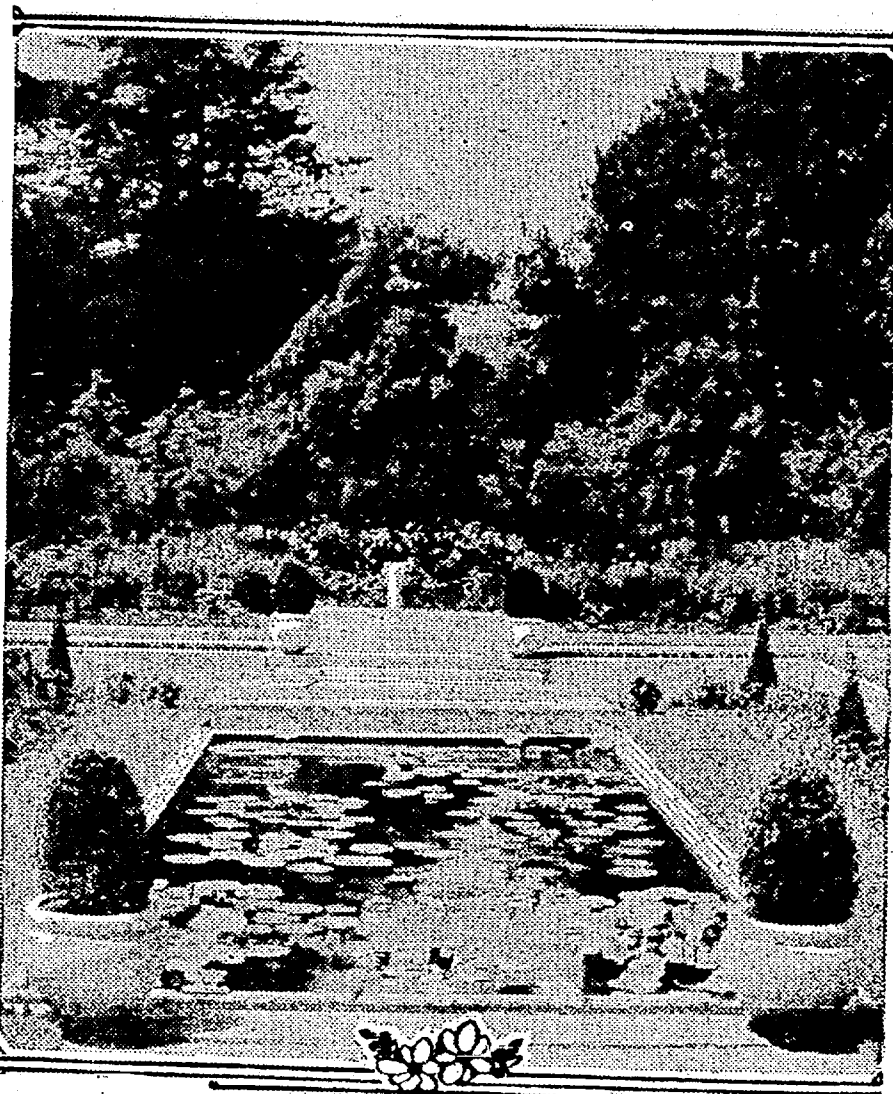
There is nothing so marked in the relative importance of things as superior size, especially great height. While high points may be the outlines of large, rounded, massive trees, such masses are not as likely to be prominent as an individual tree or clump of trees of a distinctly vertical habit, such as the Lombardy poplar. This, the pyramidal oak, the fastigiate maple and the arbor vitae, vertical in habit, denote aspiration. The flowering dogwood and the field thorn, which are horizontal, and some of the forms of weeping trees, as Wier's cut leaved maple and the weeping beech, which are of a graceful and drooping habit, give an opposite impression.

USE HIGH ACCENTS SPARINGLY.

The greater number of plant forms, however, are of more indefinite growth and they help to make up the quiet and harmonious beauty of the whole.

If borders break away for a distinct view the flanking masses of planting must be in character with that view. High accents must be used sparingly and if the view is already good it cannot be bettered by a frame, except as it is kept subordinate to the picture. It is when an uninteresting picture must be made interesting that one must resort to artificial means. Accents in the landscape must be used sparingly and the element of harmony should be kept predominant.

In general the use of flowering shrubs is mainly restricted to the areas near the house and about the garden. The lawns, if kept in greenery, will then be different from the garden areas, and also will be more quiet, dignified and restful in char-



An arrangement of trees and shrubs.

acter. Shrubs of any kind count more for their foliage than for their flowers, since the flowering period is usually of short duration. If shrubs are used in connection with the lawns they are best arranged in masses of fair size (from five to twenty-five plants), either in recesses of the tree border or on the points of prominence; in this way they may also serve, if it is desirable, for accent in times of flowering. If the whole border is of flowering shrubs it is worse than if there are none, because then they flaunt their monotony.

About the house, especially in front, planting should be sparingly resorted to, and the individual tree or shrub, especially as it grows older, is far more attractive than a continuous fringe. The greatest skill lies in the gaining of the best effect with the use of the least material and the least variety of forms.

Snapdragon. The tall variety is well known; the dwarf grows about ten inches in height. Both are available in numerous colors and mixtures. The seeds may be planted in the fall or early spring, the latter being the better, planting under glass to hasten them somewhat. Give plenty of water until germination, then gradually reducing.

Wallflowers are easily raised and in their bright and varied coloring and long blooming season lay valid claim to appreciation. The plant is liable to become of rather ungainly shape by the second or third year and should then be replaced by younger growth. The plants will flower earlier in the spring if sown the preceding fall, though early spring sowing will result in late summer flowers. Sow in boxes in prepared soil and transplant when the third leaf appears. Keep the lower leaves picked off to secure shapeliness in the plant. Water frequently.

Violets are most successful when grown from cuttings, which transplant easily and are inexpensive, though they can be raised from seed planted in the spring. Set out the young plants in August or September in fertile soil. Start new plants from the runners of the old every year.

The Nursery of The Plant World

"A NURSERY may be a pot or box of earth in a sunny window, or it may be a piece of ground of any size to suit the convenience and desire of the gardener, from a small bed to a large tract of land designed to raise great numbers of plants for a very large garden," says Louise Beebe Wilder in "My Garden." (Doubleday, Page & Co.)

"As striking a happy medium between these two, and answering satisfactorily the needs of a modest garden, I will describe our own nursery and its uses. It lies in two exactly similar squares at the back of the walled garden, and on either side of the herb garden. A privet hedge encloses it on two sides, the low wall and trellis fence of the herb garden on the third, and the high wall of the flower garden on the fourth, which also protects it from the north and provides a sheltered situation for certain tender things. On the lower section this space along the wall is occupied by a small tool house, a row of covered bins to hold silver sand, coarse sand and leaf mould, and the cold frames are four feet deep and divided into sections. A four foot border extends all around the two nurseries and the rest is parcelled out into rectangular beds three and four feet wide and of varying lengths, with gravelled paths between.

LITTLE BEDS IN BOARD EDGINGS.

The little beds are enclosed in board edgings, firmly pegged into the ground at the corners and painted white, as is all the woodwork in the nurseries. There are a number of hose outlets, that all may be kept sweet and fresh; the hedges are sharply clipped, the paths trim and free from weeds, and the straight rows of lusty young plants in the beds speak eloquently of their entire comfort and wellbeing.

"The border that follows the boundaries is used as a hospital for sick or sulky plants brought from the gar-

den, as temporary abode for some which have been crowded out of one place and not yet assigned to another, and as a cutting garden. The rectangular beds, which because of their narrowness are easily weeded and cultivated, are mainly used to house the young perennials raised in the frames, but here also are brought bulbs and plants new to us that they may be tested and understood before being introduced to the choice circle beyond the garden wall. The soil in these beds is light and only moderately rich, that the young plants may find no obstacle to their tender rootlets and that they may not be rushed on to a too precocious development through overfeeding.

IMPORTANT TO GET GOOD SEED.

"The propagation of plants is the chief business carried on in the nursery. This is done by means of seeds, cuttings and the division of roots.

It is all important to get good, sound seed, and so we should apply to the best seed houses only and be willing to pay a fair price. Next to the vitality or power of the seed to reproduce itself the soil is the important matter. It should be light, moderately rich and pervious to moisture, and whether the seeds are to be raised in a frame, in the open ground or in a flat indoors the preparation of the soil and the treatment of the seeds are in the main identical.

"The prepared soil for the seed beds need not be deeper than five inches, and a good composition is two parts good garden soil, one part leaf mould and one part coarse sand with a good sprinkling of wood ashes. This should be chopped and raked smooth and upon the top should be spread an inch of good soil or leaf mould and fine sand in equal parts put through a moderately fine sieve.

USE FRAMES FOR RAISING SEEDS.

"We use the frames almost entirely for raising seeds; it is so much safer than the open ground, and we find infant mortality greatly lessened if manure is not used, as it frequently harbors insects or their eggs, which ravenously feed upon the tender seedlings. That they may be easily weeded and otherwise cared for, seeds are best sown in straight rows five or six inches apart, and not scattered broadcast, and each row should have at its head a wooden label bearing the name of the plant and the date of sowing, written with an indelible pencil.

"Large seeds, such as lupines, iris or lathyrus, may be soaked in warm water a few hours before planting and sown in drills a half inch deep. For seeds of medium size, delphiniums, pinks or geums we provide a place by pressing a lath (cut to fit the width of the frame or bed) firmly into the soil, and sow the seed up on this flat surface, covering it to about twice its own depth with sandy soil. Seeds of the light and feathery character of gaillardias, centaureas and armeria profit by a greater depth of sowing than the heavier seeds.

"Thin sowing of all seeds is important, but particularly so in the case of very fine seeds like that of verbascums, which grow into huge plants. If the seed is mixed with a little silver sand before sowing it is more easily and evenly distributed. Fine seeds need no covering, but should be sown on the loose surface of the soil and pressed in with a flat board.

SOIL MOIST BEFORE SOWING.

"Many alpine have fine seed, and as some of them are very slow in germinating we sow them in shallow pots of prepared soil which are placed in the frames, but can be moved about at will. The soil should be thoroughly moist before seed is sown upon it, and the watering thereafter should be done through a fine rose spray.

"Until the little green backs are seen to hump up along the straight rows the seed bed is best entirely protected from the sun, and should thereafter have full sunshine for a part of the day only, and the soil must never dry out."

PHONE LEAK
IN CITY AND
COUNTY TO
BE PROBED

Officials to Make Determined
Effort to Stamp Out "Cutting
In On Line," Following "Tip"
On Geo. Jackson's Removal

"THIRD PARTY" HEARS
COMMISSIONER'S ORDERS

Private Conversations of Su-
pervisors, Councilmen and
Others Heard, Causing Wild
Alarm; to Crush Nuisance

Following the discovery by City Commissioner of Public Works William J. Bacus that telephone conversations between city officials are "tapped" by some mysterious person in the City Hall, a determined effort to stamp out what has grown to be a nuisance in both city and county buildings is to be taken which may bring the subject before the city council and the county board of supervisors. The control of the telephone switchboard system in each building has long been a matter of keen interest in political conferences, and usually the operators, where it has been possible, have been persons close to the power that has placed them on the job.

Bacus, when he found Saturday that his message to his chief deputy, Frank C. Merritt, ordering a resolution drawn for the dismissal of George Jackson, from the city attorney's office, had been "listened in on," and that within half-hour of the message he was receiving phone calls from about town asking him to suspend the introduction of the resolution, demanded an investigation, and it is thought probable that some action may be taken Monday before the council.

CAREFUL TAB KEPT.
For a number of years "tapping" the wires has been a favorite source of political and official information at the Courthouse and Hall of Records. So notorious has the practice become that when the new telephone system was installed, and one switchboard placed in the Hall of Records, the district attorney insisted that he be given a private switchboard and trunk lines. As it is at present, all county offices, except the office of the district attorney, are connected through one switchboard, and are all handled by one operator. Certain county officers, and at least one member of the board of supervisors, decline to use the county phones on anything that is personal or confidential.

During some of the more political cases that have been of recent years, District Attorney Hynes a careful survey of the telephone wires to Hynes' office was maintained. This supervision is impossible in every office, and much scandal has been caused by the rumormongers of the system. There has never been any effort to identify the interest, political or official, that could be responsible for such an exciting censorship of the public.

NO COLLUSION CHARGED.
At the City Hall it is suspected that some wire tapping has been done direct to certain departments. If this is the case, it will be necessary to make an extensive survey of all lines to trace the "leak." No suggestion has ever been made that there has been collusion between the switchboard operators and a third person at either the Hall of Records or the City Hall. However, it has been a common occurrence and a condition long recognized by county employees. The introduction of this system at the City Hall, as discovered by Bacus, indicates that the telephone system has become a secret agent for some political faction in both city and county affairs. It has been established that long-distance calls are frequently tapped and the most pertinent information communicated within a few moments of the use of the telephone wire.

An effort was made last week to have the grand jury take the matter up. However, it is something entirely too uncertain to predicate an investigation on and calls for elaborate detective methods before detection. It does not constitute a crime and is entirely within the discretion of the supervising power of the official immediately in charge of the service.

Kills Wife and Self
In Home of Priest

LANDER, Wyo., Jan. 13.—Charles Miller, 25, a few minutes after midnight this morning murdered his wife and then committed suicide. The tragedy occurred in the living-room of Rev. Father Keavey, a Catholic priest, whom the couple had gone to interview regarding domestic difficulties.

The priest was called away for a few minutes, and when he returned was confronted by the bodies of his parishioners. Miller's action is said to have been the result of the decision of his wife to return to her former home in Minnesota. He is said to have implored her to remain with him, and finally to have induced her to go with him to consult the priest in regard to the matter.

GOLD IS FOUND
BY SHIP'S CREW
LOADING LUMBER

Log Vessel Makes Find
in Navidad Bay; May
Be Cause of Rush

TRIBUNE BUREAU
SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 13.—When Captain Lyte, in command of the gulf mail steamer San Pedro, which arrived today, put into Navidad bay, thirty-five miles from Mazatlan, on January 2, he expected only to load cedar logs. Instead he brought back samples of gold that may cause a rush to that littoral.

While the members of the crew were unloading the logs to the steamer, one of them, formerly a prospector, caught a glimpse of "color" in the sand near the mouth of a creek. He took a skillet and began to wash the sand. There was left a definite strain of gold. Immediately the crew left the logs and rushed for dippers, pans, skillets, anything they could wash the sand with. Captain Lyte saw no chance of getting the cedar logs on board until he promised them that if they would load the schooner he would give them a whole day in which to gather gold.

So the San Pedro was loaded, and all the next day the crew washed out the gold. They averaged for the day's work about \$50 apiece. One man had more than \$200 in fine gold dust.

Germany Ready
To Tell Terms
For Ending War

State Department Learns That
Chance of Peace Is Open;
Secrecy Enjoined.

BY INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE
WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—Hope for a successful outcome of the negotiations for peace was revived today by intimations that Germany would make a public statement of her peace terms, if confirmed by the state department.

At a state department conference, it was learned that Germany is not so unbending in her attitude as some observers have been led to believe. She is willing to meet on equal terms with the allies, and President Wilson may make and it is determined that if the President's efforts fail it shall not be possible to place upon the German government the responsibility for the continuance of the war.

The knowledge of these facts has convinced administration officials that there is now a solid basis upon which to found further action. The exact nature of this action has not yet been determined and will depend upon conclusions arrived at as a result of a careful examination of the state of the war.

It is indicated that several days will be required for a determination of the various questions involved. Meanwhile a policy of extraordinary secrecy has been enjoined upon the state department.

This policy will have the double purpose of preventing "leaks" that may lead to further scandals in connection with the stock market, and of preventing information from going abroad that might prejudice belligerents or result in nullifications of the President's effort.

Strict orders have been given that no peace shall be discussed with newspaper correspondents even hypothetically. Hints that the subject shall be discussed have even been conveyed to neutral legations and embassies.

POPE TAKES PEACE STAND.
PARIS, Jan. 13.—It is confirmed that Pope Benedict has firmly decided not to participate now in any action tending toward peace that might appear to favor the central powers rather than any other nation, says a despatch from Rome to the Tribune. It is pointed out that there is a difference between religious manifestations and prayers for peace and the purely diplomatic action of the United States, Switzerland, and other neutrals.

German Raiders Are
Repulsed by British

LONDON, Jan. 13.—Entrance of German forces into Rouen, northwest of Serre, but immediate ejection of the enemy and recapture by British forces, was announced by General Sir Douglas Haig tonight. Thirteen German men were taken prisoners in the fighting in this locality.

"West of Vimy, Friday evening, enemy raiders attacked a small post, but were driven off," the statement said.

West of Wytschaete a minor enterprise against enemy trenches was successful," he reported. "We prisoners a few of the enemy. North of Givenchy, on Saturday morning, the enemy exploded a small mine without damage."

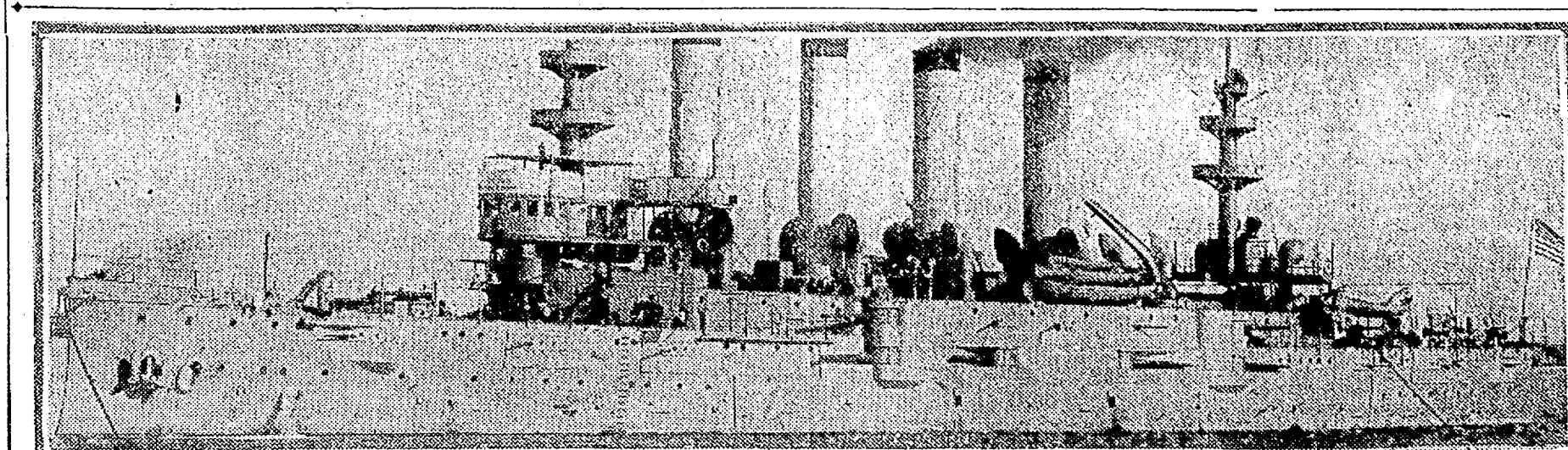
"North of the Somme and south of Neuve Chapelle we effectively shelled various positions. Elsewhere along the front there was trench mortar activity."

Pledge to America
Observed, Say Germans

BERLIN, via Sayville wireless, Jan. 13.—Pledge of observation of the Norwegian steamer Trippel, the German government declared in an explanatory note handed American Ambassador Gerard today.

"As stated by the German naval authorities," the note declared, "the Norwegian steamer Trippel on November 10, 1916, was stopped by a German submarine and captured after making certain that her cargo was not contraband. The ship was then taken to the German port of Genua. Since it was an impossibility to bring the steamer, under the circumstances, into a German port, the ship was sunk."

United States Cruiser Milwaukee which is ashore on the Humboldt coast and is believed to be a total loss. Her crew was saved by use of a breeches buoy. She met disaster while assisting in the salving of the submarine H-3 which has been ashore for about a month

QUIZ INTO
LOTTERIES
NEAR FINISH

Grand Jury Investigation of
Jackson-Petersen Police Row
Will Be Concluded This Week
With Report On Quiz Findings

No Direct Charges of Graft
Made; Clear Bill of Health
Will Probably Be Given to
Dr. Jackson by County Body

What will be the finish of the Grand Jury probe into the Jackson-Petersen police department row, will be witnessed this week when the county body will summarize the evidence so far produced of graft in city government, and file its report. Just what the action of the jury may be is in doubt. If an indictment is returned it will then be up to District Attorney W. H. Hynes to take the case before a trial court and prosecute the defendant. No hint of such a conclusion has been allowed to escape from the jury room, far and in fact there has been some prediction that the jury would only report in a general way of conditions in the city of Oakland and on departmental relations at the city hall.

However, Hynes has pressed the investigation daily and up to the present time has called fully a dozen witnesses to the stand, behind closed doors, officials, policemen, attorneys and citizens, in an effort to produce evidence of graft in city government. Chief of Police Petersen has so far not been called to the witness stand and although always ready the jury has not seen fit to ask his presence. He has made two trips to the district house as a member of the county board. On each occasion he has been in sessions with District Attorney Hynes, but at no time has he done more than casually discuss the matter of the present investigation.

DEPUTIES COMPILE EVIDENCE.
Hynes has kept Deputies Myron Harris and Theodore Witthen, with Detective George Helms constantly on the case and a mass of information and data has been compiled. It has been taken from the files of the police department. Most of this has been either volunteered information or matter presented to him by Commissioner Hynes. Jackson has already made a significant statement that there will be no change in his position at the hall and it is thought that this predicates a clean bill of health for him from the investigators.

Dr. L. E. Herrick of the Alameda County Tax Payers' League some time ago threatened that if the matter were not cleared up he would file an information against Jackson with the Superior Court and thus force the commissioner to a defense before a jury. No action on this matter has been taken by the league but it is being held in suspense until the grand jury probe is finished and a report filed covering the present dispute between Jackson and Petersen. Such a hearing would make the matter a public affair instead of a private review as it now is. However, Jackson declares that such a threat is merely a bluff on the part of his enemies and is fostered by Mayor Davis and the political faction. Those who have been long in Jackson's administration and long fighting his administration of the city service, once the victim of this group when the matter is given the office of chief.

NO GRAFT CHARGES MADE.
The outstanding fact up to the present time of the county review is that no actual charge of graft has been made against Jackson by any person or officer. Little evidence of anything sinister is shown by the grand jury. The grand jury has been before the departmental or gambling and inter departmental conditions of the police. No effort has been made to bolster up the open charge of Petersen made in council that Jackson had sought to graft and use the police department as a political whip. All the testimony before the jury work in history of the entire police force, unless something more startling is produced than that produced before the civil service body, no action will be taken by the grand jury other than the formal filing of a report and recommendation.

YET TO FILE REPORT.
The present jury has yet to file with the county a report before it suspends its labors. It is probable that its work during the next two weeks will be devoted to investigations entirely independent of the Jackson-Petersen row. Already Supervisor Joseph Kellogg has been on the stand to explain the indebtedness of the county to the laboratories and the junior work in the court rooms and corridors. The final report of the jury may include a variety of matters and the body may call a number of witnesses yet.

Shoots Husband Who
Threatened Daughter
Goaded to Desperation, Wife
Murders Tormentor

BY INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE
LEASER WIRE TO TRIBUNE

DENVER, Colo., Jan. 13.—Shots from two pistols fired by a society woman today smashed an "eternal triangle." A mother in the fashionable Park Hill residence section of Denver, in defense of her own life, shot and killed her husband, who had threatened to shoot her daughter, a young girl, who was with her.

Stella Newton Smith, former wife of William A. Moore, prominent attorney and son of the late Bishop David H. Moore of St. Louis, told an amazing story in justification of the killing of John Lawrence Smith, from whom she had planned to obtain a divorce. Here is what she said:

"He subjected me to every humiliation. He dragged me from pillar to post about the country. He refused to do a man's work or earn a living for me. He was drunk, unfaithful, vile. This morning at 2 o'clock he forced his way into my home. He came into the bedroom where I was sleeping with my daughter, Mildred. He tore the clothes from my body. He choked me and tried to force liquor down my throat. None of the household would come to the rescue. He endeavored to shoot me. But when he threatened to ruin my daughter, then I shot, and shot to kill."

"Well, it's over and done now. Mildred never has seen what no child should see. She has seen her mother killed. But she is safe. And I am free. And nothing that is done to me can hurt."

Three hours before the shooting, her divorced husband, Moore, of the law firm of Cranston, Pitkin & Moore, a brother of District Judge Julian A. Moore, had hurried to the house in a taxicab, and with him a servant, and departed with his daughter, Mildred, it having been agreed that if Smith ever came to the house when Mildred was there she should be taken away at once. As Moore and his daughter were entering a taxicab in front of the house, Smith, according to Mrs. Smith, tried to shoot them from the window of the sitting room with an automatic revolver he carried. She fought with him and prevented him from carrying out his designs.

THREATENED DEATH.
After Moore left with his daughter, Smith, according to Mrs. Smith, became even more violent than he had been before Moore's visit.

He tried to force whiskey down her throat. When she refused to drink it he poured it over her head and then he tried to strangle her. He dragged her out of the bed, stripped her nightgown from her and forced her, on threat of instant death, to grovel at his feet. He drove her to the dining room and began to taunt her with the fact that he had forever robbed her of her daughter.

"He forced his revolver into my hands, 'but I could not bring myself to use it just then.'"

"I put it on a table near the telephone, and ran back into my bedroom. He followed me, abusing and taunting me. He was fully dressed at the time, even to his overcoat and cap. I got into my bed and covered up my head. He tore the covers from me. Then he went into the bathroom to get some water to mix another drink for himself."

"When I came back I reached under my pillow and got my little automatic, a .22 it is, I guess. He staggered up to my bed; I got up on my knees, pointed the gun at him, closed my eyes, and pulled the trigger."

"When I opened my eyes he was lying on the floor. I jumped out of bed and ran downstairs, snatching a kimono as I ran."

"At the foot of the stairs I met Mildred, my man servant, who had heard the shot and was coming up to investigate."

"We went back up and, as I entered the bedroom, Smith moved a little. He was not dead. I was desperate. I thought he might come to and kill me. I ran over to the table on which I had left my revolver—it was bigger than mine—and grabbed it."

SHOTS ONCE MORE.
"I walked over to the corner of the room where he was lying, put the muzzle of the gun in his mouth and pulled the trigger."

"Just had to kill him," she concluded. "He was a beast. He robbed me of my little girl and then he taunted me about it."

Mrs. Smith is the daughter of George H. Newton, a wealthy oil operator of Tulsa, Okla., and Fort Worth, Tex., and a stepdaughter of Alfred Britton of Chicago, also deceased, who was her father's business partner, and married her mother after her father's death.

It was in 1900 that she married Moore in Denver. In 1904 a daughter was born.

In April, 1907, John Lawrence Smith, obtained employment as a chauffeur, for Alfred Britton. Mrs. Moore's stepfather, with whom she and her husband and daughter made their home.

Moore obtained a divorce from Mrs. Smith in October, 1912, on the grounds of desertion and was given sole custody of his daughter. And in June, 1913, the former Mrs. Moore married John Lawrence Smith, the chauffeur, at Eureka, Cal.

**Former Noted Musician
Dies, Poor and Alone**

ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 13.—In a bare bedroom on the "third floor back" of a lodging-house, Professor William Maenner was found dead in bed today, and thus in poverty closed a musical career which began in Vienna conservatory under Liszt, the famous composer. Professor Maenner, thirty years ago, was probably the best-known musician in Minnesota.

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**Chicago "Vice
Ring" Net Ready
To Claim Score**

BY UNITED PRESS
LEASER WIRE TO TRIBUNE
CHICAGO, Jan. 13.—Indictments for no less than a score of alleged members of Chicago's "vice ring," ten of them police officials and the rest "fixers," politicians and resort-keepers in the "love district," will be asked by State's Attorney Hoyne when the grand jury meets Monday.

The inner workings of the greatest graft system that has ever existed in Chicago will be exposed, Hoyne declared tonight. The disclosures will startle Chicago far more than the sensational raids of the past week, in which five police officers, six "fixers" and go-between, and dozens of habitués of the underworld, were arrested.

The first person against whom Hoyne will ask that an indictment be drawn is former Chief of Police C. C. Healey. Then the cases of Thomas Costello, "Mike de Pike" Heiler, Lieutenant A. M. White and W. R. (Edly) Skidmore will be taken up. Six police officials, ranging from sergeants to captain, who thus far have not been arrested, also will be indicted, the prosecutor says.

Evidence sufficient to send the chief of police and several officers, together with the "fixers" who have confessed, to prison has already been secured, Hoyne stated. For two months operators "listened in" on the tapped telephone lines.

Marked money, cancelled checks and confessions which dovetail with circumstantial evidence are some of the bits which the state's attorney has collected in his crusade against the department heads and graft collectors.

With the exception of Thomas Costello, alleged to be Healey's chief collector and Lieutenant White, the accused are all out on bonds, ranging from \$20,000 to \$50,000. White, who Hoyne says has turned state's evidence, probably will be granted clemency.

The ground in upper Flanders is not adaptable for springing up heavy artillery. And, by noon three lines had been selected. Amiens as the "hub" for their Somme offensive—most promising because of the many excellent roads radiating fan-like to the front which they sought to break. Leaving that sector out, which both sides by common consent and common experience, bitter and costly, seem to be agreed is not promising offensive operation ground, the Germans are laying out and building a series of positions on other portions of the front transcending everything I have seen on the Somme line during that great battle."

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**Transport Steamer's
Sinking Announced**

BERLIN (via Sayville wireless), Jan. 13.—A transport steamer of 8000 tons was sunk by a German submarine off Cherbourg December 28, the Press Bureau announced tonight. The transport was en route to the destroyers.

ARMAGEDDON
IS PLANNED
BY TEUTONS

Spring to See Launching of
Greatest Offensive in Entire
War; Underground "Wall"
Is Prepared for the Contest

Whole Empire Working Toward
Great Fight That Will, Say
Military Men, Mark Finish
of European Death Struggle

By Karl H. Von Wiegand,
(War correspondent of the International News Service. Von Wiegand has come to the United States from Germany and will return to Germany within a few days as representative of the International News Service in the Central Empires.)

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—Germany is preparing for an "Armageddon."

Holding the olive branch in one hand and the sword in the other, the German nation and peoples, doubtful of its acceptance, with the other hand have been for many weeks and are today making the most gigantic preparations for the great onslaught expected in the spring on the west front.

The biblical term, "Armageddon," is the one most often applied in Germany to this expected battle. The term, perhaps shows the importance attached to the "coming battle," as also it is much called, the gigantic proportions in men and guns that it will entail. It is a manifestation of the predation and realization of the possible results.

To the Germans it is the "last" great battle of the war. At least so they think. If the allies fail to break through—and that they will fail is confidently asserted—it will mark the "end."

"Hold the line," is the slogan today in Germany. "No hold the line" in the west while Hindenburg's big fist is keeping up the mauling in the east, Germany is bending every nerve and sinew. Nothing during the entire war approximates what is now going on in Germany in the way of "preparedness." Every man and woman, the former up to sixty years, incapable of bearing arms, is being mobilized into a vast "home army" to reinforce the armed millions in the field—men between 19 and 45.

"HOLD THE LINE" SLOGAN.
"Hold the line in the West," is the official and popular order of the day. It is being gophered, burrowed, excavated and tunneled into a series of connected "positions" and "earth fortresses" such as even the two and four armoured divisions of the Somme in the battle of the Somme has not been dreamed of.

Few foreigners know what is going on behind the German front in the west since October. Of the little that is being gophered, burrowed, excavated and tunneled into a series of connected "positions" and "earth fortresses" such as even the two and four armoured divisions of the Somme in the battle of the Somme has not been dreamed of.

The Germans are building, or constructing, a "wall" in the west such as military history has not seen. The Germans are fond of calling their line "the wall of iron and blood," but the new "wall" might better be described as a "subterranean" or "underground wall," perhaps "reinforced" with steel and iron and cemented with blood.

There is comparatively little likelihood of an offensive in upper Flanders. Both sides have tried it. Both failed miserably. The thousands upon thousands who fell on both sides in these battles has proved that theoretical military science does not know everything and that tens of thousands must pay with their lives for the lessons learned by commanders.

NOT OFFENSE GROUND.
The ground in upper Flanders is not adaptable for springing up heavy artillery. And, by noon three lines had been selected. Amiens as the "hub" for their Somme offensive—most promising because of the many excellent roads radiating fan-like to the front which they sought to break. Leaving that sector out, which both sides by common consent and common experience, bitter and costly, seem to be agreed is not promising offensive operation ground, the Germans are laying out and building a series of positions on other portions of the front transcending everything I have seen on the Somme line during that great battle."

**TRANSPORT STEAMER'S
SINKING ANNOUNCED**

BERLIN (via Sayville wireless), Jan. 13.—A transport steamer of 8000 tons was sunk by a German submarine off Cherbourg December 28, the Press Bureau announced tonight. The transport was en route to the destroyers.

MILWAUKEE
POUNDED
TO PIECES
ON ROCKS

Officers and Crew of Battle
Craft Abandon Cruiser as
Heavy Seas Batter Ship On
Northern California Beach

SAILORS ARE RESCUED
FROM REEF VICTIM

Navy Monitors Cheyenne and
Iroquois Stand Guard While
Men Aboard Are Taken Off
Warship in Breeches-Buoy

BY UNITED PRESS
LEASER WIRE TO TRIBUNE
SAMOA, Cal., Jan. 13.—Deserted by her crew and destined to remain in definitely in the vice-like sands which have already doomed the submarine H-3, the cruiser Milwaukee at 10 o'clock tonight, doomed dark and depressingly on the ocean beach opposite Eureka.

After six hours of ceaseless work the entire crew and all officers were taken off safely. Even a dog, two kittens and a rabbit were rescued.

All of the officers of the wrecked cruiser flatly refused to make any statement about the accident. A petty officer, however, told a United Press correspondent about it.

"I was in my bunk," said the petty officer, "and was awakened by a heavy rain. My first impression was that it was caused by a pull on the submarine which we were trying to drag off the shore. But the trembling and quivering of the ship which followed soon convinced me that we were aground."

"Soon after dawn, the vessel ran on the beach was passed, and everybody was ordered on deck and told to put on life preservers."

"I have heard before of the strength of the breakers on this coast, but had always believed the stories to be exaggerated. But the force of the waves rocked the vessel tremendously. The waves as the tide came in washed completely over the Milwaukee."

"As the fog lifted we could see an immense and ever-increasing crowd on the beach. Through the haze the people looked like giants."

"When the coast guard arrived, a line was shot out to us. By this time the Milwaukee had worked many feet further inward. We made fast lines and rigged up a breeches-buoy. Phil O'Connell was the first man to make the trip ashore. Lieutenant Haysell followed, and then a boat was put out from the shore and five men made the return trip. We simply lay in line waiting our turn to come ashore. Order was perfect throughout."

The latter part of the rescue work was prosecuted in a unique way. The cruiser was submerged by the action of the waves. The crew and officers were taken off the ship by means of a line of the upper deck, it was being flooded by the heavy breakers.

A broken sea valve also flooded the hull, and the grounded cruiser. One fireman contained eight feet of water when the last man came ashore.

CABLE IS BLAMED.
It has now developed positively that the big steel cable running from the Milwaukee to the stranded submarine was the cause of the disaster, both directly and indirectly. At an early hour this morning, when the cruiser first began to bump upon the sand, the matter was reported to the captain, who made an investigation and decided the bumping was caused by the tugging of the cruiser against the steel cable. Soundings were then taken, and it was discovered that in the intensely thick fog the cruiser had dragged her anchors and worked onto the beach.

The first effort to shoot a line across failed, but the second landed the line on the ship. By noon three lines had been taken ashore and the crew made them fast to the fighting-top of the cruiser.

Lieutenant William F. Newton, commanding the Milwaukee, ordered the crew first to save the ship's big guns before any rescues could begin. The huge weapons were rapidly dismantled and taken inboard, where they would be safe from the waves. The crew succeeded in surviving her predicament.

RESCUE WORK BEGINS.
At 2:30 the breeches-buoy rig shot out from the fighting-top and swung down to the beach, while a cheer rose from the waiting crowd. Willing hands seized the two men it brought

(Continued on Page 30, Cols. 2-3)

**We
Carry
Each
Day
the
Best**

Furniture Bargains

In Alameda County in the Classified Ads—Turn to Them.

THAW PLANS BATTLE FOR HIS FREEDOM

Will Resist Every Move to Take Him Back to Asylum; Legal Batteries Are Already Being Trained in Big Liberty Fight

Millionaire to Have Noted Counsel at All Stages of the Struggle; Details of Defense Are Outlined in the Hospital

BY UNITED PRESS
LEASSED WIRE TO TRIBUNE.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 13.—Harry K. Thaw was prepared tonight to fight every inch of the road to New York state, which may lead to Matteawan or to jail.

"Lines for the titanic legal struggle had been drawn even before Stanford Whitte's lawyer had been pronounced out of danger by physicians at St. Mary's hospital, where they are treating him for self-inflicted slashes across his throat and wrists.

Efforts of the defense will be directed towards having Thaw committed to a sanitarium in Pennsylvania rather than Matteawan, it was admitted this afternoon.

Continuation of this came from Henry Scott, attorney for Oliver A. Brower. Brower was ordered extradited to New York to answer an indictment that charges him with conspiracy in the kidnapping of Frederick Gump Jr., whom Thaw is accused of having flogged.

"The courts of Pennsylvania might want to know whether Thaw's efforts to kill himself were not an evidence of his insanity," Scott said.

Explosions Cause Exodus From N. J.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—Fearing a repetition of the two explosions which rocked New Jersey and surrounding states in the last two days, hundreds of residents of municipalities are said to be preparing to leave the state.

The exodus, it was admitted by an official of the Du Pont Company, which owned the plant at Haskell, N. J., is likely to cripple the munitions business in the state.

New Jersey residents everywhere are following the lead of Mayor Arthur A. City of Kingsland, scene of the Canadian Car and Foundry Company explosion. They are leaving their homes and driving from their doors the constant menace of tons of explosives. Clay declared today, with the backing of his townsmen, that no more munitions plants would throw a shadow of danger over Kingsland.

Ministers Demand Sweeping Reforms

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 13.—The separation of public drinking and public dancing, the closing of women's saloons, the end of special privileges to persons reaping benefits from San Francisco's night life, and the immediate elimination of the "sugar tenderloin," are demanded by four ministers representing the churches of the city, in an open letter to the mayor, the police commission, the district attorney and the police judges.

"Suffrage Pickets" Defy Snow and Cold

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—Snow, sleet and rain failed to disturb outwardly, at least, the silent suffrage pickets on duty outside the White House today.

Spannell Faces Court Monday for Murder

SAN ANGELO, Tex., Jan. 13.—Harry J. Spannell, who shot and killed his wife and sister-in-law, C. Butler of the United States army in Alpine, Tex., last summer, will go on trial here Monday.

It Is Within Your Means

Perhaps in the past you have felt that a Grand Piano was beyond your means. Do you know that now you can get a Grand costing no more than a good upright—just the same? The ALDRICH BAY GRAND. It occupies but little room—no more than the ordinary upright. Ask us to mail you a chart showing space it will occupy on your floor.

Price \$485 on the easiest terms.

Sherman, Clay & Co.

Fourteenth and Clay, Oakland, California. Keating and Butler, San Francisco. Steinway and other Pianos, Phonographs, Victrolas, Records, Musical Instruments, Sheet Music.

Thirty Children to Dance In Pretty Fairy Fantasy



MISS VIVIANE TWEEIDIE, WHO WILL PRESENT CHILD'S BALLET IN ADELPHIAN CLUBHOUSE ON JANUARY 18.

Members of Adelphian Club and Guests Will Enjoy "A Little Girl's Dream."

A dainty miniature ballet, featuring the life of animated toys in the land of fairy and displaying the clever dancing of more than thirty children who will participate, will be given by Miss Vivienne Tweedie, of Alameda, before members of the Adelphian club and invited guests in the club house Thursday evening. The entertainment, which is entitled "A Little Girl's Dream," is a fantasy carrying upon its thread of story an opportunity for the exhibition of fancy steps both in solo and ensemble dancing.

Miss Tweedie will play the part of a

Warship Total Wreck, Is Fear Waves Batter Cruiser Milwaukee

(Continued From Page 29)

and welcomed them to safety. Philip Decker, coxswain, fourth division, was the first man ashore, and he was followed closely by Junior Lieutenant Hayslip, one of Newton's subordinates, in command of the vessel.

From then the rescue went forward with great rapidity, and the two surf boats were launched. Forty-five minutes from the time the first man stepped on the beach forty-five were standing on the beach.

The situation of the Milwaukee was revealed with the arrival of the crew. When the lines were shot on board the ship, they said the Milwaukee was swaying and plunging so giddily in the sea that Lieutenant Newton feared to send his men to the fighting-top to "mount the breeches-buoys." His orders to open the false bottom of the cruiser and flood it were obeyed at once. The Milwaukee settled at once in the water and steadied, making the work of taking off the men much easier.

WAVES INCREASE PERIL. Meanwhile, despite his, the battering of the mountainous waves continued to move the cruiser ashore. Each hard blow pushed her a trifle further up and increased the difficulty of ultimately taking her off.

Reused fragments of the non-commissioned officers aboard the Milwaukee are G. L. Weyler, E. T. Oves and A. S. Wilson, lieutenants, junior grade; Ensign H. P. Parmelee; Passed Assistant Surgeon W. G. Stoenmyr; E. McCrory, assistant dental surgeon; Ray Spear, paymaster; U. G. Chipman, chief gunner; C. E. Eason and W. A. Mason, gunners; James A. Hickey, chief machinist; L. A. Frey, carpenter; A. J. Marshall, R. A. Smith and G. J. Masters, pay clerks.

SENT WORD OF DEATH. When Axel Leaf, a seaman on the Milwaukee, was brought ashore on the breeches-buoy, he was handed a telegram from his wife at Wallace, Washington, announcing the death of his son, Eynar. The telegram asked him if he would come to Wallace.

RUSH ORDERS FOR SAN DIEGO. SAN DIEGO, Jan. 13.—Because the flagship San Diego of the Pacific fleet was in the midst of coaling today when orders came from Washington to proceed north to Bureka, Admiral Caperton will not be on his way to the scene of the accident to the Milwaukee until late tonight.

The San Diego was coaling in mid-stream late today. Shore leave was

RACE ISSUE COMES BEFORE CONGRESS

Disfranchisement of Voters in Southern States to Be Investigated.

BY UNITED PRESS
LEASSED WIRE TO TRIBUNE.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—Raising the race issue in the Senate for the first time in years was promised tonight over an amendment offered to the corrupt practices act by Senator Gallinger, veteran New Hampshire Republican.

Gallinger's amendment, if passed, would mean appointment of an investigating committee of five Senators and five Representatives to learn if the "privilege of the vote is denied in violation of the constitution in any state, and if this disfranchisement results in those permitted to vote in such states having an over-representation in Congress."

The bill, admittedly, is aimed at voting practices in southern states. Senator Yardman, Mississippi, was one of those who so interpreted the amendment.

CLANCY LEAVES PRISON TO GO TO SISTER'S GRAVE

Labor Man Granted Unusual Privileges to Attend Funeral

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 13.—For the first time in the history of the penitentiary the gates of San Quentin opened today to allow a convict to attend the funeral of a relative.

The prisoner was Eugene A. Clancy, San Francisco labor man and former executive board member of the Iron Workers' Union, who is serving six years as a federal prisoner for conspiracy in the alleged nationwide dynamiting conspiracy, in which forty-five men were indicted.

Clancy left with a guard to attend the funeral of his sister, Mrs. Mary A. Foley.

With credits for good behavior Clancy's term will expire next year.

Wisconsin Suffrage Forces to 'Demonstrate'

MADISON, Wis., Jan. 13.—Three hundred Wisconsin suffragists will arrive here on Tuesday to "demonstrate" to the state legislature that they are entitled to vote.

The most experienced women lobbyists in Wisconsin will head the delegation when it storms the capitol city.

My Specialty and Invention

Roofless Teeth

Nº 0 for Painless

Dentistry

NO GUMS ROOF

NOTE SCHAFFHIRT SUCTIONS

PHONE LAKESIDE 24

DR. J. B. SCHAFFHIRT

DENTIST

"Established 1898"

1322 BROADWAY, Cor. 14th Street

ROOM 9, MACDONOUGH BLDG., OAKLAND, CAL.

Hours: 9 A. M. to 5:30 P. M.

MANY BUY SPECIALLY PRICED GARMENTS, PAYING NOTHING DOWN!

New Plan Big 'Hit' at Cherry's Credit Shops.

CHERRY'S popular Clothing Shop announced Sunday for the first time a decidedly unique and generous feature in its system of installment payments.

Of course, you know that CHERRY'S has always been famous for allowing purchaser the convenience of paying for their wearables little by little, with only a fraction of the purchase price required as a first payment.

Now, however, for a time at least, this shop will sell up-to-date apparel on terms of NOTHING DOWN to patrons who present references satisfactory to CHERRY'S Credit Department.

Perhaps you would like to buy a new Coat, a new Suit, a new Dress or Fur and save handsomely on the price by making your selection at CHERRY'S now, as they are showing wonderful values in Suits at \$19.50.

It's quite possible you haven't any money to spend on clothes at this particular time. If so, you're one of the folks for whose convenience this new plan was put into operation. No bother or "red tape." Simply show CHERRY'S Credit Department proper references.

Cherry's men's store is at 528 Thirteenth street. Their ladies' store is at 515 Thirteenth street. The San Francisco stores are at 48 and 52 Geary street and 2400 Mission street—Advertisement.

GARAGES

Pay DON'T Rent—When You Hire—Buy Portable Garage for \$45.00 and up.

Portable House & Garage Co. 2400 MISSION STREET, San Francisco Phone Mission 694

Additional Copies May Be Obtained at all branches of The Oakland Tribune.

Safe or Sorry WHICH?

Will you take chances with a cold, and risk catarrh trouble? Or will you take Peruna and rid yourself of catarrh?

That's a question you must answer often this winter. Just remember, every cold that "gets well" of itself leaves traces of its visit. Sometimes these get so serious. Often they manifest themselves in catarrh of the stomach and intestines.

PERUNA Conquers Catarrh

Every cold is a possible start; every attack of indigestion may leave catarrh. The medicine that overcomes the cold and sets the digestion to rights may also overcome the catarrh—if it is Peruna. This threefold usefulness distinguishes this remedy above all others. Its effectiveness is proved by the evidence of thousands, gathered in our experience of forty-five years, and it has helped so many you may reasonably expect it to help you.

In either liquid or tablet form, whichever fits your needs.

Manalin, the ideal laxative and liver tonic, can be taken with Peruna. In its tablet form it is delicious to the taste, convenient, and without unpleasant effect. 10c and 25c.

THE PERUNA COMPANY
Columbus, Ohio

GERMAN DRIVE ON GALATZ IS HALTED

Russia Checks Teutons On Line of Sereth and Putna Rivers.

LONDON, Jan. 13.—Russia has apparently stopped the German machine in Rumania along the Sereth river line. The movement has been halted in the river and lakes region forming the northern border of Dobrudja.

It was pointed out here tonight that in the ten days since the capture of Braila the German forces have as yet failed to batter their way to Galatz, a scant fourteen miles further north. They have apparently failed to advance eastward to any appreciable degree east of Focsani. The Putna river line still holds, according to Petrograd despatches, confirmed from Berlin's admissions.

To the west of Focsani and the northwest it is believed desperate fighting is continuing. German forces are striving to flank the Russian defenders north of Focsani, in the valleys of the Oltuz, Casin and Trotus rivers.

"Y" GOLDS DEFEAT SANTA CLARA FIVE

Mission Town Boys Make First Appearance and Hold Y. M. C. A. to 26 to 23 Score.

The University of Santa Clara basketball team, contenders for the intercollegiate League championship, made its first appearance on bay city courts last night and were downed by the crack "Y" limited Golds of the Oakland Y. M. C. A. by a score of 26 to 23. Close, snappy play featured the game, with both teams battling hard from start to finish.

Though they emerged with the short end of the score, the Santa Clara team more than showed to advantage. Next to the great Olympic Club team of last year, they showed up last night as the most formidable opponents the "Y" have had to meet locally and with a little more practice and team work, which they showed little of last night, they make them as formidable a set of hoopers as can be found anywhere where the game is played.

The Golds appeared staler after their strenuous Nevada trip, in which they played five hard games in six days, and failed to show to advantage. The work of Bill Laughland, guard, and Ed Street, forward, usually the team mainstays, was especially off color. Street shot only one basket, while Laughland failed to show any of his masterful guarding in trying to "cover" Bobby Don, star of the Saints and a former Olympic club player.

Don and Bernda both showed well for the Mission town institution, as did Vicini, a nineteen-year-old marvel at center.

It was the home-coming night for the local boys and a big crowd was on hand. A preliminary clash between the "Baby Golds" and the "Y" 12's and the Young Men's Institute team of San Francisco was decided in favor of the "Y" lads by a 29 to 24 score.

The "Y" Golds play the St. Mary's College tonight on the St. Mary's court on Tuesday night and Frank Boek's boys will be given another hard tussle.

The line-ups last night followed:

Santa Clara: Forwards, Don, Bernda, center, Vicini; guards, Benzberg, (Korot), Palmita, (Muldoo).

Golds: Forwards, Street, Olafson, (Slusser); center, M. Hjelte; guards, Laughland, Vicini.

Goals scored by Don 7, Bernda 3, Vicini 1, Street 1, Olafson 2, M. Hjelte 6, Slusser 1, Laughland 2.

Fouls scored by Bernda 1, Hjelte 3.

Score at half time—12 to 12.

Referee: Seawright.

No extra charge for CREDIT—Nothing off for cash

Manheim & Mazor

CLAY BET. 13th & 14th

The house of credit accounts

Don't delay during this sale period. No publicity; no annoyance; nothing to cause worry. Hundreds of east bay ladies are constant patrons. Ask for credit as you would pay cash.

No extra charge for credit—Nothing off for cash

Clearance Sale!

Read paragraph under "Charge Accounts." Here are garments and values upon the show-streets purposely priced for this one sale so low that holiday purse flatness cuts no figure. You'll know it's the season's best saving chance when you examine, try on, have refilled this or one of the other fascinatingly charming Suits, come tomorrow—as early as you wish.

Suits

Here is a Suit, which, if priced at \$25, would be a top-list bargain tomorrow for you if you're prompt to get your choice before the assortment goes, at.....

Other bargains—some even more enticing; must be seen to be judged. To \$32.50 values \$16—To \$45 values \$23

Coats

Opening new stock to introduce SALE during other departments' clearance. You will not appreciate how great these bargains are until you see the styles, fabrics, trims, workmanship of these coats. They will pleasantly distinguish any lady.

You'll agree these values are extraordinary; you realize the enormous savings. A coat which looks and wears easily twice its sale price....

An envy-breeder which your friends will think cost much more—but see it and make your own comparison.

Dresses

Smart dresses which were up to \$16.50.

During this clearance.....

Distinguishing Dresses which mark wearers as ladies of taste and judgment. Were up to \$19.50.

During this Clearance.....

And the double-eagle and five added chance of the season; Dresses intended for a \$25 price-tag which, with "good-will toward men," is opened, for this sale only, for the \$25 value, with a Santa Claus flattened purse, at only.....

California Outfitting Co.

MILITIAMEN TO RETURN BY MARCH 1

Withdrawal of Pershing Column From Mexico Definitely Decided On; Ambassador Fletcher to Be Sent to Mexico

War Department Ready to Move Punitive Expedition as Soon as Word Comes, Is Declared Following Conferences

BY UNITED PRESS

LEASD WIRE TO TRIBUNE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—United States militiamen will be back in their homes by March 1 and General Pershing's column will be on the American side of the border.

The United Press learned these facts today from the most reliable sources. Only unforeseen difficulties or disasters will halt this program.

Moreover this government will establish a closer medium of communication by sending Ambassador Fletcher to his Mexico City post.

The date for this is uncertain, but probably will be within the next week or ten days.

The War Department is ready to move Pershing's column on a moment's notice. General Pershing himself has his men ready for the 150-mile march northward within a few hours after he gets the order.

Monday the American-Mexican peace commission will hold its final session in New York and afterward official announcement of the withdrawal and militia removal plans will probably be made at once.

The militia troops will move as rapidly as possible but the question of full transportation may mean several weeks before all will be returned.

The plan, as outlined by war officials, will be to start some of the militia men home as soon as Pershing's forces are under way, though it was said perhaps his actual arrival at the border may be awaited before the militia is sent home.

A start will probably be made next week or the week following on the troop movements.

PROTOCOL DISCUSSED.

This government had contemplated withdrawal of the Pershing column under a protocol between the United States and General Carranza.

Carranza has failed to sign so the plans have been completed without his approval, though officials make it clear that the withdrawal is by no means a result of anything Carranza has said or done.

The despatch of Pershing into Mexico following the Columbus raid last spring, with subsequent sending of militia to the border, represents now an outlay of about \$70,000,000 to \$80,000,000. This figure, however, includes pay of regulars and cost of equipment, much of which would necessarily have been on the books, expedition or no expedition.

Army men held tonight that the quick despatch of the column had given the northern Mexicans an impression, and that there will be no more big raids across the border, though, naturally, there may be cattle rustling and minor attacks.

Any big secreted raid, however, according to army men, will mean measures even more drastic than heretofore.

Officials hope Fletcher's assignment to Mexico city will mean establishment of better relations between the two governments.

They held that Carranza's persistence against odds augurs well for a gradual growth of Mexico to a place in the sun, though she is now far from such position.

VILLA ELIDES TROOPS.

JUAREZ, Mex., Jan. 13.—Villa has succeeded in eluding the government troops thrown out southwest of Chihuahua City by General Murguía to stop the bandit chief's northward movement. It was learned today.

General Murguía returned to Chihuahua City yesterday leaving a force of Carranzistas in the field under command of General Pablo Gonzales.

With his main body of troops, Villa has gained a position west of the northern frontier on the Mexican Northwestern railway line, in the Guerrero district.

Among Villa sympathizers here it is known that a council of war of all Villista leaders has been set for some day next week at a point west of Chihuahua City. At this meeting plans for a future campaign will be discussed.

Renewed talk in the American press of an early withdrawal of General Pershing's expedition leads Mexican officials here to believe that Villa will suspend operations and await developments. Carranza military officials here are frankly jubilant over withdrawal prospects.

AERIAL MAIL SERVICE FROM S. F. TO CAPITAL

Plan for Round Trip
Daily Awaits Action
by Congress

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 13.—Aerial mail service between San Francisco and Sacramento will be established soon if success attends plans now being made by Postmaster Charles W. Fay of San Francisco and Thomas Fox of Sacramento and J. S. Roberts, superintendent of the railway mail service at San Francisco.

Postmaster Fox announced today that the scheme awaits action by Congress upon a bill setting aside an appropriation to be used for experimenting in the establishment of aerial mail routes between some of the principal cities of the United States. The bill undoubtedly will pass, according to the postmaster's information. At the outset it is planned to have a high-power aeroplane carry first-class mail only, make at least one round-trip daily between this city and San Francisco. The service would be increased as conditions warranted. The plan includes having an automobile awaiting the arrival of the aeroplane at its destination to carry the mail to the postoffice.

FARMERS PLAN "WAR ON DUCKS"

Sacramento Valley Rice Growers Seeking Legislative Assistance.

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 13.—The rice-growers of the Sacramento valley have declared war on ducks and other feathered animals that virtually have been unmolested and have lived well and luxuriously on the growing rice crops.

They will seek to have the legislature enact a law which will permit them to kill, in and out of season, all wild fowls in their territory.

Stories of depredations committed by ducks in the rice fields have been related to the legislators by representatives of the growers, and they obtained a sympathetic hearing from Senator Herbert W. Slater of Sacramento, chairman of the fish and game commission.

Representatives of the farmers are liable to arrest and punishment under the laws of the fish and game commission should they attempt to protect their property by shooting game birds out of season. Either the ducks and birds must go or a budding industry will perish, the growers have told the legislators. They will ask that a protective measure be passed in their interest.

Referring to a statement which has been made that the launching on January 20 of two vessels at the Union Iron Works' plant, at the Alameda shore of the Oakland estuary will be the first instance in marine history of the simultaneous launching of two ships, John P. Scott of the Moore & Scott Iron Works makes the following statement:

"Allow me to call your attention to the fact that the statement that the launching of two craft on January 20 will be the first time in marine history that two vessels have been launched from the same yard at the same time is in error."

"In the year 1896, at the Union Iron Works in the Port of San Francisco under the ownership of the original builders of the Union Iron Works, there were launched two United States Government gunboats—the 'Albatross' and the 'Albatross'."

"They were launched at the same moment of the same day by Mr. James Dickie, the father of the launching of steel ships on the Pacific Coast. The launching at that time was considered quite a feat, and it was quite a success. Mr. Dickie is still alive, though in feeble health, and was present at the launching of the 'Thor' at the Moore & Scott Iron Works on Saturday, January 6, 1917."

Tennessee Legislators
Plan New "Dry" Bills

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Jan. 13.—With the strict enforcement of prohibition laws assured through the sustaining of the Webb-Kenyon law by the United States Supreme Court, the Tennessee legislature today began work on several dry bills that will make John Barleycorn move from the state entirely.

The present law permits shipments into the state for personal and medicinal requirements.

TRADING STAMPS MAY BE ABOLISHED

Giving of Cash Checks and
Coupons Forges to Front
in Legislature.

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 13.—The proposed abolishment of trading stamps, cash checks and coupons is forging to the front today as one of the hot fights coming before the legislature. The most active lobbying that has been done thus far has been on this proposition, with both sides busy. It is a fight between premium and anti-premium dealers.

Assemblyman C. W. Lyon of Los Angeles will take the leading part in the discussion when the bill comes up, having given the matter close study.

"The most vital question," said Lyon today, "is whether or not trading stamps, cash checks and coupons would establish a form of advertising. If they are the legislature will be unable to abolish them. If, however, the legislature is of the opinion that there is an element of lottery or chance connected with such stamps, it will have good grounds upon which to base a law."

Anti-Cattle Rustling
Bill Is Proposed

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 13.—An anti-cattle rustling bill will be introduced in the legislature next week by Senator Rignold of San Luis Obispo as a means of limiting depredations and crimes committed in the central part of the state by cattle thieves. Rignold's bill provides for a system of inspection of hides and cattle which would establish ownership at the time of sale. The measure was drafted in the interest of the Central Stockmen's Association of California. The cost of inspection would be borne by the cattleman.

Bill May Prevent
Publishing of Names

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 13.—Aiming to shield girls who, through a single misstep, are "branded" for life, Assemblyman Crocker Allen of Ontario, president of the Southern California Associated Dailies, is considering the introduction of a bill which would prohibit newspapers from publishing the names of girls who come before the juvenile court or probation officer or who otherwise commit acts of indiscretion.

Native Sons in
San Francisco Elect

San Francisco Parlor No. 49, Native Sons of the Golden West, at their last meeting held in Native Sons' hall, installed the following officers for the ensuing term:

Past President, Edward Pignone; president, George Leidenberger; first vice president, H. L. Winter; second vice president, William Reichhold; third vice president, Louis H. DePangher; Emile DeJure; recording secretary, David Capurro; financial secretary, John H. Nelson; treasurer, Frank Marini; trustees, William Coleman, A. DeBenedictis, H. K. DePangher; outside sentinel, Richard Murray; inside sentinel, C. C. Holtum; physicians, Drs. Mervyn Artigues, Williams, Glover and Brusco.

The installation of officers was conducted by District Grand President Picard and a large crowd attended. After several speeches were made by the respective officers, C. C. Holtum, formerly of Oakland and now a well-known musician, rendered many selections.

Roseland Court
Installs Officers

Roseland Court, Order of the Eastern Star, held its annual installation of officers Friday night, at the Masonic Temple, Eighth avenue and East Fourteenth street, in the presence of more than 200 guests and members.

The affair was the principal function of the year for the organization. The installation work was put on by Miss Helen B. Edwards, installing officer.

Mrs. Elsie Bergeson, first vice president, Royal Matron, and Dr. George Mosby as Royal Patron. The retiring matron was Mrs. F. P. Chrisman and the retiring patron F. P. Chrisman. Miss Lucille Brown, daughter of the retiring matron, contributed to the musical portion of the program.

Nothing but Beans,
So Crew Libels Ship

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 13.—There was no salt pork or canned meat, no molasses or pickles, no interesting item of food on board the good ship Falcon. There was nothing but beans and a few other tiresome eatables.

What is more, there was no pay, according to charges made by the Mexican crew of seven when they libeled the ship for \$1280 today in the United States district court.

Cheney-Yorke had been engaged at Acapulco and had agreed to accept a certain wage and transportation back. Now they say they have been unable to get either pay or transportation.

WHAT IS DOING
TODAY

Art exhibit, Auditorium.
Evening concert, Hotel Oakland.
Rev. William Kennedy Dowling gives talk Y. W. C. A. vesper services, 5:30 p. m.
Robert Minor lectures, Hamilton Auditorium, 8 p. m.
Robert Burns birthday celebration, First Unitarian Church, evening.

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RAILROAD MEN ARE WITNESSES

Will Testify in Hearing On Ad-
justment of Rates in
Federal Court.

CHICAGO, Jan. 13.—Representatives of the railroads left tonight for Washington to appear before the Interstate Commerce Commission Monday in an effort to have the recent order, that of discriminating rates between Chicago and St. Louis, be readjusted before January 15 extended indefinitely.

The action of Federal Judge Landis today, refusing to enjoin the State Public Utilities Commission from prosecuting the railroads for violation of the state 2-cent law, leaves the railroads without a leg to stand upon.

If they carry out the order of the Federal Commission and revise their intrastate tariffs Monday, they will break the state law, besides being in contempt of Judge Landis. On the other hand, if they fail to do so, they will be in contempt of the National Commission's order.

D. A. R. Forces in Big Fight Technicality Causes Row

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—Rumors of indignation breaking loose in D. A. R. chapters throughout the country at the attitude in the president-general contest, involving the management of the campaign for Mrs. George C. Squires of St. Paul, Minn., and Mrs. George Thatcher Guernsey of Independence, Kan., have reached the capitol and give promise of making the national society's convention here next April interesting. It is charged that the Guernsey and Squires following, in constructing trenches and entanglements to head off the advance of the forces of Mrs. John Miller Horton of Buffalo, N. Y., raised the issue that none but a state regent or a national officer should be elected president-general.

This naturally has roused Mrs. Horton's supporters to full warlike state, but it has gone further than that in also arousing chapter regents throughout the country and delegates to the convention, who, not being state regents, would suffer in future from such a precedent, should it be established and should they aspire to election to the chief position of the D. A. R.

Needless to say, Mrs. Horton's friends have taken prompt advantage of this move by her rivals, and from their headquarters a statement has been issued in her behalf, showing that of eight president-generals since the society created that office six never held the position of state regent or were national officials previous to election as president-general. The intention here is to show that the Guernsey and Squires managements that chapter regents and delegates not holding state regencies are incompetent to serve as president-general in preference to redound to Mrs. Horton's benefit.

The statement from her headquarters regarding past president-generals sets forth that Mrs. Harrison, who first held that office, was neither a state regent nor a national officer. Mrs. Stephenson also was elected president-general without having held that state or national office in the society. The same was true of Mrs. Foster and of Mrs. Daniel Manning, who was regent of Mohawk chapter of Albany, but neither state or national official.

Thomas Brooks Fletcher Will Speak Upon "Dead-Heads."

"Community Deadheads" is the title of the lecture which Thomas Brooks Fletcher, a lecturer of national reputation, will deliver at the Oakland Technical high school tomorrow evening. The lecture is the second attraction of the lecture course being given this winter under the auspices of the Oakland Teachers' Association and promises to be of keen interest not only to educational people, but to business men and all who may be interested in community activities. Fletcher is noted throughout the country as a community organizer and his appearance on Monday is his third trip to the coast in two years.

OAKLAND TRIBUNE.—Oakland's greatest evening newspaper, assures its advertisers that the circulation of this paper reaches every day over 250,000 readers.

LECTURE TO BE HEARD AT SCHOOL

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Evening School Announcement

The Technical High School, Broadway and Forty-second street, Oakland, offers its first Evening School Course in Stenotypy (machine shorthand), beginning Monday, evening, January 15.

Enrollments for the course may be made Monday or Tuesday evening. A limited number of students can be accommodated. The only necessary expense will be for books. Students will have the use of Stenotype machines for two hours' intense and interesting practice three evenings weekly. Stenotypists (machine-shorthand stenographers) are becoming more and more in demand. Employers find that they have the speed and accuracy and are able to read their notes readily. They are more competent, consequently their services are more valuable and at top-of-the-market salaries. The new Master Model Stenotype, weighing a trifle over four pounds, is now on exhibition. It pleases everybody, with its silence in operation, its use of actual figures, its folded paper, its compact convenience and general practicability. It is being demonstrated daily in the Pacific Coast office of the manufacturers.

The Stenotype Sales Company

UNDERWOOD BUILDING
525 Market Street, San Francisco

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GRAND JURY WILL PROBE BOMB PLOT

New 1917 Panel to Be Drawn Immediately in S. F. to Look Into Allegations of Fickert Concerning Editor Berkman

District Attorney Claims He Has Letters Seized at Blast Office Proving Statements; Woman's Charges Denied

TRIBUNE BUREAU
SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 13.—The exposure of the evidence said to be in the hands of the district attorney concerning a conspiracy to overthrow the government and kill Governor Hiram Johnson has led to hastily made plans to summon a new grand jury for the year 1917 and conduct a complete inquiry. Announcement was made tonight by District Attorney Charles Fickert that Presiding Judge Thomas Graham, who assumed charge of the local departments of the superior court Wednesday, will begin the empanelment of the new grand jury. The first steps will be taken next week, and, according to the prosecution, the conspiracy involving it is claimed, Alexander Berkman, publisher of the Blast, Miss M. Eleanor Fitzgerald, his associate, and Robert Minor, cartoonist and writer, will be thoroughly gone into. At the same time the new grand jury will consider the alleged conspiracy of the authors by means of personal letters and the mailing of copies of "The Frame-up," from the pen of Minor, which Fickert ascribes to the hand of the defense.

LETTER IMPORTANT.
It became known today that there is in the possession of the district attorney a letter written by Berkman to Mrs. Cram, the New York society and club woman, who persuaded attorney Burke to take up the case of the bomb plot defendants. In this communication, it is alleged, Berkman calls attention to the work being done during the Caplan trial in Los Angeles to prevent the prosecution. It is understood that pamphlets and letters were distributed in that case in a similar manner to that alleged in the trial of Mooney. The important steps in the prosecution are indicated by the stubborn battle which is being put up to prevent the turning over to the defense of the documents confiscated in the Blast office. In this connection Detective Michael Burke made a long affidavit today.

BURKE'S AFFIDAVIT.
Michael V. Burke, being first duly sworn, deposes and says:
That at all times herein mentioned he has been and is a police officer, detailed in the detective bureau, and since the 23rd of July, 1916, he has been detailed by the chief of police as an investigator in the case of the bomb explosion July 22, 1916, which caused the death of several persons; that on the 30th day of December, 1916, pursuant to the authority of a search warrant issued by Judge Franklin Griffin, acting as a magistrate, about 11 a. m. he being accompanied by Officer Draper Hand, Assistant District Attorney Edward Cunha and Martin Swanson, an investigator employed by the district attorney, affiant entered the office of the Blast, 559 Dolores street; that Miss M. Eleanor Fitzgerald opened the door and invited all persons present to enter and to go into the dining room; that Assistant District Attorney Cunha asked to see the card index file which Miss Fitzgerald placed on the table; that she then removed the papers from the table and Mr. Cunha asked to see the papers; instead of complying Miss Fitzgerald left the room and stepped into the kitchen where she tore the papers in pieces; in order to secure these papers it became necessary for Officer Hand, who was standing close by, to catch her wrists and hold her while Officer Michael V. Burke took possession of the papers.

FORCE NECESSARY.
"No more force was used to obtain said papers than was necessary. No other violence was used at any other time and the marks on the arm of Miss Fitzgerald, exhibited in court January 12, were not caused by any of the persons present at the time of the service of the search warrant. This affiant did not bruise the arm of Miss Fitzgerald and did not touch any part of her person except possibly her hand. That this affiant gave a receipt for the property at the time it was taken, to the said Miss Fitzgerald; that this affiant exhibited the search warrant under which he was acting to the said Miss Fitzgerald at the time; that at no time did he seize Miss Fitzgerald by the arm."
That the said Martin Swanson, who accompanied this affiant at the time of serving this warrant, has never been in the employ of the United Railroads and since the 25th day of July, 1916, has been an investigator appointed by the district attorney of the city and county of San Francisco and has not been in the employ of the Pacific Gas and Electric company during that time."

Scriven to Quit U. S. Service After 42 Years

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 13.—Brigadier-General George P. Scriven, chief signal officer of the army, will go on the retired list October 13, after 42 years of service, upon his own application, according to word received at the western department today. It is believed that Colonel William A. Glasford, now in command of the army aviation school at San Diego, will be given his star and serve as chief signal officer until his own retirement in April. Colonel Glasford is senior colonel in the signal corps.

Former Greek Consul Falls From Street Car

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 13.—Richard Fontana, one-time Greek consul at San Francisco, was seriously hurt tonight when he fell from the platform of a Ninth-street car. Fontana was about to leave the car when his hat blew off. He tumbled in an effort to get it. His head struck the pavement and he suffered possible fracture of the skull. He was treated at the Central City hospital and later removed to Fairmount hospital. He was at 603 Golden Gate avenue.

RECONCILIATION WITH WIFE MAY HELP SLAYER

Man Who Slew Father-in-law Seeks Daughter's Aid

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 13.—Daniel S. Duracq, awaiting arraignment on a charge of murdering his father-in-law, William Pardee, New Year's day, is seeking a reconciliation with his wife, it was stated today, so she may aid him in his defense. He asserted he killed her father in self-defense when he was brought here from Fresno several days ago, but yesterday his attorney said he would plead emotional insanity because of a letter from an Arizona newspaper man written to Mrs. Duracq which came to the husband's hands and which led to the quarrel in which Pardee was killed. A date for arraignment has not been set.

Mental Cruelty Is Charged by Wife

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 13.—Mental cruelty of a sort which included snubbing in public and sullen and moody conduct in private is charged by Mrs. William Blank, superintendent of the Illinois Pacific Glass Works, this morning. Mrs. Blank declares that her husband is in receipt of \$4000 yearly and additional stock and bonds to the value of \$10,000. The family home is at 1439 Ninth avenue. The wife asks a divorce and \$250 monthly alimony.

Actress Charges She Was Brutally Beaten

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 13.—Charged with beating Mrs. H. R. Ambuhl, an actress residing at the Dudley apartments, 172 Sixth street, until she was unconscious, Robert Paul was placed under arrest today. According to Mrs. Ambuhl, the assault occurred on Thursday night. She had met Paul on several previous occasions and was surprised when he came to her apartments. He had been there but a few moments, she says, when he struck her a blow rendering her unconscious.

Famous Fencer Takes Own Life; Despondent

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—Lieutenant-Commander Andrew C. Cunningham, U. S. N., 57, Buffalo, known as the finest fencer the navy ever had, died today of a heart attack at his home in Great Lakes, Ill., and Point Isabel, Texas.

VITAL STATISTICS

MARRIAGE LICENSES

ANDERSON-KELLY—Harold Anderson, 27, and Loretta P. Kelly, 21, both of Oakland.
HARRIS-DELMAR—Charles Lewis Harris, 44, Auburn, and Agnes N. Delmar, 40, Los Angeles.
McGOWAN-ARDUSER—Michael McGowan, 45, and Bertha Arduser, 33, both of Oakland.
ATTERBURY-WILLIAMS—Harry J. Atterbury, 31, and Eva Williams, 21, both of San Francisco.
PERATE-TOWELL—Emil A. Perate, 34, and Maude Towell, 25, both of Oakland.
MACDONALD-COIT—Lloyd P. Macdonald, 22, and Frances C. Coit, 18, both of Oakland.
WOLVERSON-WALKER—Walter Walker, 24, and Freia M. Irving, 20, both of Oakland.
GORDON-NEEDHAM—Thomas L. Gordon, 29, and Nellie E. Needham, 20, both of Oakland.
GREGORIO-SILVERA—John P. Gregorio, 30, and Rosa A. Silvera, 23, both of Hayward.

DEATHS

GAUL—in Alameda, January 12, 1917, Mrs. Margaret Gaul, beloved friend of Mr. and Mrs. S. K. Hackett, native of Michigan, aged 69 years, 8 months and 14 days. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral Sunday, January 14, at 2 p. m., from Zion Lutheran church, 2101 Broadway, between 14th and 15th streets, at Campbell. Burial in the cemetery at Colma.

HOLLAND—in Berkeley, Cal., January 13, 1917, Peter Laron Holland, dearly beloved husband of Mrs. Mary Ann Holland and loving father of Mrs. May Ann Brown, Mrs. Inez Brown, Mrs. Mary Ann Holland, a native of Wisconsin, aged 64 years, 3 months and 21 days. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services Monday, January 15, 1917, at 10 a. m., from the funeral chapel of Grant D. Miller, 2372 East Fourteenth street, East Oakland. Interment, Greenwood cemetery, Oakland.

ROSE—in this city, January 13, 1917, Bertha, beloved wife of Mark Rose and loving mother of Samuel T. Rose, Mrs. Harry Harris and the late Pauline Rose, a native of England, aged 47 years and 10 months. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services Monday, January 15, 1917, at 10 a. m., from the funeral chapel of Grant D. Miller, 2372 East Fourteenth street, East Oakland. Interment, Greenwood cemetery, Oakland.

SANJAN—in this city, January 13, 1917, Henry P., beloved husband of Emma Sanjan, loving father of Elsie, Vincent, Emily, John, Louis and Genevieve, and son of Mrs. J. Skow, brother of D. O. and J. D. Scanlan, Mrs. M. A. O'Neill, Mrs. L. E. Eides, Mrs. J. J. Hall and Mrs. O. T. Troy, son of the late Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Scanlan, a native of Contra Costa county, California. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral Monday, January 15, 1917, at 9 o'clock a. m., from the residence parlors of 4600 Alameda, between 24th and 25th streets, thence to St. Francis de Sales church, where solemn requiem high mass will be celebrated for the repose of his soul, commencing at 9:30 a. m. Interment, St. Mary's cemetery.

TREADWELL—in this city, January 12, 1917, baby boy of George B. and Dorothy M. Treadwell, native of England, aged 13 days.
WROOT—in this city, January 12, 1917, Mrs. Mary M. Wroot, beloved mother of Mrs. J. J. Wroot, Mrs. Arthur Wroot, Mrs. J. J. Wroot, Mrs. J. J. Wroot, Mrs. J. J. Wroot, a native of England, aged 82 years.
Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral Monday, January 15, 1917, at 11 o'clock a. m., from the chapel of the California Crematorium, 2400 Broadway, between 24th and 25th streets, thence to St. Francis de Sales church, where solemn requiem high mass will be celebrated for the repose of his soul, commencing at 9:30 a. m. Interment, St. Mary's cemetery.

CARD OF THANKS.
The family and relatives of the late Mary P. Partidge wish to express their heartfelt thanks and appreciation for the beautiful floral offerings and the kind expressions of sympathy tendered them during their late bereavement. Mr. and Mrs. P. R. Bick.

EVERGREEN CEMETERY

PERPETUAL CARE ONLY
Graves \$45 and up.
Office at Cemetery, 8110 64th Ave., Oakland, Cal.

FUNERALS COMPLETE, \$75
We can rent lady's assistant, J. G. Galt, 2221 Duane st. ph. 26. Berk. 125.

GERARD'S SPEECH TO BE REVIEWED

Ambassador Declares Words Were Reported Substantially Correct.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—Ambassador Gerard's much discussed speech on his return to Berlin, in which he was quoted as saying that "never since the beginning of the war have the relations between the United States and Germany been as cordial as now," was reported substantially correct, it was said at the State Department today.

The text will be examined carefully and it is probable some announcement will be made later. It is stated officially that the department's request of the ambassador to send on his exact words is in no way a reproach to him, but is a customary procedure. Ambassador Gerard's speech has caused more comment abroad perhaps than any utterance by an American diplomat since the war began. The German newspapers attached much significance to it, especially as it followed so shortly on Ambassador Gerard's visit to President Wilson and Secretary Lansing here and on the President's note to the belligerents. In general the German chancellors' supporters and those looking for an early peace approved it, while the chancellors' enemies and those urging

vigorous warfare regarded his suggestion that so long as the present German officials continue in power no trouble was likely as an undue interference in Germany's internal affairs, which should justify his recall.

\$40,000 Awarded for X-Ray Machine Death

FRESNO, Jan. 13.—A judgment of \$40,000 for the death of her husband through an experiment with an X-ray machine was awarded to Mrs. Harriet James by Judge Austin today. C. W. James, a dentist, died of barium carbonate poisoning when he submitted himself as a subject to agents of the Campbell Electric Company, who were demonstrating the apparatus. H. D. Horbach and S. E. Miller, the two agents, and Dr. R. Landon, a drug clerk supplying the chemical, were also named in the suit, which was for \$100,000. In rendering the finding today, Judge Austin fixed \$40,000 as the amount the manufacturers were to pay. The company did not contest the action.

Rumanian Town Is Bombarded by Bulgars

BERLIN, via Sayville wireless, Jan. 13.—Bombardment of Tulcea and Isaccea (Rumania) by hostile shells, killing a number of women and children and destroying numerous houses, was announced in the Bulgarian official report of January 12, received tonight. The attack on Tulcea was by hostile monitors, and that on Isaccea by aeroplanes, it was stated.

MANY PARTS OF STATE SEEK PLAN

Federation Charter Project Discussed by Experts in All Localities.

The general cry for lower tax rates and for greater efficiency in government, which has led the people of Alameda county to propose a proposition of federation of a city and county government, has forced other districts of the state to similar efforts. Several of these communities are in close correspondence with the city and County Government Association, which has recently evolved a plan for city and county federation for the east bay district. The federation plan proposed for Alameda county and its municipalities, providing as it does for centralization of administration and preserving the identity of a local autonomy of each of the municipalities, is receiving high commendation from the civic bodies of these other communities and it is probable that its provisions will be incorporated in their consolidation plans. The City and County Consolidation Commission of Los Angeles has been instructed by the mayor and council of that city to work out a satisfactory plan for amalgamation of the Los Angeles City and County governments. The commission has recently filed a report which has been approved by the

Council, in which it outlines the territory proposed to be included and mentions the features of common interest which would best be handled under consolidation plan.

Among these are mentioned the following: common water supply; handling of storm water; disposal of sewage; development of harbor; control of public utilities; preservation of public health; direction of public morals.

Attention is being called by the City and County Government Association to the fact that which is now before the Alameda county board of supervisors is a consolidation of that territory.

Civic organizations of Stockton and other municipalities of San Joaquin county are now engaged in a work of educating the citizens of Sacramento who are studying the same problems and are in close correspondence with organizations at San Diego on the same subject.

While the people of all of the districts of Alameda county are thoroughly convinced of the needs for reducing the taxes which may be brought about through greater economy and all are favorable to any plan which will bring about greater efficiency in public offices, the people of each have until recently opposed plans for consolidation, because none of the previous projects provided for local control over the municipal affairs and the preservation of local identity.

COUNTY CORONERS FORM STATE BODY

Association Organized After First Gathering in San Francisco.

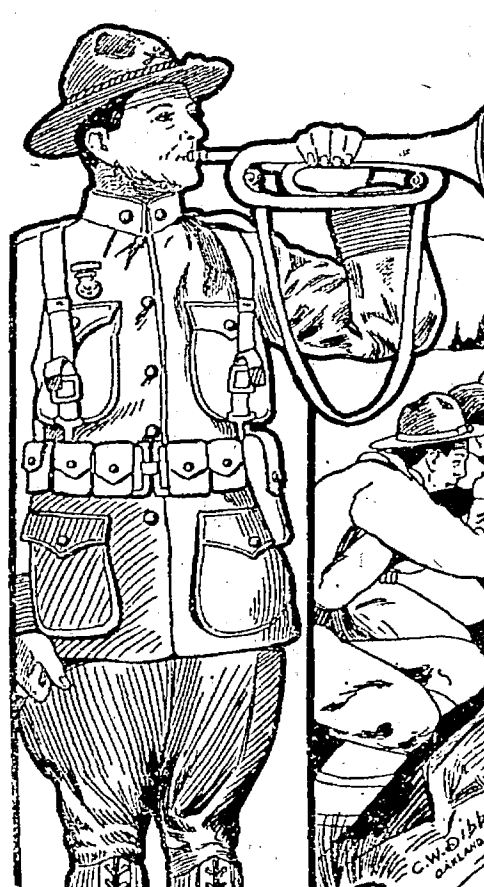
TRIBUNE BUREAU
SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 13.—The California State Coroners' Association was formed at a meeting of nineteen county coroners held in the offices of Dr. T. B. W. Leland, coroner of this city.

Dr. Leland was elected president and Dr. Frank H. Phillips, of Sonoma county, secretary. It was announced that the purpose of the organization was the mutual benefit of the coroners. An attempt may be made also to influence legislation.

The monthly mortuary, said to be the most up to date morgue in the world, was inspected by the delegates. Luncheon was served in a downtown cafe. Among the coroners present were Grant D. Miller, Alameda; R. E. Kell, Santa Clara; A. Brooks, San Mateo; John K. Kelly, Yuba; Arthur D. Fenton, Sacramento; Frank G. Warren, San Joaquin; Fred Reimer, San Benito; Eugene Weber, Napa; C. L. Abbott, Contra Costa; J. J. Corbett, Monterey; C. S. Dixon, Tulare; Thomas A. Weinblager, Orange; J. D. McNary, Colusa; C. L. Burden, Tuolumne; L. P. Hathaway, Ventura; L. E. Sawyer, Mariposa; and A. H. Dixon, Kern.

Headline Special:

Dress Gingham 9c yard



Stock Adjusting Campaign

Fort High Prices

We are about to close our most successful merchandising event. The last six days will be crowded full of bargain interest. Every department manager is anxious to make the last days the best. This means that prices will be forced down to the lowest possible point. We mention a few of the features today:

Black Sateen 19c yd.

A full Mercerized Sateen with a permanent finish. The width is 36 inches. A limited quantity—act promptly.

White Goods 9c yd.

Novelty white goods—less than a thousand yards to offer. Voiles, Cross-hair Dimity, Lace Cloth, etc. 9c a yard while this lot lasts.

Table Scarfs 59c

A wonderful lot of Lace Trimmed Scarfs and Battenberg Scarfs (size 18x54) and 18x45-inch Stamped Scarfs. The same price on 36-inch Square Stamped Table Covers.

Stamped Goods 15c

Cross-stitch Scarfs, Pillow Tops, Pin Cushions and Table Centers; Stamped Baby Dresses and Creepers; Stamped Guest Towels, plain and fancy.

Longcloth \$1.25 BOLT (10 Yards)

Just 50 bolts at this price—he one of the lucky buyers. Width 36 inches—the soft, chambray finish quality.

Checked Suiting 25c yd.

A woven pattern Shepherd Check Suiting—black and white. The width is 36 inches. A great bargain at 25c a yard.

MARYMONT AND UPRIGHT

13th and Washington, Oakland

Black Sateen 19c yd.

White Goods 9c yd.

Canton Flannel 5c yd

A 28-inch Canton Flannel (half bleached), which we offer at this sensational price because the edges are slightly soiled. Don't miss this one.

Jenniss Flannel 8 1/2c yd

A splendid quality in pink and blue stripes and plaid effects. Lay in a supply.

Cotton Batts 8c

Good grade, full bleached, half-pound size.

Wool Finish Batts 75c

1-pound rolls, size 72x54. Soft, fluffy and warm.

15-in. Toweling 4c yd.

Standard quality, red border toweling. A feature for rooming houses and hotels.

Seamed Sheets 35c

Full bleached, medium weight. Size 72x90.

One-piece Sheets 74c

Extra heavy—they will give good service. Size 81x90.

Double Bed Spreads \$1.10

Medium weight Honeycomb Spreads in neat floral patterns.

Marseilles Spreads \$1.95

Double-bed size, full bleached. Floral and conventional designs.

Cotton Blankets 95c pr.

Three-quarter size. Gray or tan with pink, blue or tan border.

Bleached Sheet 25c yd.

Full bleached, soft finish, medium weight, 72 inches wide. On account of the low price we limit each customer to 10 yards.

Wool Serge \$1.39 yd

52 inches wide.

A great bargain offer. A Pure Wool Serge in popular colors—navy, Alice, dark green, brown, garnet, Burgundy and black. The width is an important feature—52 inches.

32-inch Serge 39c yd

A splendid, general utility fabric, which we can offer in garnet, myrtle green, navy, Burgundy, brown and black.

Wool Challies 50c yd

A reliable, guaranteed all-wool fabric in good patterns—Dolly Varden, Roman stripes, polka-dots, etc. 27 inches wide.

Marquisette Curtains \$1.00 pr

The real thing—a high grade marquisette in white, cream or beige. They are 2 1/2 yards long. Finished with wide, silk hemstitched border.

Fancy Scrim—10c Yard

1500 yards to sell at this price. A fancy scrim with colored border or hemstitched edge and woven colored figures. 36 inches wide.

Marquisette—16c Yard

A good quality in cream and beige. It washes splendidly. A superb value at 16c a yard. Be sure and see it.

49c Sale

On the Fourth Floor

A combination of nine special features at one bargain price—every one a bargain wonder.

Brassieres 49c

Linen Brassieres—an entirely new model, with wide rows of linen lace back and front. Hook front style. Sizes 34 to 44.

Tub Dresses 49c

Voile, Gingham and Percale Dresses—figures, stripes and checks. Good styles, too. Sizes 16 to 38.

Petticoats 49c

Sateen, Heatherbloom, Seersucker and Flannelette Petticoats. The former in colors, black and white. The latter with tucked flounces—colors and white or black.

Middy Blouses 49c

White Blouses with colored collar. The size assortment is broken, but the value is still there.

Children's Hats 49c

Velvet, Felt and Corduroy Hats—not a big assortment, but every one a sensational value.

Kimonos 49c

Long Flannelette Kimonos in the popular empire style. Sizes 34 to 44. Wonderful at the price.

Undermuslins 49c

Silk and muslin Corset Covers, muslin Gowns, batiste Bloomers, muslin Petticoats and Envelope Chemise in white and flesh. They are trimmed with lace and embroidery.

Dressing Sacques 49c

Flannelette Sacques, belted styles with high or low neck. Sizes range from 36 to 44.

Infants' Garments 49c

Rompers, Wool Drawers, Leggings, Sacques, Booties, Bibs, Dresses and Petticoats. The entire lot, 49c.

Ribbons 10c Yd.

Satin and Plain and Moire Taffetas in good colors and widths. Odds and ends—this accounts for the extremely low price.

Lingerie Waists Selling at 50c

A splendid group in sizes 36 to 44. Neat styles in voile and organdie. You'll wonder how they can be sold for 50c.

Organdie and Voile Waists—75c

A great variety of styles in tucked, stripe and embroidered organdie. Sizes 36 to 46.

Novelty Waists—\$1.00

Silk Crope de Chine Waists in white or flesh; Voile Waists of various kinds. Sizes 32 to 46.

4000 Towels in a Sale

Three wonderful lots. They must be classed as "seconds" because of slight imperfections—slip stitches, oil spots, or misweaves. Most of them have colored borders—yellow, pink, blue or lavender.

Size 19x36—Marked Special at 25c

Size 21x42—Marked Special at 38c

Size 21x44—Marked Special at 63c

Wise buyers will lay in a supply for the future.

LEAK PROBERS EMPOWERED TO GO LIMIT

House Adopts Resolutions to Give Investigators Authority to Trace Charge That U. S. Officials Profited by the Tip

Final Effort of Committee to Compel Lawson to Tell All He Knows to Be Waived; Then Contempt Proceedings

BY INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE
LEASING WIRE TO TRIBUNE.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—With the committee empowered to "go the limit" to get at the bottom of the charges and rumors of Wall Street profits going to government officials, the "leak" investigation was given new life today.

The House, without serious opposition and without a record vote, adopted two resolutions today, the first one giving the committee authority to investigate fully into the charge that government officials profited from the "leak" on the President's note to the European belligerents.

POWER OF PROBERS.
The second resolution, urged by Chairman Henry, gives the committee authority to compel witnesses to answer all questions pertaining to the "leak" charges, even in regard to hearsay evidence. And it specifically directs the committee to require Lawson to give the name of the Congressman who told him that another member of Congress, a member of the cabinet and a Washington broker were working together to profit in the stock market from their inside information regarding intended moves of the administration.

In addition, the resolution sets forth that if Lawson refuses to answer these questions, or any others, that the committee report immediately to the House to see what action it desires to take. "The only thing blocking the committee from immediate summoning Lawson is the fact that no one is able to locate him."

WILL GO AFTER LAWSON.
The final effort of the committee to compel Lawson to testify fully will be made Monday.

When Lawson again faces the committee he will be compelled not only to give the name of the Congressman, but of every other person who made disclosures to him concerning the "leak" and its consequences in the financial world.

The financier, who is expected again to refuse the information, already has testified that he "does not care a d— for the House."

If he fails to divulge the names, the fact will be reported to the House, which must then decide its authority in contempt proceedings.

The committee planned a further conference today, but it was decided that witnesses would be summoned.

S. B. Friday of Oakbrook, member of the brokerage firm of Thompson & McKinnon, Chicago, probably will be summoned.

German Merchant Marine to Expand

BERLIN, Jan. 13.—That one of the essential elements in the expansion of German trade is the upbuilding of the merchant marine by the German government, declared a high official today, in the declaration made in the report of the United States federal trade commission, contained in its "Report on Co-operation in American Export Trade," issued this year.

"In pursuance of such a policy," it reads, "German shipping has received much aid from the imperial government, principally indirect. Shipping materials have been imported duty free and have had low freight rates from the state-owned railroads. Subsidies have been granted by the government, maritime schools maintained and other activities prosecuted for the benefit of German shipping. Moreover, the development of shipping business has been constantly favored by the imperial government."

Motormen, Conductors May Join Brotherhood

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 13.—The power wielded by the "big four" railroad brotherhoods may be increased by the addition of thousands of motormen and conductors on traction lines. It was announced today that a committee representing the traction line employees of Indiana will confer tomorrow with representatives of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers regarding the affiliation of the traction men with the railroad employees.

COMB SAGE TEA INTO GRAY HAIR

Ladies! Try This! Darkens Beautifully and Nobody Can Tell; Brings Back Its Gloss and Youthfulness.

Common garden sage brewed into a heavy tea, with sulphur and alcohol added, will turn gray, streaked and faded hair beautifully dark and luxuriant. Mixing the Sage Tea and Sulphur recipe at home, though, is troublesome. An easier way is to get the ready-to-use preparation improved by the addition of other ingredients, costing about 50 cents a large bottle, at drug stores, known as "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound," thus avoiding a lot of fuss.

While gray, faded hair is not sinful, we all desire to retain our youthful appearance and attractiveness. By darkening your hair with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound, no one can tell, because it does it so naturally, so evenly. You just dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning all gray hairs have disappeared. After another application or two your hair becomes beautifully dark, glossy, soft and luxuriant, and you appear years younger. Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound is a delightful toilet requisite. It is not intended for the cure, mitigation or prevention of disease.—Advertisement.

Hist! Sleuths Are Still Sleuthing Off Port Bow



Hotel Oakland's Manager Summons the Gendarmes, But 'Shadows' Quickly Return

Hist! It's sleuths again! Right off the port bow of the Hotel Oakland, too, p'gosh!

They have in sight three days ago. They wore long coats and caps of the type mentioned in the best books on detecting. They also smoked pipes. But hark, ye reader! Better than all. They were disguised in a furtive air of mystery that made them as inconspicuous as a skyrocket on a dark night.

One sleuth rested his spinal column against a telephone pole. The other took up a position across the street from the entrance of the hotel. There, hour after hour, for three long days, they watched and watched and watched, until every guest in the Hotel Oakland knew that something terribly secret was on foot. In the lobby frightened women clutched shuddering children to their skirts and, with pale faces, asked what it all meant.

Walter Rounsval, assistant manager and espionage-in-chief of the hotel, went to Manager Carl Sward. "May be they are thugs after your new red neckties," he suggested. Sward looked startled and covered his Christmas present with his hand. "Gendarmes!" he commanded to Rounsval, who is French. Rounsval did.

Through half-drawn blinds they watched the scene. The work was clever. While the two sleuths peeped and peeped, looked, watched and squinted, two more sleuths appeared suddenly alongside and gathered in the first two. Oh, the world was full of sleuths, about then. When the four sleuths had left the management and the guests breathed free again.

And then— Someone looked out through a window a few minutes later and there were the same two sleuths, with caps, gloves, pipes and rambouyant secrecy, back on the job again.

Rounsval noted out Sward and a banker guest by a matter of inches. "Help!" he exclaimed into the telephone, which had been connected with the police station. "They are back again."

"Sure," came over the wire, "They are sleuths."

"Are they all right?" "Sure! They are all right. They are watching something."

Rounsval hung up the telephone. "They are watching something," Rounsval explained.

"Huh," said Sward; "I knew that three days ago."

Hist! It's great to be a sleuth!

NEWS OF PLAYGROUNDS

Now comes a period of about four or five weeks when there is no scheduled activity for the different playgrounds, and for this reason there has been organized a campaign for the advancement of the knowledge of the people in general as to the facilities and advantages here and there, as it were, by the city of Oakland through the medium of the Recreation Department.

Herein this city we have a Playground Department which was given the ribbon of highest award at the P. E. E. and of course it offers many wonderful inducements to the people of this city. The manifold benefits to be derived from the department as a whole are quite universally used in most of the neighborhood of the city but there are some parts of the city where the advantages have been almost overlooked.

Of course, the Playground Department bases its value upon the number of people that it serves in a beneficial way and the number of people that are satisfied with the value of the Playground Department determines the value of the department to the city as a whole.

Necessarily, having a system which was adjudged good enough to give the highest award at a world's fair, the playground people feel that they can give satisfaction and the only concern then is the getting of the people to come and try the various activities held out to them as inducements by the playgrounds.

One idea which is pretty generally entertained by the citizens of any city is that a playground, from the very name of it, is for the children, but here is a great error, for the playgrounds have as many, if not more, activities for the adults as for the younger members of the family. The older members of the families who need the fresh air and the sunshine more than the children, the latter getting a great deal more sunshine in their ordinary daily activities than the playground and outdoor members of the families, who too often are absorbed with their duties of earning their daily bread that they forget all about the health of their bodies, and suffer from the fact that the playground is for them to be treated in a way that one would be arrested for treating a horse. It is for this class that the playgrounds and the activities thereof are mainly designed and the more good they can do for the individual and really meet it the more successful its work in toto. Many are the men and ladies who would gladly testify that their lives have been prolonged by the exercises of the playground, and it has been really about by the good fresh air and the outdoor Oakland climate.

Perhaps the main feature which makes the Oakland playgrounds surpass all their rivals is the fact that the playgrounds are able to get out in the open air and carry on the activities in the open air instead of getting inside a gymnasium as is done in the eastern cities. And when we think of the advantages mentioned, along with others too numerous to mention, is it not to be deplored that they are not used to the fullest capacity?

Now for the purpose of dispensing more information to the people, the general campaign of education is being planned under the general supervision of Miss Van Hagen of the Recreation Department. The first of a series of such programs will be held at the Sequoia School out in the Dimond region. The program will last from 2 until 5 p. m. on January 19 and will consist mainly of talks by the neighbors of the playground who really know the true benefits to be derived therefrom. One of the speeches will be delivered by a member of the Outdoor Women's Club of Golden Gate playground. The remainder of the program will be announced at a later date, and it will be followed by an afternoon tea.

Miss Van Hagen announced that the main idea of the meeting is to show the parents what the playground has to offer and for their children and show the Recreation Department earnestly wishes them to take advantage of.

Another talk will be held later in the afternoon district and following there will be others in the various parts of the city.

In connection with the same idea the TRIBUNE will publish a series of feature articles, showing the playgrounds as they are and the different activities which are offered through the playgrounds accompanied by photographs.

ELMHURST.
A new club is to be formed at Elmhurst school playground by the younger girls which is to partake of the nature of a ukelole club. There will be about ten girls in the club and Miss Constance Dwyer, the supervisor, will take the work along with the girls. Elizabeth Bouton, Elsie Hayden, Mildred Keen, and Mildred Rose are among the members who will start the club.

The most successful party ever held at Elmhurst was the Hard Times dance held at the time of the New Year. It

was given under the auspices of the Whee-Wee club, a group of high school girls, who invited about 75 couples to take part in the festive affair. A very merry party resulted one of the features of which was the Leap Year dance. All the boys lined up on one side of the hall and chose their partners from the mass of mankind and there began a promenade around the hall, when every couple was ten rods of the streamers. These were suspended from the ceiling by means of wires suspended at proper intervals and height and the effect was very beautiful. The couples became entwined in the dancing serpentine. Everyone is waiting for a repetition of the same dance next year.

Two crews for the smaller girls are also to be organized at Elmhurst and practice on Lake Merritt will begin at once.

MELROSE NEWS.
Last Friday evening at the Melrose School was held the grand carnival meeting of the Melrose Camp Fire girls. The regular business was attended to and also two new members were added, Dora Simonetti and Edith Wilson. The regular members, up to this time were Violet Malone, Bertha Poulsen, Edna Bradshaw, Viola Robey, and Helen Bradshaw.

MOSSWOOD.
The Mosswood Women's Outdoor Club held its annual meeting Friday, January 5, at the home of Mrs. E. N. Rishel on Thirty-sixth street for the purpose of the election of officers. Mrs. Rishel, who has held the office of president for the past three years, was unanimously re-elected to that position. She is a regular charter member of the organization and it is largely due to her tireless efforts that the Mosswood Women's Outdoor Club has reached and maintained the high plane of success at which it has stood for the past years.

Mrs. M. Nice was elected vice-president, Mrs. Milton Blount corresponding secretary, Mrs. C. J. Juntied by Mrs. S. S. Sargent, the outgoing officers of the club.

In spite of the rainy weather this club has been active. They gave a whist party at the home of Mrs. Rishel during the holidays and with the finances derived therefrom filled up five Christmas boxes for the poor families of the neighborhood with meat, groceries, clothing, candy, and toys for the children. Owing to the rainy weather the club has been unable to play games on many of the meeting days out of doors, but they have been extremely fortunate in being able to arrange to use the Plymouth gymnasium for their volleyball games.

TRACK.
Upon the next five rainy days when the playgrounds will have to remain closed, the men of the department are to be so fortunate as to have Walter Christie, track coach of the University of California, to speak to them upon the subject of the technique of track work which will be of untold value to the men in coaching the track teams of the different playgrounds, and track is becoming a very important function in the playground curriculum.

WONG HIM



formerly of 1258 Franklin St., Oakland, where he was located for many years, has a new establishment at 1538 Webster St., Oakland, where he is selling Chinese herbs of all kinds. It is a well-known fact that Chinese herbs possess medicinal qualities which are effective in curing the many diseases afflicting suffering humanity. Wong Him has had many years' experience in gathering and preparing herbs for use, and all the herbs in which he deals are imported by him directly from China and his knowledge of the curative qualities of these herbs which he offers for sale to the public and his thorough familiarity, acquired by long years of experience with the business in which he is engaged, have placed him in the front rank of Chinese herbists in America.

REMOVAL SALE

New Merchandise Now Added

We start on Monday the second edition of this great sale with hundreds of articles added to the reduced merchandise in all departments. It will pay you to visit the store frequently from now on in order to keep track of the reductions. Many items are added in the morning and snapped up before the store closes in the evening.

See What We Have Prepared For Monday's Selling

Genuine Wedgewood Gas Ranges Reduced

We were fortunate in securing a large number of Floor Samples of these Ranges that are perfect in every way, but have been exhibited in the show room of the factory, and were sold to us at prices that enables us to make the following bargain offers:

\$59.50 Wedgewood Cabinet Range 3 single, 1 Giant, 1 simmering burner. Glass doors, full enamel	\$47.50 Wedgewood Cabinet Range Broiler pan, drip pan, splashers and door panels are all full enameled
\$59.50 Wedgewood Cabinet Range Practically the same range as above but broiler and oven door are enameled	\$47.50 Wedgewood Cabinet Range A very handy size and shape. This range has been one of most popular styles
\$61.50 Wedgewood Cabinet Range Larger than the above, without the enameled panels. A big bargain	\$32.50 Magic Cabinet Range One of the best medium priced ranges ever placed on the market. Four burners.
\$46.50	\$39.50
\$47.50	\$37.50
\$48.50	\$26.75

 \$16.85 Regular \$21.50 Dining Table with triple mirror. In Australian gum, walnut finish. \$1.75 Per Month	 \$24.75 Regular \$31.50 Rocker. Upholstered in imitation leather. Has mahogany frame. \$2.50 Per Month	 Special \$12.50 Regular price \$18.00. William and Mary period Library Table in fumed oak. Top measures 42x26 inches. \$1.25 Per Month	 Special \$15.85 Regular Price \$22.50. Handsome walnut finish bed in Australian Gum. Full double size. \$1.50 Per Month
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Extra Values in Dining Room Sets

In our stock are a number of odd Dining Tables and Chairs. We have taken the Chairs, of which we had only four or five in stock, matched them with odd Tables and offer the complete sets at specially reduced prices.

\$139.00 Set for \$95.00 This set consists of 8-foot Jacobean Table with 54-inch top and four handsome Jacobean chairs with cane panel in back and cane seat. Well matched and a wonderful value.	\$62.50 Set for \$42.00 A beautiful William and Mary Period set. Six-foot extension table with 45-inch top and four very fine chairs with genuine leather seats. Good quality and a correct design.
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 \$92.50 Set Complete for \$58.75 A Jacobean set in selected oak. Table extends to 8 feet. Has 48-inch top and large pedestal base. The chairs are correct in design and have seats covered in a rich tapestry. \$5.00 Per Month Buys This Set

\$68.00 Set for \$47.00 A typical Jacobean set. Table has 45-inch top, which extends to 6 feet. Four nicely designed leather seat chairs.	\$111.00 Set for \$58.75 Genuine Gustav Stickley table with 48-inch top; extends to 8 feet. Four fine leather seat chairs to match.
\$50.00 Set for \$37.00 Fumed oak set with very attractive design. Table has 48-inch top; extends to 6 feet. Four leather seat chairs to match.	\$72.00 Set for \$50.00 A rich Golden oak set. Table has 54-inch top and extends to 8 feet. There are four leather seat chairs that match table perfectly.

Look at These Rug Bargains

Slightly soiled Sample Rugs in various sizes now offered at prices that should move them quickly. We list only a few to show the reductions.

1—HANDSOME WILTON RUG—Size 8:3x10:6 . . reg. \$35.00—Now \$17.50	1—TAPESTRY BRUSSELS RUG—Size 8:3x10:6; reg. \$18.00—Now \$ 7.50
1—BODY BRUSSELS RUG—Size 9:2x9:2 reg. \$37.50—Now \$19.75	2—TAPESTRY BRUSSELS RUGS—Size 9x12 feet . . reg. \$27.50—Now \$19.75
1—BODY BRUSSELS RUG—Size 9x12 feet reg. \$42.50—Now \$25.00	1—BODY BRUSSELS RUG—Size 9x12 feet reg. \$42.50—Now \$27.50
1—HEAVY AXMINSTER RUG—Size 9x12 feet . . . reg. \$52.50—Now \$22.50	1—ANGLO PERSIAN WILTON RUG—Size 9x12 ft. . . reg. \$82.50—Now \$55
1—BODY BRUSSELS RUG—Size 9x15 feet reg. \$62.50—Now \$39.75	1—GENUINE WILTON RUG—Size 10:6x13:6 . . reg. \$107.00—Now \$75.00

TERMS!

Everything in this sale can be bought on Brenner Easy Payment Plan. A little down, small monthly payments.

\$1.00 Month on	\$10.00 Purchase
\$1.50 Month on	\$15.00 Purchase
\$2.50 Month on	\$25.00 Purchase
\$5.00 Month on	\$50.00 Purchase
\$7.50 Month on	\$100.00 Purchase
\$10.00 Month on	\$150.00 Purchase
\$12.50 Month on	\$200.00 Purchase
\$15.00 Month on	\$250.00 Purchase

These terms are offered on goods purchased for residences only.

DRAPERIES

The wonderful values in our Drapery Dept. have made this the greatest sale we have ever had, and every big special we are advertising are goods taken from our regular stock and reduced from regular prices—not merchandise bought specially for sale purposes.

This week we are specializing on big cuts in our curtain stock and quote the following:

100 pair 3 1/2-yard Hemstitched Scrim Curtains, Reg. \$1.25 for 85c

LOT 1—
All pairs in this lot **\$1.65**
Double Thread Marquisette Curtains, 2 1/2 yards long, with 6-inch wide flit insertions. Regular \$2.75 pair. 8 patterns.

2 1/2 yard long Marquisette Curtains, Berry or Cream, with hemstitched border and lace edges. Regular \$2.00 and \$2.25; four patterns.

Volle and Scrim Curtains, 2 1/2 yards long; some with insertions and hemstitched borders, others with lace insertions and edges to match. Regular \$2.00, \$2.25 and \$2.50; six patterns.

Lot 1 all \$1.65 pair.

LOT 2—
All pairs in this lot **\$3.00**
Fine quality Marquisette with embroidered borders, 2 1/2 yards long. Regular \$4.50.

Hand Old Stenciled Pure Linen Curtains, fast color stencil border, regular \$1.00 pair.

Handsome bordered Quaker Craft Lace Curtains, 2 1/2 yards long; either hemmed or scalloped edge; regular \$4.50.

All Lot 2 at \$3.00 pair.

LOT 3—
All pairs in this lot **\$1.85**
Quaker Craft Figured Net Curtains, 2 1/2 yards long, some with plain hem, others with hem and lace edge. Regular \$2.50 and \$2.75 pair; 5 patterns. All Lot 3, \$1.85.

LOT 4—
All pairs in this lot **\$3.85**
Figured Flit Net Curtains for large windows, 2 1/2 yards long by 50 inches wide. Regular \$5.50 pair.

Lacet Lace Curtains with wide border, 2 1/2 yards long; regular \$8.50 pair.

Fine Marquisette Curtains, with wide 6-inch antique lace border; regular \$6.50.

All Lot 4, \$3.85 pair.

CRETONNES

Still a splendid selection of patterns and colors of regular 40c to 65c value for **29c Yard**

MARQUISSETTES

40 inch double border, full mercerized round thread. Regular 35c value. **Reduced to 23c Yard**

Six patterns; colors ecru and cream.

Brenner's
OAKLAND Cor 13th and Franklin Sts.

U. S. BANKS PREPARE FOR AFTER WAR

Amendments to Federal Reserve Acts Proposed in Order to Cope With Financial Status of Country at Conflict's Close

Plan Congressional Action to Require Increased Deposits to Be Maintained by Member Institutions With Gov't

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—Amendments to the federal reserve act, designed to place the United States on a thoroughly sound basis of financial preparedness for whatever the future may bring during the continuance of the war and after its termination, have been put into definite form by the Federal Reserve Board and soon will be introduced in Congress.

The chief unforeseen financial problems which the country has faced since the war started have resulted, board officials believe, from the huge gold importations which have tended to upset former economic and financial conditions, and the recommendations for new legislation are aimed principally at controlling loan extensions based on these gold accretions.

SCOPE OF AMENDMENTS.

The amendments, says the statement, "are designed to enable the federal reserve banks to withdraw gold from actual circulation while enabling member banks at the same time to release gold which at present is tied up in their own vaults. The amendments are based upon the theory that all of the individual banks should strengthen the gold holdings of the Federal Reserve banks."

"The country's holdings of gold are not used most effectively when they are in the vaults of a large number of banks scattered all over the country, but its greatest use would come from concentrating it to a greater degree in the vaults of the Federal Reserve Banks, where it can be effectively protected when not required and effectively used when needed. The member bank does not require gold with which to supply the ordinary demands of its depositors so much as currency."

INCREASE RESERVES.

It is from this point of view that the Federal Reserve Board has proposed that Congress increase the required reserves to be maintained by the member banks with the Federal Reserve banks.

On November 17, 1916, the cash holdings of all member banks were about \$125,000,000. Under the proposed amendment \$250,000,000 of this amount would be transferred to the Federal Reserve banks.

Nine other amendments of minor importance, most of which are related to operation of the one outlined above and designed to increase the degree of the board in times of emergency, are included in the recommendations. Among them are measures which would permit non-member banks and trust companies to utilize the clearing system of reserve banks and admit to associate membership capital stock under certain conditions.

Ask for Bridge at Dumbarton Point

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 13.—Urging the Board of Supervisors of San Francisco, Alameda and San Mateo counties to operate in building a highway bridge across the bay at Dumbarton, the Civic League has adopted resolutions which it hopes will start that project in motion. The league also has passed resolutions asking the Southern Pacific to operate all its trains into the San Joaquin valley and over the Tehachapi into southern California, the way of the Dumbarton bridge and the other bridge.

"This would be of great convenience to the city and county of San Francisco and its people," declares the league, "it would be of advantage to the people of the peninsula and would establish service over the Dumbarton bridge, which for several years has been used only for freight cars."

Action was taken endorsing the plan of the Twin Peaks Tunnel Property Owners' Association for immediately service through the Twin Peaks tunnel when it is completed.

Local Butcher Escapes Knife CURED OF CANCER WITHOUT OPERATION.

Mr. L. Schatzel of 5749 Fremont street, Oakland, Cal., well known here, having been engaged in the meat business for years, was suffering from cancer. His lower lip was attacked and in a terrible condition. Just five years ago (January, 1912) he came upon us for our services. We cured him with our successful non-operative treatment. A few days ago he dropped in to say hello and thank us for the service we had rendered him. He was in perfect health, and has never been troubled with cancer since the time we discharged him as cured. He gave us permission to refer to him as a reference.

The Dr. J. H. Shirley Co., offices are at 2513 12th street, Oakland, Cal. Examination free.—Advertisement.

OCEAN WATER TESTED DAILY BY WESTERN LABORATORIES

SWIM

OPEN DAILY AT New Piedmont Baths

Innocents Have Thrills In Travels Abroad



The Three who met the big Adventure: ROBERT SMITH (left), ROY WELLS (right) and BURTON DARE (center).

Two-Year-Old Rescued From Danger by a 7-Year-Old Hero; Wonderful Day

Mark Twain's "Innocents Abroad" have a couple of husky young rivals in Dimond, aged 2½ and 4 years, who, previous to this week, caused no one but their parents any grave alarms. But the other day, owing to a stolen little jaunt "abroad," both tots came very near meeting with disaster. One of them narrowly missed being run down by an automobile and was saved only through the quick action of the little 7-year-old lad of Dimond, who pulled him out of harm's way, and the other baby managed to get himself lost from early afternoon until nearly 8 o'clock in the evening.

The principals in this thrilling little episode are 4-year-old Roy Wells, son of Mr. and Mrs. Monroe Wells, of 3720 Fruitvale avenue, little Robert Smith, 2½-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Smith, of 2124 Dumbarton street, and the 7-year-old hero of the drama, Burton Dare, nephew of Dr. F. L. Herrick, of 2206 Hopkins street.

Wednesday afternoon and left him playing about his home, warning him to keep away from the cars. Everything went well until Roy felt it was time for mother to be coming home, and decided to go to the corner and wait for her. Being a sociable little chap, he felt it would be ever so much nicer to take little Bobbie along, and the two of them could watch the big cars go by.

But little Bobbie came near seeing the cars go by for the last time, for soon they took a notion that they'd like to cross the street. Roy arrived safely on the other side, but Bobbie, having hesitated before following, was

TWO STATES HELD IN STORM'S GRASP

BY INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE
LEASED WIRE TO TRIBUNE.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Jan. 13.—With a gale laden with rain and sleet driving steadily from the west, Memphis tonight is in the grip of the most severe winter weather of the season. The weather bureau records as early as 6 o'clock showed a temperature of 18 degrees, a fall of 24 degrees since 7 o'clock this morning. The streets are covered with ice and mist is freezing wherever it strikes, causing a glaze that makes traffic well nigh impossible.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Jan. 13.—The heaviest snow Kentucky has known in years covers the entire state. Traffic in the mountains has ceased and country roads are impassable. All trains are delayed. The snow is two feet deep in some places and still continues. The cities are preparing to send help to many of the country districts where the poor are said to be suffering intensely.

OCEAN WATER TESTED DAILY BY WESTERN LABORATORIES

SWIM

OPEN DAILY AT New Piedmont Baths

PLYMOUTH CHURCH MEETING IS HELD

Largest Annual Session Held, Activities Are Reviewed.

The most largely attended annual meeting in the history of Plymouth church occurred this week, when 361 people sat down to dinner in the gymnasium of Plymouth center. The room was beautiful with greenery and festive with swaying yellow balloons and rubber foot-balls which were batted from one table to another.

In place of the usual reports, a survey of the church activities was given by four members. L. F. Moore told of the activities of Plymouth center; L. B. Avery gave an account of the Sunday school work; Mrs. F. C. Turner gave a survey of the organizations affiliated with the church, the Woman's Club, Men's League and Christian Endeavor Societies; and W. W. Furze gave his impressions of the church services, emphasizing the need of a new organ to replace the present instrument which came around the Horn in '53 and which is inadequate to the present size of the church and its musical program.

Statistical reports showed that the church had received 128 new members during 1916, that 16 had been dismissed by letter, 14 by death, and 87 of whom which 9 had been lost by death, making a total loss of 39, and leaving a net gain of 89. This brings the present membership of the church up to 857, of whom about 500 are resident in Oakland.

The address of the evening was then given by Rev. Josiah Sibley, D. D., pastor of Calvary Presbyterian church, San Francisco, and an old college friend of the pastor's. Dr. Sibley gave an enthusiastic and inspiring address on "Going Forward," after which the meeting was dismissed by a brief prayer by the pastor of the church.

The following officers for the coming year were unanimously elected:

Deacons—Mrs. M. W. Bennett, Mrs. W. C. Thompson, Miss Helen Campbell, Miss Janet Haught, Mrs. A. K. Munson.

Trustees—Arthur Arlett, Frank Adams, Harry Benner, James Bennett, A. U. Brandt, W. E. Burroughs, L. F. Moore, Dr. N. G. Noble, P. S. Osgood.

Church clerk, Miss Alice L. Osborne; treasurer, Captain W. R. Thomas; treasurer of benevolence, Mrs. B. D. Collier; treasurer of building fund, Samuel Breck; auditing committee—O. Van Every, B. L. Waterhouse, Miss Frances Murray.

Deacons—H. D. Ames, J. Van Every, Frank Adams, Reed Robinson, Mrs. G. H. Tyson, Mrs. N. W. Place.

Sunday school officers—General superintendent, Albert W. Felt; boys' department, W. D. McDonald; girls' department, Miss Ruth Cadden; sub-junior department, Mrs. Earl D. White; primary department, Mrs. Helen A. Brouse; beginners department, Mrs. W. F. Williams; church-time kindergarten, Miss Gladys Hamilton; cradle roll, Mrs. G. H. Tyson.

BIG TRACT DEAL PAPERS SIGNED

Preparations have been actively commenced, following the final signing of papers in the deal, to place on the market the John Spring holdings in the Berkeley hills, including important tracts and other property purchased by syndicate of investors in Los Angeles capitalists. In one of the most important realty deals in years, the Berkeley millionaire's holdings have passed completely into the hands of the new firm. The deal involves the sum of \$2,764,000. The property taken over includes all unsold parts of the Thousand Oaks and other tracts controlled by Spring.

The new company to be known as the Berkeley Thousand Oaks Company, will be headed by Robert Marsh, a Los Angeles millionaire, and A. C. Parsons. Plans are made for offices in San Francisco, Oakland and elsewhere, and for a mammoth selling campaign.

Henry C. Morris, a director of the First National Bank of Oakland, will be president of the new corporation, and Milbank Johnson of Los Angeles vice-president. Among the directors will be Senator A. H. Breed, C. A. Beardsley, Oakland attorney, and C. W. Stockholders include many prominent Oakland men, among them being Russell Lowry, president of the First National Bank; R. M. Poll, Justice H. A. Melvin, George D. Metcalfe, Frank L. Noyes, George W. R. Scott, Willard Williamson, Peter B. Kyne, the author; J. Arthur Elston, and many others.

GEINMAN POTATO CROP.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 13.—News has reached here that the potato crop in Germany last year was 21,000,000 bushels, and the 1914 crop of 45,000,000 bushels.

SOCIALISTS TO SEEK FOOD LAW

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 13.—Socialists are endeavoring to find a legislator who will introduce one of the most unusual bills they ever have proposed for enactment into law. The measure provides for the establishment of markets by boards of supervisors or boards of trustees and would make it practically impossible for private individuals to sell their food products outside of the county in which the same were raised.

The bill provides that "it shall be unlawful for any producer or manufacturer of any foodstuff within a county or incorporated town in this state to sell the same, either directly or indirectly, or offer the same for sale without the limits of such county or town at a less price than the same can be bought from such producer in the county or town where it was raised or manufactured."

Skull, Value \$15, Is Stolen by Burglar

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 13.—A human skull with the lower jaw missing, is queer booty for a burglar, but that and an Arkansas whetstone, were the only articles taken from a locker in the College of Physicians and Surgeons today. They are the property of Joseph W. Rouse of 2021 Richmond avenue, Oakland, who reported their loss to the police. He values the skull at \$15 and the stone at \$1.50.

Lamp Explodes; Many Injured as Result

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 13.—A dozen members of the First Pennsylvania quartermaster's corps and first hospital corps were burned severely at the Union station here late tonight, when they attempted to fill a carbide light tank with the lamp lit. The lamp exploded. The troops were on route home from the border when their train stopped here. None is believed seriously injured.

BANKER ACCEPTS POST IN ARIZONA

Leslie F. Rice to Become Cashier of Institution in Tucson.

Leslie F. Rice, former Oakland banker and charter member of the Oakland Commercial Club, later the Oakland Chamber of Commerce, and for the past few years an officer in the Oakland Bank of Savings, will leave shortly for Tucson, Ariz., where he will be cashier of the Consolidated National Bank of that place, one of the largest financial institutions in the state.

Rice was an assistant cashier of the Oakland Bank of Savings when it took over the Berkeley branch, formerly the Berkeley National Bank, when he became manager of that institution, which position he filled from then on. He was prominent in club and business organization activities and was a member of the Equity Club of the University of California and several other organizations.

Rice received his early training in the Bank of California in San Francisco, which he entered in 1904. Later he went to the University Savings Bank, affiliated with the Berkeley National Bank, and in 1909 affiliated with the Layman Realty Company in Oakland. In 1911 he became a member of the staff of the Oakland Bank of Savings.

The bank to which Rice is going is one of the thriving institutions of Arizona and is backed by a large number of prominent men of that state.

Two Men Arrested for Burning Boy With Lime

FRESNO, Jan. 13.—Charged with burning a 14-year-old boy, Angelo Scotti, with quicklime, that he might become a professional beggar, the police today arrested Tim Green and Fred Fisher for the Boys and Girls Aid Society of San Francisco. The men will be taken to San Francisco for trial.

Getting Too Fat? Try This—Reduce

People who don't grow too fat are the fortunate exception. But if you find the fat accumulating or already cumbersome, you will be wise to follow this suggestion, which is endorsed by thousands of people who know. Ask your druggist (or his Woodward Ave., Detroit, Mich.) for a large case of Mammola Prescription Tablets. That is the price the world over. By doing this you will be safe from harmful drugs and be able to reduce two, three or four pounds a week without dieting or exercise.—Advertisement.

Spring Properties to Be Put On Market by Capitalists.

Preparations have been actively commenced, following the final signing of papers in the deal, to place on the market the John Spring holdings in the Berkeley hills, including important tracts and other property purchased by syndicate of investors in Los Angeles capitalists. In one of the most important realty deals in years, the Berkeley millionaire's holdings have passed completely into the hands of the new firm. The deal involves the sum of \$2,764,000. The property taken over includes all unsold parts of the Thousand Oaks and other tracts controlled by Spring.

The new company to be known as the Berkeley Thousand Oaks Company, will be headed by Robert Marsh, a Los Angeles millionaire, and A. C. Parsons. Plans are made for offices in San Francisco, Oakland and elsewhere, and for a mammoth selling campaign.

"77" Humphreys' Seventy-seven For Grip, Influenza

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 13.—News has reached here that the potato crop in Germany last year was 21,000,000 bushels, and the 1914 crop of 45,000,000 bushels.

COLDS 8 Keep-Well Rules

"Keep out of crowds as much as possible."

"Sleep in a room with the windows wide open."

"See that your office or shop is well ventilated."

"Walk a mile in the open air twice a day."

"Cover up each cough and sneeze with your pocket handkerchief for the protection of others."

"Don't spit on the sidewalk, and help enforce the ordinance against it."

"If these precautions will not save, don't wait until your bones begin to ache, take 'Seventy-seven' at the first chill or shiver to break up the cold."

Humphreys' Cough, Medicine Co., 150 William Street, New York.

Foundrymen Granted 25 Cents Increase

CALIFORNIA Foundrymen's Association today granted a voluntary increase in wages of 25 cents a day to every molder in its employ. The increase is effective Monday.

A Great Special Sale For Housewives!

We bought a great bargain in the stock of HILL & SEILER, formerly of 514 Thirteenth Street, Oakland.

You Get the Benefit.

We offer you hundreds of useful articles for your home. For instance; Dinnerware, China Novelties, Berry, Cake and Chocolate Sets, Cut Sunburst Glassware, and Gray Enameled Kitchen Utensils. These are all marked out at

Extremely Low Prices Call Early!

For your convenient selection, tables are arranged in the following price groups:

5c 10c 15c 25c 48c Etc.

"Perfect" Oil Heaters at Special Sale Price of \$2.48 and \$2.98

Sale Takes Place in Our Basement Salesroom.

Howell Dohrmann Co.
Located with H.C. Capwell Co.

H. C. CAPWELL CO. H. C. CAPWELL CO.

CAPWELL'S BASEMENT STORE

January Clearances and Sales of White

are bringing wonderful economies
Note the Following for Monday Shoppers

Sale extraordinary of 40 dozen pairs of Women's 25c and 35c "Onyx" Hosiery } 19c Pair

A Special Purchase of Manufacturer's Samples. Cotton, lisle and mercerized fibre. Black, white and colors of pink, blue, red and others. Both regular and extra sizes.

Women's \$1 House Dresses
Three attractive models made of extra good quality gingham and chambray. Made plenty full and neatly trimmed with embroidery. Mostly blue and gray colors. 79c

Men's Merino Shirts and Drawers... 49c Gar

Serviceable quality garments finished with satin ribbon and reinforced at neck. Elastic ribbed cuffs and ankles. Shirts in sizes 24 to 46; drawers 30 to 44.

Men's Black Cotton Socks—10c
Reinforced heel, toe and sole. Sizes 9½ to 11½. Extra special value at—10c pair.

"Old Glory" Longcloth, Bolt of 10 Yards, 98c

A well known and well liked brand of Longcloth—very firm weave and fine chambray finish. Insuring long wear and dainty laundering. Ideal for underwear and children's wear.

Two Great Bargains in Towels
Huck Towels, 11c Each
Of good heavy weight, soft finish and very absorbent. In white with colored borders and already hemmed. A substantial towel that will give immense satisfaction in its wearing ability and its bedrock price.

Honeycomb Towels, 15c Ea
This style of towel makes the best of bath towels—very soft and absorbent, with no long threads to ravel or pull. Sold at much below regular price because some are slightly soiled and others have very slight imperfections—only enough to hurt the price—On Sale in the Basement Store Only.

Women's Muslin Underwear, 49c Garment
GOWN, ENVELOPE CHEMISES AND PETTICOATS—a splendid assortment of lingerie made from an excellent quality muslin trimmed with pretty laces and embroidery. All cut full and made to resist hard wear. Dainty, pleasing garments for women who wish dainty "underthings."—On Sale in the Basement Store Only.

A Bargain Basement That Is True to Its Name
Capwells
Clay, Fourteenth and Fifteenth Sts.
Agents for Butterick Patterns

CHINA LOAN FORBIDDEN BY JAPANESE

"Monroe Doctrine" Established Over Republic to Prevent American Control; Permit for Financing Is Refused

Cannot Accept Chinese Customs or Taxes as Security, Warning to American Bankers in Outline of New Policies

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—Japan will not permit financiers of the United States to obtain control, through loans, of Chinese railroads or other large enterprises. Likewise, Japan will not permit American bankers to accept Chinese customs or taxes as security for a loan.

This was indicated today in disclosures that Japan has formulated a "Monroe doctrine" for China as far as China's financial affairs are concerned. The situation came to light in discussion of pending plans for financing Chinese enterprises by American and Japanese capitalists.

In Japanese circles it is intimated quite pointedly that unless American bankers respect the Japanese dictum as concerns China the issue will be made a matter for consideration between the two governments.

Japan seeks to justify adoption of this policy by application of the axiom that the political stability of China is essential to Japan. It is pointed out that China's political stability is not to be highly regarded at present.

In detail the Japanese idea is that in default of interest charges, financial or other, which could not be permitted to foreclose on a Chinese railroad for which they might have provided the capital. Nor would Japan permit, it was explained, Americans to take as security for loans any taxes, as this might involve ultimate control of certain customs stations and the sequestration of receipts.

The Franco-Chinese Bank holds wine and tobacco taxes in China as security for a loan of 250,000,000 yen. Japan, however, explains this circumstance by saying that the loan was made several years ago, when China's stability was more highly regarded and before Japan had attained its present eminence and power in the councils of the world.

In Japanese circles justification for this "Monroe doctrine" of the east is sought in the analogous attitude of the United States. It is pointed out that the United States would not tolerate control by Japan of any other nation of customs in any country of the western hemisphere.

California Grays Band Plays Tonight

This evening in the lobby of Hotel Oakland, from 8 until 10, the band of the California Grays of San Francisco will render a band concert which the public is invited. The Grays' band is one of the best known amateur musical organizations around the bay, and has given a number of pleasing concerts at both the St. Francis and Palace hotels in San Francisco, which were well attended by the music loving public.

The band is under the directorship of S. H. Kane, and all business arrangements in connection with it are taken care of by H. C. Gardner. It is composed of thirty members, all high-class amateur musicians.

At the request of the management of Hotel Oakland, arrangements were perfected whereby the people of Oakland are given an opportunity to enjoy this Sunday evening concert, which will consist of a number of standard and sacred selections.

Oakland Verein to Observe Anniversary

The Oakland Turn Verein, the oldest German-American organization in Alameda county, will celebrate its fiftieth anniversary with a grand banquet and ball at Pacific hall, Sixteenth and Jefferson streets, Sunday evening, January 21. The president of the different Turn Verein in the state of California will take part in the celebration. A large attendance is assured. The members of the committee are: F. F. Rohrbach, Hermann Pfaff, Albert Currlin, John Tillman, George Kirschner, Mrs. George Kirschner, Hans Sellmer, Mrs. Hans Sellmer, Theodore Radtke and Richard Guber.

Rheumatism

Remarkable Home Cure Given by One Who Had It—He Wants Every Sufferer to Benefit.

Send No Money—Just Your Address.

Years of awful suffering and misery have taught this man, Mark H. Jackson of Syracuse, New York, how terrible is the pain of rheumatism, and how it can be cured. He has given his money to help others who are suffering from this terrible disease. He has found a remedy that cured him completely, and it has never returned. I have given it to a number who were terribly afflicted and even bedridden with rheumatism, and it effected a cure in every case. I want every sufferer from any form of rheumatism to try this marvelous healing power. Don't send a cent; simply mail your name and address and I will send it free to try. After you have used it, and have proved it to be the only long-looked-for means of curing your Rheumatism, you may send the price of it, one dollar, and I will send you a supply of it. I am sure you are perfectly satisfied to send it. I am the only one who has ever cured Rheumatism. Write today. MARK H. JACKSON, 222 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

INDITES DEATH NOTE ON DIVORCE COURT'S PAPERS

Words of Farewell On Back of Legal Documents; Kills Herself

SEATTLE, Jan. 12.—Mrs. M. C. Sloan, 39, having written a note on the back of court papers, showing that she had been divorced January 8 in San Francisco, shot herself today.

"By 10 o'clock I will be on the other side of the closed door," she wrote, "perhaps fatally, this evening in this right hotel, where she had been a guest since her arrival from San Francisco yesterday morning on the steamship Queen. She has but a slight chance of recovery, in the opinion of the physicians at the emergency hospital. The bullet, a .32-caliber, penetrated near the heart.

Another note, written by the

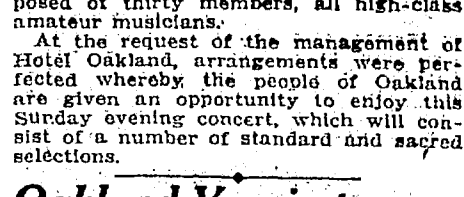
Unidentified Man Is Drowned in Estuary

An unidentified man fell from the wharf at the foot of Alameda street last night, drowning before aid could be offered him. Officer O. L. White, who has saved three men from a similar fate within the last few weeks, heard the man's cries for help and immediately jumped into a launch at the Franklin street wharf. Before the boat could make its way through the low water and soft mud the man succumbed.

Descriptions indicate that the man was of good build, about 40 years of age, with red mustache and hair.

suicide, was addressed to R. R. Morley, chief gunner's mate on the cruiser Frederick, now at the Puget Sound navy yard. A third note directed that in case of death Mrs. G. A. Bird of 243 South Olive street, Los Angeles, be notified.

Actress May Design Robes For Ad Masque Queen



ALLENE DURANO, leading lady of "It Pays to Advertise" company, who may design costume for Queen of Ad-Masque.

Automobile Race Will Decide Question; Miss Durano Is Expert

Who is to design the regal robes for the queen of the St. Valentine's Ad-Masque to be given in the Oakland Municipal Auditorium on the evening of February 14? The answer to that question is still dim in the distance of the future and will probably depend upon the result of a dashingly automobile race in which the Oakland Chamber of Commerce and the Ad Club of Salt Lake City will strive to be the first to reach Los Angeles. The prize of the race will be the securing of the services of a talented actress-designer, and thereby hangs an interesting story.

Miss Allene Durano, leading lady of the "It Pays to Advertise" company, was noted throughout the East as a costume designer before she abandoned that branch of art for the conquests of a footlight star. Her creations attracted an exclusive clientele to the establishment of her father, who is one of New York's leading purveyors of fashion. With the spread of her fame as an originator of unique and original combinations of color and fabric she was sought by other firms until she became a free-lance in designing, co-operating with the principal modistes of New York in the evolution of dresses for midday. When she turned to the stage, the realm of fashion lost for the time being one of its most clever artists.

IS AN EXPERT.

"It Pays to Advertise" played recently in San Francisco and while members of the company were in Oakland on the way to fill engagements in the south, George W. Fitch, chairman of the advertising bureau of the Chamber of Commerce, who had heard of Miss Durano's talent as a designer, arranged with the manager to have an interview with her. For the thought had struck him that it would be a most excellent idea if he could persuade her to create a gown for the Ad-Masque Queen, who is to be chosen by popular vote in a contest conducted by THE TRIBUNE.

He immediately made the request that she would arrange to stay in Oakland after "It Pays to Advertise" finishes its three-day engagement at the Macdonough Theater on January 18, 19 and 20 and design a costume for the queen.

"Now that is a most curious coincidence," replied Miss Durano. "When I was in Salt Lake City the president of the Ad Club there asked me to stay here for an arrangement for a fashion show. What date did you say was set for the Ad-Masque—February 14? Why, it's just about the same time that they want me there. I would like to accommodate you, but I am bound by my contract. If you were to telegraph to the producers you might make the arrangement."

DESIGNER RESIGNED.

Fitch at once sent a wire to Cohen & Harris, asking that Miss Durano be allowed to stay in Oakland for a week while she was replaced in the company by an understudy, and offering to pay all expenses attendant upon the change. Back came the reply:

"Salt Lake Ad Club makes same offer. It's up to Miss Durano. May the best man win."

"It Pays to Advertise" will be playing in Los Angeles on Monday and Tuesday of next week, before coming to Oakland. Fitch has been in telegraphic communication with the manager of the company, who informs him that Miss Durano will not give a definite answer for she is being besieged at the same time by the Salt Lake Ad Club and cannot make up her mind which offer to accept.

It looks as though a personal interview will be the only way in which to settle the matter once for all and carry off the prize. Especially so since Fitch this morning received a wire from Los Angeles to the effect that an enterprising Ad Club man from Salt Lake is going to travel to Los Angeles by automobile with the determination to take the actress-designer back with him.

Fitch is not to be outdone and an original road race is going to be pulled off—Fitch speeding from Oakland while the Ad Club emissary is racing from Salt Lake. Fitch declares that he will be an easy winner and the Queen of the Ad-Masque, elected by the people of Oakland, will wear a gown planned by one of the most artistic costumers in the United States.

\$200 IN GOLD.

The royal robe will not be the only material prize which the Queen will win by attaining the honor of being selected to represent the City of Oakland at the wonderful Ad-Masque. Two hundred dollars in gold is offered by THE TRIBUNE to the successful candidate in the race which will soon be on between scores of pretty candidates.

Two hundred dollars in gold will be a handsome gift for the successful girl. It will pay the expenses of her summer vacation; it will provide her with a complete new outfit of clothing; it will enable her to do any one of a dozen things that she has been planning to do but postponing because of lack of money.

This present of \$200 will be made absolutely without conditions or reservations. It will be a complimentary honorarium from THE TRIBUNE to the girl who has shown by the number of votes received in the contest that she is the most popular member of her sex in Oakland.

For the convenience of candidates for the honor of Queen of the Ad-Masque, and of those who wish to nominate candidates, a representative of the Queen Contest Bureau of THE TRIBUNE will be in the office this morning, from 10 to 12 o'clock. Call between 6:00 and 8:00 and all queries regarding the contest and the conditions attendant thereon will be promptly answered. The bureau will be open every Sunday morning during the contest at the same hours.

WHEN YOU WAKE UP DRINK GLASS OF HOT WATER

Wash the poisons and toxins from system before putting more food into stomach.

Says inside-bathing makes anyone look and feel clean, sweet and refreshed.

Wash yourself on the inside before breakfast like you do on the outside. This is vastly more important because the skin pores do not absorb impurities into the blood, causing illness, while the bowel pores do.

For every ounce of food and drink taken into the stomach, nearly an ounce of waste material must be eliminated out of the body. If this waste material is not eliminated day by day it quickly ferments and generates poisons, gases and toxins which are absorbed and quickly enter the blood stream, through the lymph ducts which should suck only nourishment to sustain the body.

A splendid health measure is to drink, before breakfast each day, a glass of hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it, which is a harmless way to wash these poisons, gases and toxins from the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels; thus cleansing, sweetening and freshening the entire alimentary canal before putting more food into the stomach.

A quarter pound of limestone phosphate costs but very little at the drug store, but is sufficient to make anyone as enthusiastic on inside-bathing. Men and women who are accustomed to wake up with a dull, aching head or have furred tongue, bad taste, nasty breath, sallow complexion, others who have without attacks, add stomach or constipation are assured of pronounced improvement in both health and appearance shortly. Advertisements.

ELKS' DRILL TEAM TO HOLD BALL

Elaborate Plans Made for Big Lodge Affair at Hotel Oakland.

The Elks' drill team of Oakland Lodge, No. 171, B. F. O. E., will hold its annual ball in the Ivory ballroom, Hotel Oakland, on Tuesday evening, February 20. The yearly affairs of the drill team are now a feature in Oakland. The committee in charge is planning a number of novel features and this will be the crowning social event of the season. The grand march will start at 9 o'clock and will be led by Exalted Ruler M. E. Hickox and officers of the lodge, followed by the exalted ruler and officers of Alameda Lodge. The drill team will appear for the first time in their brilliant Austrian uniforms. The committee on arrangements is composed of W. E. Swallow, chairman; G. R. Hughes, secretary and treasurer; George N. Harris, W. O. Copeland, Emil Michel and J. B. Rittler.

RETAIL LIQUOR MEN ORGANIZING

Survey Agreed Upon With View of Reducing Number of Saloons.

With the California Grapo Protective Association openly divorcing itself from the saloon, and the wholesale liquor dealers and brewers taking a hand in the control and regulation of the saloon, the retail liquor dealers of the east bay are perfecting an organization for the betterment of their investments in the liquor business.

The action of the wholesale liquor dealers and brewers in following the lead of the saloon industry and not strictly parallel the outlines of the control system formulated by the latter organization. Instead of mild revisions, the wholesalers advocated radical changes that are sweeping in their character.

SURVEY AGREED UPON.

It was announced Friday night that a preliminary survey had been agreed upon between California United Distillers and the California State Brewers' Association, which provided for the reducing of the number of saloons in every city of the coast to a certain number and the raising of the saloon license to \$100 per annum. In San Francisco this would work a reduction in the number of saloons of 1003; while the licenses on 1000 saloons would be increased \$500 each.

A survey committee of the Brewers' Protective Association will make a study of the saloon question on both sides of the bay and report to the parent body some time next week. Under the plan as originally outlined, wholesalers or brewers would own 50 per cent of the saloon licenses, the other 50 per cent to be revoked, at least in San Francisco. Just what the situation in Oakland will not be known until this latter committee reports.

WOULD PROTECT LICENSES.

It is the theory of those back of the projected reduction in numbers and increase in license that a saloon license under the \$100 valuation would be too valuable for the retail liquor dealer to risk by permitting violations of the law. Just how far this plan will be adopted by the liquor dealers has not yet been officially determined, although many of them are frank in their statements that they favor sensible regulation along protective lines.

The following officers were elected at the meeting of the retail liquor dealers in the Hotel St. Mark: I. H. Spiro, chairman; George S. Pierce, treasurer; H. A. Porchart, vice-chairman; Charles E. Thomas, secretary.

PARTIES BALANCE POWER IN HOUSE

Tabulation Shows 215 Number of Both Republicans and Democrats.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—An advance list of members of the next House of Representatives, prepared by South Trimble, clerk of the House, and made public today, gives 215 Democrats, 215 Republicans, 2 Progressives, 1 Prohibitionist, 1 Socialist and 1 Independent.

The tabulation, which is unofficial, has been held up pending the outcome of close contests, and finally was issued after announcement that Representative Souley, Democrat of New Jersey, had been re-elected.

Republicans, while conceding its accuracy, declare today that a final decision that Representative Barchfeld, Republican of Pennsylvania, had been elected, would upset the balance. The name of Representative Barchfeld's opponent is given in the list.

FARMERS TURN MINERS

Following Silver Find

GREEN BAY, Wis., Jan. 13.—The village of Bear Creek, near here, is excited following the discovery of a vein of silver by well-drillers working on a farm. The ore, analyzed by the state experts at Madison, shows a high percentage of silver. Twenty farmers have subscribed \$100 each to start drilling.

Couple Injured In Auto Crash

Machine Runs Into Post; Badly Wrecked; Occupants Thrown Out.

ALAMEDA, Jan. 13.—Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Schwartz of 1607 Grove street, Oakland, were both painfully injured this evening when their electric auto ran into a telegraph pole at the corner of Buena Vista avenue and Park street. The couple were on their way home to Oakland and stopped to make an inquiry as to the streets. When the car was started again it crashed head on into the pole. The whole front of the car was crushed in and Mr. and Mrs. Schwartz were thrown against and through the heavy plate glass front.

Schwartz was badly out about the face and head and his wife received injuries. Both were taken to the Emergency Hospital and treated by City Physician Hiebronn. Later they were taken to their home.

SMALL COINS SCARCE.

BERLIN, Jan. 13.—Small coins are becoming so scarce throughout Germany that business is badly hampered. The trading community complains that they are unable to obtain any small change, and for this reason often have to charge more or less than the legal prices for their goods.

HOTEL NAMES ARE LURE TO S. F. VISITOR

Gives Money to Guest at Palace and St. Francis

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 13.—Conjuring with two of San Francisco's finest hotels, a clever bunco operator succeeded in swindling Harold Mosley, a resident of Del Norte, out of \$50 tonight. Mosley, a guest at the Hotel Lorne, encountered a stranger on Market street, who asked his way to the Palace Hotel.

Mosley accompanied him there, the stranger asserting that he was registered at the hotel. In course of conversation he mentioned his desire to ship an automobile to Los Angeles.

Mosley waited in the lobby, and the stranger, returning, said he had to see a conductor at the St. Francis Hotel. They went to the hotel, Mosley was left in the lobby and the stranger went upstairs.

Returning excitedly a few moments later, he said he had discovered that he would have to pay in advance for sending his auto, and all his money was at the Palace. Would Mosley loan him \$50 for ten minutes. Mosley would. He waited an hour for the man to come back, and then notified the police.

TAFT & PENNOYER COMPANY

SPRING, 1917, ARRIVALS

Skirts, New Sport Suits, Dresses

SHOWN IN THE VERY LATEST EFFECTS.

THE SPORT SKIRTS we believe make the best showing. There are many of them shown in silk and wool velour, serge and flannel. The colors are for the most part vivid, the combinations rather pronounced, the patterns including plaids, stripes and novelties. The present price range is from \$9.75 to \$31.50

THE SPORT SUITS are to be had in tulle, velour and jersey. New shadings of green, gold, coral, turquoise, jade and brown make up the bulk of the colors. Some new pleated and button trimmed back effects proving very smart. The present price range is from \$35.00 to \$45.00

THE DRESSES are shown principally in plain and striped taffeta. Some are to be had in Georgette crepe in combination with other silk fabrics. Many splendid colors are found. Straight lines predominate. The present price range includes \$18.75, \$25.00 to \$25.00

Ready-to-Wear Section, Second Floor

ADVANCE MILLINERY MODELS

Quite a number of the very latest ideas in correct millinery are on display. Many new styles are represented, among which we mention the following:

HATS of satin, crepe de Chine and peau de San, trimmed with crochet bandings, hand-made flowers and other novelties are now offered at prices from \$7.50 to \$25.00

SPORT models are shown in all the newest colorings on white grounds. Some are faced with straw and leghorn in combination with the very popular Khaki Kool and other new weaves. These also are priced from \$7.50 to \$25.00.

Millinery Section, Second Floor

NEW SILKS

The latest weaves in taffetas and satin faced materials include checks from the smallest one-quarter inch sizes to the sport effects in blocks of four to six inches. There are combinations of bright red and emerald green, empire blue and copper, Mandarin and Cyclamen, Burgundy and citron, as well as some pastel shades. These are shown in full 40-inch widths at the yard \$4.00

Stripes are to be in demand again this season. We are showing many in novelty effects, solid color stripes and Bayadere patterns in many colors. Combination stripes, we believe, will prove the most popular. We are showing such combinations as violet and black, mahogany and black, plum and black, olive and black, Bruxelles and navy, navy and emerald, African and black, leaf green, amethyst and Indian red, Belgian blue and fuchsia. They come in a rich, soft finish. Priced from the yard \$2.50 to \$7.50

Silk Section, First Floor

Dorothy Dodd

NEW LACE SHOES

FOR THE SPRING SEASON

A Lace Shoe fits—Because it is self-adjusting to the instep and ankle.

Because the strain is evenly distributed, eliminating wrinkles and bulging.

Because the fit is permanent—any stretch or give is taken up by means of laces at the will of wearer.

The variety of styles shown in Dorothy Dodd Footwear is particularly pleasing.

We purchased huge lines before the recent great advances in leather, thus enabling us to emphasize moderate prices.

SOAP KID SHOES, light welt soles and high leather Louis XV heels, 8 1/4-in. tops \$6.00

MAHOGANY TAN CALF VAMP SHOES, with ivory kid tops, welted soles and leather French heels \$7.50

GLAZED KID VAMP SHOES, 8 1/2-inch tops of white washable kid; light weight soles and leather French heels \$5.00

HAVANA BROWN KID VAMP SHOES, with tops and covered French heels of ivory Nubuck; light weight soles \$6.50

COFFEE BROWN VAMP SHOES, with backs of field mouse Nubuck covered French heels \$6.50

Dorothy Dodd Shoe Dept., Second Floor

Yale's

GOOD GOODS

Market at Fifth

SAN FRANCISCO

EXRADITE WELLS FOR KILLING GIRL

First Degree Murder Charge Is Placed Against Prisoner; the Body of Mona Simon Found in Hotel Room Suspect Occupied

Police Believe Case Similar to Slaying of Mazie Colbert, as Evidence of Struggle Proves Woman Fought for Her Life

BY UNITED PRESS
COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 13.—Requisition papers were issued late this afternoon by Governor Cox for the return of Weldon J. Wells, 24, of Kansas City, Mo., from Huntington, Ind., where he is held by the police for the Columbus authorities on a charge of first degree murder for killing Mona Simon, 22, whose body was found in a room at the Deshler hotel here yesterday.

Detective Sergeant Peter Albanese left this evening for Huntington to bring Wells to Columbus.

Police tonight were seeking a motive for the killing of the woman. So far there is no evidence that Wells knew the woman before Thursday night when he is said to have taken her to his room in the hotel.

Police declared the Simon murder paralleled in many respects that of Mazie Colbert, slain last week. Both girls came from small towns and chose "the easiest way."

The police believe both murders were for revenge. Both girls' bodies were found mutilated and lying in pools of blood.

As was the case in the murder of Mazie Colbert, there had been a struggle before Mona Simon was fatally shot. The body of Mona Simon was embalmed today and will be shipped tomorrow to Grafton, W. Va., on the order of her brother, Charles H. Simon, who lives in that city.

JITNEY MEN PLAN FIGHT IN COURTS

Revocation of Licenses Called Injustice by Auto Drivers.

With the licenses of sixty-seven jitney operators revoked in Oakland for alleged infractions of the city ordinance covering the conduct of their vehicles, the drivers are planning to take legal action tomorrow to fight the recent decision of the city attorney's office, under which Chief of Police Peterson cancelled their right to operate. A week ago the police official warned the jitney men that repeated complaints to the conduct of their machines were coming to him, and that he would be compelled to revoke licenses should more be forthcoming.

According to J. J. Miller, an officer of the local jitney men's organization, the Auto Transportation Association of Oakland—sworn affidavits were used to bring about action by the city attorney's office. He accuses opponents of the jitney men with the stationing of spotters on prominent street corners and checking up alleged violations. Miller claims that Harry Martin, one of the city attorney's most careful drivers, was accused of 48 infractions.

On this basis, according to Miller, affidavits were sworn to, presented to the city attorney's office and the order of revocation issued. Miller claims that the jitney men were unaware of the revocation until they presented new bonding papers to the city clerk. The jitney men, according to the official, have combined to write their own bonds—the name of their company being the Golden State Indemnity company. With these new bonds a committee presented the papers to the city of office, and there learned for the first time that revocation had taken place.

Chief Peterson said that it was only on the legal advice of the city attorney that he took the step of revocation.

"I will welcome legal action on the part of these men," said the chief. "It will clarify things, do not want to be responsible for taking their livelihood away from them if they are guiltless. I was compelled to take this action after extensive legal conferences with the city attorney's office. As a city official I acted legally. Affidavits came in, swearing to violations, and the city attorney advised action."

According to Miller, 91 jitney drivers are licensed in Oakland. They are members of the Oakland Auto Transportation Association, a branch of a larger organization which extends throughout the state.

Couple Are Married for 71 Long Years

DENVER, Col., Jan. 12.—Mr. and Mrs. James C. Jones of Buchanan county, Missouri, who have been married seventy-one years, are celebrating their anniversary today. In this city, Mr. Jones is 91 years old, and his wife four years younger. They have had fourteen children, seven sons and seven daughters. Four are living, all of whom are over 60. Fifty-eight grand children are living, 200 great grandchildren and ten great-great grandchildren.

Unsightly Hair DeMiracle

The original liquid hair remover. It never disappoints.

TEETH \$5.00
Best Set (same better, no matter how much you pay), guaranteed 10 years, \$7.00
Bridge Work, \$10.00
Gold Crowns, \$14.00
Porcelain Crowns, \$14.00
Gold Fillings, \$1.00
Gold Inlays, \$1.00
Semi-Precious Fillings, \$1.00
Cement Fillings, \$1.00
Silver Fillings, \$1.00
Teeth Treated, \$1.00
Nerve Removed (Painless), \$1.00
Teeth Extracted (Painless), \$1.00

EXAMINATION FREE.
Dwelling: 711 7th St. Sunday: 711 12
DR. W. P. MEYER
1530 San Pablo, Oakland, Cal. 1822.

BAR LUNCHERS SOON TO FACE FOOD FAMINE

With Closing of Saloons Goes Eating Places for Many

DETROIT, Mich., Jan. 13.—Twenty thousand patrons of barroom lunch counters in Detroit will have to find new eating places after May 1, 1918, when Michigan goes dry. It is estimated that this number of men eat their noonday meal in saloons, where the profits of the bar trade enables the proprietors to give better and cheaper service than can the regular restaurants.

Saloon men declare that 50 per cent of their "eating patrons" never touch intoxicants.

Society

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Wilson entertained at a prettily appointed dinner recently which was offered in compliment to Mr. and Mrs. William H. Nicholl of Los Angeles. Covers were laid for sixteen close friends. The later evening was devoted to music and dancing.

Mr. and Mrs. Nicholl have been the house guests of the Wilsons over the holidays. They will not return south before the first of February.

The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Perry Smith and their daughter, Miss Ruby Smith, will be glad to learn of their return to their Oakland home, after a six weeks' sojourn in Southern California. Mrs. Smith is quite recovered from her recent serious illness.

Dr. and Mrs. E. E. Vicary returned to Oakland last week from Nogales, Ariz., where Dr. Vicary has been on duty with Battery B, California Field Artillery, the Oakland battery which was mustered out at Los Angeles on December 21. Lieutenant Vicary was retained at the service and sent to Stockton, Calif., to assist Colonel D. A. Smith in mustering out Battery C of Stockton.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Richards are being welcomed back to their apartments at Hotel Oakland after an absence of a fortnight or so in Southern California.

Valores Meyer was host at a farewell party which was planned in honor of Miss Velma Albright, who returned last week to Chicago after a visit of some length in the Meyer home. Among those who enjoyed the evening were: Misses Velma Albright, Cornelia Anderson, Genevieve Anderson, Mamie Barnes, Vivian Campbell, Emily Hertel, Eva Hoffman, Esther Hoffman, Ruth Thomas, Helen Hopwood, Mary Ross, Janet Buchanan, Nina Tyston, Emma Smith, Mesdames E. I. Meyer, H. C. Campbell, J. Bellows, I. Smith, M. Subir, Messrs. Will Ford, Elmer Boxell, Penton Meyer, Ronald Meyer, Romney Meyer, J. S. Smith, Ben Cole, Valores Meyer.

Mrs. R. H. N. Hart with Miss Ada Lewis Hart, Miss Frances Edmonson, Robert Hart and William Farragut, have returned to their apartments at Hotel Shattuck after an interesting sojourn in Southern California. They were the house guests of Mr. and Mrs. Robert N. Hart Sr. over the holidays.

An enjoyable theater party was given at the Bishop theater last week in honor of Miss Jane O'Rourke.

After the theater Miss O'Rourke was entertained at a dinner party. Among those arranging the affair were: Mrs. and Mrs. Frank C. Dana, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Barrett, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Starnes, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Jones, Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Jewett, Mr. and Mrs. D. Elmer Deyer, Mr. and Mrs. Augustine Beltrink, Mr. and Mrs. Dan Quill and Miss Quill of Alameda, Dr. and Mrs. Arthur G. Clark, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Mathers.

A large party of the Daughters of the American Revolution enjoyed tea last Monday at Hotel Oakland following an important session of the city.

After a delightful sojourn in Sluska county, where they enjoyed to the full the tea spots, Mrs. B. B. Chandler and her daughter, Mrs. B. B. Chandler, returned to Berkeley. While young Chandler is a student in the University Mrs. Chandler is a guest at the Shattuck.

Among those who enjoyed the tea at Hotel Shattuck which was given in compliment to Mrs. Stella Dennis Taylor were: Mrs. Elizabeth Chambers, Mrs. George Chambers, Mrs. James Higgins, Mrs. M. Bredeve, Mrs. Margaret Bredeve, Mrs. Walter Dennant, Mrs. McCuen, Mrs. Frank Avery, Mrs. Emma Jones, Mrs. John Keating, Mrs. Ralph Warner, Mrs. Jos. Warner, Mrs. John Porteus, Mrs. Fred Bain, Mrs. Robert Bain, Miss Milvia Warner, Mrs. Howard Bray, Mrs. W. B. Dinmore, Mrs. W. B. Dinmore, Mrs. J. R. Boone, Mrs. E. B. Hildreth, Mrs. J. M. Plummer, Mrs. Frank Howard Payne, Mrs. Earl, Mrs. J. C. McPherson, Mrs. Flora Pinsky, Miss Kathryn Fleming, Mrs. F. P. Hobgood, Mrs. F. J. Dwyer, Mrs. J. G. Bernhardt, Mrs. Henry Glass, Mrs. Henry Glass, Mrs. Frank Glass, Mrs. M. McPherson, Mrs. Louise Royland, Mrs. J. C. Woodworth, Mrs. John E. Forbes, Mrs. Mary Scott, Mrs. Charles Jackson, Mrs. Mary Jackson, Mrs. Thos. Beasley, Mrs. Fred Green, Mrs. Lillian Plisk, Mrs. J. E. Doer, Mrs. F. E. Professor John Fryer, Mrs. George Bowden, Mrs. James Searle, Miss Edith Searle, Mrs. Walter Searle, Mrs. Dora Andersen, Mrs. Edward Harry, Mrs. Albert Dorch, Miss Marguerite Dorch, Mrs. John Dorch, Miss Irene Dorch, Miss Mabel Pierce, Mrs. Frank Pierce, Mrs. T. D. Rickett, Mrs. Harriet Rickett, Mrs. J. W. Edmonson, Mrs. Thomas T. Union, Mrs. Frank Hereth, Mrs. H. P. Thrall, Mrs. H. N. Hart, Mrs. Fred T. Robinson, Mrs. Christina Berger, Mrs. C. W. Graman, Mrs. Frank Workman, Mrs. M. Berger, Mrs. Gideon Jones, Miss Frances Jones, Mrs. William J. Munro, Mrs. E. B. Bolton, Mrs. M. R. Hill, Miss Hill, Mrs. Solon Arnold, Miss Arnold, Mrs. Lucius Greene, Miss Greene, Mrs. Lucius Greene, Mrs. Frank H. Gennet, Mrs. Gordon Hall, Mrs. Ora W. Perkins, Mrs. E. Irving Howard, Miss Edna Hall, Mrs. John W. Gale, Mrs. A. E. Gann, Mrs. Alexander Center, Mrs. Rowley, Mrs. Thomas Jones, Mrs. Joseph McIntyre, Mrs. Oliver Youngs, Mrs. John W. Remmers, Mrs. Willis, Mrs. Henry Ginn, Mrs. Adele Fox, Mrs. Charles H. Havens, Mrs. C. E. Duncomb, Mrs. H. S. Howard, Mrs. Selfridge and others. The young girls who assisted in serving tea were Miss Mary Catherine Hart, Miss Edith Krueger and Miss Frances Edmonson.

Unsightly Hair DeMiracle

The original liquid hair remover. It never disappoints.

TEETH \$5.00
Best Set (same better, no matter how much you pay), guaranteed 10 years, \$7.00
Bridge Work, \$10.00
Gold Crowns, \$14.00
Porcelain Crowns, \$14.00
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Gold Inlays, \$1.00
Semi-Precious Fillings, \$1.00
Cement Fillings, \$1.00
Silver Fillings, \$1.00
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EXAMINATION FREE.
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DR. W. P. MEYER
1530 San Pablo, Oakland, Cal. 1822.

January Clearances

Capwells and Sales of White Capwells

Big Selling Events for the Third Week

sound and sure economies are indicated by the

—January White Sales—Sale of Draperies and Curtains—Sale of Embroideries—January Clearance Sales—January Silk Sales—Sale of New Undermuslins—Suits at Half Price and Less—Sale of Art Needlework

A January Sale of Art Needlework

That Women Will Talk About for Months to Come. Drastic Reductions for a Quick Clean-up

The annual clean-up in the Art Needlework department brings savings wonderful in their scope.

PILLOW TOPS AND BACKS—CENTERPIECES—SQUARES
SCARFS—CHILDREN'S DRESSES
and other articles marked to go prior to the arrival of new Spring stocks.

Lot I—At 5c
A clean-up sale of odds and ends, including pennants, pin-cushions and stamped articles, dollies, candle shades, collars, etc.

Lot II—At 25c
In this collection are children's dresses, romper suits, crepe bloomers, dressing gowns, boudoir caps, skirts, baby skirts, dresses, corset covers, aprons, combinations, glove cases, handkerchief cases, lingerie cases, scarfs, centers, pillow tops and backs, waste paper baskets. Former values 35c to \$2.50 for 25c.

Lot III—At 95c
An assortment of articles that formerly ranged in price from \$1.25 to \$2.95.

Stamped Scarfs and centers in tan, cream and ecru colors. Floral and conventional tinted designs for embroidering.

Second On Sale in Art Needlework Section Monday
No Approvals or Returns

January Sale of SILKS

Reg. \$2 and \$2.50
Sale Price \$1.69

A very exceptional offering made for the January Clearances—special reductions made on these fine silks in the newest and most desirable weaves. There are chiffon taffetas, gros de Londres, foulards, taffetas de sole, crepe de chine, poplins and moire silks in plain and fancy weaves. A lovely array of silks in a full line of street, afternoon and evening shades. Widths 36 to 42 inches.

Man-Tailored Skirts
Made to measure Special \$1
A January special from our skirt making department. If goods are purchased here an expert tailor will make a skirt to your measure for only \$1. Choice of two models. Fit guaranteed.

Other models, according to style chosen, range from—
\$1.50 to \$4.50.

\$3.50 to \$4.50 Bolivia Coatings, Yd.—\$2.95
Extremely stylish Bolivia coatings in a wide range of the newest colors. All wool and very rich and handsome in appearance. One of the best offers of the department! First Floor.

Velour and Cheviot Coatings, Yd.—\$1.95
\$3.00 and \$3.50 Values.
Fancy velour and cheviot coatings in handsome two-tone checks and block plaids. Strictly all wool and fully 64 inches wide.

Save on Linens

\$3.50 Round Scalloped Table Cloths, \$2.95
Snow white, grass bleached damask tablecloths in attractive circular floral patterns. 68 inches in size and neatly scalloped all around. A cloth that will launder and wear splendidly.

\$2.50 Pattern Cloths—\$1.95
Two-yard heavy damask tablecloths of good, serviceable quality and excellent finish. Circular designs in attractive floral patterns. The housewife who misses this will wish she hadn't.

64-Inch Mercerized Damask—Yard 39c
Very heavy damask with a highly mercerized finish, insuring good wear and satisfaction. Very attractive floral patterns and of desirable width—64 inches. First Floor.

Sale of Lacet Curtains

Beautiful curtains with rich, massive borders and motif corners mounted on excellent quality bobbinet. The drastic reductions on these handsome curtains are positively startling.

Regular Price, \$ 5.75—January Clearance Sale Price, \$ 4.35 Pr.
Regular Price, \$ 6.50—January Clearance Sale Price, \$ 4.85 Pr.
Regular Price, \$ 6.75—January Clearance Sale Price, \$ 5.25 Pr.
Regular Price, \$ 7.50—January Clearance Sale Price, \$ 5.65 Pr.
Regular Price, \$ 15.00—January Clearance Sale Price, \$ 8.95 Pr.

Short Lengths of Madras, Scrim and Net ONE-HALF OFF
Places of 5 to 10 yards in length—of all qualities. In white and ecru. Splendid bargains.

Drapery Department, Third Floor

This week brings a wonderful sale of EMBROIDERIES

A clean-up of all our novelty embroideries to make room for Spring stocks.

SAVINGS ONE-HALF TO THREE-FOURTHS MARKED DOWN REGARDLESS OF MATERIALS OR STYLES

Flouncings, bands, broken sets of baby embroideries, allovers, edges and insertions.

DIVIDED FOR YOUR CONVENIENCE IN CHOOSING INTO SEVEN GREAT SALES LOTS

Lot 1—Values to 25c for 10c and 12c Yard
Broken line of Swiss baby sets in edges and insertions; also cambric and nainsook edges for trimming underwear. In dainty designs with strong edges. Widths 1/4 to 5 inches.

Lot 2—25 to 50c Embroideries 17c Yard
Demi-Swiss and nainsook flouncings, edges, insertions and baby sets; also Irish point bands for trimming dresses and waists. Widths 1 to 9 inches.

Lot 3—35c to 75c Embroideries 29c Yard
A splendid collection of corset cover embroideries, flouncings, edges and bands open and blind effects on cambric, English longcloth, Swiss and nainsook materials. Some of the patterns in the corset cover embroideries and flouncings will match. Width 12 to 18 inches.

Lot 4—50c to \$1.00 Embroideries 33c Yard
Corset Cover Embroideries and Flouncings, some in convent edges, others open and blind patterns; also Irish point bands and all-over embroideries. Widths 18 to 27 inches.

Lot 5—75c to \$1.25 Embroideries 59c Yard
Allovers in eyelet effects, organdie and voile flouncings in wonderful floral and conventional patterns, colored novelty embroidered bands, baby flouncings in dainty French effects. Widths 18 to 27 inches.

Lot 6—\$1.25 to \$3.75 Embroideries On Sale at 89c and \$1.19 Yard
A beautiful lot of colored embroidery allovers on voile and organdie materials. Demi-flouncings embroidered in colored chenille effects, also in white. Widths 18 to 36 inches.

Lot 7—\$2.50 to \$11.50 Embroideries On Sale at \$1.69 to \$2.45 Yard
Colored embroidered robe patterns in tan and blue, colored allovers and flouncings on organdie, batiste and voile hand-embroidered linen, shirt waist patterns, Irish point allovers, flouncings and baby Irish effects. Widths 18 to 36 ins. 1st floor.

Union Huck Towels
Special—14c Ea.
Huck towels that are part linen and come in various sizes. Towels that are worth more, in fact, than 25c values. Some of the lot are slightly imperfect.

White Daisy Flannel—12c Yd.
In very usable mill end lengths of 10 to 20 yards each—fine white Daisy Flannel bleached wide. Just the whiteness and fleeced on both sides. Worth considerably more than the small sale price indicates.

Cotton Gabardine Special 19c Yd.
Marked under its real worth for the January Sales. Finely finished gabardines in all the wanted solid colors. 27 inches wide. Just the thing for women's and children's wear.

First Floor.

Spring Suits

Many New Arrivals

New arrivals are fast crowding in our Garment Section.

The nattiest, prettiest styles seen in a long time.

Prominent among the materials are navy serges and gabardines, check velours, wool jerseys, plain velours and Poret twills.

Style features are short jackets with pinch backs. Belted models with large fancy pockets.

Tailored models with flare coats. Many of them are characterized by much stitching or embroidery; many have fancy extra collars.

The styles are too jaunty for words and only by coming in and seeing them can you get an idea of their loveliness.

Prices \$25 to \$57.50

Suit Sale

All winter suit stocks now reduced to three low prices that represent the season's best suit bargains. Every winter suit in stock included, none reserved.

Suits to \$32.50 for \$11.75
Suits to \$42.50 for \$17.95
Suits to \$67.50 now \$28.75

Second Floor

Just Arrived--Real Boston Shopping Bags

SEE THEM IN THE LUGGAGE DEPARTMENT—Third Floor

Made by one of Boston's best manufacturers of these convenient Bags for every bag purpose—shopping, carrying books, papers or lunch.

They are made of leather and are very strong and durable. They come in two different qualities, in black or brown colors. Sizes 13 to 16-inch.

Prices \$4 to \$6.50

RECLAMATION
OF LANDS TO
AID HARBOR

Government Dredging Along
Tide Flats of Oakland Estu-
ary Is Decided Upon Follow-
ing Visit by Colonel Rees

Diversion of Waste to Making
Fill Where Needed Will Pro-
vide New Factory Sites —
1,000,000 Yards to Be Used

Extensive reclamation operations which will, when completed, turn open land covering several thousand acres in extent and valued at millions of dollars, are to be begun immediately at San Leandro bay as a result of a visit to that section paid yesterday by Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas H. Rees, United States army engineer in charge of harbor development operations, and a corps of engineers.

The reclamation work will be carried on by the government. Material taken from the tidal canal, which is now being wasted on that portion of the bay known as "Arsenal island," is to be properly conserved and used to fill in the mud flats which bound the northern and eastern edge of the bay. More than 1,000,000 yards will be used for this purpose, immediately, with every probability that the amount will be doubled as the tidal canal work progresses.

Announcement of the government's interest in this proposed development of the lower bay came from the office of Colonel Rees yesterday. It indicates a new step toward development operations along the eastern and southern waterfront, which was not originally comprehended in the federal plans for inner harbor development. While admitting the possibility of utilizing dredger material for some other purpose than waste, the effort has been made heretofore to make San Leandro bay the objective point.

The San Leandro bay tidelands have remained useless to Alameda county for many years. Thousands of acres which, if reclaimed, would form ideal locations for factories, shops and manufacturing institutions of all kinds, would be brought above tide line. The cost would be negligible, as the dredging of the inner harbor has to be done in any case. Most of the land lies advantageously situated for rail and water connections.

The determination to use San Leandro bay for filling purposes along the mud flats came several days ago, according to the Rees information. At that time the project was thoroughly gone over and it was decided that valuable land could be reclaimed if the dredging of mud from the dredger was carried farther over into the bay and spread out along the shore. Pursuant to this plan the corps of engineers made the trip to San Leandro, which resulted in the determination to go ahead with operations.

The land will be government property when reclaimed, and can be obtained under federal regulations covering ownership of private persons in government lands.

Ask Governor to Give
Pardon to Murderer

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 13.—A movement to induce Governor Johnson to pardon Joseph Vance Wilt, sentenced to hang at San Quentin February 9, was started today by a number of social workers and ministers who believe the man is innocent. Unless the governor intervenes in his behalf, Wilt must die. He was convicted in Glenn county of murdering Warren C. Smith at Germantown, Cal. Those behind the pardon movement assert that Wilt's condemnation was the result of political enemies engineered when Wilt campaigned for the "days."

\$38,155,000 Harbor,
Rivers Bill Reported

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—The rivers and harbor appropriation bill, carrying \$38,155,000 for work in improvement and maintenance of work on river and harbor projects in all parts of the country, was reported to the House today by bill committee on permanent commission of three cabinet officers, three representatives and three senators to co-ordinate river and harbor work. Republicans will fight this provision on the ground that it is designed to find jobs for "name ducks."

Mrs. Vernon Castle
Sails for England

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—Mrs. Vernon Castle and her pet monkey, "Rastus," were among the passengers for England today on the American liner St. Paul. Mrs. Castle will be in England while her husband is on furlough from his duties as an instructor in the aviation school of the English army.

EFFICIENCY

KRYPTOK GLASSES

Double vision
in usefulness,
but
single vision
in appearance.



1310 WASHINGTON STREET

China Has Army Eighteen
Times as Large as U. S.

CHAN and MARY in "A Trip Through China" at the Macdonough for four days, beginning today.

American Idea Incorrect, Films Will Show the
Oriental Fighting Force

The American idea of the Chinese army, to a great extent, includes a varied assortment of nondescript Chinese soldiers who have little or no idea of fighting, who are poorly equipped and who use weapons of the sort that were used a hundred years ago. There are but few people in the United States who realize that China has a standing army of 360,000 trained and thoroughly equipped soldiers. This is just eighteen times larger than the standing army of the United States at the present time.

The Chinese Republic has a population of more than 400,000,000 people. Fully half of them are fit for military service and fully half of them are physically able to bear arms, and they would undoubtedly make the most magnificent army the world has ever seen, or ever imagined, if they were ever aroused to the point of actual fighting. It is a very difficult matter, however, to convince the ordinary Chinese that there is any particular reason for fighting. He doesn't see any reason why fighting should be necessary and he doesn't care to fight.

The standing army of China today, and in fact throughout the future, so far as it can be guessed, will be for three specific purposes. First, that of guarding the person of the president of China, which is about the most important function of a soldier in China. Second, that of affording protection, not so much to the Chinese people, who are perfectly able to take care of themselves, but to the great colonies

of white people within the Chinese Empire; and, third, that of general police work.

When Benjamin Brodsky, probably the most noted traveler and photographer in the world, selected his thousands of scenes in China, which compose the ten-reel feature film, "A Trip Thru China," he selected the Chinese army as one of the interesting features of the great empire.

Of the standing army of China, 100,000 of them form the personal guard of the president, and these have been skillfully trained by noted Danish and German officers. They are finely uniformed and thoroughly equipped with the most modern rifles, machine guns and cannon. Their drilling is perfect, and they are even proficient in such forms as the noted German "goose-step."

This great army, at play and at work, is shown among the thousands of interesting scenes in Brodsky's great film, "A Trip Thru China," which will appear here at the Macdonough Theater for an engagement of eight performances, beginning with a matinee performance this afternoon. The film includes every phase of Chinese life, superstition and activity. The TRIBUNE has arranged with Brodsky, as was done during the previous engagement of the film in Oakland, for readers of this paper to see these incomparable pictures at special rates. Coupons are being published daily in The TRIBUNE entitling the holder to admission at half price.

ADMISSION COUPON

"A TRIP THRU CHINA"

ADVERTISEMENTS

Oakland Tribune

This Coupon with 15c entitles you to a 30c seat

This Coupon with 25c entitles you to a 50c seat

at MACDONOUGH THEATER

MATINEE, 2:15

EVENING, 8:15

LIMITED ENGAGEMENT — JANUARY 14, 15, 16, 17

COURT SUSTAINS
RATE IN ILLINOIS

Twenty-eight Railroads Suffer
Defeat in Appeal for
Raise.

CHICAGO, Jan. 13.—The supremacy of the Illinois 2-cent rate for passenger travel within the state was affirmed today by Judge Landis in the United States District Court, when he dismissed for want of equity the petition of twenty-eight railroads operating in Illinois for an injunction to restrain the state authorities from prosecuting for establishing a 2.4-cent rate.

The right of the Interstate Commerce Commission to authorize increase state rates above the point established by the state had been argued for several days.

Judge Landis held that the Interstate Commerce Commission had no power under the guise of removing discrimination from points outside the state to ignore the Illinois 2-cent rate law.

In a preliminary hearing Federal Judge Carpenter declared the case to be one of the most important ever brought before the federal courts.

Woman Rescues
Children From Fire

PORTLAND, Ore., Jan. 13.—Mrs. Caroline Givens, a Russian woman, today rushed to a neighbor's house when she saw it in flames and, after smashing a window with her fist, rescued the three small children of F. S. Secorski, who were asleep. With a deep gasp in her face caused by flying glass and with clothing burning, she then extinguished the blaze.

HUSBAND OBJECTS
TO WIFE'S DELAYS

Says He Has Been Trying to
Get Separation for Seven
Long Years.

TRIBUNE BUREAU
632 MARKET ST.
SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 13.—That every trick known to the law was indulged in by his wife in obtaining a postponement to his divorce suit, and that there is no valid reason for further continuances, was the claim set up by Fred de Ferrari, a jeweler, before Superior Judge George Sturtevant in an affidavit filed today.

For seven years, De Ferrari says, by clever manipulation and the employment of six sets of attorneys, Mrs. de Ferrari has managed to avoid answering the proceedings for a legal separation instituted by him. Now that every technicality has been overcome, he asserts she is endeavoring to have the case dismissed.

Mrs. Albina de Ferrari is the daughter of John Gaston, the potato king. When her husband began his suit in 1909 the wife obtained continuances from time to time. When finally Judge Sturtevant forbade any further delay, Mrs. de Ferrari says her husband would hire a new lawyer who, by reason of his unfamiliarity with the case, was granted more continuances. This occurred until lawyer No. 6, who now officiates, has been hired.

INDIANS TOPIC OF LECTURE.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 13.—"The Zuni Indians" is the subject of the illustrated lecture to be given at the Museum of Anthropology of the University of California at 3 o'clock this afternoon, by Professor A. L. Kroeber, curator of the museum.

U.C. TO TEST
NEW WHITE
PLAQUE CURE

Discovery of Dr. M. Takeoka
Hailed As Medical Triumph;
Dr. F. P. Gay Will Conduct
Test Before Announcement

Reasons Held for Belief That
at Last Remedy for Tuber-
culosis Has Been Found; So
Far Reacted Successfully

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 13.—A new cure for dread tuberculosis discovered by an eminent Japanese physician and student after 15 years of continued research and experiments, is announced today on the eve of a demonstration to be made under the auspices of Professor F. P. Gay of the University of California. The discoverer is Dr. M. Takeoka, 1564 Bush street, a student in the department of pathology and bacteriology of the university of which Professor Gay is the head.

The news, which on the surface would appear to be a real medical triumph, is being given out only after repeated experiments on guinea pigs, have convinced Dr. Takeoka and his associates that there is merit in his discovery, and that it has progressed far enough and accomplished such wonderful results as to justify its use upon a human being. This demonstration, the injection of the serum into a tuberculosis patient, is to be made within the next few days at the University of California Hospital.

Although in this giving to the world what he believes will be a cure for consumption, Dr. Takeoka is extremely modest, and he will not yet claim for his remedy more than a cure for those recently afflicted. Moreover, the serum used in the cure is not a secret, and Dr. Takeoka freely explains that his triumph is the result of good fortune and continued experimenting rather than the discovery of something new to the medical profession.

OLD THEORY.
Working from the old medical premise that the human body contains within itself almost everything necessary to cure it of its ills, providing a proper use is made of these elements, Dr. Takeoka has arrived at his conclusions.

He has accomplished his cures with animals by using an injection of bile, and he has cured human beings by using a substance which he calls "Tuberculin." This substance is a mixture of the proper matter and harmful substances that may find their way into the body through the bacilli of tuberculosis. To destroy the bacilli, he has used the "Tuberculin" in the form of a chemical. In order to obtain the proper ingredients for his cure he has turned to the California beaches. From abalone meat he draws the bile with which the injections are made. So far the experiments have therefore been extremely expensive. Almost \$20 a treatment has been the cost to the physician in extracting his serum from the abalone. As between twenty and thirty treatments are needed in effecting a cure with guinea pigs, the actual cost of the serum used has been between \$20 and \$30.

Chemically, the serum may be written down "N. H. 2; C. H. 2; C. H. 2. It is O. 3." This chemical product, however, has not been successfully put together in the laboratory. In the future it may result in its manufacture at a much less cost than abalone, and O. M. Mural, a chemist, who has been working with Dr. Takeoka, believes that eventually he will be able to produce it for 5 cents a gram, or about one-twentieth of the cost of the abalone extraction.

SECURES AID.

Dr. Takeoka is a graduate of a medical college of Tokyo of the class of 1894. His study of tuberculosis was begun in 1901, immediately after his coming to America. He took a post-graduate course in New York and studied during two separate periods in Germany. He practiced for a long time in Sacramento, and then feeling the need of aid in his research work, he came to San Francisco, in order to enjoy the advantages of the University of California laboratories.

"The great expense attached to my treatment, necessitated my getting some help," explained Dr. Takeoka. "I was convinced that all along that within the human body there was the substance that would cure tuberculosis. I believe that bile has solved the problem."

"I have been experimenting for fifteen years, and last July I was satisfied that I had found the right substance. I perfected my experiments, and now I can report that I have never had a failure with a guinea pig since using the bile. Of course, I have not tried chronic cases. I have had several cases where the subject inoculated with tuberculosis bacilli has immediately become very ill and likely soon to die with the malady. In each case the serum has done the work. I have taken my serum from abalone meat. I only obtain a half a gram from between one and two pounds of the meat and I require 20 to 25 grams per treatment. I might say that this compound is not unknown to the medical profession. It is known as Taurin, and can also be obtained from the gore of an ox or a bull. Of course, it is very expensive, and if we can produce it chemically, it will mean a great saving. Professor Gay, under whose direction I have been working, intends to make an experiment with my serum almost immediately. I am preparing a paper to be published for the benefit of the medical profession. I desire to give freely of the knowledge I have obtained to the medical profession for the benefit of sufferers all over the world."

Dr. Takeoka has remained so closely with his studies that for seven years he has not paid a visit to his wife and children in Japan.

Oklahoma Solons
Put Lid on Cigarettes

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla., Jan. 13.—By a vote of 79 to 21, the House of Representatives of Oklahoma today passed the McCollister anti-cigarette bill, prohibiting smoking, giving away or selling of cigarettes in Oklahoma. The bill now goes to the Senate.

COMMISSION
DISMISSES
RATE CASE

Complaint of California Pack-
ing Corporation Against the
Southern Pacific and Santa
Fe Not Upheld by Experts

Long and Short Haul Clause in
Constitution Interpreted in
Decision; Local Concern Is
Loser in Appeal for Big Sum

TRIBUNE BUREAU
632 MARKET ST.
SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 13.—The complaint of the California Packing Corporation, which has large holdings on the Oakland waterfront, against the Southern Pacific Company and the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railway Company was dismissed by the State Railroad Commission today. Reparation in the sum of \$8,202.65 from the Southern Pacific and \$1309.64 from the Santa Fe for alleged excessive rates on commodities moving to and from points in the San Joaquin valley was asked by the packing company, on the allegation that these rates were higher than those between Oakland, San Francisco and Los Angeles.

The complainants made most of its points on the allegation that the railroads were not authorized to charge less for the transportation of shipments for a longer distance than for a shorter distance, and submitted the case without argument.

The decision today declares the long and short haul provisions of the state constitution were continued by the amendment to article 12 on October 10, 1911, but it was provided that carriers might make application to the Railroad Commission for permission to deviate therefrom. This, however, should be after investigation was made. The commission had authorized the carriers "to charge less for longer than for shorter distances."

It further provided that "the commission may from time to time prescribe the extent to which such company may be relieved from the prohibition to charge less for the longer than for the shorter haul."

After a detailed investigation, the commission, on the application of the railroads of the state asking relief from the violations of the long and short haul clause in cases where actual competition had brought about deviations from the constitutional provision, concluded that there was justification for continued relief and granted it.

The commission's interpretation of the amended section is that the railroads are not required to make application for permission to charge higher rates to intermediate points than to further distant points, but that they are required to make application for permission to charge a less rate to the further distant point than to the intermediate points.

BANK'S HEAD
JANITOR LEAVES
\$35,000 ESTATE

President of Institution
to Administer Wealth
of Old Employee

TRIBUNE BUREAU
632 MARKET ST.
SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 13.—Irving S. Moulton, vice-president of the Bank of California, is the executor of the estate of the institution's head janitor, Calvin B. Church, who died several days ago leaving a \$35,000 estate. For thirty years Church watched over the bank and kept it in order and in good condition, and had seen most of the present officers grow up in the institution. Moulton applied for letters of administration today. The heirs are two brothers, Wingfield of Hartland, Me., and John A. of San Jose.

TICKET SCALPING
APPEAL PLANNED

Judge Dunne Decision Against
Cigar Store Man to Be
Reviewed.

TRIBUNE BUREAU
632 MARKET ST.
SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 13.—Theater ticket scalping, which was responsible for the passage of a prohibitory ordinance by the Board of Supervisors, will be considered in all its phases by the Supreme Court of California, reviewing a decision handed down by Judge Frank Dunne today. Judge Dunne opposed the validity of the ordinance in connection with the conviction of Alfred Ebbett, but declares that there is some doubt as to its constitutionality and passes it along to the Supreme Court before which Ebbett will seek relief. Ebbett, a cigarstand proprietor of O'Farrell street, near a local theater, was fined \$10 for selling choice 75-cent seats at \$1 each by Police Judge Oppenheim. Both the theaters and the scalpers desire to have the supervisors' ordinance tested in the highest court.

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BOPP SAYS
HE'LL AWAIT
VINDICATION

Suspended German Consul-
General Puts His Office in
Shape for Turning Over to
Successor, Dr. Eric Zoepffel

Counsel Begins Preparation of
Motion for a New Trial in
Behalf of Five Defendants
Convicted in Conspiracy Case

TRIBUNE BUREAU
632 MARKET ST.
SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 13.—German Consul-General Franz Bopp left his home, 2313 Hearst avenue, Berkeley, this morning at 10 o'clock, as usual, but it was plain Franz Bopp, German citizen and patriot who returned tonight. On reaching the consular offices in San Francisco, Bopp found an order from Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, relieving him and Vice-Consul E. H. von Schack from duty, and appointing Dr. Eric Zoepffel, German consul-general at Seattle, in temporary charge.

"I will busy myself putting my office and the official business in such shape that it can be readily turned over to my successor," explained Bopp. "The order from Washington relieving me from duty was on my desk when I reached my office today. There is nothing else to do but wait the vindication which I am sure will come when my case has been reviewed by the higher court."

Attorney Theodore Roche, counsel for Bopp and von Schack, today filed the transcript of the instruction of Judge Hunt to the jury. He will immediately begin the preparation of motions for a new trial in behalf of all the five defendants. These are to be presented on Friday, the day set for the passing of judgment. It is possible that they will be argued at length and a number of supporting affidavits will be presented.

Hatton, in Short Will,
Bequeaths Big Estate

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 13.—An obituary will containing only seven lines conveyed the last bequests of George F. Hatton, prominent attorney, newspaperman and politician, who died this week following an extremely short illness. Letters of administration were asked for by the widow, Margaret E. Hatton, who will receive the bulk of the estate, valued at between \$75,000 and \$100,000.



568-572

Fourteenth St.,
Bel Clay and Jefferson

Toogery
CLOAK & SUIT HOUSE

568-572

Fourteenth St.,
Bel Clay and Jefferson

Final Clean-Up

Still further reductions on remaining Fall
and Winter Garments—all must go now.

Suits Sacrificed

at less than cost of production

\$9.75

\$14.75

\$19.50

Serge Dresses

Stunning Dresses in straight-line, plaited,
coat and tunic models.

\$9.95

\$12.95

\$14.95

Silk Dresses

Charming effects for street, afternoon and
evening wear—new Dancing Frocks.

\$9.75

\$14.75

\$19.50

Smart Coats

In most desirable styles, materials and colors. Sizes for women and misses.

\$7.50

\$9.95

\$14.95



What Is on the Boards of Stage

DRAMA AND VAUDEVILLE
ORPHEUM—Vaudeville.
PANTAGES—Vaudeville with Hardeen as headliner.
MACDONOUGH—Trip Through China; "It Pays to Advertise," Jan. 18, 19, 20, with matinee on 20.
COLUMBIA—Will King in "Warm and Fair."
BISHOP—Bishop Company in "A Fool There Was."
HIPPODROME—Vaudeville.

Local playhouses this week will offer a choice selection. There is dainty Muriel Worth, at the Orpheum, one of the most versatile of dancers and an American. Al Shayne is certain to be greeted as an old friend of the merriest sort. At the Pantages the great Hardeen is the headline attraction. Oakland already knows him as a mystery man and knows his act as an intensely interesting one.

The Macdonough is playing the "Trip Through China" that attracted such large throngs last summer. There are new things in this production of what is really an educational treat. At the end of the week "It Pays to Advertise," a Cohen and Harris show, will open. Will King has twisted a familiar panto and is offering a burlesque "Warm and Fair" at the Columbia. The Hippodrome, back in vaudeville, has lined up acts that seem certain to please. It is back to the old love for this playhouse.

At the Bishop, the Bishop company will play "A Fool There Was," the play in which Robert Hilliard was first seen and which has seldom been presented in stock. It deals with the same subject of the Kipling poem and has a denouement as startling as any on the stage.

ORPHEUM

The Orpheum bill today is a specimen of the magnificent entertainment the Orpheum people import from every corner of the earth for their patrons on the Orpheum circuit.

Joe Morris and Flossie Campbell talk aviation. The airship that carries them through the rule of success is inflated with laughing gas and the effect is enjoyed by every one within its radius. In their little skit "Avi-ate-her," they sing and chat. "The girl's father owns an airship and she is trying to induce the boy to try it out and thereby lunge the fourteen minutes of unalloyed comedy.

From the anthology of the Washington Square Players, vaudeville has selected a few gems. One of these is "The Age of Reason"—a bit of humorous perversion philosophy by Cecil Dorian. The presentation of "The Age of Reason" is conspicuous for two reasons. The first—it has brought to vaudeville an exceptionally fine little play, and the second—it has given vaudeville the two finest juvenile actresses of the period, the Tobin children.

Al Shayne, who until recently was the Shayne of Matthews and Shayne, is now a vaudeville single, and as such describes himself as "The Singing Beauty." Of course the line is intended as a burlesque. Stan Stanley seems to preside at the locked gates of humor, and at his will, the flood of wholesome comedy that washes every form of depression from its hinges, is not free to laugh in a tonic. Mr. Stanley dispenses the most beneficial remedy to cure.

Ronir, Ward and Farron in their burlesque, "Are You Lonesome?" will contribute mirth and melody. The vast majority of theater-goers who enjoy a genuine thrill will be enraptured by the exhibition of derring-do given by the Flying Henrys. On an aerial apparatus they perform a series of the most daring feats.

From the corral to the grand opera stage is a long jump, but Bill Pruitt, the Montana cowboy singer, made it in less time than it takes to rope a wild steer.

PART OF FASHION PROMENADE. Macdonough



JOE MORRIS
FLOSSIE CAMPBELL
ELISABETH FAYE
Columbia

MACDONOUGH

If you want to be thoroughly entertained and made to forget your troubles, your pet corn and the weather report, take a night off, when it comes this way to the Macdonough on January 18, 19 and 20 with a matinee on January 20 and see Cohen and Harris' latest laugh promoter, "It Pays to Advertise."

"It Pays to Advertise" really needs no boosting for it advertises itself, being one of the brightest, most enjoyable plays produced in many seasons. It is not a high-brow play. It is just a sweet, clean comedy of the farce variety that everyone can understand and appreciate. Witty written and excellently acted, with enough romance to make it attractive, to the sentimental loving portion of an audience—and which of us is not interested in a lover?—especially if we can laugh with him and at him.

"It Pays to Advertise" was written by Roi Cooper Meigs and Walter Hackett, who have told a succinctly delicious story into which is woven, love, laughter and the philosophy of advertising that teaches on and the same time. The story of the play has to do with the life of a rich man who, goaded into an active partner career by his fond father, starts an advertising campaign that creates a sensation in the commercial world that astonishes no one more than the young man himself.

Few theatrical offerings of recent seasons have furnished so good an evening's entertainment. Primarily the farce is funny—not merely funny but exceedingly funny—and also it is clean and wholesome.

"EXPERIENCE" SOON HERE
 At the Macdonough Theater, beginning Sunday night, January 21, George W. Hobart's modern morality comedy drama, "Experience" will be presented by William Elliott, F. Ray Comstock and Morris Gest. There will be a bargain matinee on Wednesday and a special price matinee Saturday. The New York-Boston "Experience" organization comes to Oakland direct from its run in San Francisco with a cast of eighty-two noted players. The play is endorsed by the Catholic and Protestant clergy and rabbis of the Hebrew faith. In ten unusual scenes "Experience" tells of the adventures of Youth—the average young man of today—when he leaves home to make a name for himself in this world. The seat sale is now open.

PANTAGES

Hardeen, master of mysteries and genius of escape; the man to whom bolts and bars are playthings and locked doors are as open, comes for the coming week to the Pantages with a new and startling set of mysteries. Hardeen, who is one of the original Houdini brothers, and is the inventor of the "handcuff escape," will offer as his piece de resistance the feat of escaping from any and every form of restraint placed upon him, from handcuffs to medieval manacles. He will offer his death-defying escape from an iron prison filled with water, and perform other striking and mysterious tricks and escapes.

Hardeen is to attempt to solve the mystery of the Heller Cross, a secret sealed by the death of the late Robert Heller, magician, and only in the hands of Prof. E. M. Lipka of Oakland. Lipka has challenged the famous escape artist, who has accepted the challenge. He is to accept several other challenges while playing at the Pantages. John T. Doyle appears in this week's bill with a remarkable sketch, "The Danger Mark," and there are other star acts, including Howard and Ross, Joe Whitehead, the original nut; Wood Melville and Phillips, the Osaki Japs, acrobats supreme, and other features. "The Lass of the Lumberlands" will be the picture feature.

BISHOP

"A Fool There Was" will be the Bishop offering next week. This much discussed play of dramatic surprises has been occasioning argumentative stir wherever presented since its initial performance at the Liberty Theater, New York, several years ago where it enjoyed an extended run.

"A Fool There Was" is an intensely dramatic portrayal of a phase of life

set forth in the thought and philosophy of Kipling's poem, "The Vampire." Mr. Kipling received his inspiration from a painting by Sir Philip Burne-Jones that started London when first displayed. The dramatist, building a modern American play upon the theme of poet and painter, reversing the usual triangle of two men and a woman and gathering force from the struggle of two women and a man. The latter has riches, social position and political preferment. He is a typical man of the world with poise and distinction and thoroughly sophisticated. But there is one weak spot in his moral armor and the hypnotic glance of a siren creature quickly finds the defective plate. He knows her history and yet weakly becomes another victim to the siren's wiles persisting in his folly until he is finally swallowed up in a quagmire of drunkenness and degradation.

COLUMBIA

When the curtain at the Columbia theater rises this afternoon on the initial production of "Warm and Fair," the patrons will have an opportunity of seeing Laura Vail, popular leading woman, in male attire for the first time in her professional career. Miss Vail will carry the role of a mischievous boy in "Warm and Fair" and will aid Will King materially in the business of laugh producing.

In "Warm and Fair" King will be seen as "Ike Leeschinski" as usual and will be assisted in the bulk of the comedy work by Harry Bernard who wrote and produced the musical melange which is said to be replete with laughs, unusual complications and will be presented in six massive scenes, making it one of the most elaborate productions ever seen at the Columbia. It was written especially to fit the abilities of the players and all have been provided with good roles.

With King will be seen Harry Ber-

What Is Doing On Stage In East

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—The New Year opened with Broadway content with the excellent selection afforded them by the current attractions. This week "Serafina," with Julia Arthur, and "Gambler's All," a less commendable production, added to the list of the previous week. The former succeeded "Major Pendennis" and the latter Gertrude Kingston's company in the three plays which were popular both down and uptown. Until the end of the week, this group of plays is on view:

"The Big Show," 225 times; "Cheating Cheats," 178 times; "Turn to the Right," 165 times; "The Man Who Came Back," 150 times; "The Truth," 136 times; "Upstairs and Down," 125 times; "Miss Springtime," 123 times; "Show of Wonders," 102 times; "The Music Master," 102 times; "Treasure Island," 92 times; "So Long Letty," 92 times; "Come Out of the Kitchen," 92 times; "Old Lady 21," 84 times; "Good Gracious Annabelle," 83 times; "The Century Girl," 80 times; "Getting Married," 76 times; "Ben Hur," 76 times; "The Washington Square Players in a group of short plays, 60 times; "Captain Kiri Jr.," 60 times; "The New Girl," 58 times; "Keeping Up Appearances," 56 times; "The Harp of Life," 51 times; "Mile-a-Minute Kendall," 49 times; "Follow Me," 48 times; "The Yellow Jacket," 45 times; "The Master," 41 times; "Her Soldier Boy," 39 times; "Little Women," 31 times; "The Little Lady in Blue," 23 times; "A Kiss for Cinderella," 117 times; "Shirley Kaye," 17 times; "Serafina," 8 times; "Gambler's All," 8 times.

HIPPODROME

The Hippodrome have assembled a banner bill of seven brand new vaudeville acts for the three days beginning this afternoon. Plenty of novelty, a lot of good comedy and a generous amount of singing and dancing should make it an especially appealing one to the discriminating theater goer.

Mme. Gillis, billed as the perfect woman Hercules, has one of the most novel offerings that has been brought out from the east in some time. Assisted by a group of perfectly formed young women, Mme. Gillis gives an exhibition of physical culture and performs feats of strength that have made her a headliner of nearly all of the vaudeville circuits of the east. The act is said to be one of striking beauty as well.

Chief Little Elk and company are full-blooded American Indians, also making their first tour of the west. They have a characteristic offering that has stamped them America's cleverest and most versatile Indian entertainers. Milo Beldon and company have a splendid comedy sketch in "The Free Concert," written by Mr. Beldon. It is an amusing picture of New York City life, the scene being a Harlem flat, and the hour, 3 a. m. Charlie Sweet, well-known monologist, will offer his musical monologue, while Charles Oro and company have a laughing skit called "The Chink and the Irishman."

The Puppets, human mannikins, have something new to present, and with Gauze, the double-voiced vocalist, complete a splendid bill of novelties.

JULIA CULP

Dutch Lieder Singer
 Tuesday Evening, January 16
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 Auspices Music Soc. Oakland Teachers' Ass'n.
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 WITH THE UNIMITABLE FUN
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WILL KING
 AND THE COMPANY OF LAUGH MAKERS
 A RAPID SUCCESS OF SCREAMS
 AND LAUGHTER WITH A WHIRLWIND
 OF SONGS AND DANCES —
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 Playing Their Boardwalk Skit, "ARE YOU LONESOME?"

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 "Dance Macabre".....Saint-Saens
 "On the Moldau River".....Smetana
 Overture, "Tannhauser".....Wagner

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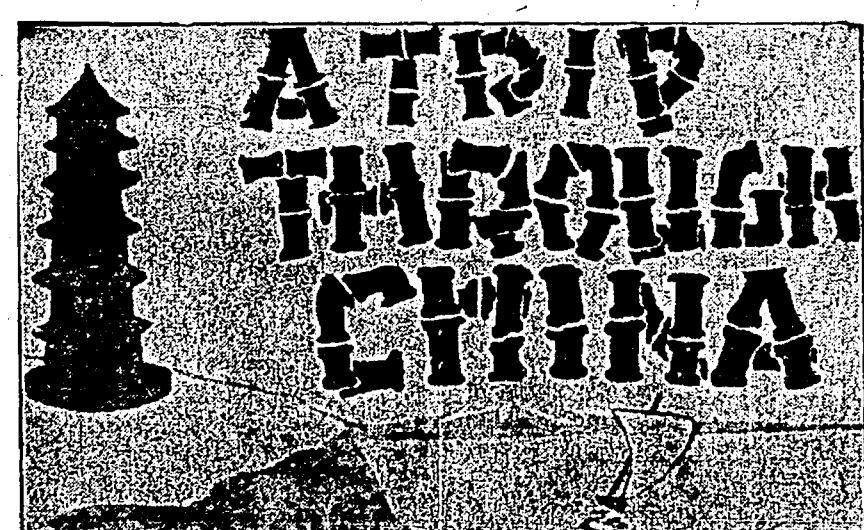
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SUNDAY, JANUARY 14, 1917.

THE SPECULATOR AGAIN.

Mr. David Lubin of California has just forwarded to this country an illuminating paper which he has written concerning the proposal for an International Commerce Commission. Mr. Lubin is the United States delegate to the International Institute of Agriculture, which has its headquarters in Rome, Italy, and this paper has been prepared after a somewhat extended discussion with English officials of the agricultural department of the government, the Board of Trade and with British ship operating interests on the subject of international commerce regulation.

Specifically Mr. Lubin placed before representatives of the leading English steamship lines the proposition that ocean carriage is a public utility and should be under public control. Upon the recognition of this doctrine depends the success of the scheme for an International Commerce Commission. This subject was brought up for discussion conformably to a resolution adopted by Congress in September, 1914, instructing the American delegate, Mr. Lubin, to request the general assembly of the International Institute of Agriculture to invite the adhering governments to participate in an international conference on the subject of steadying the world price of staples. It has been planned to hold this conference in Rome during the present year. Representatives of thirteen of the principal companies operating merchant shipping lines held a conference with Mr. Lubin in London last October.

The American delegate went to the conference with these ideas to expound: "Concentrate the business of ocean carriage in the hands of shipping rings and what have we got? We have got a tyranny, pure and simple, for the shipping ring may likewise exert social, economic and political pressure—pressure exerted not merely over a few farmers, a few exporters or importers of the staples, but over all the farmers of the land, and over all the people of that land. Nor is this all—as the business of ocean carriage is from country to country, international, this pressure can be exerted not merely over one country, but from every country. We talk of freedom of the seas, but if that means freedom from the restraint of law, then such freedom may mean the enslavement of the people. Every vessel that plies the seas as a carrier of passengers or carrier of merchandise should be bound as rigorously as the railways are under the Interstate Commerce Commission. The carrier should not have the right to operate under the laws of commerce, and unrestricted competition; nor should he be permitted the right of operating under uncontrolled shipping rings. Unfixed rates for the ocean carriage of staples, rates that vary from day to day and from hour to hour, bring into play factors which dislocate the equities in the world of commerce and industry, and consequently form a deep-rooted cause for economic injury the world over."

It is not surprising to learn that the shipowners were at first inclined to oppose any change from the present system, and to express doubts as to the need and practicability of an International Commerce Commission. But this much they admitted: they were not in principle opposed to fixed rates for staples. They wished to place the blame for a desire to adhere to the present system of unfixed rates upon the shippers. (By "shippers" they meant the buyers and speculators of commerce.)

Here was indication of the real cause for ruinous shifting in prices of food necessities from a source which has been inclined to think it deserved prime consideration in commerce. It has taken a deal of the resourcefulness and energy of Mr. Lubin to convince the shipowners that the staples of commerce are entitled to first consideration. Since the present agitation over the high cost of living started, THE TRIBUNE has frequently pointed out the culpability of the market speculator.

These speculators, "shippers" want the elastic, movable system of unfixed rates on ocean carriage. To remove uncertainty of ocean freights and the opportunities for price manipulation which this uncertainty affords, would reduce the speculator to the status of a mere broker.

Yet the "shipper" hasn't got a sound moral leg to stand upon. The British shipowner, the most potent influence in maritime trade, is ready to repudiate him. It has been pointed out that "package freight" cover about 200 out of every 900 tons of ocean freight carried, while "bulk freight," the staples, comprises 700 tons. Package freight rates are fixed, while the bulk freight goes at unfixed rates. This is the door left open for the speculator to manipulate the prices on the staples, the necessities of commerce.

An International Commerce Commission may be

impracticable and may if created bring a great many hardships upon business, but the matter of unfixed rates on staples should receive most serious attention from all governments. If regulations of the shipping business of the world is necessary in order to remove this danger and evil, the regulation may have to be enforced.

ACCUISING THE BABES.

Advocates of birth control, the lobbyist at Sacramento working for a birth regulation law, and the disciples of Mrs. Margaret Sanger in general, will doubtless find much satisfaction in the latest statement of the cause of the European war. It is made by Dr. Sprague of the Massachusetts Agricultural College. Says this reckless teacher of farming, "The barbaric birth-rate of Germany was the cause of the war of nations."

Now, the causes of the war have been examined quite thoroughly and frequently and it is impossible not to credit Germany with a large share of the blame for it, just as it is difficult to give any nation a clean bill of exemption. But surely we are not called upon to place the responsibility upon the babes of the world.

Dr. Sprague's implication is that many babies induce belligerence and that the hope for universal peace is to be found in a reduction of the birth rate. He characterizes such a birth rate as that shown in Germany as "barbaric." The Boston Transcript has reviewed the figures on birth and death rates in foreign countries, so we cannot do better than to quote from that newspaper's editorial page:

"In 1910, a fair, average year, the German birth rate was 31.1 to the thousand. But the death rate was 17.2, so that the net increase from that source was 13.9. In England and Wales the birth rate was lower, being only 25.1, but the death rate was also lower, being only 13.5, and thus the net increase of population was 11.6, as compared with 13.9 in Germany. The difference between the two is scarcely great enough to be considered 'barbaric.' In Austria the birth rate was 26.7 and the death rate only 10.4, showing a net increase of 16.3, or much more than Germany's. Moreover, if the German birth rate of 31.1 is 'barbaric,' what are we to say of Spain's, which is 33.1, of Italy's 32.9, of Hungary's 35.7, of Rumania's 39.8, of Serbia's 38.7, and of Bulgaria's 40.6? Some of these, of course, have higher death rates than Germany and lower net increases, but not all. Thus, while Germany has a net increase of 13.9 and England of 11.6, Bulgaria has one of 14, Rumania of 14.6, Italy of 13.3, and Holland of 15. It is interesting, by the way, to observe that Holland, which has lately been much exploited as the land in which 'birth control' is most practiced and is most justified by results, has a higher birth rate than most European countries, 28.6, and probably the highest ratio of increase of all."

Thus it appears from the actual statistics that either barbarism in babies in Europe is general, or else Dr. Sprague has given utterance to a silly phrase. This agriculturalist would, of course, hold that density of population, resulting from high birth rate, leads naturally to war. Let us examine also this condition. In Germany before the war the population per square mile was 290.4; in France 189.5; in England, 405.6; in Belgium, 589. In Massachusetts, the population is 373 per square mile, so if the theory of Dr. Sprague was correct, the State which boasts his deductive genius would be on the verge of a terrible war. But the figures prove that there is absolutely nothing in Dr. Sprague's theory.

THE SAME, BUT DIFFERENT.

Our next international exposition is being discussed. It is to be in commemoration of the tercentenary of the landing of the Pilgrims and will be held in Boston. A commission has already been appointed and it has drawn up a prospectus. The exposition is not to cost more than \$18,000,000 and a site containing 600 acres of land on the bay shore is recommended. On this site would be erected all, or nearly all, of the features which "world expositions" have introduced.

A number of permanent memorials will be erected at Plymouth. These include a canopy over the Rock and the "Resonance of Burial Hall." Of course the exposition will be marked by much magnificence, as much as \$18,000,000 will provide.

But one feature deserves special mention. An island is to be placed on piles in Charles River Basin, temporary, of course, on which will be erected concert halls, opera houses, museums, theaters, restaurants and cafes and individual shops. Color and joy will be found on this island retreat. Its counterpart was known at the 1915 exposition as "The Zone." But what else could Boston name it but "Cultural Exposition."

John McCormack, the Irish tenor, has become famous as a collector of fine and costly paintings. A few days ago he acquired Rembrandt's portrait of a "Burgomaster" for \$125,000; Rembrandt's portrait of his sister for \$100,000, and a Whistler "Nocturne" for \$30,000. Thus Mr. McCormack spent \$255,000 in one day's shopping among the art treasures. Certainly this must be admitted a significant tribute from an artist to art. But does it not also signify a tribute from the American people to art? Mr. McCormack's fortune has been built up by his singing. It is the accumulation of the admission price paid by the hundreds of thousands of music-loving Americans who have crowded every hall in which he has appeared. The people have paid millions to hear the art of McCormack. No one who heard has ever felt that he was overcharged. But through the recognition accorded music as McCormack interprets it by the American public, this singer may gratify his love for the rare and exalted work of other artists.

NOTES and COMMENT

The bifurcated legislative session is a cute notion and legislators and others who are concerned have come to the conclusion that that is about all.

As a source of news Lawson is running even with Thaw, though on very different lines, of course. Some persons are that way, having a natural trend toward publicity.

A despatch tells about the arrest of a man in Kentucky for bootlegging. Some people are apt to take it that times are out of joint, indeed, when a Kentuckian has to bootleg.

Somewhat pointed item from the Santa Ana Blade: "Oakland wants the peace conference. So does Santa Ana, but we are not going to make ourselves ridiculous by asking for it."

Personal item from the Holtville Tribune: "Charlie Miller, who is now a hydrographer for No. 6 and a regular country fellow, was in town Saturday smiling at his many friends."

There is to be no class of molly-coddies at Stanford, if one is to judge from the edict of the Academic Council to the effect that students must either take up military drill or athletics.

Three bills have been introduced having for an object the shortening of legislative sessions. If three shall prove to be inadequate, there will not be insurmountable objection to the introduction of others.

Miss Kane, a school teacher—from up Marysville way, of course—shot and killed a mountain lion. This is an accomplishment that somebody will probably want to add to the curriculum at the Normal.

Aerie item from the Chico Enterprise: "Those fourteen bald-headed eagles seen on Miss Mecca Smith's place last Sunday and flying eastward, were probably bound for some Pittsburg cabaret show."

That raid on the office of the "Blade" was very informing, whatever may have been the law of it. The free-hand discussions unearthed, over the proposition of blowing everybody up, constitute rather lively news, at any rate.

San Francisco's two fire tugs, we are reminded by a detail for them to meet a burning steamer, are weighted with classic names—David Scannell and Dennis T. Sullivan. They at least suggest the class that is largely relied on to put out the fires.

Legislative item from the Stockton Mail: "Senator Stuckenbruck has signed a peace protocol with the administration and declared war on yellowhammers. The Acampo blacksmith and his sledge-hammer appear to have struck a padded anvil."

They now propose a legislative measure which shall promote politeness according to their length of service. We all know how this would work in business affairs. A man's efficiency is not always to be determined by the time that he has been on the job.

The Newman Independent tells about Gomer's spell: "Gomer Savage has been laid up for two weeks with a periodical ailment which, he says, visits him about every three months for about the same time as in the present instance, and with equal severity."

Fruit raisers and shippers are not observed to be giving way to the ports of delight over the prospect of having the State Board of Health butt into their affairs. A bill has been introduced to give this body the supervision of regulating and sterilizing containers of fruits and vegetables.

If there are those who think that retrenchment is one of the forgotten things at Sacramento, all such are mistaken. The powers that be have cut down the State Blue Book to a roster, thus saving two or three thousand dollars. There is room for reflection, however, as to the probability of such action if the Blue Book had not been a pet of Secretary of State Jordan, who is not a pet of the powers.

SPIRIT OF THE STATE PRESS

In no uncertain terms, Edward Hyatt, state superintendent of public instruction, denounces hazing in the schools of the State in a letter just mailed to public. Laws against hazing will likely be offered in the legislature this year. Many high schools will be affected, as hazing is quite common over the State.—Vallejo Times.

The OAKLAND TRIBUNE says a question may arise whether the price of the many food products whose rise was charged to the war, will come down with the war ending. To say nothing of a thousand and one other things for which there seems to be the slightest excuse for an increase in price.—Santa Ana Blade.

Two-dollar wheat in January isn't at all bad for the farmer, the Bakersfield Echo observed. If the farmer had any wheat that figure would be about right for him, for he earns it, but most of the wheat in the United States is now owned by speculators and foreign buyers, so, unfortunately, two-dollar wheat will not bring the farmer much of anything.—Stockton Independent.

THE WOOD ROAD.

My car sped through the purple mist; Its searching eyes were gleaming. The flowers, touched by twilight's kisses, Perfumed each garden dreaming. The nightingales, within the wood, Were luring, serenading. Afar, the stately pine trees stood And shadowed sunset's fading. I watched the road on every side, In quest of one, Dan Cupid; No more, I vowed, should I deride My love and call me "stupid!" When, suddenly, the auto swerved, The road began to narrow, And there, outside the thicket, curved A wicked howl and arrow!—Dorothy Harpur O'Neill, in New York Sun.



—NEW YORK EVENING MAIL.

THE FORUM

The Editor of The Tribune disclaims responsibility for opinions and statements expressed in this column. Brief contributions on current topics of general interest are welcome. They will not be a rule be printed unless accompanied by the name of the writer, which, if desired, will be withheld from publication.

CLAIMS CREDIT FOR ORIGINAL LINCOLN HIGHWAY.

To the Editor of The Tribune:

From time to time I read in your valuable paper a good deal about the Lincoln highway and other national roads. All of which is very good, but there is a man, a Mr. Jay by name, who wants to take to himself all the honor and glory there is in these plans and first bringing them to public notice. To all of this I object, on several grounds. First, in the year 1911, the National Tribune, Washington, D. C., started a scheme to raise money among the old soldiers and others to build a Lincoln memorial road from Washington to Gettysburg, to have the same completed in time for the fiftieth anniversary of the battle of Gettysburg, to be held in July, 1913. But that did not carry, and while thinking over this matter I came to the question, why not build the road across the continent? And as I thought more about it I made a rough sketch of the road from Plymouth Rock to the Golden Gate.

Then I thought why not have more such roads? So I made another outline of memorial and military roads all over the United States and named them after persons and events. These roads would connect all parts of the United States, but not being a very good draftsman the sketch lay here in my house till January, 1912, when I got a young surveyor here to draft them to scale and he made me several copies of the same. I sent them to several newspapers, some of which copied them and printed them as their own ideas. Some returned them to me without much notice. One copy I sent to the interior department, which it copied and returned the original to me. Later, on I sent a copy to the Good Roads Congress of governors at Colorado Springs, all of which sanctioned the plans, but said the country was not yet ready for so much glory.

Then, some time later, I sent a copy to the secretary of the Good Roads Congress, held in Oakland, care of the Hotel Oakland, with a request to return same if not needed. Now, previous to this I never heard of or saw Mr. Jay's name in the papers, and my copy never came back. But soon thereafter Mr. Jay came on the stage, claiming to be the inventor and starter of all these highways in 1912, when in fact they had been scattered all over the United States more than a year before this by me. All of which I can prove by lots of witnesses and also that I have the original drafts, letters and dates to substantiate my claims. And while I am willing to give every man all that he is entitled to, I also like to get my dues. Hoping this will interest you enough to give it room in the much esteemed OAKLAND TRIBUNE, of which I am a reader, I beg to remain, yours truly,

A. NORMAN.
Dos Palos, Cal., Jan. 11.

TODAY 20 YEARS AGO.

The finding of a can filled with \$20 gold pieces in the Jacobson well in Berkeley by an expressman named Davis has created somewhat of a sensation in the college town.

The alumni and the students of the University of California sent congratulatory despatches yesterday to Professor and Mrs. Le Conte, who are celebrating their golden wedding. A special meeting of the City Council has been called for tonight to talk on the West Oakland park bids.

THE COAL TAR INDUSTRY

Coal tar! What does that word suggest to you? The chances are that the first thing you picture to yourself is the smoky, smelly tank of melted tar used in street repaving. Give your imagination free rein and, now, at least, you can conjure up all kinds of reds, and blues, and greens, and sigh as you reflect how the scarcity of dyes has affected the high cost of living! A third idea may suggest itself—that of poison, a dreadful, deadly poison, something foul and mysterious, something to shun and avoid. True, coal tar is, as a recent writer has stated, a "black evil-smelling liquid," and, as everybody knows, it is the raw material from which dyes are derived.

A lump of coal appears to be solid, but in reality it consists of only one-half to two-thirds of solid matter. The other half or third is liquid and gas and can be boiled out of the coal just as water can be boiled out of molasses. Of course, a much higher temperature is required, and this makes it necessary for the process to be carried on in a closer retort in order to exclude air and thus prevent burning the distillate.

The destructive distillation of coal, as the process is called, was originally carried out for the single purpose of manufacturing illuminating gas. The coal tar which condensed and accumulated in the mains and scrubbers of gas works was a source of trouble and expense until Perkins, an English chemist, in 1856, discovered that coal tar could be used as a source of raw material for making mauve, a delicate purple dye for silk. The first coal tar dye factory was built in England, but the Germans, quick to see the vast possibilities of such an enterprise, soon took up the matter, and it is to them that we owe the wonderful story of the development of the coal tar industry, a story which in accomplishment of the impossible rivals the fairy tales of childhood.

More recently a second and greater source of coal tar has been developed. When the growth of the iron and steel industry made it evident that the supply of charcoal necessary for the recovery of pig iron from iron ore in the blast furnace was limited, a substitute was found in coke, the residue from the destructive distillation of coal. Condensation of the liquid products given off in the coking process yields coal tar. Leading the world as the United States does in the manufacture of iron and steel, it should follow logically that we would lead in the manufacture of coal tar and coal-tar products. But such is far from the truth.

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FAN FORDER

WILL IT HAPPEN?
Foghorn Murphy on his nag went
rambling up the street.
"Unfair," he shouted to every
fan he'd meet.

IF SOME FELLOWS' STRIKING AVERAGE ISN'T ANY BETTER THAN THEIR BATTING—GOOD NIGHT!



NEWS AND VIEWS OF SPORTDOM

EVEN SO!
Don't patronize the ball game,
The magnates are unfair,
They don't use union players
Or union underwear.

Inside Stuff By Billy Fitz

"RED" WATSON, past president of the Front Porch Association, is carrying a training partner along these days who is worth an inch or two of our precious space. We refer to "Gingham" Rooney who once traveled with Ad Wolgast and other ring celebrities.

"Gingham" is credited with being one of the few men outside of Jack Johnson who breathed defiance at Jim Jeffries and got away with it.

The story is that "Gingham" and some of his pals were waxing boisterous one evening in the Jeffries cafe in Los Angeles, and the big proprietor sauntered over and tapped little Rooney on the shoulder, admonishing him to "cut out the noise."

Now Rooney hadn't traveled with Wolgast and Nelson for nothing. Also, he was feeling pretty chipper. So he drew himself up to his "five feet four," glared at Jeffries and then sneered: "You big lump of tallow, don't you talk to me or I'll turn black and make you run out the door."

Rooney's friends were horrified. They expected to see Jeffries crush his customer, but the big fellow merely flushed, hesitated, and then turned away.

Later, Rooney and Jeff became good friends.

George Stovall a Valuable Addition to the Coast League

If it is really true at last that Tom Darmody has actually announced the identity of the Vernon manager and that "Ham" Patterson's successor is Geo. Stovall, Darmody deserves to be congratulated. Stovall filled a good many players away from this circuit while acting as a Federal league agent, but he will make none the less a valuable employee now that he is bending his energies for the league instead of against it. Stovall will play first base for Vernon, which means that Gus Gleichmann will probably be sold or traded to San Francisco.

Until July 6th last season Stovall was leading the American Association in hitting, when he received a swift inshoot on one of his eyeballs. This tended to dim his luster for the remainder of the race. During his ten years in the majors and two-season sojourn in the Federals he hit for a general average of .268. The coming season will be his fourteenth in organized baseball. For more than a decade Stovall has been a national figure in baseball—first as a player and then as a manager. At different times he was manager of the Cleveland Americans, the St. Louis Browns and the Kansas City Feds. He says that he will have no trouble in getting his release from Toledo. He can buy it outright, or Bresnahan will accept one of the Vernon players in a trade. While waiting for the situation to shape up he has been considering the needs of the Vernon club, and will know just what steps to take when he rolls up his sleeves and exposes his managerial biceps.

Had anybody predicted two years ago that Frank Chance and George Stovall would be at the head of the two southern clubs he would have been charged with being crazy in the bean.

The Scientific Knockout Blow Is Seldom Seen in the Boxing Ring

Commenting on the few actual knockouts that occur in the boxing ring, a veteran fan who has been a ringsider for a quarter of a century rose to remark the other day that there are only two spots on the body where a man can be really knocked unconscious.

There has never been a real knockout in West Oakland since the amateur game has been in vogue. Men have been rendered temporarily hors de combat and have taken the count, but they were not knocked out in the real sense of the word.

The solar plexus blow, such as the one which Bob Fitzsimmons delivered to Jim Corbett at Carson City, will knock the wind out of a man and render him so weak that he cannot stand up, but he will be conscious and hear every count of the referee.

A blow on the neck may close the windpipe and send a boxer to the floor, while a blow to the heart is weakening to the same extent.

But the real knockout blow that sends a boxer into dreamland must land on either side of the jaw near the point of the chin, where a branch of the inferior maxillary nerve crosses the jaw bone. That is the scientific knockout punch, and it need not be delivered hard. A short jab or a hook will turn the trick if landed on the right spot.

So when you hear of a chap being "knocked cold" by a stiff left to the stomach, just smile, for it can't be done.

This is brought to mind by the battle last Wednesday night at West Oakland when Al Norton battered Sailor Elder into submission in the second round. Elder took five punches on the jaw, went down once, got up and was reeling around when the bout was stopped. Those punches were delivered with all the strength Norton could muster and with the express purpose of knocking Elder out, but every one of them was delivered overhead and they landed high up on the jaw. Had Norton come up underhand so as to have landed two inches from the point of the chin, there would have been no need for the referee to interfere. But that's the difference between a champion and a second-rater.

BASEBALL

DEWEY DEFEATS MELROSE.
The Dewey unlimited basketball team defeated the Melrose Heights unlimited, at Dewey, by a score of 25 to 16.

BERKELEY "Y" WINS.
The Berkeley Y 150-lb. basketball team defeated the San Francisco Y at Berkeley, by a score of 51 to 22. Feature of the game was the all-around playing of the Berkeley team. Both teams showed fine teamwork.

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SERAPHS LOOK BEST IN LEAGUE

Chance's Champions Have a Wealth of Material in All Departments.

Here is a list of the players lined up for Chance for the Angels this season:

PITCHERS: Zabel, Ryan, Crandall, Seagoin, Hall, Hogg, McMorren, Harrington, Bassler, Bates, Henry, Charles, INFELDERS: Koerner, McLarry, Butler, Viox, Vaughn, Davis, Grogling, Galloway, Schulz. **OUTFIELDERS:** Maggert, Ellis, Jackson, Schlitz.

Special to THE TRIBUNE.

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 13.—Probably no other club in the Coast league is better fixed for good ball players than the Los Angeles club under the watchful eye of Frank Chance. For the time the Peerless Leader has twenty-four reliable men lined up and by the time the training season starts in even thirty men who will battle it out for berths which only eighteen men can fill.

Of the twenty-four, Chance has eight experienced hurlers, men whom he can depend upon; nine first class infielders, four outfielders and the same number of catchers. He has one catcher, Chance and Powers are not worrying about players at this time of the year.

And best part of it all is that several first-class men will join the club in the near future.

Weighman of the Cubs has promised the Angels three or four players shortly after the season starts. The Cubs are training quarters, so by the time the Angel training season is in full swing, Chance will have a goodly number of men who will battle it out for berths which only eighteen men can fill.

One department that is worrying Chance and in another way is not working out as planned is the infield. Chance has nine infielders and will only carry five men during the year, and hence must select his infielders with care. He expects to slip before the regular season opens.

From the present dope, McLarry and Phil Koerner will fight it out for the first basing job, which promises to be some thing. Then there will be three or four men fighting for the second base berth, a couple for shortstop and two for third base.

Chance is going to be well fortified with infielders. He will have at least four men fighting for each infield berth and in that way should be able to land one good man for each berth.

FOUR OUTFIELDERS. The outfield is not settled this year. It has been for the last two years. The loss of Harry Walter makes it necessary for Chance to look for a man to take Harry's place. Chance may have to look a long way before he finds the man that can do the work.

At present Chance has four men fighting for the outfield berths. Ellis and Earl Maggert are the two veterans left, while Joe Jackson and Harry Bates are the two youngsters who will make a bid for the job. Chance also expects to get a man or two from the Cubs in the long run the outfield jobs will be filled with good men.

CATCHERS. Chance will let the catchers take care of themselves. Johnny Bassler and Walter Bates will be the two men to watch. If the P. L. decides to carry three catchers, Bates will hold down the job.

In the pitching line Chance has practically his 1916 staff back. Life stands in the line of the pitching line, but he may get Standridge back. So you can see that there will be plenty of pitching in the season.

The only trouble Chance will have with his pitchers is picking out the good ones from the bad ones.

Taking it all in all, there is a reason why Chance's Angels does not have to be worried.

Inter-Collegiate League Directors to Meet

Representatives of the Intercollegiate Basketball League of California and Nevada will meet at the Palace hotel, San Francisco, tomorrow afternoon, to discuss the league's plans for the coming season.

The league season is scheduled to start on January 27. The first game will be between the University of California and the University of California at Berkeley.

The league will have a total of 12 teams, with games being played in the San Francisco Bay area.

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The league will have a total of 12 teams, with games being played in the San Francisco Bay area.

LINE-UP OF ST. JOSEPH'S ACADEMY 130-POUND TEAM:

Left to right, the players are: GIELDS, GOMEZ, BAUCHMAN, McVAY, BECKS, CLARK, CARROLL, HERRERA, SHEEHAN, RYAN, SCHOEN, GLASS, RENZIE.



Here is the St. Joseph's Academy 130-pound basketball team which will play the St. James 180-pounders of San Francisco this afternoon at Peralta Park in Berkeley. Last Sunday the academy boys put up an exciting game with the Columbia Park players, and it is believed that the game today will be one of the closest of the season.

Oakland Golfers Ridicule New "Amateur" Ruling Harvey Lindsay Is Now Classed as Professional Sell Chewing Gum, But You Can't Sell a Golf Ball

With the Sequoyah and at Claremont, as well as other courses, the new amateur ruling handed down by the United States Golf Association.

California, always more liberal than easterners, regard the whole thing as a joke. "It is a ruling that is not meant to be taken seriously," says one of the organizers.

Harvey B. Lindsay, one of the organizers of the Sequoyah Club and a member of the Sequoyah Club, is a professional golfer. He is a member of the Sequoyah Club and a member of the Sequoyah Club.

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PREPSTERS AWAIT BASKETBALL RACE

Oakland High and Berkeley Loom Up As Contenders for 1917 County Title.

With the season only two weeks off, high school basketball followers on this side of the bay are figuring the chances of their respective schools. The 1917 fight for the Alameda County Athletic League title figure does not hold as much interest as did the 1916 race. Then four clubs were admitted in the running.

However, this season's race changes. Only two teams, as matters look now, loom up as championship possibilities. They are Oakland High and Berkeley, and the chances favor the former.

From the start, both Oakland and Tech, through loss of veterans and injuries, have found it hard to build up anything better than a fair team and even their own school followers concede them little chance of winning the title.

The return to school of Johnny White, formerly "Y" wonder and protégé of Coach Kork, who was in the M. G. A. Blue and White followers' long look, and the opportunity of shooting for a championship are the main reasons for the interest in the race.

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Sale of MILL-LENGTH CRETONNES

Wonderful Variety and Wonderful Values

Thousands of yards of the best looking Cretonnes seen in many seasons. The lot includes Repps, Radium Cloths, Tartans and Plain Cretonnes, suitable for draperies, bed coverings, couch coverings, and door hangings. We have never offered to the Oakland buying public a better value.

29c yd.



EXCEPTIONAL SALE OF COATINGS

Values That Are Simply Astounding

You will never regret coming early to this sale of Fancy and Novelty Coatings in plaid and check effects. \$1.98 has never purchased a more wonderful coating. All of them are 56 inches wide. The variety of colorings is most pleasing. It's a rare treat for you.

\$1.98 yard



1000 Pairs Footwear Added Monday to the Shoe Sale

\$2.65 PAIR

Women from Oakland and all surrounding towns have not been satisfied in buying one pair, many buying three or four pairs. One woman said: "I've attended many shoe sales, but never where the styles were so new, the assortments so great and the sizes so complete."

\$2.65 PAIR

Public sentiment has forced us to continue this sale throughout the week and now it enters another week with new lots brought forward that make the assortments almost as good as at the start. Every pair will be FITTED.

\$2.65 PAIR



French Ivory Engraved FREE

At Drug Department

For a limited time we will engrave without cost any set or individual piece of French Ivory purchased at our Drug Dept. This offer is one of rare occurrence and should appeal to all admirers of French Ivory Toilet Ware. You will find our French Ivory stock complete in every line.

Art Needlework Dept. Sale of Stamped Lingerie

Very sheer, nainsook, batiste and lawn gowns, chemise and combinations—beautifully stamped to be embroidered. This is a special offering of brand new goods.

59c



Gowns, Envelope Chemise, Combinations, Lingerie Petticoats, Camisoles and Corset Covers on Sale at

89c

Wonderful Values in Lingerie

Gowns—Latest Up-to-Date Models

59c to \$2.98

Lingerie Petticoats

69c to \$3.98

Envelope Chemise

69c to \$1.98

Drawers—Embroidered and Lace

23c to 98c

Corset Covers and Camisoles

23c to \$1.29

Boudoir Caps

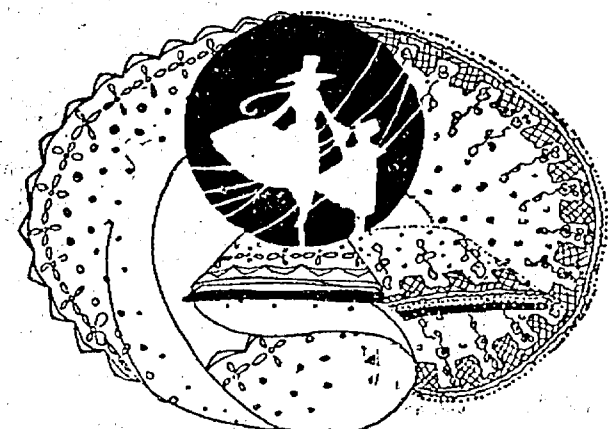
19c to 98c

White Lawn Aprons with and without Bibs

25c to 59c

White Flannelette Gowns

69c to \$1.19



Fast-Edge Embroideries

Our Fast-Edge Embroideries are the talk of the town. Neat in design, perfect in workmanship, the very best quality of materials, such as Longcloth, Madeira, Nainsook and Swisses. A real surprise. Edgings, Insertions, Beadings and Beading Edges.

5c yard

Longcloth Petticoat Flouncings

Our Longcloth Petticoat Flouncings have no superior. Blind work, eyelet work, floral designs. There are dozens of beautiful lace designs in Medic execution; embroideries that are rare at our White Sale price.

25c yd

Turkish Towels

Size 18x36, full bleach, absorbent Bath Towels, hemmed ends. Ea....

15c

Table Damask

Extra heavy highly mercerized in neat patterns. Yard.....

36c

Table Cloths

Hemstitch'd Table Cloths, size 58x65, neat patterns. Exceptional for.

\$1.00

Huck Towels

Full bleach, heavy weight, hemmed Huck Towels, size 18x36. Ea....

12c

Bed Sheets

100 dozen full bleach Security Sheets. All one piece. Size 81x99. Each.....

89c

Towels, Huck and Turkish

EXTRA HEAVY HUCK TOWELS, full bleach, good wearing quality, each 16c
ALL WHITE HUCK TOWELS, with Key border. An exceptional value, each 20c
20x30 FINE HUCK TOWELS, even-threaded and closely woven, each 23c
TURKISH BATH TOWELS, large size, neatly hemmed, pure white, each 18c
Extra Large TURKISH BATH TOWELS, "The Thrifty Kind," wonderful value for 25c

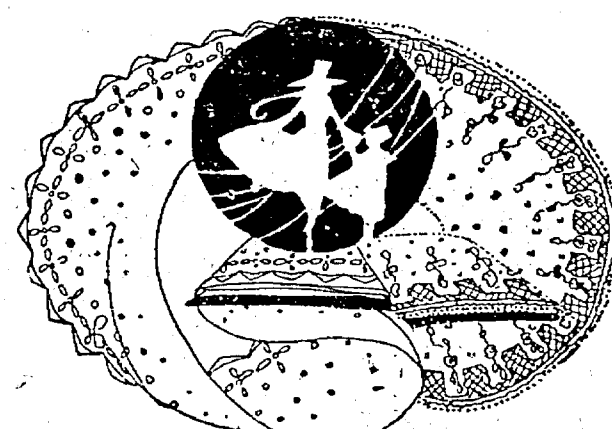
Table Cloths and Napkins

LARGE TABLE CLOTH, full bleach, with pattern, border all around, each \$1.19
Irish Linen TABLE CLOTH, 2 yards wide and 2 1/2 yards long, pattern border, each \$2.95
Mercerized DINNER NAPKINS, in a neat range of patterns. Sale price, dozen 1.39
TABLE DAMASK, highly mercerized, soft neatly hemmed, pure white, per yard 69c
MERCERIZED TABLE DAMASK, for every day good hard usage, per yard 56c

Sheets and Pillow Cases

45x36 PILLOW CASES, nicely made; extra good wearing quality, each 11c
81x90 BED SHEETS, double bed size, soft finish, long wearing quality 75c
81x90 BED SHEETS, extra heavy, double bed size, excellent wearing quality 83c
45x36 HEMSTITCHED PILLOW CASES, soft finish, good wearing, each 20c
45x36 EXTRA FINE PILLOW CASES, the kind that wear and wear, each 23c

Bed Spreads and Blankets

LARGE HONEYCOMB BED SPREADS, in neat patterns. Special \$1.49
WHITE BEDSPREADS, extra heavy, large double bed size \$1.69
SATIN MARSEILLES SPREADS, the kind that wear and wear \$2.95
SATIN MARSEILLES SPREADS, extra large, extra heavy. Special \$3.45
CALIFORNIA WHITE WOOL BLANKETS, heavy, fleecy and warm, pair \$4.48
FINE WOOL BLANKETS, extra large size, will wear for years, pair \$5.95

27-in. Baby Flouncings

A belated shipment just arrived. Truly artistic designs, all small figured, with lacy edgings of the new flit type worked on sheer but durable batiste. Will launder like a handkerchief.

59c yd

Fine Valenciennes Edgings

Bolt of 12 Yards

Unabated interest continues in our remarkable sale of Fine Quality Edgings and Insertions, single and double thread; enormous variety.

57c Bolt

CLEARANCE OF EVERY WINTER GARMENT—REDUCED PRICES



SUITS

\$12.85 \$14.85 \$19.00

Every Winter Suit must be sold. Kahn's Sale Prices will do it. You can look all over town and never find suit bargains like these. Every Winter Suit in the house is included at one of the above prices.

SALE of RAIN COATS

\$4.95

DRESSES

\$5 \$8.95 \$11.85 \$14.85

This is the unrivaled opportunity within the reach of everyone to enrich her wardrobe with the season's best Dresses at a fraction of their worth. Every Dress is reduced to the lowest limit; regardless of cost.

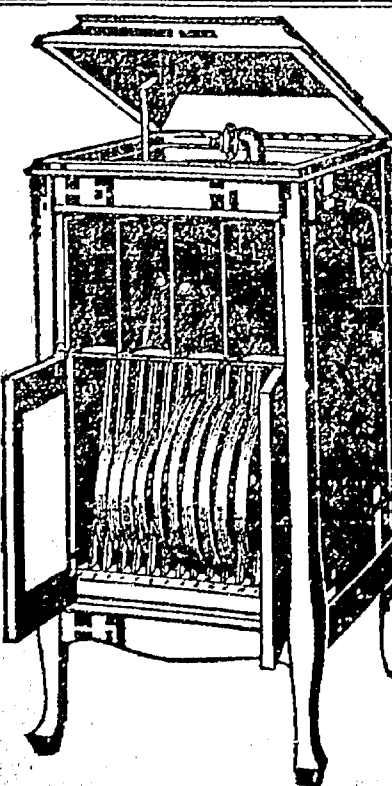
SALE of Children's COATS

\$3.95

COATS

\$8.95 \$12.85 \$16.45

Hundreds of brand new Coats, scores of styles, notable savings—this is the story in a nutshell of the January Clearance. No better time or place to buy than now and here. A banner time to save big money on Coats.



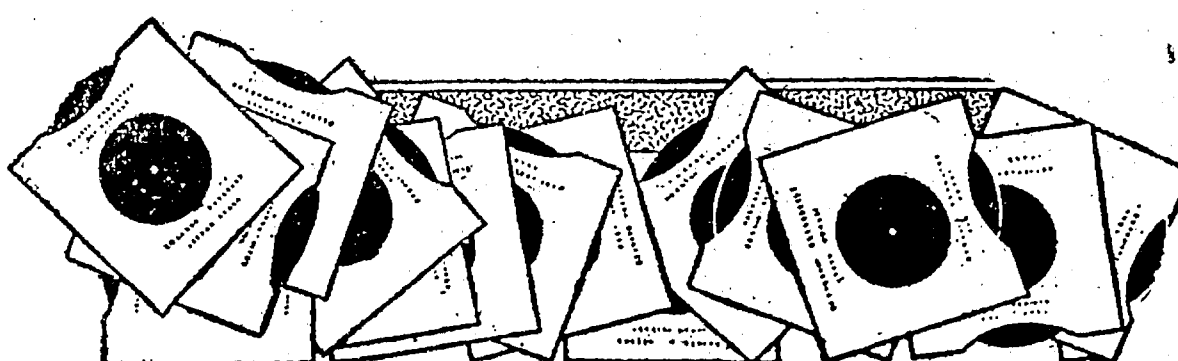
Special Offer For 3 Days Only Mon., Tues., Wed.

\$1.00 Down \$1.25 a Week

This Columbia Outfit is the most popular ever sold. You can have one of the outfits in your home right away by paying the very small first payment of \$1.00.

This Columbia Grafonola

With Thirty (30) Selections

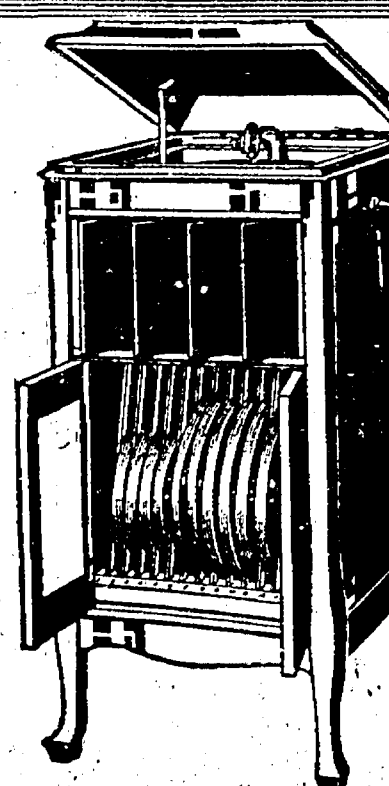


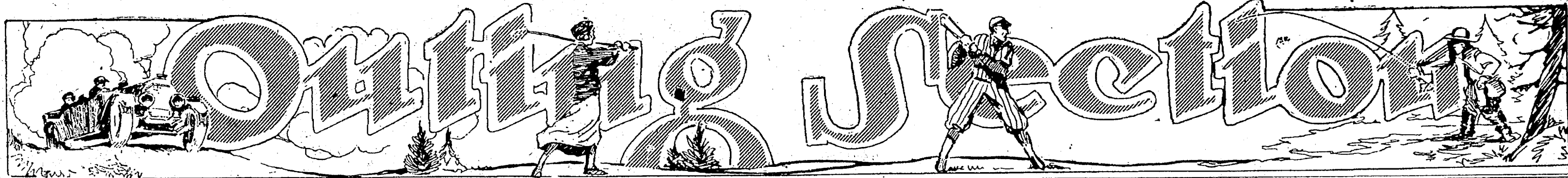
Outfit \$84.75 Complete

Special Offer For 3 Days Only Mon., Tues., Wed.

\$1.00 Down \$1.25 a Week

The greatest Combination Offer of all. Take advantage of this great opportunity. This offer is for tomorrow, Tuesday and Wednesday only.





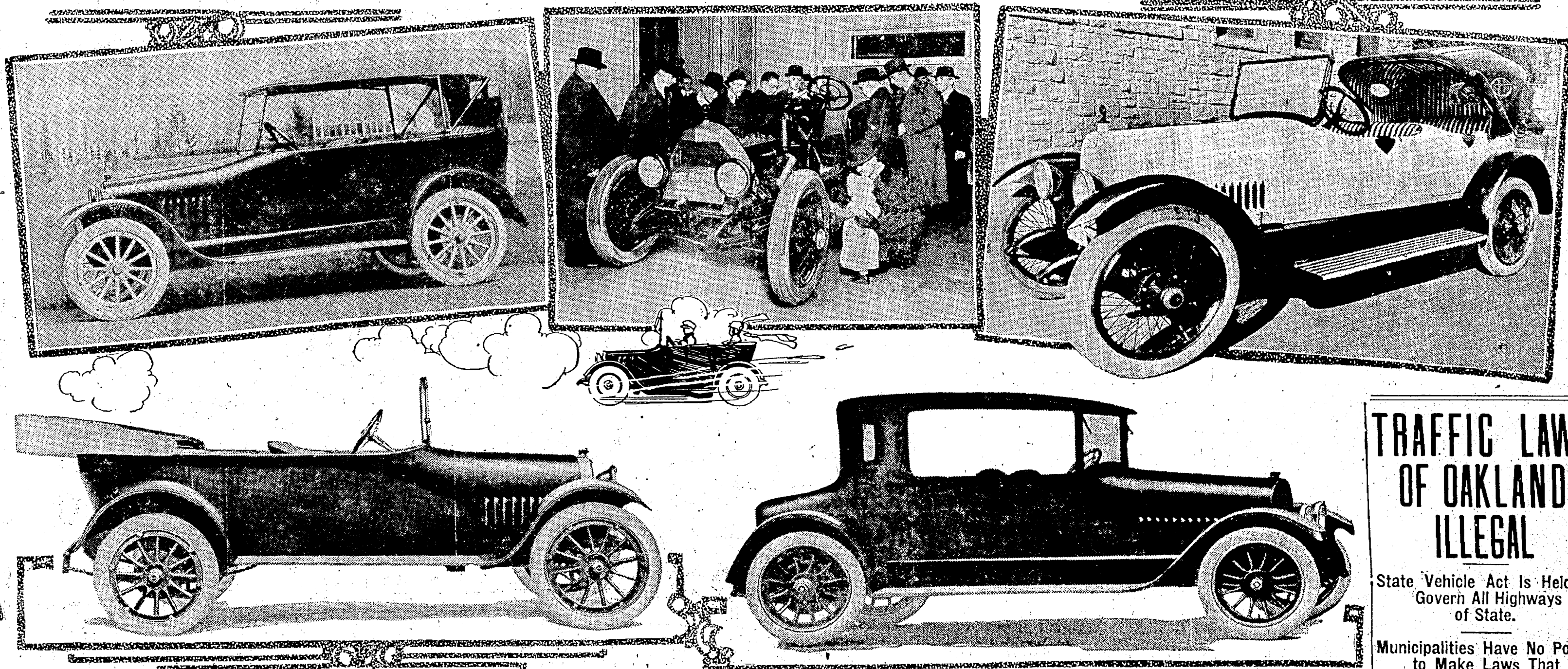
Auto Salon De Luxe Opens Tomorrow in Hotel Oakland With Attractive Car Exhibit

SOME OF THE CLEVER MODELS OF MOTOR CARS THAT WILL BE ON DISPLAY AT THE AUTO SALON DE LUXE, WHICH OPENS AT THE HOTEL OAKLAND TOMORROW FOR A THREE-DAY EXHIBITION.

SAXON SIX, WHICH WILL BE A FEATURE OF THE EXHIBITION

OWENS-MAGNETIC CHASSIS, WHICH ALWAYS ATTRACTS ATTENTION.

NEW SPORT MODEL OF THE JORDAN CAR TYPE TO BE SHOWN.



OAKLAND SENSIBLE SIX, ONE OF THE POPULAR CARS OF THE SEASON, WILL BE EXHIBITED.

CLEVER COLE S CAR, FEATURING THE COLE SPRINGFIELD TOURCOUPE BODY MODEL, WHICH WILL BE ONE OF THE THREE CLEVER COLE CARS TO ATTRACT ATTENTION AT THE EXHIBITION

AUTO DEALERS WANT 'POPPY' SEALS

State Department Takes Unwarranted Attitude, Is Claim.

By Edmund Crinnion.

Are the automobile dealers law breakers? Is H. A. French, superintendent of the State Motor Vehicle Department a dictator? Has French the right to drive automobile dealers out of business? The above are fair samples of the questions that are flying thick and fast around the automobile rows of the cities of Oakland, San Francisco and Los Angeles, since the first of the year when the news was given out that Superintendent French of the State Motor Vehicle Department had denied the application for 1917 licenses to dealers that had not complied with certain provisions of the state law wherein it is stated that dealers are to notify the state department of ever year made by them, etc. The law being a new one and as but little effort was made to acquaint the auto dealers with its provisions the expected result happened—but little attention was given to it. And now motor car dealers are denied motor car licenses for the 1917 year.

In Los Angeles the dealers have resorted to law to compel French to issue them the so-called Poppy seals for the year. In San Francisco they are raving around and stating a few opinions of French that we have no intention of printing here. In Oakland they are just sort of "chickening around" with the hunch that it will all come out in the wash. It seems that some of the wise ones have the idea that the State Department has hopelessly bungled the "Poppy" emblem order and that the State Department has not the seals to give and is passing the "buck" in an exceedingly clever manner by taking advantage of its own dereliction in duty to chide the auto dealer for an offense they had not committed.

Want Cement Road to Yellowstone Park

Since the enactment of the law by which the United States government will pay one-half the cost of construction and furnish men who understand roadbuilding to oversee highway work in the different states, a movement to build a cement highway from Cheyenne, Wyo., to the Yellowstone National Park has been started by the good roads workers of the state. The cost of such a road is computed at \$14,000,000. Of this amount the state would pay \$7,000,000, and the government the rest.

Special Department for Stolen Autos

The police department of Omaha has organized a stolen car department and placed efficient detectives in charge in an effort to kill the market for stolen cars in Iowa and Nebraska. Dealers and garage men within a radius of 250 miles of Omaha are giving their co-operation. Dealers and garage men are helping to make the plan successful by reporting the sale of secondhand cars in their territory, cars which are known to have been purchased from persons coming into their territory.

knowingly, and for breaking a rule that the state department had made no effort to instruct them about, and it is claimed that blanks were not supplied by the department in some cases where dealers who knew of the law requested them. Other dealers here have been given licenses when no criticism could be made of their sales reports but French took it upon himself to dictate how many numbers the dealer needed. The firm in question is handling a popular selling car and does a big business, necessitating a large number of plates for the use of demonstrating cars, service wagons and for use in bringing new cars from the shipping yards to the salesrooms. Application was made accordingly and the proper fee sent, but a portion of the fee was returned with the statement that the department did not believe the business of the dealer justified the plates he applied for. Inasmuch as the "Poppy" emblem order and that the State Department has not the seals to give and is passing the "buck" in an exceedingly clever manner by taking advantage of its own dereliction in duty to chide the auto dealer for an offense they had not committed.

AUTO SHOW IN THE HOTEL OAKLAND

Special Music Featured for Big Automobile Salon De Luxe.

When the Oakland Automobile Salon De Luxe opens its doors to the public Monday, the motorists of the east bay cities will have an opportunity to inspect an aggregation of motor cars and motor car chassis which will be a revelation of beauty and form and a splendid exposition of the most advanced mechanical ideas pertaining to automobile construction ever shown on the Pacific coast.

Among the novel features engaged to entertain the guests at the auto show will be the celebrated Miramba xylophone players, Mr. and Mrs. Bentley, who are expected to stand at the head of their profession. Mendel and Caesar, piano, accordion and violin artists, will also provide musical numbers through the duration of the exhibition.

Ivan R. Gates, manager of the show, predicts that the forthcoming automobile show will be one of the most successful events of its kind ever held out west, as the interest in and enthusiasm for the exhibition is steadily on the increase.

Many dealers and motorists from Sacramento, Stockton, Modesto, Fresno, Chico, Marysville and other interior points have written that they will make the trip to Oakland around January 15, 16 and 17 to visit the automobile show.

The fact that the latest models and many of the latest ideas in automobile design and construction will be shown at Hotel Oakland has acted as a magnet to attract both dealers and motorists to this city.

Not to be outdone in the matter of special exhibits nor in the many motor car novelties such as the big New York and Chicago shows will provide for their visitors' entertainment, the second annual automobile salon de luxe will surpass anything so far seen in a motor car show west of Chicago.

A number of models of high-grade automobiles ordered by some of the Oakland and San Francisco dealers for the

THEATER PARTY FOR THE AUTO DEALERS

Tire Changing Contests Will Be Feature of the Evening.

Oakland tire dealers are to make desperate efforts to retain the state tire-changing championship in this city, according to A. E. Berg, chairman of the Orpheum night committee of the Alameda County Automobile Trade Association, who states that the contest for the state championship, which is to be held at the Orpheum on the night of Monday, January 22, will be the most exciting affair of its kind ever conducted under the auspices of the local trade organization.

Once a year the Alameda County Trade Association holds a theater party at the Orpheum, during which the regular program is interspersed with automobile trade features, chief among which is the tire-changing contests.

Tire-changing teams from all over the state take part in these contests and the party, showing Chandler Six and Saxon cars; Cole Motor Sales Company, Cole cars; Automobiles, Mercer and Jordan Pacific Coast Agency, exhibiting Mercer Sport car and Jordan Luxury Special; The McFarland Motor Sales Company, exhibiting McFarland Six; P. B. Anspacher, Stearns-Knight; Philip S. Cole, Inc., Haynes cars; Fargol Motor Sales Company, Jeffery and Grant Six motor cars; Magneto Motor Car Company, Owen-Magnetic and Auburn cars; Patheco Auto Co., Oakland cars; Seelye Auto Company, King cars; Fremming and Browning, National cars; United Auto Supply Company, accessories; Gones-Jewell Tire Agency, tires; Lloyd E. Burton, painter; Harrison B. Wood, Oldsmobile Eight.

The auto show will be open from 10 a. m. until 11 p. m. and from present indications will go down in local motor car history as one of the most representative exhibitions ever held here.

Auto Registrations Reach 134,615 Mark

Receipts of Motor Vehicle Department up to and including January 10, 1917:		
Automobiles	134,615	\$1,371,638.24
Motorcycles	6,031	12,066.56
Chauveurs	2,379	2,374.50
Auto dealers	388	9,067.60
Motorcycle dealers	2	10.00
Miscellaneous		\$1,395,807.90

struggle for supremacy is always interesting to the spectators and arousing for the participants. Heretofore the Oakland boys have always carried away the honors of being the fastest tire changers against competition from all outside teams.

A preliminary try-out for place on the stage among the five picked Oakland teams to defend the championship took place on the night of the 10th. The houses will have their tire lads take part in the elimination try-out. Among the fast boys that local tire men expect to be in at the final test on the Orpheum stage are Walter Apin of the Pearl tire house, who is the present state champion; George Cerrell of the A. E. Berg Auto Supply Company; Stanley Robinson of the Owen & Hunter Co. Gene DeSoto of the Record Tire Company and Frank Kleckner of the C. A. Muller Tire Shop.

There will be other big features on the Orpheum program on the big automobile night. The local organization has bought the entire house and will sell the seats at the usual Orpheum prices. The regular Orpheum bill will be carried out in addition to the local features. The affair will be the third annual theater party of the organization.

At the last regular meeting of the Alameda County Automobile Trade Association the box seats for the Orpheum fair were auctioned by Secretary Robert W. Martland and a premium of \$128 was realized. The following are those that bid in the boxes: Weinstein Nichols & Lyon Co., Weinstein Nichols Co., Pacific Kiesel Kar branch, Bonnett Manufacturing Co., Manuel King of San Leandro, A. N. Paterson of Walnut Creek, McCoy Motor Supply Co., Wm. Norrington Jr., Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co., Schnelbner & Hodson, Haynes Auto Sales Co. and Berg Auto Supply Co.

Tickets are on sale by all the association members, and the advance sale assures a crowded house.

TRAFFIC LAWS OF OAKLAND ILLEGAL

State Vehicle Act Is Held to Govern All Highways of State.

Municipalities Have No Power to Make Laws That Conflict.

Holding that all municipal ordinances of California cities regulating street traffic are invalid, Superior Judge Finlayson, of Los Angeles, recently made an interesting ruling when he refused to consider local traffic ordinances as evidence in a suit over an automobile accident. While stating that he had not studied the question as closely as he would have had the outcome of the suit hinged on the particular point, he believed that the State Legislature intended the State vehicle law to regulate the traffic on all public highways, and that the use of public streets is not a municipal affair.

The Third District Court of Appeal had already decided that cities not under freholders' charters cannot pass traffic ordinances. The supreme court has held the opening or paving of a street, as a local improvement, to be a municipal affair. Judge Finlayson declared the highways to be open to all citizens of the State as well as of the municipality; that a citizen of another city has annual rights on Los Angeles streets with citizens of that city; and that the state laws, not city ordinances, shall therefore prevail and be enforced by municipal authority. Superior Judge Wilbur decided a similar question a year ago and the matter is now up to the Supreme Court for final determination.

Judge Finlayson made his ruling in the suit brought by Andrew Park against Dr. Thomas J. Orison, asking \$30,000 damages for injuries received in being struck by Orison's car, December 16, 1914. Awarding Park \$1000, Judge Finlayson made several rulings on the state law regarding the liability of automobile drivers and pedestrians. One was that a driver should stop at crossings if his view was obstructed by rain drops on his windshield or by light from ahead or reflected by the windshield. Another held that a pedestrian who is aware of an automobile approaching on one side and who, unaware of danger, does not look to other, is not guilty of contributing negligence per se, but the question of his negligence will be settled by the court according to the circumstances.

—Motor West.

Editor's Note: This ruling will be of particular interest to Oakland motorists who have been arrested and prosecuted under local municipal ordinances relative to passing street cars—a matter that is fully covered in the California state vehicle act.

BATTERY "Exide" SERVICE

U. S. TIRES

VULCANIZING

C. A. Muller

"THE TIRE SHOP"

(Trade Mark)

2213-15 Broadway, Oakland

Kittredge at Shattuck, Berkeley

RETREADS

Pay Big Dividends

SEE US FIRST.

Our Retread Guaranteed to Give Satisfaction.

Double Tread Tire Co.

1729 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.

Phone Oak. 518.

Ajax Tires

Guaranteed in writing 5000 miles.

Automobile Accessories

Ford Parts

Motorol for sale by

Pacific Kiesel Kar

24TH AT BROADWAY

BOSCH IGNITION FOR FORD

Install a Bosch Ford Attachment on your Ford car and obtain MORE power, speed and absolute reliability.

Official Bosch Service Station.

Free Inspection of Batteries.

Scheibner & Hodson

24th and Webster.

Monogram Oils and Greases

Prest-O-Lite Batteries

All makes of batteries inspected and watered free of charge.

Imperial Garage and Supply Co., Inc.

426 FRANKLIN STREET

PHONE LAKESIDE 2200

Monogram Oil Distributors and Prest-O-Lite Batteries Service Station

Stearns-Knight Cars Are Raised in Price

F. B. Anspacher, distributor for the Stearns-Knight car for Alameda county, announces that owing to the high cost of material and the extra cost of labor, the Stearns-Knight Motor car company has advanced the price, going into effect January 1. Anspacher had cars on hand before the advance and will sell them at the old price up to February 1. In spite of the advance the car even at that price will be considerably less than it was several years ago, when the selling price for the eight-cylinder was as high as \$5000. By reducing the weight of the car to 3650 pounds for the eight-cylinder and 3550 for the four-cylinder by the use of aluminum in both the body and the motor, without in any way affecting the strength of the car, it has been possible to make the lower prices. Anspacher reports that he will have an attractive display at the Automobile salon de luxe which opens for three days at the Hotel Oakland next Monday. He will have on display the famous Knight cut-out motor and open and closed stock cars. The salesrooms and service station in upper Broadway auto row have been recently remodeled and take their place today with the automobile agencies in the eastbay region.

BUY SUPER SIX.
The Toulumne County Supervisors at Seaside, Calif., have ordered the purchase of a Hudson Super-six motor car to be used by the highway officials in maintaining the Mono highway.

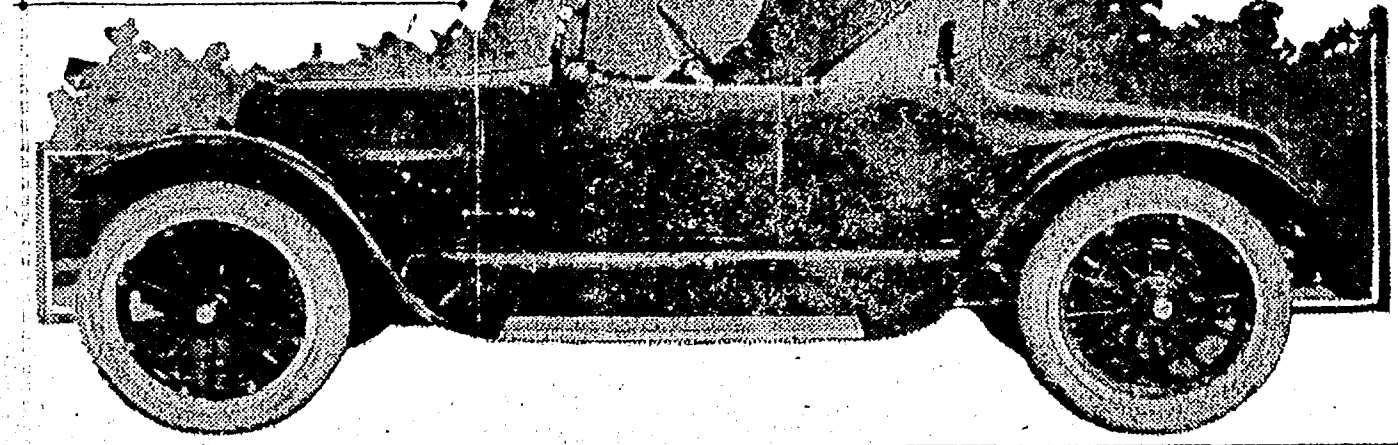
Fort Caballo, Long Forgotten, Visited By Automobile Party



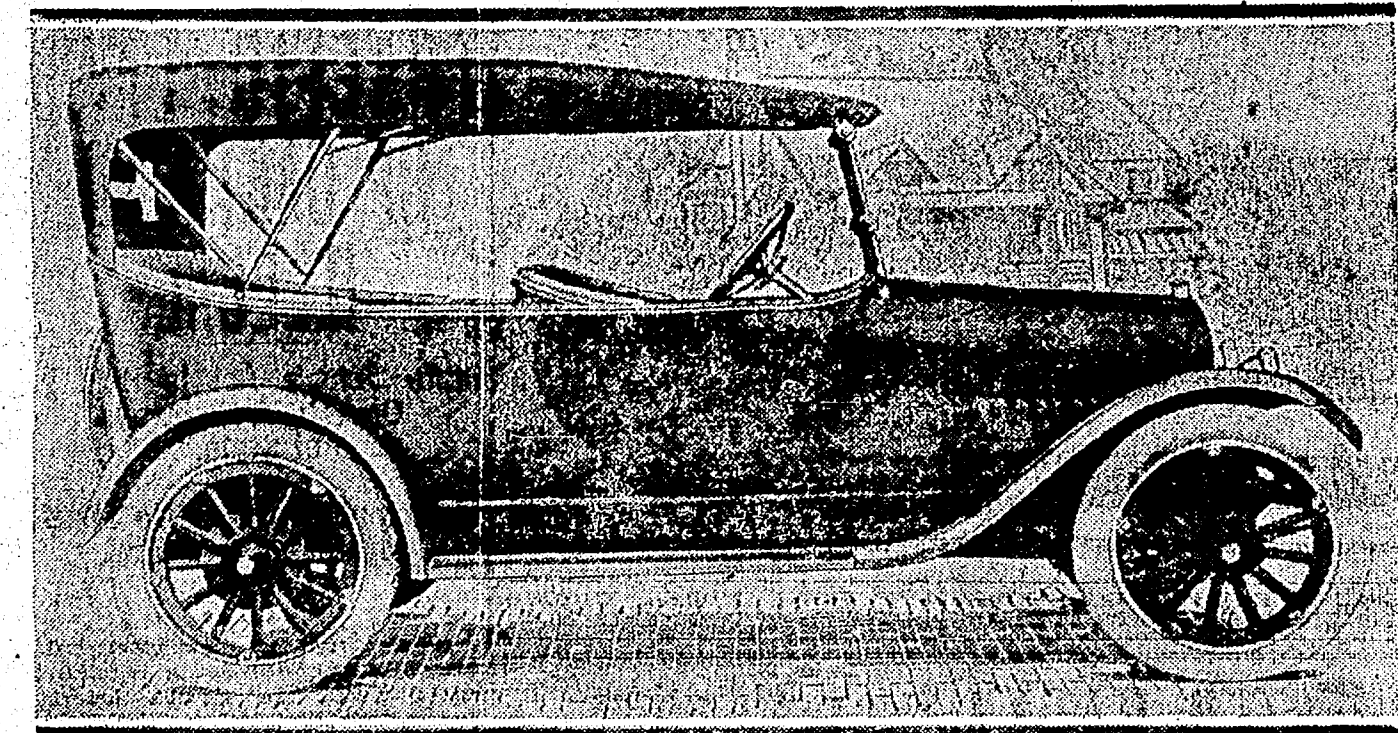
CHANDLER SIX MOTORISTS VIEWING THE BAY REGIONS FROM THE PARAPETS OF THE ABANDONED FORT CABALLO.

New Cadillac Roadster Arrives in Oakland

The first of the new 1917 Cadillac 3-passenger roadster models to arrive in Oakland. Manager W. L. Webster of the Oakland Don Lee house at the wheel, seated beside Sales Manager George Vespor.



Leavitt Signs for Harroun Line of Automobiles



THE 1917 HARROUN CAR, WHICH J. W. LEAVITT & CO. HAVE SIGNED FOR CALIFORNIA TERRITORY.

J. W. Leavitt & Co. has just received a telegram from general manager A. D. Plughoff, who is now in attendance at the New York show, to the effect that he has signed with the Harroun Motor Corporation for the agency of the Harroun Car for California, and has also secured a substantial portion of the output. The Harroun car is the product of the Harroun Motors Corporation of Wayne, Mich., composed of veterans of the automobile industry, headed by Ray Harroun, for many years engineer and race expert with the Marmon Company of Indianapolis. It was he who built the famous Marmon "Vesp" that won the 500-mile race on the Indianapolis speedway. Later he was chief engineer of the Maxwell designed and built the Maxwell 16 valve four-cylinder racing cars that campaigned so successfully. He is one of the best posted and most select-

men in the industry. The Harroun car will be a popular-priced, roomy, light, low-setting touring car, using a valve in the head four-cylinder motor, full floating rear axle, full cantilever rear springs, and a frame 6 inches deep and 3 inches wide. It will be electrically lighted and started and ignition will be Bosch magneto. The tires will be 30x3 1/2. The width of the tonneau seat will be 40 inches in the clear and the front seat 43 inches. Wheel base will be 106 inches. One of the features of the car is the frame, which is so deep that the running board bolts right up against it without any sheet metal shields. The running board runs go right across the frame from side to side, this acting as cross members and stiffening the frame very greatly. It is one of the most taper-

ing-taper frames ever built, and the way in which the cantilever springs are mounted inside the frame sections is also novel. These springs are also given a "spread" at the rear, and this is claimed to aid the spring action by damping out side stresses. This is the first car to be announced to be handled by J. W. Leavitt & Co., who are now making arrangements for a four-story building on Van Ness avenue, in San Francisco, where they will have a floor space of 45,000 square feet. Henry Lansdale of Detroit, to be manager of the carriage sales department, and Frank C. Kip of Des Moines, Ia., to be manager of a new department of carriage sales promotion, are two appointments announced by C. R. Norton, general sales manager of the Packard Motor Car Company.

Will Pave Highway Chicago to Detroit

The Detroit-Chicago paved way through Michigan is now assured. This association, which is composed of business men between Chicago and Detroit, was organized at the sanitarium in Battle Creek, in March, 1914, and has produced results which will insure the building of this great paved way within the next five years. This Detroit-Chicago paved way will follow the old territorial trail, starting from the Dixie highway at South Bend and passing through Niles, Dowagiac, Paw Paw, Kalamazoo, Battle Creek, Marshall, Albion, Jackson, Chelsea, Ann Arbor, Ypsilanti to Detroit. The first two miles of this sixteen-foot concrete paved way has been completed just west of Battle Creek and was opened to the public on Thanksgiving Day.

TIME TABLE			
MARTINEZ and BENICIA FERRY			
Leave Benicia	Arrive Martinez	Leave Martinez	Arrive Benicia
7:00 a. m.	7:30 a. m.	7:30 a. m.	8:00 a. m.
9:00 a. m.	9:30 a. m.	9:30 a. m.	10:00 a. m.
11:00 a. m.	11:30 a. m.	11:30 a. m.	12:00 p. m.
1:00 p. m.	1:30 p. m.	1:30 p. m.	2:00 p. m.
3:00 p. m.	3:30 p. m.	3:30 p. m.	4:00 p. m.
5:00 p. m.	5:30 p. m.	5:30 p. m.	6:00 p. m.
Later Posts on Sundays and Holidays.			

Richmond-San Rafael Ferry			
Buffet and Grill on Board.			
TIME TABLE			
Leave Richmond	Arrive San Rafael	Leave San Rafael	Arrive Richmond
7:30 a. m.	8:15 a. m.	8:15 a. m.	9:00 a. m.
9:30 a. m.	10:15 a. m.	10:15 a. m.	11:00 a. m.
11:30 a. m.	12:15 p. m.	12:15 p. m.	1:00 p. m.
1:30 p. m.	2:15 p. m.	2:15 p. m.	3:00 p. m.
4:00 p. m.	4:45 p. m.	4:45 p. m.	5:30 p. m.
5:30 p. m.	6:15 p. m.	6:15 p. m.	7:00 p. m.
(*Sunday Only)			
Key Route Cars Connect With All Boats.			
Richmond-San Rafael Ferry and Transportation Co. Richmond, Cal.			

What Is Behind Tire Quality?



"Sheffield" on steel—"Sterling" on silver—"Goodyear" on rubber—hall-marks of quality every one.

Value as definite and unchangeable as the coin you spend.

Service as certain as sunrise.

Character of this sort in a product is no accident. It finds its source in conscious purpose, its expression in conspicuous ability.

The quality of Goodyear Tires, the value they represent, the service you can depend on them to give, hark back directly to these two essentials—to Goodyear purpose, and to Goodyear ability.

Quality—value—service—aren't these the sum of your desire in a motor car tire?

You will find them, in profitable and satisfying measure, in every Goodyear Tire.

Whether you measure tire virtue in miles, months, or money.

Whether you buy Goodyear Fabric Tires, or Goodyear Cords.

Each represents the highest accomplishment in its class. Each leads in its field. The difference in price is due entirely to a difference in building cost. The Cords cost more to build, and they wear longer. In either case, the money you spend buys 100 per cent value.

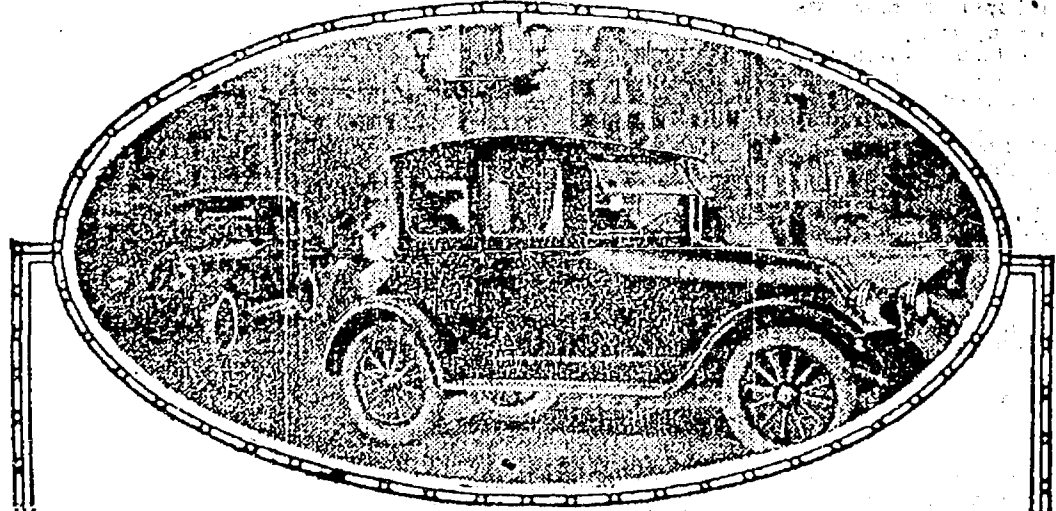
Every Goodyear product is built and marketed on that basis.

You yourself, by the amount you spend, determine the amount you shall receive.

"Goodyear" on rubber—our pride, your protection.

Goodyear Tires, Heavy Tourist Tubes and "Tire Saver" Accessories are easy to get from Goodyear Service Station Dealers everywhere.

The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co., Akron, Ohio



Franklin Enclosed Cars

- ☛ The most luxurious line of enclosed cars offered.
- ☛ You will, however, not know this until you ride in one of the new Franklins and compare it with other makes.
- ☛ The Sedan weighs 2585 pounds.
- ☛ All other models proportionately light.
- ☛ Easier to drive than any other.
- ☛ Negotiates rough roads absolutely without a jar.
- ☛ Control the simplest possible to design. Automatic spark—non-stallable motor.
- ☛ Thoroughly High Grade Construction.

JOHN F. McLAIN COMPANY
2536 Broadway OAKLAND
Phone Oakland 2508

Coast Overland Home Completed; One and Half Million Is Invested

NEW SERVICE BUILDING WILLYS-OVERLAND OF CALIFORNIA, VAN NESS AVENUE AND BUSH ST. IN SAN FRANCISCO, SAID TO BE THE LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETELY EQUIPPED AUTOMOBILE SERVICE BUILDING WEST OF CHICAGO. DESIGNED ESPECIALLY TO RENDER BEST POSSIBLE FACTORY TO OWNER SERVICE TO USERS OF OVERLAND AND WILLYS-KNIGHT CARS.

Marking a new era in the building of motor car homes on the Pacific Coast, the new Willys-Overland building in San Francisco was completed during the past week and is now occupied by the company's San Francisco staff.

The new building occupies half a block, floor space, 145,000 square feet. The company has bought the adjoining half block, so as to provide for additions to the building, which the company believes will be necessary within the next few years.

The construction is absolutely fire-proof, "class A," solid reinforced concrete with brick curtain walls, metal doors, window frames and partition, fire walls, automatic fire doors and automobile sprinkler system, giving the lowest possible insurance rate. In case the temperature in any part of the building should ever exceed a certain point, the sprinkler would be automatically turned

FRANK C. BIGGS, GENERAL MANAGER OF THE PACIFIC COAST TERRITORY FOR THE WILLYS-OVERLAND INTERESTS.



on at that point, and an automatic fire alarm would be turned in.

The roof has the floor, 120x220 feet, enclosed by five-foot brick wall, to be used for testing cars that have been overhauled and as a playground for employees during the noon hour.

On the roof are two tower-houses with machinery for operating elevators. A small tower houses machinery for operating a passenger elevator. A large tower houses machinery for operating two giant freight elevators that lift the heaviest automobiles. In the top of the large elevator is also a 25,000-gallon tank, which provides water for the fire protection sprinkler system on the lower floors. Two steel tanks holding 6000 gallons each, and with an air pressure of 75 pounds to the square inch, take care of the sprinkler system on the two top floors.

The fifth floor is used for the storage of new cars.

On the fourth floor is the department for the repairing and overhauling of bodies, tops and upholstery. Also, paint shop, which is steam heated, and the experimental department. On this floor also are the offices of the general manager of the coast organization, manager of Northern California district, advertising manager, printing and multiplying departments, and an auditorium, where conferences of employees will be held; also, moving pictures, lectures on automobile topics, etc.

On the third floor is the mechanical repair shop, where the various parts of the car that go under the hood are overhauled and repaired. On this floor is the tool room and blacksmith shop, where two forges are in constant operation.

On the second floor is the quick service department. It is connected with the street by a roadway twenty feet wide,

having a very easy grade. Any owner of an Overland or Willys-Knight car may drive immediately on to the second floor and receive instant attention from well-trained mechanics. Service requiring thirty minutes or less will be rendered absolutely free to all owners of Overland and Willys-Knight cars, regardless of how often they may desire such service, and no matter how long they may have owned their cars. Small adjustments, inspections and repairs may thus be taken care of without any expense to the car owner.

On this floor is also the shop office and the storage battery repairing and charging station. A 50-horsepower air compressor is used to operate pneumatic tools and blow torches and for inflating tires and cleaning purposes.

On the first floor are the treasurer's and sales manager's offices, the accounting department and the parts department, where a stock of over \$300,000 worth of parts is kept for the convenience of car owners.

On the ground floor front is a spacious and magnificent salesroom divided between the new and used car departments. In the rear are the heating plant, in which California crude oil is used for fuel, and the receiving and shipping stations.

Buried underneath the sidewalk are several huge tanks, in which are stored 600 gallons of lubricating oil, 900 gallons of gasoline and 1200 gallons of crude petroleum. The lubricating oil and gasoline are piped to each floor by means of electrically operated pumps.

Lavatories and drinking fountains for employees are on every floor. Approximately 175 people are employed the year round. The pay roll amounts to nearly a thousand dollars a day.

Construction of the building has been directed by Lawrence T. Wagner, manager of the Northern California district, and formerly Pacific Coast service manager.

The cost of the building was \$450,000; ground, \$250,000; furniture and fixtures, \$100,000; automobiles and parts carried in stock, \$800,000, making the total San Francisco investment of the Willys-Overland Company over a million and a half. Such is the faith in San Francisco of one of the largest automobile companies in the world.

The Willys-Overland Company has similar service branches on a smaller scale in Los Angeles, Pasadena, Fresno, Sacramento, Oakland, Portland, Seattle and Spokane, each of these branches being the largest and best-equipped automobile service branch in its particular territory.

The Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company, Akron, Ohio, is an extensive manufacturer of asbestos, known as Goodyearite, which is said to be equal to any of the high-grade asbestos packings of Europe.

NEW FIRM ENTERS LOCAL CAR FIELD

Big Event in Local Motordom to Excel Eastern Auto Exhibits.

San Francisco is to be the headquarters of another new automobile firm. The latest comer in the local car field is the Leach-Frawley Motor Company, which will act as the distributor for the Dorr line in the Northern California territory. A deal was consummated yesterday whereby the Logan-Cadwallader Company, who have been acting as Dorr agents in the territory, surrendered its contract to the Leach-Frawley people, and the members of the new concern immediately got into action and laid plans for an aggressive sales campaign in the district.

While the heads of the new company are now in the San Francisco field, both are old-time and successful automobile men, and they look upon their new territory as one of the best to be found in the west.

M. A. Leach held the post of western sales manager for the Dorr company for some time, and about four months ago

entered the California automobile trade as head of the Dorr and King agency in Los Angeles. In the brief time he has been in business in Los Angeles he has come to the front as one of the finest dealers in the south. He will maintain his interests in the south, but will devote quite a bit of his time to his connection in this city.

J. W. Frawley, who is associated with Leach, comes with a splendid business record from Dallas, Tex. He is representative for the Dorr and King lines in the Texas and Oklahoma districts, and like Leach, plans to hold his interests in the south, but he will take up the active management of the local headquarters. Frawley is a good automobile man and has personality that is sure to win many friends for him in the local trade.

The new firm has secured temporary quarters in the old Pierce-Arrow building on Geary street and will install a fully equipped parts and service department, where all owners of Dorr cars will be cared for.

James Robertson, Pacific coast representative of the Dorr factory, will make his headquarters with the new distributors.

The surrendering of the agency contract by the Logan-Cadwallader Company was most friendly, and the former agents are planning to give the new distributors all the assistance in getting started that they desire.

The Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company, Akron, Ohio, is an extensive manufacturer of asbestos, known as Goodyearite, which is said to be equal to any of the high-grade asbestos packings of Europe.

ALL-CAPITALS CAR IS STILL ON JOB

Encountered Strenuous Going After Leaving Lincoln Highway.

Fighting against frightful odds, determined to complete its now-famous intercapital tour the dauntless Hupmobile that visited Oakland in October is now on the way north from Florida up the Atlantic coast. When the story of this trip is published from the pen of Julian S. Patterson, who kept the "log," it will rival many of the "best sellers" in today's fiction.

Writing to Charles Hebrand of the Osen & Hunter Auto Co. of Oakland, Pilot Salisbury of the sturdy Hupmobile party says:

"We crossed the Great Divide into New Mexico, then doubled back into Arizona, coming to within a few miles of where we spent such a delightful time in the City of the Angels. From Phoenix we had the longest run between any two capitals to Austin, Tex. From there we made good time until we reached Oklahoma City, where we were pulled up with a tremendous jerk.

BAD TRAILS.
"Apparently no one ever tried before to go from Oklahoma City to Little Rock, Ark. It was a tremendous undertaking to accomplish this lap of the tour. The trails are abominable. I have not the words to describe the wretched conditions that we encountered in this otherwise wonderful state. The ruts are so deep and the centers so high that it was necessary to take to the open fields and prairies where it was possible to do so. At other times we had to cut down the road centers with our spades, in one instance for a whole mile. This was back-breaking work, I can assure you.

"At times the trail disappeared altogether and then again, they crisscrossed and circled and doubled each other in discouraging confusion. Two of the best guides that could be secured in the country got hopelessly lost on two stages of the trip. From Oklahoma City to Little Rock stands out as the worst stretch of roads we have met thus far.

SOFT MUD.
"Next we made for Jackson, Miss. Snow followed us persistently to the Mississippi river, and made the river bottom through which we had to travel a good share of the distance a shifting mass of soft mud. As soon as the snow left us, the rains began. When it rains in the southland it is just nothing but rain. The roads just get up and leave."

FACTORY FOR FORD STARTERS.
The A. B. C. Starter Company of Detroit, which manufactures a two-unit starting and lighting plant for Ford cars, has met with success so phenomenal since its foundation last May that it will immediately begin building a new factory in the heart of the Detroit automobile manufacturing district, which will enable it to turn out a minimum of 300 electric starting and lighting systems a day.

DODGE BROTHERS MOTOR CAR

Consult the impression uppermost in your mind and you will find that you think of this car as very carefully and very conscientiously made.

This very general and instinctive feeling is of course a reflection of the actual facts.

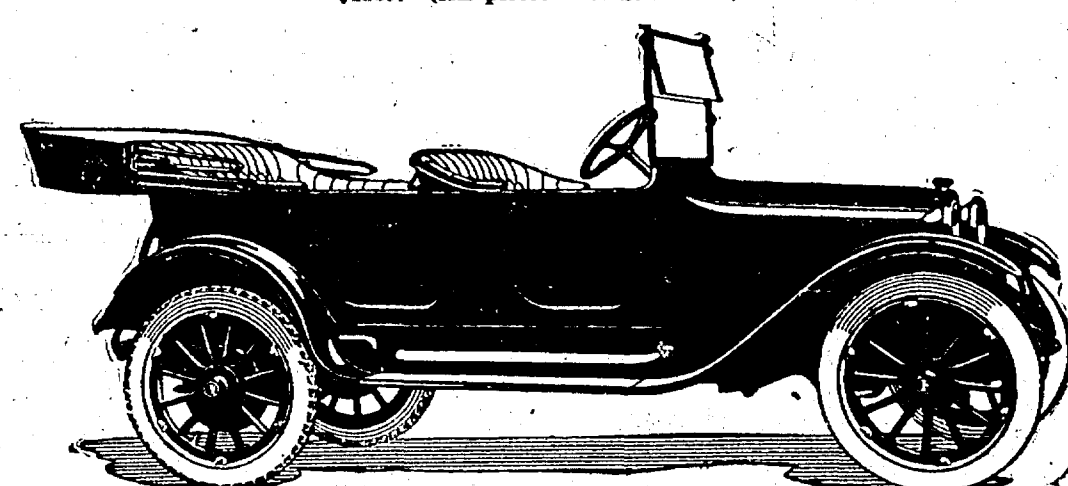
People think of the car in this light because of their high opinion of Dodge Brothers as manufacturers.

That good opinion is justified by the performance of the car, by its economy and efficiency, and by the fact that even the first two years' very large production did not develop a single fault.

It will pay you to visit us and examine this car.

The gasoline consumption is unusually low.
The tire mileage is unusually high.

Touring Car or Roadster, \$785; Winter Touring Car or Roadster, \$950; Sedan, \$1185. (All prices f. o. b. Detroit)



H. O. HARRISON CO.

3068 Broadway

Oakland

One Year of the Hudson Super-Six

A year ago a stranger—an enigma. A new invention with astounding claims. Now conceded ruler of motordom. It perfected the Six and turned interest back from added cylinders. It showed the way to real efficiency. Holder of all worth while records. Applauded by 25,000 enthusiastic owners. The Largest Selling Front Rank Car.

A STORY UNPARALLELED IN AUTOMOBILE HISTORY

Two years ago, with us and with others, the trend was toward the V-type.

We were then the foremost builders of the light weight Six. Its advantages and limitations were fully understood by us.

Its smoothness of operation quickly made the Six the accepted type over Fours. But as the motors were developed limitations were encountered which prevented the realization of engineering ideals.

The problem was approached principally from the standpoint that if added cylinders were adopted, all such limitations would be banished.

For a time it seemed the Six would cease to command the leadership it had maintained.

Just before the New York Automobile Show one year ago, all interest centered in the motors of the multi-cylinder type.

But at the Show, the Hudson Super-Six made its debut. Then instantly interest swung to it.

We claimed a new type. The factor which had limited the efficiency of all types—Fours, Sixes, Eights and Twelves—had been discovered and overcome.

A new principle in design had been revealed. What had been sought by leading engineers for years had been found by Hudson.

The simplicity of the Six could be retained. Motor limitations had been removed. Added cylinders were not needed.

So leadership, because of that, was accorded the Super-Six.

The trend to the multi-cylinder was arrested. Numerous makers gave up their Eight and Twelve cylinder plans.

Let us review the year's developments.

The Super-Six Showed the Way
Hudson engineers approached the problem from a new angle. They solved it with a mathematical principle upon which a basic patent was granted.

By that single invention the most sought for solution to motor car problems, regardless of the number of cylinders, was found. Greater power was obtained. More flexibility was shown. And when the car was tried for endurance it successfully met tests never imposed on motor cars before. These things we think essential to efficiency. They are efficiency. You will see by what the Super-Six has done in winning all worth while stock car records that our claim to 80% increased efficiency is a modest boast.

Greater Proof of Endurance
Until the coming of the Super-Six practically all

records for speed, acceleration, hill climbing and endurance were held by Fours. The Sixes had not done much.

A few records had been won by cars of the multi-cylinder type.

But the Super-Six instantly changed that condition.

We first proved the endurance of the Super-Six motor by running a stock chassis 1818 miles in 24 hours. That beat the best previous endurance record by 52%. It is perhaps the world's most coveted record.

We showed greater power by winning the Pike's Peak Hill Climb, the greatest "non-stock" event of its kind. And we defeated twenty famous contenders in the world's most trying power test.

We proved road service by driving a 7-passenger Super-Six Touring Car from San Francisco to New York in 5 days, 9 hours and 31 minutes.

Then we turned around and came back, completing the round trip in 10 days and 21 hours. Thus twice in one round trip with a single car we established America's greatest proof of endurance. It was the first car to ever attempt the round trip against time.

Our invention gives more power without added cylinders or weight. It gives quicker acceleration and adds a yet unknown degree to the endurance of the motor.

All this came from the solution of that one problem which engineers had been unable to solve. The power that had been wasted in the motor itself was delivered where it was useful and available.

This Turned Interest Back to the Six

But many did not distinguish between a Six and the Super-Six. As a result all makers of Sixes predicted. Many buyers thought by what the Super-Six had shown that any good Six could do well. So when they found it difficult to get prompt delivery of a Super-Six they accepted a Six.

Now they know there is no similarity between Sixes and the Super-Six. They know that without the Super-Six invention all motors are limited as to efficiency. They know that with the Super-Six invention any motor of one, two, four, six, eight or twelve cylinders delivers more power—is more flexible and will give longer service, many times over.

And they know that being patented such efficiency is exclusive to the Hudson Super-Six. It is the only known principle by which such efficiency may be obtained.

The Gasoline Saver

The Super-Six possesses many other exclusive advantages. One is the gasoline saver, a device which adds gasoline mileage. By its use the low grade gasoline now on the market is made more efficient. At a nominal charge it can be quickly installed on any Hudson Super-Six not so equipped.

Note the variety of models in which the Hudson Super-Six is produced. Every taste is met. Every comfort provided for. It is a fine car in every sense of the word. Man who want the finest will not be content with less.

One year of the Hudson Super-Six convinces us it is the only permanent type thus far produced.

Phaeton, 7-passenger, \$1800
Roadster, 2-passenger, 1900
Cabriolet, 3-passenger, 2100

Touring Sedan\$2325
Limousine 3075
Prices at Oakland.

Town Car\$3075
Semi-Luxury Car 3175
Limousine Landaulet 3175

H. O. HARRISON CO.

3068 Broadway, Oakland

THE CAR WITH THE WHITE LINE RADIATOR

Stearns-Knight

Save \$100 by Buying
Before February 1.
Advance prices go into effect on that day.

PRESENT PRICES:
4-cylinder Stearns-Knight, Oakland—\$1600
8-cylinder Stearns-Knight, Oakland—\$2300

P. B. ANSPACHER
DISTRIBUTOR
Salesrooms and Service Station,
2841 Broadway
Phone Lakeside 328
OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

1776
Broadway,
Oakland

TIRE
BARGAINS

TIRES.	TUBES.	
28x3	7.10	\$1.85
30x3	7.65	1.95
30x3 1/2	9.85	2.20
31x3 1/2	10.40	2.25
32x3 1/2	10.95	2.30
34x3 1/2	12.05	2.40
34x4	15.25	3.00
32x4	15.45	3.10
32x4 1/2	16.20	3.25
34x4 1/2	16.45	3.30
35x4	17.20	3.35
36x4	17.45	3.45
34x4 1/2	22.25	4.05
35x4 1/2	22.95	4.15
36x4 1/2	23.35	4.25
37x4 1/2	24.10	4.35
35x5	26.00	4.95
36x5	26.35	5.15
37x5	27.40	5.20

NON-SKIDS IN PROPORTION
Good shipped cases or parcel post,
O. O. D. to all parts of United States.

Open Sunday Mornings.

Automobile Tire Co.

F. J. GOAD, Mgr.
Coast Branches—San Francisco, Fresno,
San Diego, Los Angeles,
Oakland.

AD CLUB MOTOR CARAVAN GETS BACKING

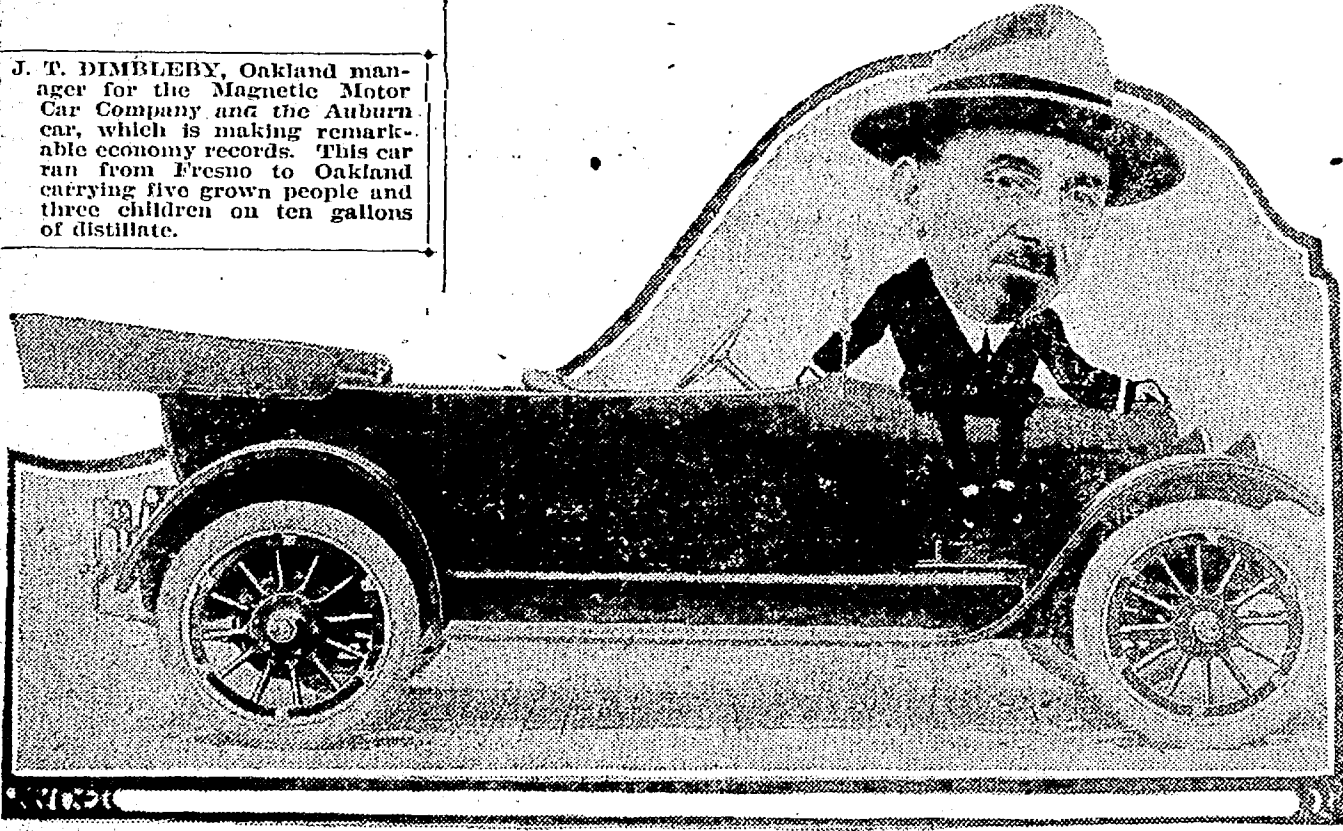
Twenty Motor Cars to Cross Sierras in Month of May.

The enthusiastic reception which was accorded the "On To St. Louis" motor caravan project launched at a meeting of the San Francisco Admen's Club January 3 is being reflected and augmented in all walks of civic, commercial and social life. Men of prominence, who ordinarily do not identify themselves with undertakings of this character, owing to the uniqueness of the west-to-east automobile pilgrimage, are promising support to the tour project.

At a meeting in the Palace last Wednesday, the preliminary report of the men in charge of the tour was gone into and from their findings the admen were told the success of the trip was assured. Though formal entries have not been completed for the big tour, four owners of cars out of the limit of twenty have already applied for a place in the motor caravan, and more motorists have signified that within a few days they will make formal application.

The following telegram was sent to William L. Hughson, Pacific coast representative of the National Automobile Chamber of Commerce, now in session in New York:

J. T. DIMBLEBY, Oakland manager for the Magnetic Motor Car Company and the Auburn car, which is making remarkable economy records. This car ran from Fresno to Oakland carrying five grown people and three children on ten gallons of distillate.



representative of the National Automobile Chamber of Commerce, now in session in New York:

"January 10, 1917.
New York, N. Y.

"San Francisco Advertising Club will send the largest caravan of autos ever to cross the continent to the national convention of Associated Ad Clubs of World which meets week of June 3 in St. Louis. We are after the 1918 convention. This tour will be a wonderful advertising stunt for San Francisco and California. Every civic organization here in behind us. We want you to secure the support of National Automobile Chamber of Commerce. We want manufacturers to enter cars through local dealers. Present schedule, leave here May 23. No strict contest rules to be applied. Easiest hard. We know you're with us. Please answer.

"SAN FRANCISCO AD CLUB.
Big results are expected from Hughson's efforts as soon as he can get busy among the automobile men in New York. In answer to a telegram to the officials of the Lincoln Highway Association, the secretary, Clyde White, of the San Francisco Ad Club, received the following telegram:

"January 11, 1917.
San Francisco, California:

"Lincoln Highway Association will be glad to co-operate in every way possible to make your trip a success. As a caravan from west to east will arouse nationwide interest, and we will give the trip thorough publicity. Please take up matter with Joseph E. Caine, California state consul.

"LINCOLN HIGHWAY ASSN.
A general organization to handle the work of planning the St. Louis motor tour will be perfected within a day or two, when active work on the project will be on in earnest.

PEDESTRIANS CAN AVOID ACCIDENTS

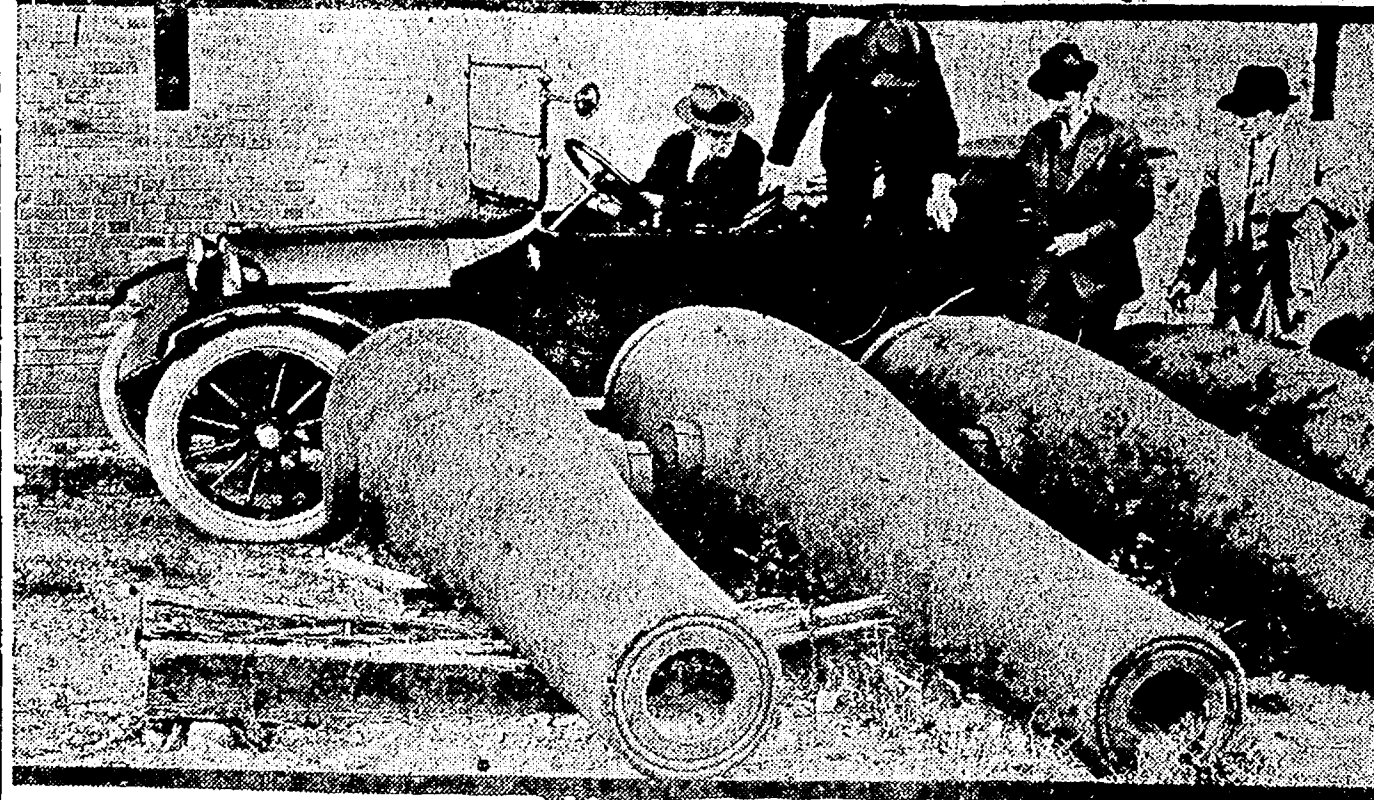
Accidents may be avoided in wet weather by the pedestrians using more caution, according to C. Max Glessner, Oakland manager for Cuyler Lee, Packard and Maxwell dealer.

"So ancient is the belief that pedestrians have the right-of-way upon the highway that they have an inherent belief that traffic should stop to permit their safe conduct across the street," says Glessner. "This is more than right, but if the pedestrians would stop to consider that in spite of non-skid chains and non-skid tires, the motor car has a tendency to skid, especially where there has been only a slight rain, which serves to dampen the thin layer of dust that gathers upon the surface of the street, forming a substance as slippery as the greatest grease, he would grant the motorist the right-of-way.

"In spite of all the motorist can do through careful driving and slow speed, and the application of his brakes, when the pedestrian steps out in front of him the car is apt to skid, with more or less serious results, perhaps not to the guilty pedestrian himself, but to others standing near the back of the car, or to the occupants of the car themselves.

"Every person who has driven an automobile knows this condition and he can assist materially in educating those who do not drive automobiles that by giving the motor car the right-of-way under these conditions, he is an earnest advocate of the motorist's safety. Some cars skid more or less, especially those having uneven braking surfaces, or those which are poorly balanced. However, in those cars in which the engineers have given their painstaking efforts to develop a perfect balance, or which embody large and evenly adjusted brakes, this tendency is reduced to a minimum.

Big Guns at Presidio Reservation Attract Motorists



JESSON BROS., CAPITALISTS OF ALASKA, VISITING THE PORT SCOTT GROUNDS IN SAN FRANCISCO IN THEIR DODGE CAR.

COAST AUTO SHOW WILL SET RECORD

Leach-Frawley Company Will Distribute Dort Cars in Northern California.

Polish up your automobile vocabulary.

Familiarize yourself with eights, sixes, twelves and fours.

Learn to talk full elliptic, cantilever, bridge suspension and the many other style springs.

By all means stop referring to a limousine as a sedan or a cabriolet as a coupe.

For know all ye who own motor cars, ride in motor cars or hope to own motor cars, that the date of the Pacific automobile show is rapidly approaching.

In less than a month the beautiful civic Auditorium will have been transformed into a setting for the most beautiful of motor car products, as some youthful writer is certain to say, "The motor car will be king," but most appropriate will be the glories of the throne room.

The many special exhibits which will be sent to the coast, from the Eastern factories must be en route within the next two weeks at the latest. Many are already on the way, as the wise exhibitor realizes the possibilities of freight delays and is taking no chances.

Many of the exhibits will be exact duplicates of the New York exhibits and in some cases more models will be shown here than in New York.

The show is arousing widespread attention on the coast and dealers are planning to attend in numbers. Special trains will bring the motor car enthusiasts from Southern California, Arizona and the Northwest.

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CHEVROLET PRICE RAISES TOMORROW

Advanced Cost of Materials Forces Factory to Change List Prices.

Forced issues are the best indicators of public opinion, is the conviction of E. Linn Mathewson, head of the Mathewson Motor Company, distributor of Chevrolet cars.

"On the 7th of the month we were informed by the Chevrolet factory that the price of these popular cars would advance on the 15th. We had a number of sales pending at that time, and in keeping with our policy of service to the

owner, we announced the date that this advancement would go into effect.

"It was then that we realized how well the public thought of the Chevrolet car. The number of cars sold since this announcement has made a record for our company.

"Many owners have bought cars who did not expect to purchase before spring, and others who have thought likewise have paid the full purchase price, setting a date for delivery that is over ninety days.

"While we hoped that the Chevrolet factory would not have to advance its price, yet it is consistent with the conditions of the time. The cost of raw material and manufacturing, which includes advancement in wages, has necessitated this move on the part of the factory officials.

"The margin of profit has been so close to the cost of production that to hold to the old prices would have been impossible. It has only been through quantity production that the factory was able to offer the Chevrolet car at the prices quoted, and when it cost more to produce they had to advance the price, which goes into effect tomorrow morning, the 15th.

What Makes Motor Cars Ride Easy?

What features are most essential in motor cars for easy riding qualities? Some dealers claim springs of certain styles or dimensions, others state that it depends more on the way the weight is balanced on the springs, and so it goes. Frank

CHANDLER COMPANY INCREASING WAGES

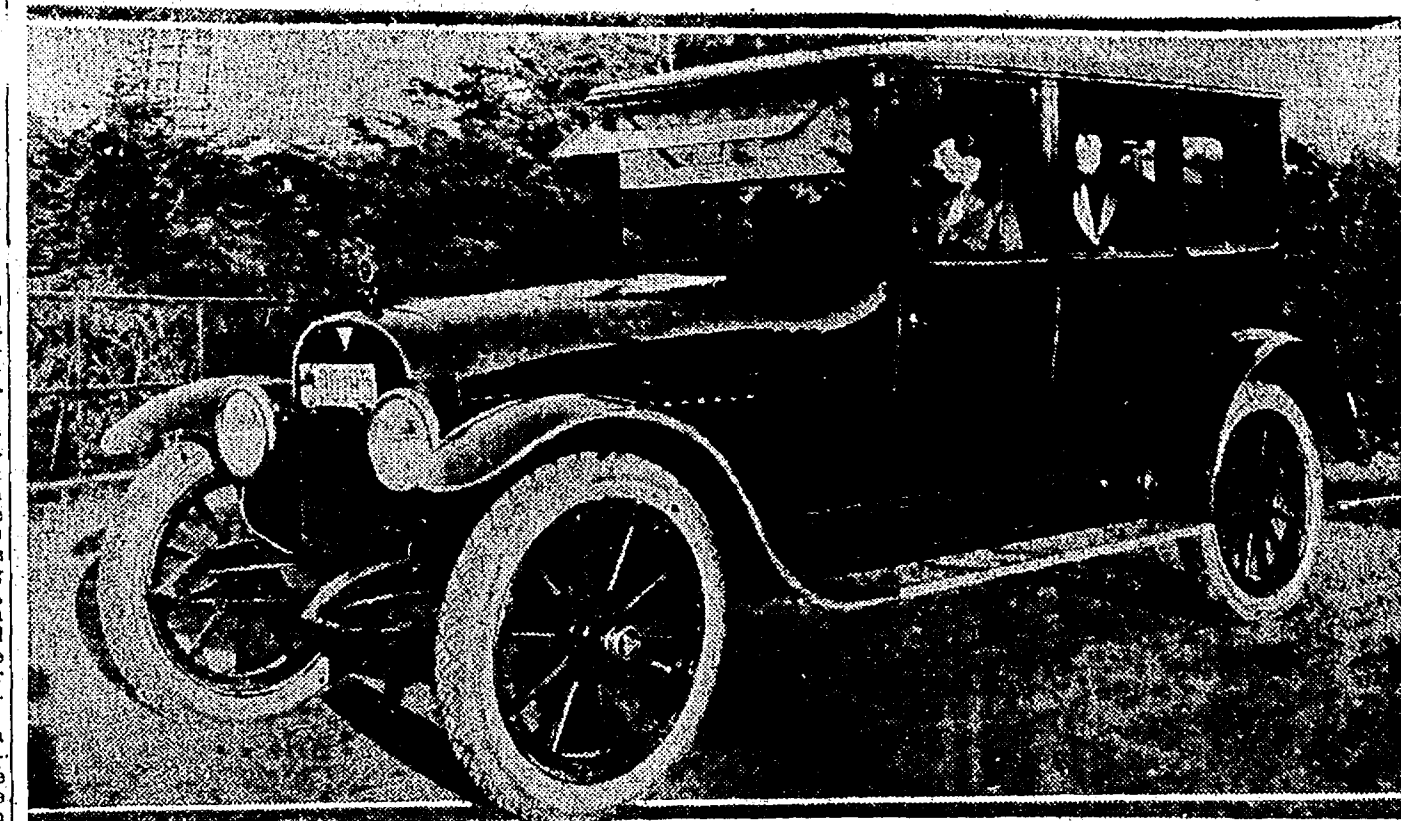
10 Per Cent Raise With a Nice Bonus Is Given to Employees.

An increase of 10 per cent in wages to all of its employees working on an hourly wage basis and a very liberal bonus in addition, has just been announced by the Chandler Motor Car Company of Cleveland.

The 10 per cent wage increase becomes effective January 2. In addition to this the company will pay, on July 2, 1917, to the men employed on an hourly wage basis who are on the company's payroll July 1, 1917, a 10 per cent bonus on the entire wages paid to them by the company during the year July 1, 1916, to June 30, 1917. To employees who have been with the Chandler Company the full year, this bonus means about five weeks' extra pay. The Chandler Company's notice came to its employees as a complete surprise.

The Chandler Company has had a very prosperous year, and its business is generally considered to be one of the most firmly established in the whole industry. This latest move on the part of the management of the company, would seem to indicate a desire to put its employees on what amounts to a profit-sharing basis, in addition to a liberal wage scale.

Clever Hudson Car Is Their Favorite



MISS MAY HERBERT AND MISS KATHRYN BUTTERFIELD IN HUDSON SUPER-SIX SEDAN OF THE LATEST DESIGN. MISS HERBERT AND MISS BUTTERFIELD ARE APPEARING AT THE OAKLAND ORPHEUM THIS WEEK IN SKETCH, "THE AGE OF REASON."

Oakland Matron Joins Ranks of Motorists

Excursion Trains for Auto Tourists

MRS. C. D. BIBBINS of Oakland at the wheel of her new Franklin Six Sedan.



MAKING CHASSIS FRAMES OF WOOD

Lighter and Stronger Is Claim of Franklin Car Builders.

A lumber yard in connection with a modern manufacturing plant for constructing and assembling the mechanisms of motor cars would impress the "man on the street" as out of place. But this apparent inconsistency is a logical development at the plant of the Franklin Automobile Company, Syracuse, N. Y., for the reason that the chassis frames of Franklin cars are made of white ash rather than steel.

Franklin engineers chose ash for the same reason that the carpenter selects wood in making a handle for his hammer—because of the ability of the wood to absorb vibration. The easy-riding, resilient qualities of the Franklin car are largely credited to this shock-absorbing ability.

The buying of the white ash for such use is a real problem. Close, straight grain, even texture, freedom from knots or other imperfections and extreme toughness are the qualities necessary and these are only found in second-growth white ash native to northern Pennsylvania, New York and some of the New England states. The fact that New York alone uses about seventeen million feet a year, while growing only about eight million, shows the relation of demand to supply. At present the Franklin company is using about two million feet a year. A freight train one mile and a half long would be necessary to move this lumber to Syracuse in one shipment.

Southern ash supplements the native supply for ordinary uses, but it is too coarse-grained to meet the requirements of the Franklin company. Only the very best parts of the best stock go into these frames, and as a result probably one-quarter of a white ash log will eventually find its way into chassis frames.

The process of transforming the lumber into wood frames is long and expensive. The boards are air dried for one year and then kiln dried for about two weeks before going to the wood working department to be made up into frames. Here they are planed and cut to proper size. Each side of a frame is made up of three pieces, glued together under pressure and held by twenty-five screws. Weather strips protect exposed edges from the elements. This laminated frame possesses enormous strength; in fact, strength tests show that while this frame is 50 per cent lighter than the ordinary pressed steel frame, it is 65 per cent stronger under a load. The laminated construction further aids in raising the safety factor, as there is little danger that flaws will occur in the three pieces at the same place.

Jones Auto Supply Co. Enlarges Store

Keeping pace with the tremendous growth of Oakland motor car interests, the Jones Auto Supply Company is now occupying its new store extension, just completed this week, which virtually doubles the store's floor space in the upper Broadway auto row in Oakland.

According to W. P. Jones, head of the company, the new improvements which double his floor space and give him a bigger and better equipped office have been made necessary by the steady growth of the accessory business. He claims that the way orders are coming in from all over the state for accessories is conclusive evidence that Oakland is soon to assume a leading role as the main accessory distributing center for northern California.

CAR DROPS INTO ABANDONED MINE

Two Men and Auto Fall About Seventy-five Feet and Escape Injury.

Nothing but the sturdiness of the Maxwell automobile saved the lives of Michael Hardesty and his friend, J. W. Eaton of Skiatook, Oklahoma, when they dropped downward more than seventy-five feet into an abandoned lead mine near Galena, Kan., recently, while on a motor trip from Oklahoma to Missouri, according to a report received by C. Max Glessner

of the Oakland House of Cuyler Lee, Maxwell distributors, yesterday.

The report states that the two men left their home in Skiatook at about 9:30 p. m. and were bowling merrily along toward Joplin, Mo., when they suddenly found themselves traveling not forward, but downward. Having, somehow, lost the road they had traveled in the wrong direction and, being unaware of the existence of the lead mine, had fallen into it. The car touched various projections on the side of the deep hole three times in its downward path and was hurled as far as twenty-five feet from the wall by the impact.

Hardesty and Eaton were huddled together in the front and at the final landing dared not move for a time lest the bottom had not been reached and in effort to extricate themselves release the car from its wheel hold and condemn it still further into the depths. It was pitch dark and neither man possessed a flash light. Finally, with considerable misgiving, they "eased" their way out of the car. They found that they were walled in on all sides, and the brink was so sheer that their strength was severely taxed in setting out of the deep hole.

BUICK

The New Buick Prices

EFFECTIVE JANUARY 15

Four-cylinder 2-passenger Roadster	.....\$780
Four-cylinder, 5-passenger Touring Car	.....\$795
Six-cylinder 2-passenger Roadster	.....\$1190
Six-cylinder 5-passenger Touring Car	.....\$1220
Six-cylinder 3-passenger Coupe	.....\$1590
Six-cylinder 5-7-passenger Sedan	.....\$1980

at San Francisco

The Buick factory has always maintained the policy of quality first, price second. This is the reason the makers of Buick cars have been unable to build Buicks fast enough to supply the demand.

Seventy thousand Buicks in 1916
120,000 the output for 1917

And, still the demand is ahead of the supply

Remember, "When better automobiles are built, Buick will build them," and the Buick will always be the best value in the automobile market

HOWARD AUTO CO.

3300 BROADWAY, OAKLAND

SAN FRANCISCO—PORTLAND—LOS ANGELES

ONE DAY'S DRIVE TO LOS ANGELES

Cliff Durant Makes Cadillac Step 80 Miles an Hour on Test.

There was a time not so far distant when sixty miles an hour was considered unusual for a strictly stock car. Even today the machine that can maintain sixty for any length of time is the exception.

Excessive speeding is not to be com-

mended and for ordinary driving is not indulged in by sensible drivers, but when a man buys a new car he often likes to seek some deserted spot and try out his new machine to see just what it will do.

Cliff Durant, being a racing driver when the occasion arises, naturally wanted to see his new Cadillac Eight Platoon step a bit and the first opportunity took it out and smelt the car over the jumps.

"Better than eighty," was the report made by Durant. Not for an eighth of a mile but for a decided distance the stock Cadillac held steady at eighty. Durant's car is equipped with a four and a half to one gear.

Durant uses the car for his trips back and forth between San Francisco and Los Angeles. One day each way is all that he ever requires. Most drivers take at least two days for the trip, but with roads as they are now it is not a difficult task to make the run in a motor car with the loss of only one day.

Even the man or woman who does not wish to drive over thirty miles an hour can make the trip with the loss of only one business day.

This can be done by leaving San Fran-

300,000 Licenses in New Jersey, Outlook

It is estimated that 300,000 motor car licenses will be issued in New Jersey during 1917. This new license tags will have a blue background and white letters.

Also about four in the afternoon and driving to Fresno. Remain over night in Fresno and drive on to Los Angeles the next day, arriving there for dinner that evening.

On the drive north from Los Angeles an hour can be saved, as a party can leave Los Angeles as late as five in the afternoon and be in Bakersfield by eleven that night without hurrying. The driver who wants to hit it up a bit on the good road can make Bakersfield by ten in the evening.

The drive on to San Francisco is a long run for one day but not hard. It can be done nicely in ten hours of running.

MARION-HANDLEY

THE SIX PRE-EMINENT

The H. V. Carter Motor Company

Announce the Opening of Their New Salesrooms at 714 Van Ness Ave., where 1917 Models of the

MARION-HANDLEY

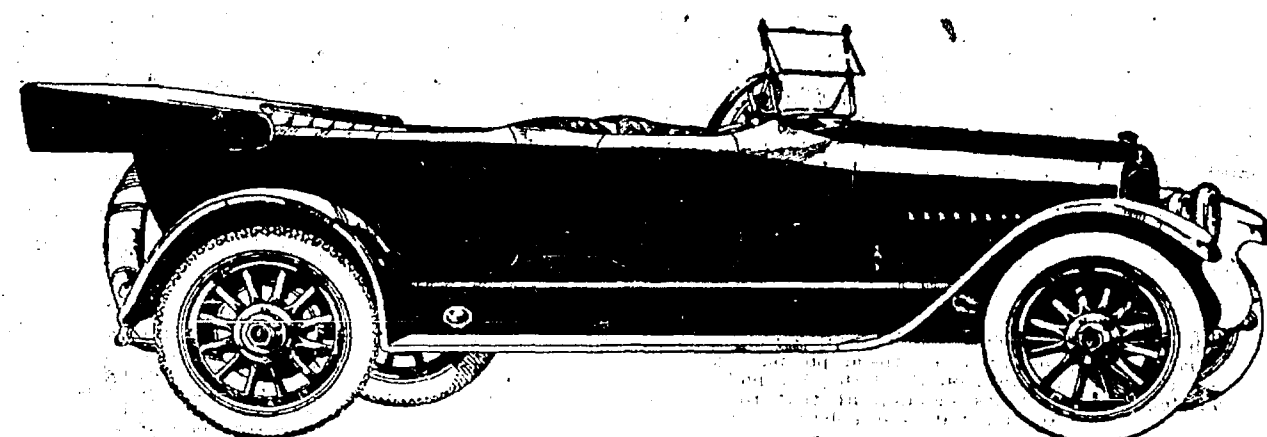
Are Now on Exhibition

The Marion-Handley "Six Sixty" and "Six Forty" embrace the highest ideals in motor car design and construction, and bring to the motoring world a newness and smartness as refreshing as it is distinctive

H. V. CARTER MOTOR COMPANY

714 Van Ness Ave., San Francisco

The Mutual Motors Company, Jackson, Mich.



COLE 8

200 Per Cent Growth

We start 1917 with a production three times as great as that of last January.

The rapidly increasing demand for the Cole Eight would allow an even larger expansion.

But we prefer to grow with great care. It tends to a sounder stability.

We prefer to increase by logical and reasonable steps rather than by too spectacular strides.

We consider the ultimate consumer first. Therefore we always take the utmost care to protect Cole Eight purchasers by painstaking, unhurried workmanship and the use of the best materials it is possible to obtain.

We are building for the future along the lines of established permanence.

Our long experience and our extensive facilities are devoted entirely to one fixed purpose—to one chassis—America's foremost Eight.

We aim to obtain and maintain the highest standard in the manufacture of fine motor cars.

This constant, diligent and persistent effort toward bettering the best has placed us in a very advanced position in the motor car industry.

As a result we start January shipping 200 per cent more cars than at this period last year.

Prices

Seven Passenger Cole-Springfield Tour Sedan	.....\$2295
Four Passenger Cole-Springfield Tour Coupe	.....\$2295
Seven Passenger Cole Eight Touring Car	.....\$1695
Four Passenger Cole Eight Roadster	.....\$1695

Prices f.o.b. factory

COLE MOTOR SALES CO., 2829 BROADWAY, Phone Oakland 4866.

COLE PACIFIC MOTOR COMPANY, 2050 Van Ness, at Pacific Ave., San Francisco. Phone Prospect 4800

Cole Motor Car Company

Indianapolis, U. S. A.

U.S. Rubber Tire Factory Gives Support

Detroit Mich. — To assist in carrying forward the diversified and ever-increasing activities of the Lincoln Highway Association in the promotion of good roads, the United States Rubber Company, through Samuel E. Galt, president, has pledged a substantial financial contribution to the Lincoln Highway Association for a period of three years. The pledge is made to the national organization through the efforts of F. A. Rehderling, president of the Goodyear Tire & Rubber Company, and a director of the Lincoln Highway Association. The work of the Lincoln Highway Association is broadening and increasing rapidly and as the Association is incorporated as a non-profit making organization, it is dependent upon the patriotic and disinterested support of those who have the interest of actual road betterment at heart for its existence. Contributions of \$1,000 or more per year are made by a limited number of deeply interested individuals and organizations known as Founders of the Lincoln Highway Association—the United States Rubber Company being the latest to be added to this list.

Trail of 49'ers Will Be Official Route

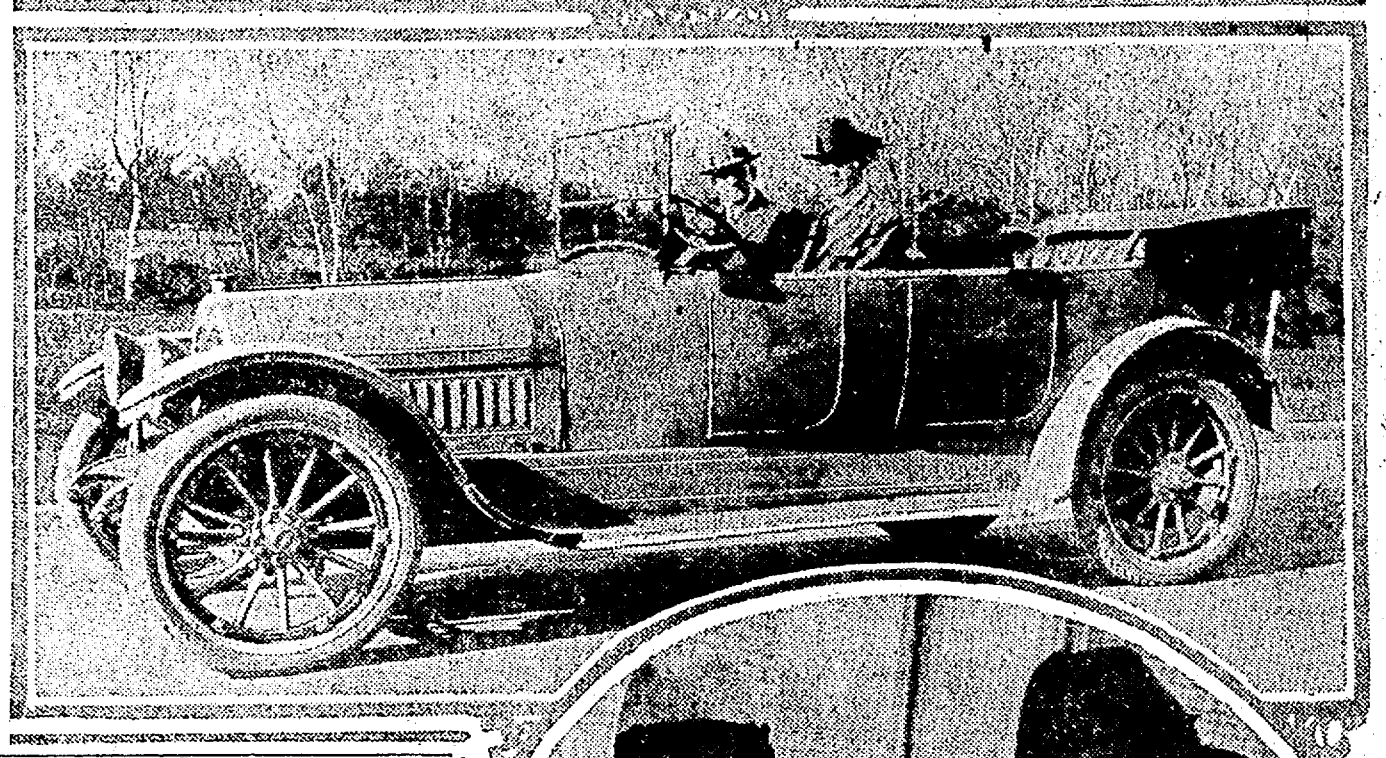
A controversy regarding the routing of the Lincoln highway through Northern Illinois has been settled by an order from the President designating the south route through Frankfort as the official route. It was the same road which was utilized in the '40s by California gold seekers with their ox teams.

Traffic Officers Are Friendly to Autoists

"Most motor car owners look upon traffic officers as chronic grouches or fiends in human form," says Lew Lockhart, Oakland manager of the Chalmers Lyons Company. "It was only the other day that a traffic officer was pointed out to me by an owner to be approached in fear and trembling. I was interested, inasmuch as I had seen this officer in our store, and, meeting him again sometime later, I drew him into conversation to find out how fierce a brute he was. To find out just how terrible he might be, I asked why he always had it in for the motor car owner. He answered with a sickly smile, 'I think we are the ones who generally get blamed because the other fellow breaks the law.' 'Take, for instance, the law which permits twenty miles an hour in residence districts. If we arrest a driver for going twenty-six miles an hour we are upbraided for being too keen in our work. The law says twenty miles an hour, and it is just as much a crime to go twenty-six as it is one hundred.' 'The laws are made for protection, and as elastic as possible with a view of safety. And to go beyond the limitation, however small, means the passing of the safety point and becoming dangerous. If motor car owners never infringed or broke the traffic laws, we would be angels seeking some other job.' 'The main trouble with our reputation is that the other fellows are not good losers. When we get them they don't take it kindly. They know they are in the wrong, and that I am on the job, put them in the interest of safety, yet they label us agents from a place where no man wants to go.'"

Veteran Salesman With Old Line Company

HOWARD R. McDONALD AT THE WHEEL OF ONE OF THE NEW APPERSON EIGHT MODELS, AND W. J. FREELING, A WELL-KNOWN MOTOR EXPERT, WHO HAS JUST JOINED THE SALES ORGANIZATION OF THE McDONALD-GREEN MOTOR COMPANY AND WILL DEVOTE HIS TIME TO SPECIALIZING ON THE APPERSON CARS LINE. INSET, H. R. McDONALD AND W. J. FREELING.



Teal Buys Interest in Downtown Garage

The latest change of importance in motor car circles of Oakland is the new deal completed this week whereby Stob C. Teal of Oakland purchases an interest in the big Downtown Garage business and takes the active management of the business. Teal, who has already assumed the duties of handling the big garage business, is enthusiastically over the possibilities of the automobile trade in the eastbay cities.

Aero Cushion New Filler for Tires

The Automobile Club of America has made tests which show that about 60 per cent of the cost of an automobile is the pneumatic tires. No matter how well the tire is made or how good the material used in the tire, it is always depending on an air-inflated tube, constantly subject to punctures, blow-outs and air leakage. The new aero cushion inner tire manufactured in San Jose and just placed on the market is claimed by its makers to eliminate all necessity for an air-inflated inner. It is an inner tire, circular in form, molded in size and shape to fit any casing, and composed of porous rubber, thereby forming an air cushion which makes it highly resilient as well as very light in weight. In reality it is an air-filled tire, in which the air is divided into countless numbers of pores or air-chambers. Blow-outs are impossible and the casing cannot rim out, because the inner tire, on account of its great strength and resistance in itself, holds the car up with the proper traction as long as it is held in place by the outer casing. When the old casings are worn out so that they can no longer hold the inner tire in place, on the wheel, the aero cushion inner tire can be transferred to another set of casings at a nominal cost. The local agents are the Gomez-Jewell Tire Agency, 198 Twelfth street.



King Eight Car Proves Contender for Favor



THE KING 8 CAR AND THE MEN BEHIND THE NEWLY INCORPORATED SEELY AUTO SALES CO., INC., OF OAKLAND, HANDLING THE TERRITORY OF ALAMEDA AND CONTRA COSTA COUNTIES FOR THIS LINE MOTOR CARS. INSET SHOWS C. STANLEY FISH ON THE LEFT AND GEORGE A. SEELY (RIGHT).

Placing the King 8 car in an enviable position among the motor cars competing for favor in this territory, a new deal was consummated in Oakland during the past week whereby George A. Seely, head of the Seely Auto Sales Company, is joined in his efforts by C. Stanley Fish, a well-known motor car enthusiast and expert. The two men will do a partnership business under the firm name of Seely Auto Sales Co., Inc. The new company is incorporated with a capital of \$20,000. Seely is well known in Oakland through his associations with the automobile trade and more especially as the King 8 car dealer. Fish, while a newcomer in the motor car dealers' fraternity, is also well known. The company will feature the King 8 car agency, having the territory for this popular car in the districts of Alameda and Contra Costa counties. The King car is a strong contender for business, and is said to be one of the best selling with 8-cylinder cars in the United States. Few cars can compete with it in hill-climbing and other strenuous demonstrations, where flexibility of power is essential. The company will retain the same salesrooms where the Seely Auto Sales Company is established, and plans are in the course of preparation for an aggressive campaign for the cars in this territory.

1917 SEASON WILL SET AUTO RECORDS

Phenomenal Car Sales During 1916 to Be Eclipsed, Is Prediction.

Revealing in startling figures the fact that Chalmers sales had increased nearly 600 per cent, L. H. Rose, distributor for Northern California, this week reviewed the 1916 selling season for the Chalmers in his territory. Following his recent visit to the Chalmers factory, where he discussed the Chalmers exhibit for the coming auto show, Rose returned and started on his annual visit to every dealer in the territory. Accompanied by B. B. Parker, wholesale manager, Rose called on each of the 52 Chalmers dealers, and after his final visit last week at Reno, Nev., he had interviewed agents representing a territory of 32,000 square miles. "Public opinion," remarked the Chalmers distributor, "dominates in the elections as well as in the selling of merchandise. The patronage and favorable opinion of the public at large is the power behind the great American government. It is likewise the power behind the selling strength of merchandise. The striking difference, however, is the fickleness of political opinions compared to the stability of public opinion in the case of merchandise. 'In a few short years the merchandise put on the American market by the Chalmers Motor Company has risen from one of the many to one of the few. Chalmers products from the first were stamped with the mark of quality, and the phenomenal success of late years has been the natural consequence of a proper beginning. 'In the year 1916 the output of the Chalmers factory jumped to 30,000 cars, as compared to 5000 the previous season. That these cars were readily sold was due to no other reason than the fact that the opinion and confidence of the motoring public had long since been obtained. 'What is true of the Chalmers Company as a national organization has been found the same in our local territory, where the closing year has been marked by phenomenal success. 'Up to January 1, over one thousand Chalmers cars, including all models had been sold in Northern California. With only 110 Chalmers sales on the records the previous year, the immense popularity and stability growing favor of the Chalmers is forcibly proven by the 1916 figures. 'The L. H. Rose-Chalmers Co. has now been in business eighteen months and has grown from two outside dealers to an organization of forty-two wide-awake aggressive businessmen in as many cities. That they are all a body of agents should be, is best indicated by the fact that the last six months of Chalmers' sales show the colossal increase of nearly 600 per cent over our first six months of operation. 'In this connection, I have just toured the territory and personally visited every Chalmers dealer. In every instance, I found harmony and enthusiasm—the chief requisites for the success of any organization. 'My recent trip to Detroit, and followed by my swing around the circle, has made me feel anything is possible in 1917. The great Pacific Auto Show next month will undoubtedly liberate a motor car enthusiasm never equaled in the West.'"

IS IDEAL MOTOR. The Knight motor is built in such a way that no time is required to grind valves, nor to clean the carbon out of the cylinders. In fact, the more carbon it accumulates the more quietly and smoothly the motor runs.

completed stretch between Manila and Dekino, and the Ridge Route, which has been graded but not yet paved, will be finished in a short time, while work on the coast highway is progressing rapidly, and will be finished only a little later than the valley road.

Chevrolet Car Dealers Give Christmas Party

Granger and DeHart, Santa Clara county distributors of the Chevrolet, gave San Jose the biggest Christmas celebration in the history of the city. A force of men went up into the Santa Cruz mountains and returned with a 90-foot Christmas tree on a motor truck. Permission was then secured from the City Manager to erect the tree directly across the street from the palatial Granger & DeHart garage. To do this it was necessary to close the street. To raise the tree it was necessary to employ the pole raising crew of the Pacific Light & Power Co. with derricks. It is claimed to be the largest Christmas tree ever erected in California. From the building, strings of colored electric lights were run across the street to the tree and there were 1000 lights of all colors wired on the tree. This was lit up two nights before Christmas and illuminated every night until after New Year's. The merchants of West San Jose street co-operated with the Chevrolet dealers and more than 10,000 bags of candy were given out to the children of the city who gathered around the great tree on Christmas day.

Daring Driver Gets Valuable Souvenir

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 13.—Fred Aubert, the young driver who piloted the Chevrolet "Wolf" up the Mt. Wilson trail, sealed in high gear, breaking the stock car speed record as well as the high gear record, has been presented with a cigarette case bearing a reproduction of the photograph

taken at the end of the daring drive, done by hand in eighteen-karat gold. This wonderful example of the engraver's art was presented to Aubert by the Ryus Motor Company, Los Angeles, Chevrolet distributor. Copenhagen advises state that the increase of motor cars registered in Denmark shows a good market for motor cars of all descriptions.

HAYNES
"America's Greatest Light Six"
Prices Advance February 1st.
Order Yours now.
1917 Models here.
HAYNES MOTOR SALES CO.,
and
PHILLIP S. COLE, Inc.
INTELLIGENT SERVICE
BROADWAY at 25th St., Phones—Oakland, 2500
Oakland, Cal. Oakland, 1447
Factory Branch—Turk and Polk Streets, San Francisco

CALIFORNIA WILL LEAD ALL STATES

"Number of Autos Per Capita and Miles of Highway," Our Boast.

Hand in hand, since the inception of the motor car industry, have gone road improvement and increase in motor car population. And keeping pace with them has been motor car improvement. Throughout the country, the number of motor cars per capita is in practically mathematical proportion with the number of miles of good highway. Recent figures at hand, giving the motor car population of the various states of the union, and giving California a well in the lead per capita with motor cars, clinch this statement, declares H. B. Reector, Marmon distributor for Northern California. A fact that is why he believes that California will have the greatest season in the history of the industry during the next twelve months. Improvements in roads and improvements in motor cars have made it a pleasure to own a motor car in California, a pleasure which few forego themselves. And even fewer will neglect the chance to own cars in the coming year, he believes. The rapid strides made in motor car development in the last few years, which culminated with the introduction of aluminum into the construction of motors and other vital points of the car, have done much to make motoring less expensive, and today, thanks to the excellent engineering practices of the industry, it is seldom indeed that one sees a good car on the wrong end of a tow-ropes or that is stranded by the roadside awaiting repairs. That factor, and the recent \$15,000,000 bond issue for good roads in California will increase California's lead as the most popular motoring state in the union, Reector declares. The summer of 1917 will see more motorists than in any previous season. Two years from now the highway should be completed, and when it will be possible to drive from end to end of the state over boulevards which have no rivals anywhere in the world. With California's state highway system, and her excellent intermediate roads built by the counties, she will have no competition in the matter of highway leadership, not only here, but anywhere in the world. completed stretch between Manila and Dekino, and the Ridge Route, which has been graded but not yet paved, will be finished in a short time, while work on the coast highway is progressing rapidly, and will be finished only a little later than the valley road.

"Built in California" "The Product of Experience"

CHEVROLET

LAST CHANCE
to buy the world's lowest priced electrically equipped automobile before raise in price

NOW
The "Four-Ninety" model

CHEVROLET

Touring car or Roadster \$570, delivered here.
Prices Advance \$60.00 Monday, January 15th.

Save \$60 Today
Chevrolet Motor Co., of California. Factory—
Foothill Boulevard at 69th Avenue.

Mathewson Motor Co.
Oakland, Distributor San Francisco
Tel. Lakeside 422 Tel. Prospect 720
Broadway at 28th Van Ness at California
Both Houses Open All Day Sunday

Unlike Any Other Light-Weight Four

The **Briscoe** Car

the Car with the Half-Million Dollar Briscoe Motor

A real family car ought to be one that pleases the whole family—and that's just what the Briscoe does. Its handsome lines will take the fancy of every woman, no matter how critical she may be. But aside from its attractiveness, a woman will find dozens of other features in the Briscoe Twenty-four that will make her want the car "for her very own."

The ease with which she can start, drive and control the car will make an instant appeal to her. The weight is evenly distributed, so that the car is perfectly balanced and stays on the road, no matter what the speed. There are dozens of little touches here and there throughout the car that add to the convenience and comfort of the passengers and will be appreciated by the women driver. For example, the oil indicator, instead of being mounted on the instrument board where rare possible leakage of the oil may soil a lady's costume—is mounted on the toe board in easy sight of the driver. If necessity ever demanded it a woman can even change a tire on the Briscoe car in a very few minutes, thanks to the demountable rims. Pick any accepted test you like and compare the Briscoe by that test. On every point by which a motor car is judged, the Briscoe 4-24 will prove itself the best "buy" in the less-than-thousand-dollar class.

PRICES—5-passenger touring car, \$685; 4-passenger roadster, \$685; 5-passenger coachcar, \$810; f. o. b. Jackson, Mich.

Pacific Kissel Kar Branch
24th and Broadway, Oakland
PHONE Lakeside 177.

Portland
Seattle
San Francisco
San Diego
Los Angeles
Pasadena

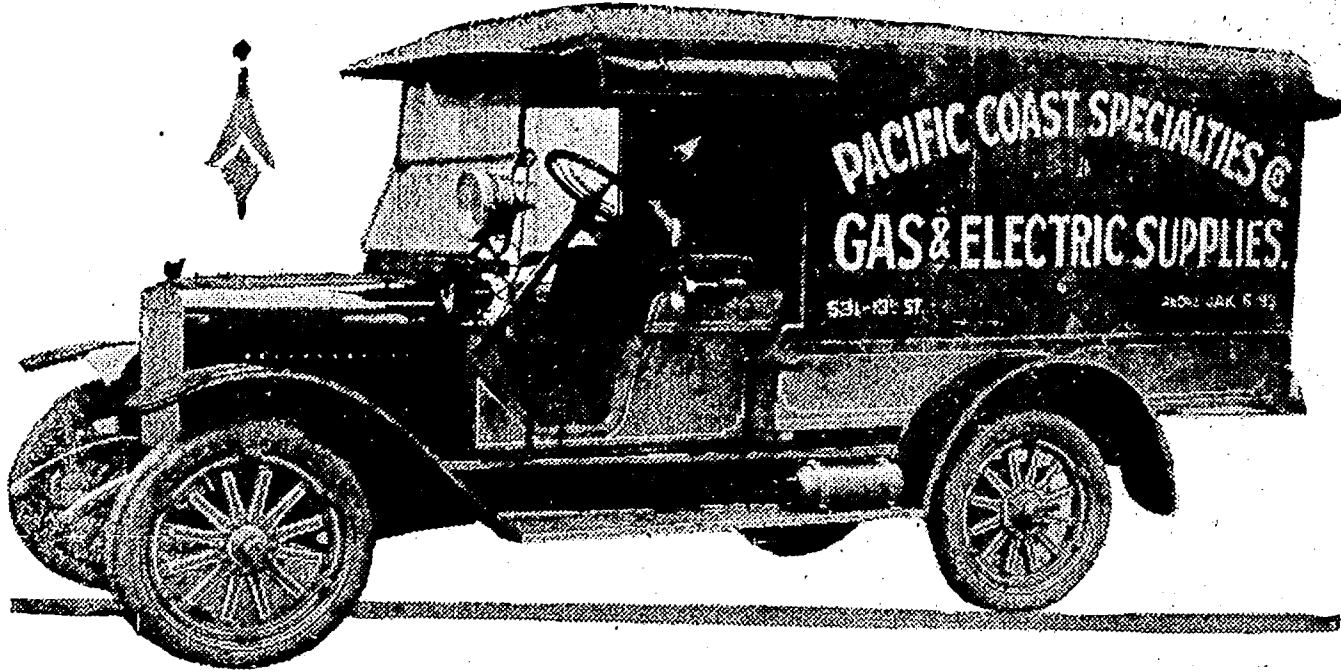
Freight Car Shortage Affects Auto Dealers

H. O. Harrison, distributor of Hudson Super-Sixes and Dodge Brothers' cars, who is now in the East, has wired that the New York Automobile Show consists of the cleverest array of motor cars he has ever seen. He states closed cars are receiving an unusual amount of attention and that visitors to the exhibition show keen interest in the new convertible sedan which has just been brought out by Dodge Brothers. The telegram also stated that the Hudson Motor Car Company had a very unique and beautiful display of cars and that their limousines and closed cars in particular were the object of much admiration.

While the chief object of Harrison's trip east was to obtain more motor cars, he will evidently meet with little success, for he says in his wire that the freight car shortage situation has reached alarming proportions and that although the factories are doing their utmost to relieve the crisis, there is apparently little relief in sight.

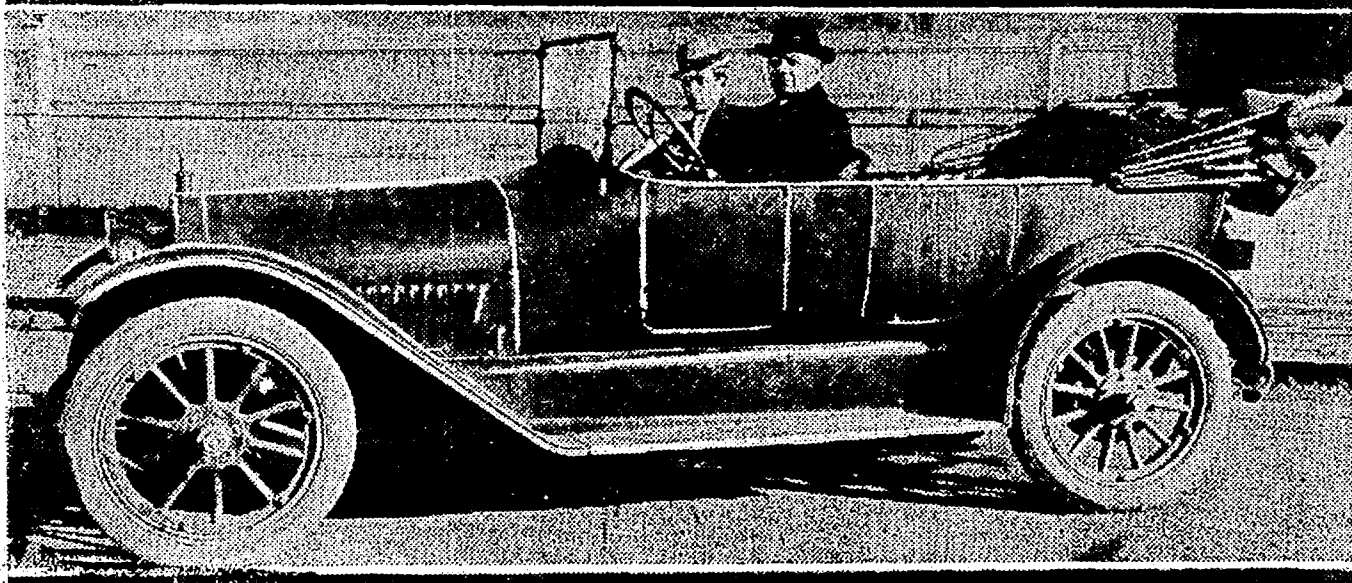
Somermet Payne, F. R. G. S., prominent historian and compiler of standard works of records, is touring through India collecting data in an Overland car.

Motor Truck Does Work of Many Teams



MUSKY KISSELKAR TRUCK IN THE SERVICE OF THE PACIFIC COAST SPECIALTIES COMPANY OF OAKLAND, WHICH IS PILING UP SOME REMARKABLE MILEAGE RECORDS.

Claims Economy Record That Is Startling



F. B. PERRY OF OAKLAND AND HIS HAYNES LIGHT SIX TOURING CAR, WITH WHICH HE CLAIMS ECONOMY RECORDS THAT ARE STARTLING.

Just what it costs to operate a motor car is a hard question for even the experts to dope out ahead of hand. Many causes and influences enter in the question besides the ability of the driver and the quality of the car. Some owners have nothing but hard luck and every move they make seems to cost them dearly, while others get away with mileage at such an economical rate that their statements appear to the outsider as exaggerated claims.

An experience in motor car upkeep that is vouched for by the Haynes dealer in Oakland and in the envy of motorists in general is described in a letter received this week by Philip S. Cole, the Haynes dealer, from F. B. Perry of Oakland, whose car is shown in the accompanying photo. Perry writes substantially as follows:

"It is only justice to myself, and the good car you represent, that I furnish you with the following information relative to the performance of my Haynes Light Six.

"The car, purchased from you on the 26th day of June, 1915, has since been driven just sixty-one thousand, one hundred and twenty-one (61,121) miles, representing an average of thirty-three hundred and ninety-six miles (3,396) miles each month.

"In accordance with your representations of economy, the car has at all times averaged between (56) miles to each gallon of gasoline, has averaged approximately four hundred (400) miles to each gallon of oil, and has averaged nineteen thousand five hundred (19,500) miles on its Goodyear tires.

"I have had the car overhauled once; have always been able to drive from one to sixty-five miles per hour without shifting a gear."

Charles Du Mar Is Back in "Auto Game"

Charles Du Mar is an Angeleno again and back on the southern "automobile row." This time he comes as manager of the Southern California branch of the C. Anthony, Inc. This he comes back to where two years ago, as branch manager, he built the Pike building. For eleven years he was with the Pike Company and served here as branch manager, greatly increasing the volume of business which time when he went to San Francisco in a promotion and now he becomes an important official in the fast-growing Anthony organization.

LINCOLN HIGHWAY TRAFFIC OF 1916

Accurate Check at Ely Shows Increasing Number of Tourists.

Ely, Nevada. — An accurate record of tourist traffic during the 1916 season kept by the Lincoln Highway Garage, of Ely, indicates that the traffic reached the highest point ever recorded during the past year. During the summer months in particular there was an uninterrupted stream of motor cars traveling in both directions on the Lincoln Highway. West-bound traffic was considerably heavier than that toward the East.

September was the month of heaviest through motor traveling, 308 automobiles having been registered in Ely during that month. Despite the fact that the Lincoln Highway was not open over the Sierras until June due to the snow which remained in the passes, 170 tourists' automobiles were checked for January 1 to June 1. Of the total 1187 registered up to the close of the tourist season, it is stated on good authority that two-thirds of them left the Lincoln Highway at Ely and journeyed south to Los Angeles over the Midland trail.

Southern California has shown commendable enterprise in making every endeavor to improve the roadway from Los Angeles to Ely and in offering inducements to the motorists to take the southern drive.

20 MILLION DALLAS TIRE. ST. LOUIS, Jan. 2.—Nelson W. McLeod, prominent in business and financial circles here, has been made head of the Fabricator Tire Company, a new \$20,000,000 corporation. McLeod's headquarters will be in New York.

The corporation is made up of larger tire and rubber companies. With the exception of the Knight tire and Rubber company of Canton, O., it is not yet known what others will form the giant concern.

Chevrolet Figures in Magazine Story

SAN GABRIEL, Cal., Jan. 12.—Wilbur Hall of this place, well-known fiction writer who has created a great name as a writer of automobile stories, paid a commitment to the Chevrolet in his lead story in the annual automobile number of Collier's. Mr. Hall has a little "four-ninety" roadster and arrives on the scene in time to save the beautiful and rich heroine who drives away and leaves the villain in the road. It is claimed that Mr. Hall cast the "four-ninety" in the hero role out of respect. He drives a Chevrolet himself.

TIRES—All Sizes

No Raise in Prices.

While our stock lasts we will sell tires at the old price.

Tires Advanced 15% January 1st.

W. E. Strei Co.

AUTOMOBILE ACCESSORIES AND SUPPLIES. Packard Building 2353 Broadway at 24th

MARION-HANDLEY AUTOS ARE HERE

Clever Cars on Exhibition in Salesroom of California Distributors.

The H. V. Carter Motor Company, northern California distributor for the Marion-Handley automobiles, has opened salesrooms at 714 Van Ness avenue, above Turk, in San Francisco, where a full line of these cars are now being shown to the bay city public. The advent of the Marion-Handley to motor row here, under the aggressive sales policy of the new distributors, will be an attractive addition to San Francisco's automobile wholesale and retail motor car establishments.

H. V. Carter, head of the local concern, in telling about the plans of the Mutual Motors Company, builder of the Marion-Handley, for 1917, and also the program for his own company, stated: "The big Mutual factory at Jackson covers seventeen acres of land. It is equipped with every facility for producing high-grade cars under the most ideal conditions. Good cars cannot be built in a crowded shop, nor can they be uniformly good without system. Therefore the Mutual factory has plenty of room, plenty of daylight and the most modern scientific methods." "The new Marion-Handley Sixes (in two sizes) for 1917 are true expressions of individuality and personality. To read the specifications is to but fairly appreciate the extraordinary value that is a tangible part of these two beautiful cars. The most accurate engraving could convey but a meager idea of the wonderful brilliancy and depth of the finish, the harmonious and beautiful blending of the color scheme, the powerful flowing lines and exquisite proportions of the body. Nor can an adequate conception of the tremendous driving power stored up in the six cylinders be gathered from a reproduction of the two high-speed motors.

"We expect to do everything in our power to put the Marion-Handley in the place in northern California mo-

Veteran Studebaker Still in the Running

A 1909 Studebaker "30", which has run 200,000 miles to date, and is still in good shape and ready to go at any time, has been discovered out in Oklahoma. With the exception of one connection rod and bearing, the original car is intact. This is the same car Barney Oldfield, the veteran speed king, drove 101 miles an hour on a straightaway course in 1911. Aside from the naturally interesting facts connected with the unusual performance of this old car, it goes to prove conclusively that Studebaker quality and Studebaker design have not been made possible in a day, but are the result of years of experience and conscientious effort.

torium which its worth as a motor car and the standing of its builders in the industry entitle it to, and working towards these ends, we expect to keep fully abreast of local motor car activities."

Carter stated that the public is invited to visit the new salesrooms and inspect the Marion-Handley models now on exhibition.

Russell Now With Howard Auto Co.

C. C. (Cy) Russell, who has been associated with the used car business on this side of the bay for several years, is now associated with the Howard Automobile Company, agents for the Buick. Russell will have charge of the used car department, a sphere of activity in which he is thoroughly at home. "There is an ever-increasing demand among prospective car owners," said Russell, "for machines which have only been run a few thousand miles, and which still retain practically full efficiency, though the factory price is cut almost 50 per cent."

"Then, too, the experienced car owner is learning to keep his investment from depreciating too much by securing a new model annually, turning in last year's car. This gives us a splendid lot of material with which to satisfy the demands of people who do not feel like paying the few hundred dollars that invariably marks the difference between a car that is brand new and one that has been driven only a few thousand miles."

Russell was once a professional ball player, and is well remembered in Stockton, San Jose, Sacramento and other cities where the old State League held forth years ago.

Auburn Six

Economy is Unequalled

On the night of Dec. 26th—in a blinding rain storm—Mr. Milton C. Dorman drove his Auburn Light Six with top and side curtains up, using skid chains, from

FRESNO

Carrying five grown-ups and three children, with their Christmas holiday baggage, to

OAKLAND

On 10 gals of distillate, which cost 90c
19 1/2 MILES Per Gal.

11 CENTS PER PERSON

THE MOST FOR THE MONEY

MAGNETIC MOTOR CAR CO.

2969 BROADWAY, OAKLAND

See our exhibit at the Hotel Oakland Auto Salon

A Present to Her Majesty, "Queen of the Ad-Masque"

TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS IN SHINING TWENTIES, TOGETHER WITH THE ROBES OF STATE, IS THE GIFT OF THE OAKLAND TRIBUNE TO THE QUEEN OF THE AD-MASQUE. WHO WILL SHE BE? AH! THAT'S THE QUESTION. IT IS UP TO YOU TO SELECT THE FAIR MAID WHO IS TO REIGN AT THE AUDITORIUM ST. VALENTINE'S EVE, FEBRUARY 14TH.

See How Easy It Is to Win a Prize in the Queen Contest! **THE TIME IS SHORT—GET BUSY NOW!!**

Valuable Prizes to the Amount of \$1,000

For a little effort on your part you can win a portion of the \$1000 in prizes offered by The TRIBUNE for a Queen for the "Ad-Masque." Nominate your favorite, secure the co-operation of your friends and elect her "Queen."

Candidates To Be Announced Tuesday

The names of the candidates and their pictures will be published in Tuesday's issue of The TRIBUNE.

How The Tribune Can Help You

Get in touch by phone Lakeside 6000 or otherwise with the Ad-Masque Queen Bureau at The TRIBUNE office. Those in charge will explain everything and gladly assist you. A representative can be seen at The TRIBUNE office today (Sunday) between 10 and 12 a. m.

How You Can Win the Prizes---

READ THE CONDITIONS CAREFULLY

- 1—Any Lodge, Association, Union, Store, etc. may nominate a candidate for Queen by using the attached coupon.
- 2—The nominating coupon will entitle the candidate to 1000 complimentary votes.
- 3—Additional votes will be credited the candidate as follows:

SCHEDULE BELOW FOR NEW SUBSCRIPTIONS ONLY

One 12 months' paid-in-advance subscription to The Tribune..... 500 votes
One 6 months' paid-in-advance subscription to The Tribune..... 200 votes
One 3 months' paid-in-advance subscription to The Tribune..... 75 votes
OLD SUBSCRIPTIONS COUNT ALSO.
Renew your subscription and votes will be counted as follows:
One 12 months' renewal subscription paid in advance..... 200 votes
One 6 months' renewal subscription paid in advance..... 75 votes
One 3 months' renewal subscription paid in advance..... 25 votes

- NO. 1—The Lodge, Association, Union, Store, Civic Organization or Individual credited with the largest number of votes for the successful candidate for queen will be awarded the \$500 Piano. In addition to the Piano the winner of prize number one will have the honor of escorting the queen to the royal box immediately preceding the ball. A splendid opportunity for Drill Team or Uniform Rank.
- NO. 2—The Lodge, Association, Union, Store, Civic Organization or Individual credited with the next largest number of votes for the successful candidate for queen will be awarded the \$100 merchandise Order, good on presentation to any Oakland music house.
- NO. 3—The Lodge, Association, Union, Civic Organization, Store or Individual nominating the successful candidate for queen will be awarded a handsome Silk Embroidered Banner (inscription to be selected by winner).
- NO. 4—The person turning in the next largest number of votes, either as an individual or through a Lodge, Association, Union, Store or Civic Organization, will be awarded a six months' Business College Scholarship.
- NO. 5—The person turning in the next largest number of votes, either as an individual or through a Lodge, Association, Union, Store or Civic Organization, will be awarded a six months' Business College Scholarship.
- NO. 6—The person turning in the next largest number of votes under conditions of Rule No. 4 will be awarded a two weeks' stay at any California Summer Resort (good any time during the year of 1917).
- NO. 7—The lady or gentleman turning in the next largest number of votes will be awarded choice of \$40 tailor-made lady's or gentleman's suit.
- NO. 8—The lady or gentleman turning in the next largest number of votes will be awarded choice of another lady's or gentleman's suit.

NOMINATION BLANK

Can be used ONLY ONCE for any one candidate. OAKLAND TRIBUNE AD-MASQUE Queen Bureau Please enter name (write name in full and plainly)

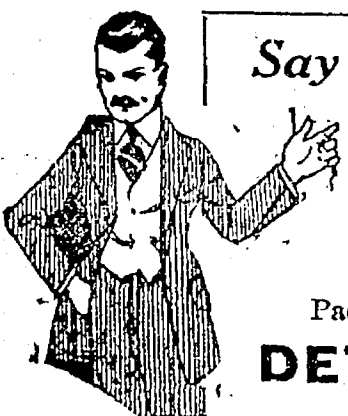
Address of candidate for Queen of the SECOND ANNUAL AD-MASQUE BALL, February 14, 1917. Send me necessary supplies, information, etc. My identity is to be kept from the candidate.....yes.....no. Scratch one.

Nominated by..... Address.....

Votes will be counted and prizes awarded by a committee of local business men. No employee of The TRIBUNE or member of family eligible to enter this contest.

Good for 1000 Votes

Votes will be counted and prizes awarded by a committee of local business men. No employee of The TRIBUNE or member of family eligible to enter this contest.



Say Dan

Do you know that

Kiel & Evans Co.

At 1450 Harrison Street

Pacific Coast distributors of

DETROITER \$10

Six 45, pay

to anyone sending the name of person to whom they sell a car?

I Should Say I Do

I have their check for \$10 in my pocket, which I received in this morning's mail. I knew the man whose name I sent them was going to buy a car this spring, but I certainly was surprised to hear from them two days after sending in his name. My curiosity was aroused to such an extent that I went down to see the car that could be sold to such discriminating a buyer on such short notice, and I want to say right

Now,

that NEW DETROITER SIX 45 is some Automobile! There is no part used in its construction that is not standard of the most approved type, and say, John, she rides the roughest streets like a bird on wings. Shall never be satisfied now until I own one myself.

BUY REAL ESTATE

IN THE WINTER—IF IT APPEALS TO YOU UNDER THE MOST FAVORABLE CONDITIONS—THEN YOU'LL ALWAYS LIKE IT. THERE ARE FEWER BUYERS IN WINTER—PEOPLE ARE BETTER.

VOL. LXXXVI.

OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA, SUNDAY MORNING, JANUARY 14, 1917.

PAGES 53 TO 60

NO. 146.

NEW PACKING PLANT TO BE BUILT HERE

Eleven-Acre Site to House One Million Dollar Cannery; the Building Permits for Week Show Lively State of Affairs

More than \$1,000,000 is being invested in the new eleven-acre plant of the United Canneries Company in East Oakland. More than 1000 people will be employed, more than \$1,000,000 per year will be distributed in payrolls by this concern and its fruits and vegetables will be drawn from a territory extending from Marysville to Fresno.

It is to be the most modern plant for the canning of fruits and vegetables in the west and one of the largest. It will pack forty different brands of product and ship all over the world, 95 per cent of the output being already contracted for in eastern markets.

"The location of this concern in Oakland is a direct result of the announcement that the so-called canneries trust is about to establish a plant costing several millions of dollars on the Alaska Packers Association property in Alameda," says Fred W. LeBallister, industrial realty broker of Oakland, who negotiated the purchase of a site for them.

The new concern is an offshoot of the Southern California Cannery Company of Ontario, California, of which A. C. Harvey is president and manager and W. H. Brown is secretary. The local plant is to be operated independently of the parent concern at Ontario. The allied firms which are to establish the great plant on Brooklyn basin are the Alaska Packers Association, California Fruit Canners Association, Griffin & Skelley Co. and the J. K. Armsby Co. The latter is to be the biggest foodstuffs concern in the west.

The first unit of the United Canneries Company plant, ground for which was broken three weeks ago at the foot of the first street in the East Oakland district, is being rushed to completion and is to be in operation in time for the spring fruit and vegetable harvest. The second unit will range alongside the first within six months.

A building 120x300 feet in size is being erected to house the first equipment of canning machinery and a warehouse 150x400 feet in size to store material and product ready for shipment. Spur tracks from the Southern Pacific and the Western Pacific railways 1900 feet long each will range alongside the warehouse and cannery buildings.

The second unit is to consist of a cannery 120x300 feet in size, together with another warehouse building. A third unit will consist of the office and employees' club house and the power plant. The whole is to be supplied with the most modern equipment and the plant will represent an investment of more than \$1,000,000.

Oakland building has been active this week, the permit list being as follows:

follows:		
Classification	Number	Cost
Of Buildings	Permits	
1-story dwellings	15	\$25,050.00
2-story dwellings	1	5,000.00
1-story blacksmith shop	1	500.00
1-story picnic pavilion	1	450.00
2-story garage	1	1,500.00
1-story garages	10	1,650.00
Electric signs	19	4,250.00
Additions	19	4,250.00
Alterations and repairs	26	11,243.00
Totals	78	\$51,082.50

F. Phillips, owner; H. U. Barnes, contractor; fire repairs, 643 Tenth street; cost, \$35.

Unpublished permits are:

Charles P. Bannan, owner; A. J. Bellefontaine, contractor; 1-story garage, northwest corner 10th avenue and Grattan; cost, \$200.

Charles P. Bannan, owner; A. J. Bellefontaine, contractor; 2-story 12-room dwelling, northwest corner 10th avenue and Grattan; cost, \$5,000.

George Jensen, owner; P. M. Stone, contractor; alterations, 351 Palm avenue; cost, \$727.

Remillard Brick Company, owner; O. H. Herman, contractor; alterations, 1812-1816 San Pablo; cost, \$25.

Monte Santa Wine Company, owner; James Iron Works, contractor; grating door, 915 Washington; cost, \$75.

M. L. Gibb, owner; Craig & Davis, contractors; Cole heater, 3423 Grove street; cost, \$50.

Mrs. M. McAuley, owner; Craig & Davis, contractors; alterations, 2777 Twenty-fifth avenue; cost, \$32.

Office alterations, 2777 Twenty-fifth avenue; cost, \$32.

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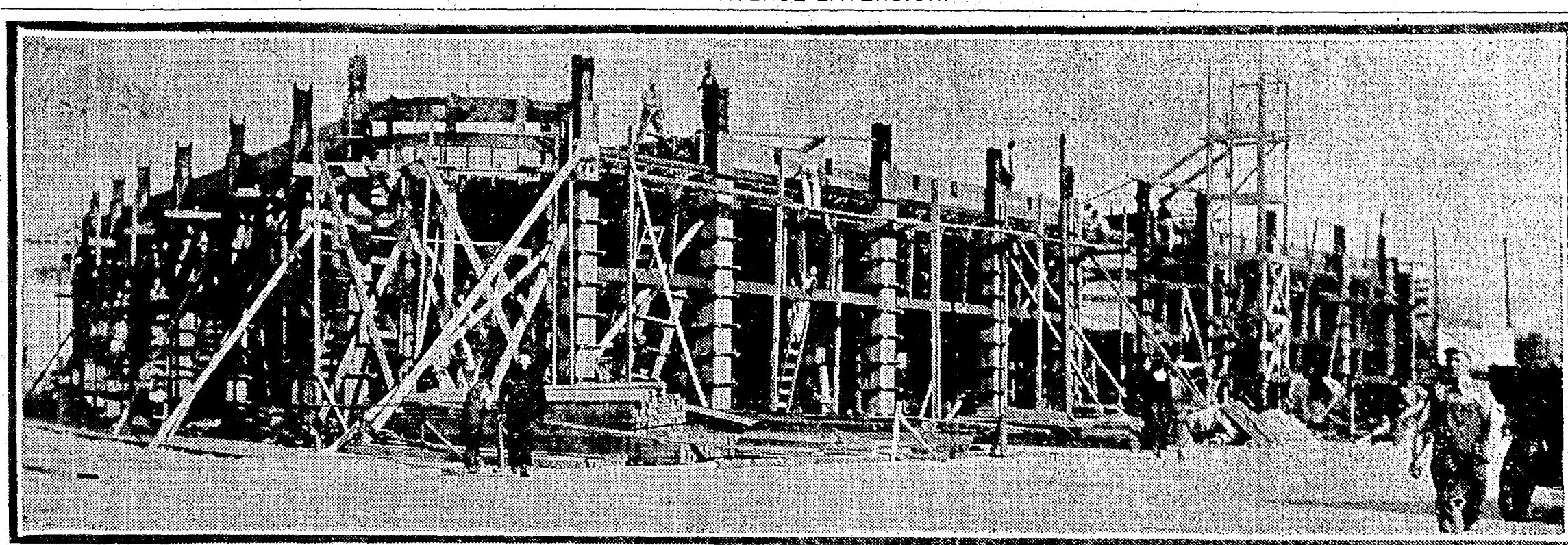
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Oakland Tribune

A GREATER NEWSPAPER FOR GREATER OAKLAND

SAMPLE OF THE NEW INDUSTRIAL TYPE OF BUILDING BEING CONSTRUCTED IN OAKLAND, THIS STRUCTURE WAS MADE POSSIBLE BY THE GRAND AVENUE EXTENSION.



UNIVERSITY BUILDING IS MODEL STRUCTURE

BERKELEY, Jan. 13.—With the completion of the Charles Franklin Doe library of the University of California during this semester, over \$1,500,000 will have been spent in giving the university students and local public the second largest reading room in the world, and a library in which room for over 1,500,000 volumes has been made.

John Galton Howard, dean of the college of architecture of the university and supervising architect of that institution, completed plans for the original building in 1910 and supervised its construction. The first building cost approximately \$900,000 with equipment, and the addition to be completed in March of this year, including the modern steel and glass book shelves, will cost about \$547,000.

The Doe endowment was \$750,000, leaving about \$90,000 for the construction of the addition and its equipment. The rest of the expense was covered by the recent issue of University of California building bonds. The completed library will be constructed entirely of white California granite, roofed with red mission tile and finished outwardly with bronze and copper ornamentation.

The original reading room had a capacity of 500 and will be increased by 250 with the completion of the additional room. The present room has been found inadequate. The floor space will be increased 71 per cent when all work has been finished and the present 353,000 volumes will be increased to more than 600,000 during the coming year.

There are at present 23 seminar rooms and this number will be increased to 33 by the addition. These rooms are for courses in which graduate and advanced students are enrolled.

Some of the features of the building will be catalog and delivery rooms, steel book shelves with glass doors so as to keep light to reach the lower racks, the Bancroft library where about 500,000 manuscripts dealing with Pacific coast history have been placed and where files of California newspapers are kept for a period of years back; an enlarged periodical room with 700,000 current periodicals are on file.

Davis, contractors; Cole heater, 2777 Twenty-fifth avenue; cost, \$32.

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ALAMEDA PLANS BUNGALOW COLONY

Property in Heart of the City to Be Subdivided; Charter Changes.

ALAMEDA, Jan. 13.—The old Broad-lawn property at Broadway and Lincoln, in the heart of the city, is to be subdivided and built into a bungalow colony. The property was in former years one of the most spacious and elegant in the city, with winding drives, extensive gardens and pretentious buildings. It will make a dozen or more bungalow sites. Owing to its convenient location and the exceptionally attractive surroundings, it is expected that the bungalow to be built will find ready sale at profitable figures.

The chief topic of talk in Alameda this week was the new charter to be put into effect in April, following a new charter city election on the second Tuesday in March, March 13. Backers of the charter are very strongly of the opinion that it will practically do away with the petty bickering and bitter political feuds which have marked the year just closed.

To most enthusiastic supporters expect it will be the means of securing greater efficiency at no increase of cost and, perhaps at a saving, than is now possible under the present charter. The elimination of the power of veto in the hands of the council membership from nine to five, the centralization of executive and administrative power in a manager and the preferential system of voting are all expected to result in the highest type of representative municipal government and to make for dignity and harmony in the conduct of the city's business.

The preferential system of voting is expected to insure that the elected councilmen will truly be the choice of a majority of the people. Instruction in stamping out the power of the veto is expected to result in the highest type of representative municipal government and to make for dignity and harmony in the conduct of the city's business.

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BIG RESIDENCE DISTRICT ARISES

Lakewood Park Is Now Built Thickly; Integral Part of Region.

Lakewood Park, the residence tract in the Oakland lake district which set a new selling record a few months ago, is rapidly becoming an integral part of the lake residence district. Whole blocks of houses have been completed and more than \$100,000 worth of construction has been done in the last few months. The row of homes on Harvard road, between Fortieth and Tenth and Rancho way, shows the progress made here.

Four of these houses were constructed by E. A. Stewart and Charles Duncan Roller and the other by E. P. Christie. All the street work is completed, the gas, water, electric and telephone systems are complete and work has been started on the paving system.

The following persons have recently constructed homes in Lakewood Park: Harriet H. Brand, \$9000; Mary Clausen, \$3000; Mrs. Merritt, \$3000; Dr. McCracken, \$4500; Sol. Quittman, \$4500; B. A. Stewart, two houses, \$3000 and \$3500; Charles Duncan Roller, \$4500; M. W. Joy, \$4500; Harry Schwab, \$4500; F. McKel, \$3000; Pedar Pedersen, \$3000; C. W. Carwell, \$3000; M. Marx, \$3000. The construction of at least ten more houses is expected within the next 30 days. Among recent purchasers in Lakewood Park are Dr. W. B. Stiles, who will build a \$4500 home immediately. Eight homes surrounding Lakewood Park are now being constructed by C. M. McGregor and B. A. Stewart.

Fred T. Wood of the Mutual Realty Company, which is handling Lakewood Park, says that the activity in the lake district at the present time is far ahead of any other section of Oakland or Piedmont. "We anticipate a wonderful business," he says, "during the year and expect to have our office in the city of large business. Among recent sales in addition to those on Moss avenue, near Piggott avenue, to R. C. Woodburn, in lot 15, Cramer, and other others. At the present time we have deals pending totaling \$50,000."

Among the beautiful homes now being constructed in Lakewood Park is a six-room house for A. F. Tickle, with a garage, and a six-room house for C. M. Cannon as the supervising architect. Cannon is also supervising architect for Lakewood Park. Among the building features will be exterior cement of the finest grade, pargola and trellis effects, a color scheme throughout, oak floors, open hearth, light and shadow, and a heat, bracket, lights and show in the interior. It will be the latest word in bungalowdom.

The Realty Bonds and Finance Company reports that a deal has just been constructed in our office is doing a large business. Among recent sales in addition to those on Moss avenue, near Piggott avenue, to R. C. Woodburn, in lot 15, Cramer, and other others. At the present time we have deals pending totaling \$50,000."

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\$600,000 POLICY ON LOTS ISSUED

Title Insurance Covers Unsold Lots in Thousand Oaks.

The past week set a new record in the size of title insurance policies issued in the east bay section when the Oakland Title Insurance and Guaranty Company issued a \$600,000 policy of title insurance covering every unsold lot in the Thousand Oaks properties in Berkeley.

This policy was required by both the State Insurance Commissioner and the Western Mortgage and Guaranty Company in placing on the market the \$600,000 bond issue of the newly-formed Berkeley Thousand Oaks Realty Company as a protection to bond holders against possible loss through defective titles.

This is the largest bond issue with improved residential lots as security ever issued in this county, and the fact that title insurance was required is indicative of the care that is now being taken to safeguard the investments of the public in bond issues of this nature.

So many are the possible contingencies that might arise to make the title to real estate invalid that large investors invariably demand title insurance protection. Small investors and home buyers are also fast realizing the protection offered and soon losses that occur through defective titles will, in the majority of cases, be borne by the title insurance companies rather than the investors.

Not Like Mary and Her Little Lamb

ASHLAND, Wis., Jan. 13.—After rearing a doe lamb in a live trap and taming it so it would follow wherever she went, little Henrietta Brinkman, 6, was ordered to turn the doe over to state game warden because the Wisconsin law prohibits the keeping of deer in captivity by private individuals. The doe is now on exhibit at the state game farm at Whitefish, Wis. Henrietta cried, but what difference did that make to the state law?

Ten years' report, as compiled by J. A. Lloyd, building inspector, follows:

Date, Permits, Cost, No. of Buildings, Total Cost.

January, 88, \$217,080.00, 103, \$31,378.00, 191, \$248,458.00.

February, 102, \$315,733.00, 93, \$22,763.00, 285, \$338,496.00.

March, 201, \$75,440.00, 84, \$5,340.00, 345, \$80,780.00.

April, 216, \$68,945.00, 84, \$5,340.00, 345, \$80,780.00.

May, 216, \$75,440.00, 93, \$22,763.00, 285, \$338,496.00.

June, 194, \$42,408.00, 78, \$5,340.00, 272, \$47,748.00.

July, 197, \$32,811.00, 87, \$3,315.00, 294, \$36,126.00.

August, 182, \$37,848.00, 144, \$2,964.00, 326, \$40,812.00.

September, 293, \$40,066.00, 150, \$2,187.00, 443, \$42,253.00.

October, 251, \$47,274.50, 120, \$4,155.00, 371, \$51,429.50.

November, 206, \$58,076.00, 91, \$2,793.45, 297, \$60,869.45.

December, 172, \$33,574.94, 83, \$5,445.00, 255, \$39,019.94.

Total, 2443, \$4,072,419.44, 1240, \$396,870.95, 3683, \$5,368,290.39.

BUILDING OF YEAR SHOWS BIG PROGRESS

City's Figures Completed Are Indication of Oakland's Big Success; New Year Will Be Still Greater, Is Predicted

Oakland's record for the year has been officially compiled by the building bureau. J. A. Lloyd, building inspector, in presenting the figures, predicts an even bigger year to come.

FRAME CONSTRUCTION.

Classification, Number of Buildings, Permits, Cost.

1-story dwellings, 730, \$1,280,693.00.

1 1/2-story dwellings, 49, 124,228.00.

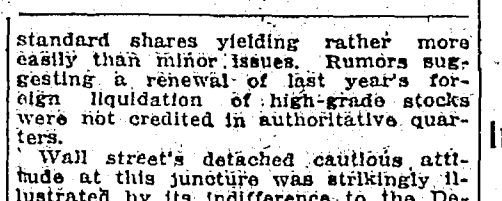
2-story dwellings, 171, 677,111.50.

2-story dwellings and stores, 6, 17,960.00.

1-story dwellings and stores, 1, 1,93

LOCAL EASTERN & FINANCE

AUCTION SALES
J. A. MUNRO & CO
AUCTIONEERS,
1007 Clay st., corner 10th st., phone
land 4671, will pay highest price



NOTICE OF SALE OF CANDY STORE
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the undersigned Assignees of Herman S. Scherman, doing business as "Scherman's", 1215 Broadway, Oakland, will offer

sale, for the benefit of all creditors, and fixtures appertaining to said business, public auction, on Monday, January 19, 1917, at the hour of 1 o'clock A. M., at the office of the Sheriff and Collection Co., 303-4-5 Building, Oakland.

An inventory can be seen at the office of the Sheriff and Collection Co., TERMS subject to the approval of the undersigned.

DENIS KAROLY,
MARTIN A. HOFFMAN,
W. E. DEAN.

DOCK AND DECK

Weather along the Alaska coast has been bad for several weeks, and visions are getting short at Kodiak, according to reports. At Dutch Harbor, Alaska, it is snowing and raining is blowing at the same time.

hour with heavy seats. The steamer Dora is on her way with visitors.

The schooner Harold Blekum, left Oakland in December, but has not yet returned to Puget Sound on account of bad weather, is on the way to Astoria.

The pilot boat California is expected to arrive from California in a few days. The Marine for sale. She was built in 1880.

**DELAY FOR REPAIRS
COSTS LARGE AMOUNT.**
The steamship China was delayed three days at Honolulu on account of a main steam pipe bursting. As there were no supplies to repair it at the port, she had to remain until a vessel came into port. She will return to this port after repairs made. The delay cost the owners of the vessel \$8000.

while at sea, is still at Portland. Pairs to her upper structure are made. The damage was caused drifting around in the open sea. Klammath was towed into Columbia

for repairs and her owners will set out again in about ten days with the STEAM SCHOONER IS SOLD TO LUMBER COMPANY. The steam schooner Yellowstone has been sold to the North Bend Mill Lumber Company by Swayne & Co. She will continue coming to land with lumber, bringing \$50,000 each trip.

Six carloads of shoes, made in Middle West, are on the way to the Pacific Coast. They are due to arrive

tomorrow. They will be reshipped Far East for the Russian government. In February four more carloads will arrive here. They are for the Russian soldiers at the front.

RAW SUGAR QUOTED

NEW YORK Jan. 14 - Raw

LEGAL NOTICES.

Notice to Contractor

Office of the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors, Alameda County, California. Sealed bids will be received by the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors of Alameda County, at his office, until Monday, March 6, 1917, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the construction of a new water main (the contract awarded) for the paving a portion of San Pablo Avenue, on the southerly line of the City of Alameda, and the line of the Alameda-Contra Costa Counties.

Plans and specifications on file
office of the County Clerk open
specification.
Each bid must be accompanied

check for at least ten per cent amount of the bid or proposal, to be by some responsible bank, and payable to Geo. E. Gross, Clerk Board, to be forfeited to the Cal. Alameda and agreed and liquidated

the contract shall be awarded after
 ter into the contract after the aw
 to give the bond required by the
 the faithful performance of the
 tract.

(Seal) GEO. B. GR
 Clerk of the Board of Supervisors
 of Alameda.

Dated Jan. 2, 1917.

NOTICE OF TIME SET FOR PA
WILL, ETC.

In the Superior Court of the Cot
 Alameda State of California.

In the matter of the estate of
 K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K.
 deceased.

Notice of time set for proving wi
 and application for letters of adm
 administration.

Notice is hereby given that a

for the probate of an authentic
of the will of Norah Kelleher, al
scribed as Nana Kelleher, decease
for the issuance to Michael Kelle

letters of administration with the v
nixed on the estate of said decede
been filed in this Court, and that
nesday the 24th day of January

1917, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said
the Courtroom of Department No.
said Court, at the Court House
City of Oakland, in the County of
ameda, has been set for the hear-
said petition, when and where any

Interested may appear and contest same, and show cause if any they why said petition should not be granted.
Dated: January 12th, 1917.
GEO. E. GROSS, Clerk
By W. E. ADAMS, Deputy
JOHN J. McDONALD, Oakland, Cal.

NOTICE OF NON-RESPONSIBILITY
I will not be responsible for any
contracted in my name on or after
date.
(Signed) A. F. BENSON
State of California, County of
ameda--ss.
On this 12th day of January,
year One Thousand Nine Hundred

Notary Public in and for the County of Alameda, State of California, and therein, duly commissioned and personally appeared A. F. Benson,

to me to be the person described whose name is subscribed to the instrument, and he acknowledged that he executed the same.

It witness whereof, I have hereun my hand and affixed my Official Seal day and year in this certificate first

Notary Public in and for said County of Alameda, State of California.

ANNUAL MEETING.

The regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the Peoples Water Company will be held at the principal office of said corporation, said principal office being situated on the southeast corner of Broadway and Ninth streets, in the City of Oakland, County of Alameda, State of California, on the 15th day of May, 1906, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

California, in the building known as the Water Company Building, on Thursday the 25th day of January, A. D. 1911, at the hour of 8 o'clock P. M. of said said meeting being held for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors.

for the ensuing year, and for the action of such other business as come before the meeting.

S. M. MARK
 Secretary of the Peoples Water Com
 Dated: January 11, 1917.

Principal office, Water Company
ing, southeast corner of Broadwa
Ninth streets, Oakland, Cal.

Alameda office of THE TRI
is now located at 1422 Park
near Santa Clara avenue
Alameda 522.

BOSTON HITS TRAIL FOR EVANGELIST

Hub City to Bid Billy Sunday
Farewell After a Big Record
Throng Has Crowded to the
Rail for His Eloquence

City Surprises Everyone by Its
Reception to Speaker; Was
Great Attraction During His
Stay of Three Months in City

BOSTON, Jan. 13.—Boston Monday will bid farewell to Billy Sunday. At the huge tabernacle on the spot where twenty years ago he used to flit around the basins, or toss them fast and low from centerfield to the plate, the revivalist will deliver his last sermon to a decadent Back Bay. Billy literally came, saw, and in many ways conquered. Before he came to Boston, Sunday and many others had doubted his ability to place the log-cabin armor of culture in which the Sacred Codfish and many of the ultra-exclusive inhabitants are wrapped. But before he had been here twenty-four hours—“Who’s the mutt that said Boston was cold?” he wanted to know. Said, exclusive Boston fell for Billy from the word “Go.”

The little revivalist hasn’t handled the situation with gloves, either. With both fists and all of his latest vocabulary he has fed the thousands who crowded to his every night spiritual “hot cakes off the griddle.”

First, Boston gasped, then it sat awed, then it laughed and cried, as Sunday hammered home his vitriolic messages. He surprised the vast audiences to prayer by his eloquence, rattled off funny stories and aped famous biblical characters, or roared with bowed head of his mother’s death last June.

BOSTON DOESN’T SHIVER. Never perhaps has the devil writhed under such bitter, frenzied attack as Sunday has out loose with since he struck the Hub.

Boston has surprised everyone, even itself, in receiving the revivalist and his sold-fashions, the recipient of a handsome donation for dinner, with hardly a shiver.

More trail-hitters than in any other city rushed down the avenue past Sunday’s stand here and more money than was contributed elsewhere has cluttered into the omnibus tin pans. Last month, with the tabernacle paid for and Billy himself, the recipient of a handsome donation, these same tin pans no longer held, hungrily, open-mouthed, from knee to knee.

Besides delivering from two to three sermons a day, and rushing around the New England landscape during his “days of rest,” absorbing the atmosphere, Billy recently broke into society, the ultra-society society, about which, on sundry occasions, he has spoken with more or less amazing frankness.

At the home of one of the leaders of Newton’s “400,” Billy, attired in a modest black suit, met as many of the ladies of the “IT” circle as could crowd into the fashionable dwelling. They came, expecting to be shocked, delightfully, but Billy disappointed them. Two simple prayers and a brief “camel through the eye of a needle” allusion and he was gone. “Ruddy,” however, made a distant hit.

SINGER POPULAR. In fact, everywhere, Billy Sunday’s handsome chorister, Homer J. Rhodes, flowing as to the end hair and wearing a beard almost as popular as the evangelist himself. Rushing ignominy at the tabernacle would hang on his ever-honored words, or sit silent while he played “Home, Sweet Home,” for them on the trombone.

Sunday today had only one regret in connection with his Boston campaign. The loss of the decision in his battle with the Easterners was the gloomy incident of his visit to this city. But, in his own words, Billy knows how to “take a licking.”

“The result of the election last month,” (the which Boston voted well), “is only postponing the inevitable advent of prohibition,” was about the only comment he had to make on his defeat.

However Sunday gives he usually battles vigorously with the clergy of various denominations, who differ with him in his interpretation of the Bible or his theory of evolution. As Billy says: “If you think I descended from a monkey and my great-great-grandmother hung by her tail from a tree—GOOD NIGHT!”

But somehow the savory atmosphere of the Hub spread a gentle atmosphere of harmony over the discussions here, and Billy kidded the Unitarians, agreed with the Catholics, praised the Jews, and humiliated home between time his own theory of man’s descent from Adam.

At the tabernacle Billy has talked not only to Boston, but to all New England. Delegations from “way down east” vied with Cape Cod folk in cheering the revivalist as he stamped on the devil and his angels.

Billy was just about the biggest thing the Hub has had to talk about and listen to during the last three months. He outdrew the allied basins, the Hippodrome and all other attractions combined.

EAST OAKLAND CLUBS WILL HAVE JUBILEE

Organizations to Make Plans at Meeting Tomorrow

The Twenty-third Avenue Improvement Club, the Dennison Club and the East Oakland Women’s Club will have a special joint jubilee meeting to commemorate the acquisition for this neighborhood of one of the four \$35,000 Carnegie Libraries, and also the great improvement to be made for the ever-increasing automobile traffic by making a direct connection between the Pothill boulevard and East Twelfth street, via the new Twenty-fourth avenue. The meeting will take place at Garfield school, northwest corner of Twenty-third avenue and East Sixteenth street, tomorrow evening, at 8 o’clock. Notable speakers will be present, and everybody who takes an interest in the development of East Oakland is invited.

PIEDMONT PARLORS INSTALL OFFICERS

Native Sons and Daughters Hold Joint Ceremonies at Hall.

Piedmont Parlor, No. 120, Native Sons, and Piedmont Parlor, Native Daughters, 87, held a joint installation at Native Sons’ Hall, Eleventh and Clay streets. The exercises were followed with a social dance, and among the prominent members of the order attending were: East Grand President Mrs. Sterling of the N. D., Grand Trustee Harry G. Williams, Grand Trustee Mrs. Ada Mosher and Grand Installing Officers Mrs. Dr. Herrick and George Wilson.

The past president’s badge was presented to Charles Morando, of Piedmont parlor, and to Mrs. Augusta Rankin, past president of Piedmont Parlor, N. D., G. W.

The new officers of Piedmont Parlor, No. 87, installed were as follows: Past president, Miss Nell Ready; president, Mrs. Gretta Murden; first vice-president, Miss Sarah Reilly; second vice-president, Mrs. McCutcheon; marshal, Mrs. Gertrude Morrison; inside sentinel, Mrs. Alice Hanlan; outside sentinel, Mrs. Josephine Irwin.

The new officers of Piedmont Parlor, No. 120, followed: Past president, Dr. J. White; junior past president, Charles Morando; president, M. B. Morrison; first vice-president, Joe Thomas; second vice-president, E. Harding; third vice-president, William Kusling; marshal, F. Ludwig; inside sentinel, F. Rowlands; outside sentinel, Tim Sheehan; recording secretary, Clifton Brooks; financial secretary, W. Thiele; treasurer, R. M. Ham; trustee, C. Moreno.

New Classes at Night School Form

A class in stenotype will be organized for Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings in the Oakland Technical evening school. The school has now enrolled over one thousand students. New classes in chemistry, electricity, commercial art and accounting will be organized next Monday providing fifteen students or more register for these courses.

The large enrollment has also made it necessary to organize additional classes in millinery and dressmaking. There are six classes in millinery, with an enrollment of over two hundred and fifty students, and four classes in dressmaking with an enrollment of nearly two hundred.

Among other courses in which a limited number of students will be admitted Monday, January 15, are: Civil service preparation, salesmanship, office management, commercial law, bookkeeping, shorthand, typing, advertising, applied economics, cooking, public speaking, business English, commercial arithmetic, penmanship, mechanical drawing, shop mathematics, advanced dictation and business practice including work on the comptometer, dictaphone and many other office appliances.

Symphony “Pop” Concert Today

The fifth “pop” concert of the San Francisco Symphony Orchestra will be given this afternoon in the Cort Theater under the baton of Alfred Hertz. The following interesting program will be given: Overture to “Fra Diavolo”.....Auber Suite, “Arlene” No. 1.....Bizet Prelude.....Minuette.....Adagio.....Carillon.....Dance Macabre.....Saint-Saens On the Moulden Yen.....Smetana Overture to “Tannhauser”.....Wagner Popular prices range from twenty-five cents to \$1 for these Sunday concerts, which alternate with the regular symphony series.

Strictly one price
no extra charge
for credit

Visit Our
5c, 10c, 15c
Store
in
Basement

JACKSON'S
Clay Street between 13th & 14th
Oakland.

Rent
Dept.,
Main
Floor.
Ask for List.

Strictly one price
no extra charge
for credit

Special 3-room outfit

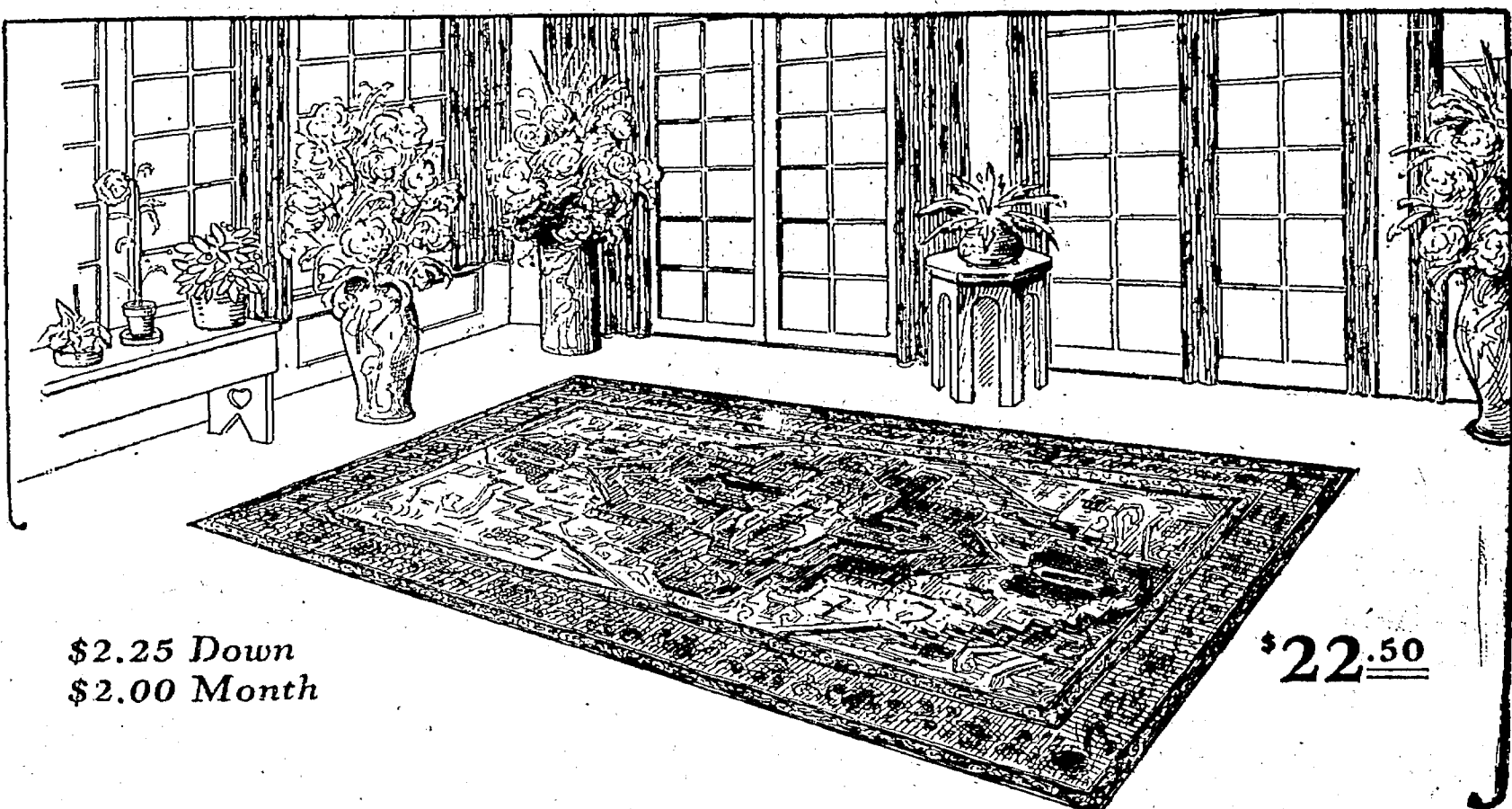
Includes Rug, Matting and Linoleum for the floors and a set of dishes.

Don't fail to see this outfit before you buy. It is displayed in rooms so that you can see how it will look in your home. There is a bedroom with Rug, Dressers, Rocking Chair, Bed Spring, Mattress and Pillows, Dining Room with Matting, Extension Table, four chairs and a set of dishes. Kitchen has linoleum, gas range, treasure table, two chairs and cooking utensils.

Terms

\$10 down
\$2 week

\$97.50



\$2.25 Down
\$2.00 Month

\$22.50

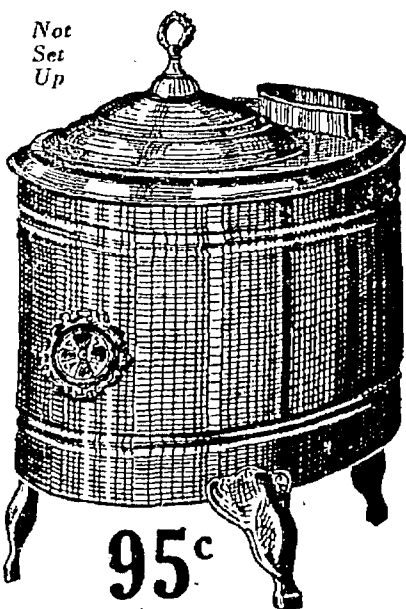
9x12 all-wool axminster rugs

Extra quality rugs in a variety of splendid patterns, Oriental, floral and conventional. Strictly all wool high pile, rich colors—suitable for any room in the home; guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction.

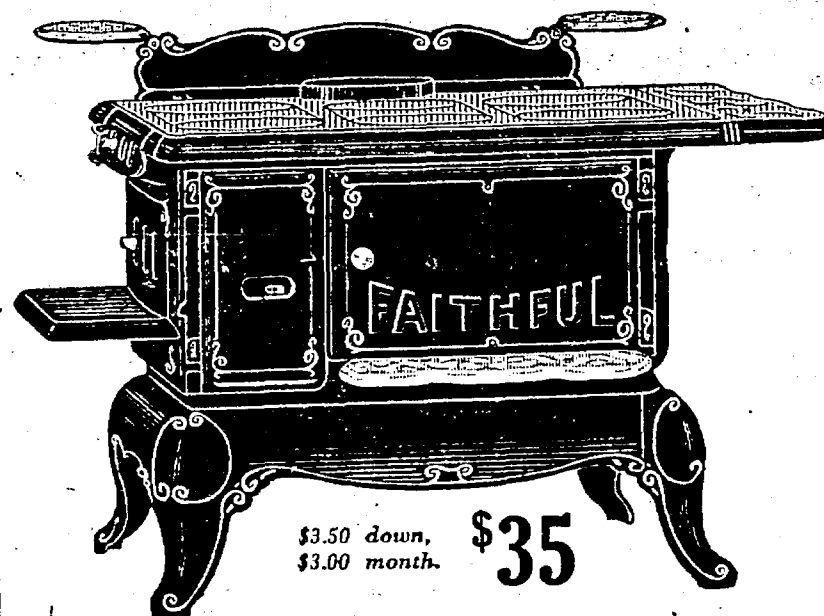
An Axminster gives better general service than any rug for the money—they are easily swept, lays flat on the floor—soft to walk upon and will hold its color well. They also make a serviceable rug for office.

Air-tight heater

A handy little stove for a small room where a quick fire is desired; has top feed, can burn wood or a few old newspapers; will give heat enough to make a small room quite comfortable; made of sheet iron, has screw draft.



95c



\$3.50 down,
\$3.00 month.

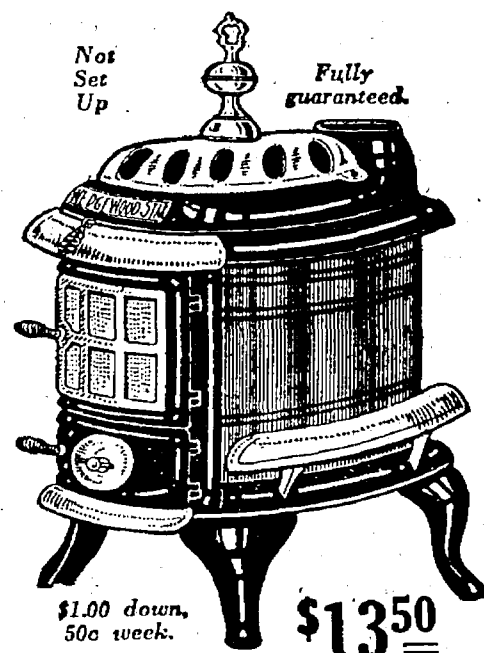
\$35

Set up complete, including
hot water connection

A perfect baker; has 6 seven-inch lids, a 16-inch oven, draw center grate. The oven door shelf is nickled. This stove sets on a base and is exactly as illustrated. Fully guaranteed. Your old stove taken in exchange.

Coal or wood heater

This is a beautiful stove fully nickled with mica door so you see the fire; has large top feed-screw draft; will hold fire over night and give an even heat. We recommend this stove.



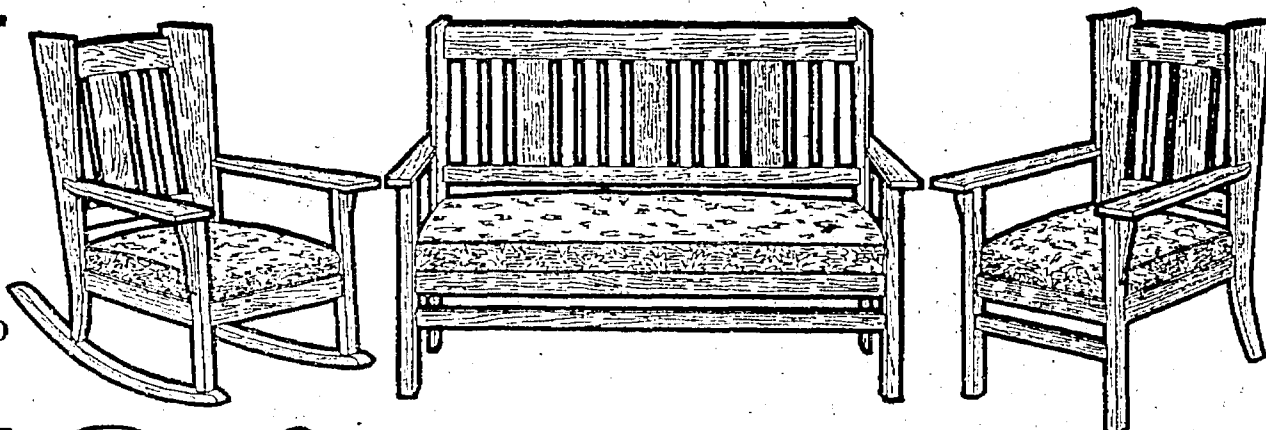
\$1.00 down,
50c week.

\$13.50

Attractive living room suit

\$6.00 down,
\$5.00 month.

\$59.50



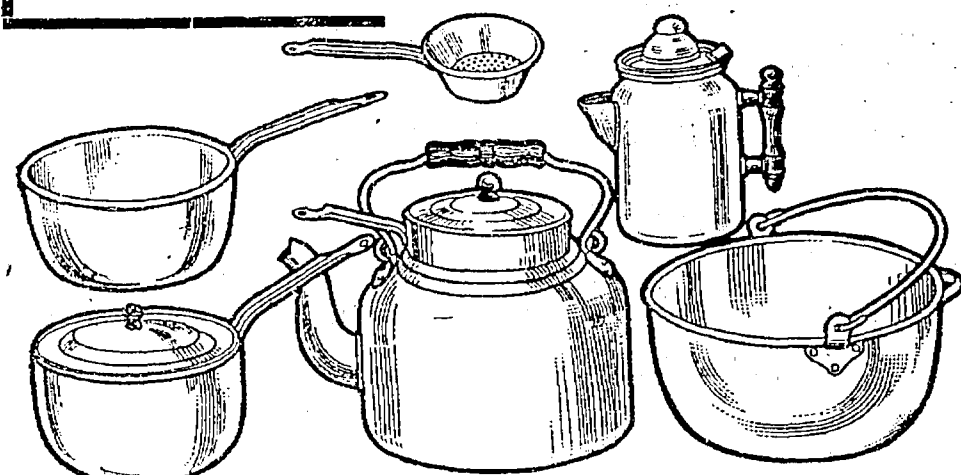
7-piece aluminum set

On sale
in
basement.

\$7.85

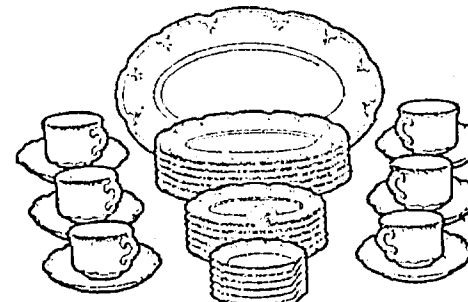
\$1.00 down,
\$2.00 month.

The set is exactly as illustrated and consists of a 5-quart tea kettle with an extra 2-quart inset and cover, one 6-quart Berlin saucepan with cover, one 4-quart lipped saucepan, one 6-quart preserving kettle with ball; one 2-quart coffee percolator and one 6-inch strainer with long handle. Delivered to your home on payment of \$1 down. A splendid value, a guaranteed ware.



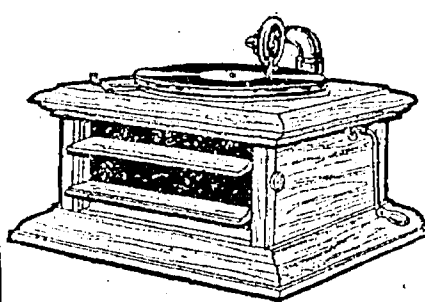
Decorated dinner set

25 sets to be sold. Consists of 42 useful pieces clear white with dainty blue border; medium weight, pretty shape.



\$1.00 down,
\$1.50 month.

\$4.50



Grafonola

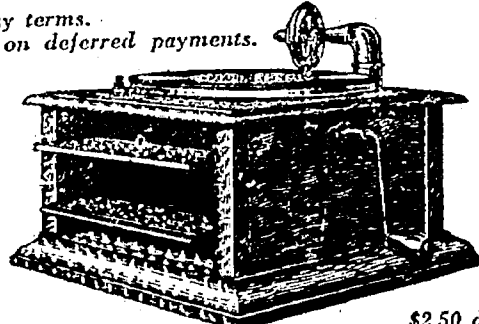
As illustrated, size 15 1/2 x 15 1/2 inches with 10 double disc 65c records; 20 selections. Special terms.

\$3.00 down,
\$1.00 week.

\$30.50

Columbia Grafonolas

Sold on easy terms.
No interest on deferred payments.



Grafonola

As illustrated, size 13x14 inches with 10 double disc records, 20 choice selections of the 65c records offered on special terms—

\$2.50 down,
\$1.00 week.

\$21.50

Record outfit

Fifteen 65c records—30 selections. Select them from our complete stock of Columbia double-disc records and buy on our liberal payment plan—as low as they may be had anywhere for cash.

\$9.75 75c down,
75c week



Record outfit

Twenty-five 65c records—50 selections. All records sold on the usual Jackson Dignified Credit Plan—one price, cash or credit, with no interest or extra. Phonograph Salon located on main floor.

\$16.25 \$2.00 down,
\$1.00 week

Mackinaw Coats AND FOR Boys Corduroy Pants

A FINE SELECTION OF NEW COLORINGS
IN PLAID

MACKINAW For Boys of
12 to 18 yrs

At **\$4.95** and **\$6.95**

Boys' and Youths' Corduroys

WE SHOW THE MOST COMPLETE LINE OF
CORDUROY TROUSERS and at
the LOWEST PRICES In the
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Full Cut CORDUROY KNICKERS\$1.25

Double BICYCLE SEAT KNICKERS\$1.50

YOUTHS' COLLEGE CUT LONG CORDS\$2.50

YOUTHS' EXTRA FULL PEG CORDS\$3.45

In Golden Brown and Walnut Shades.

Money-Back Smith.

5 & 11, GREEN TRADING STAMPS FREE WITH EVERY PURCHASE

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COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHING DEPARTMENT STORE